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# **FAREHAM BOROUGH**

# **Business Needs, Site Assessments and Employment Land Study**

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Prepared for:

**Fareham Borough Council** 

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# 1.0 STUDY BRIEF AND OBJECTIVES

- 1.1 Lambert Smith Hampton (LSH) have been commissioned by Fareham Borough Council (FBC) to prepare an Employment Land Study to determine the quality and suitability of existing and potential new employment sites and to identify if there are any gaps in the provision over the period of the emerging Local Plan to 2036.
- 1.2 The objective of this Employment Study is to deliver a rounded and reliable assessment of existing industrial and office employment sites in the Borough in terms of their market demand and appeal, and their ability to satisfy occupier's requirements now and into the future.
- 1.3 Our report aims to examine and validate the qualitative data we have supplied for each site, to provide a market based perspective and to give the analysis a 'commercial edge'. We have identified the sites that are well suited to meet the needs of modern business; sites that should be safeguarded against competing higher value uses; any sites that may be subject to market failure; potential 'windfall' sites that may not have been previously identified; and those sites most unlikely to be brought forward for future employment use.
- 1.4 In turn, this assessment will help to set targets for the identification of new sites, and sites to be protected for employment use, in the new Local Spatial Plan to ensure that sufficient employment land is of the right type and in the right location to be preserved or released and to satisfy property requirements for both existing businesses, start-up enterprises and potential new inward employers into the Borough. These will be measured in both employment floorspace projections (sq m) and the land required to accommodate the future demand (Ha).
- 1.5 The Council's approach to planning for employment floorspace in the Draft Local Plan was based on evidence produced and agreed through PUSH (via GL Hearn). In summary the initial Draft Local Plan planned for 130,000 sq m of employment floorspace, over the period 2011 to 2036.



In light of the proposed increases to housing need, the Council requires its employment floorspace need to be re-assessed in order to inform and robustly support the emerging Local Plan through public consultation and satisfy examination. This assessment of employment floorspace need must produce an overall floorspace (sq m) need figure for the Borough for the period from 2018 to 2036, but which is also divided into the floorspace needs for office, general business/manufacturing and warehousing/logistics.

# 1.7 This report contains the following:

- Details of the study methodology that we have used in appraising the employment sites, including the research sources that have been consulted and how they relate in a property market context;
- Commentary that demonstrates a critical understanding of the recent work undertaken by
  GL Hearn on behalf of the PUSH authorities, by Oxford Economics and AECOM on
  behalf of the Solent LEP and other research relevant to consider the implications for
  future employment land provision in Fareham;
- An overview of the broader market dynamics for the supply of and demand for office, industrial and warehouse floorspace within the study area over the past 20 years or so, to understand the current tensions and to inform a discussion of possible changes/trends in the market over the next 5 years and beyond;
- An overview of the competition and future prospects for the local and sub-regional office
  and industrial property market and to provide indicative rental and capital values to then
  comment on occupier affordability and viability of undertaking new development;
- Conclusions on the current suitability of the assessed employment sites for meeting existing and future demand, taking account of the potential to enhance floorspace provision through new investment and land release; and to highlight market barriers and infrastructure constraints.

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• Identification of any gaps in the Borough's employment land provision, with particular

regard to the economic sectors that are prioritised for investment and growth by the

Solent LEP and associated economic strategies.

1.8 This Employment Land Review will form part of the evidence and rationale to inform the

emerging Local Spatial Plan being prepared by FBC Planning Officers and is therefore

intended to provide a market focus and is not to prescribe any formal recommendations or pre

empt Council decisions. We would also apply the following caveats to our report:

That prevailing economic conditions on a local, national and global scale are clearly

susceptible to short and longer term fluctuations which will have an adverse or positive

impact on occupier demand and therefore affect the value and delivery of employment

land and to be realistic, during the Plan forecasting period, inevitably political and

unforeseen influences will significantly affect the outcomes;

• Where we have identified sites or buildings which may or may not become available for

redevelopment within a certain timescale, this is based on well informed market

knowledge at the time of the study's preparation; however site circumstances, planning

assumptions, land ownership, property values etc. are liable to change;

The reference to existing or potential employment sites and buildings in the report does

not preclude them from being developed for other purposes and clearly any planning

application would be judged on its own merits. Whilst we have provided a comprehensive

assessment, it is recognised and encouraged that new, and hitherto unrevealed,

employment site opportunities will continue to come forward.

1.9 Planning Practice Guidance (paragraph 030) indicates that employment floorspace needs

should be calculated, in consideration of the following factors:

Recent employment land supply and loss to other uses;

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- Market intelligence (from discussions with developers, property agents, business needs surveys and engagement with business/economic forums);
- Market signals (levels and changes in rental values and differentials in land values in different uses);
- Public information on employment land and premises required;
- Information on infrastructure constraints to employment developments;
- Existing stock of employment land (sites with planning permissions but not built out and current vacancies);
- Locational and premises requirements of particular types/sectors of business;
- Identification of oversupply and evidence of market failure.
- 1.10 As part of the assessment of need, we provide additional analysis that addresses the following:
  - Logistics Need as part of the floorspace need that is calculated for B8 warehousing,
    what proportion of this will be for 'home delivery' logistics (i.e. to service internet
    shopping.) and what are the locational requirements for this in the Borough; what is the
    floorspace scale of such logistics demand.
  - Start-Up Units as part of the floorspace need that is calculated for office and general
    business/light industrial uses, what is the proportion of need for 'start-up' style units; the
    scale of such enterprise floorspace and the optimum locations.



# 2.0 METHODOLOGY AND PLANNING POLICY FRAMEWORK

- Our intention is to provide a realistic, market orientated study on the projected level of occupier demand and compare the existing and future supply of employment land (predominantly those with B class availability) based on our extensive market knowledge and research across the Solent region.
- 2.2 In order to inform and prepare this study, we have consulted various relevant research documents, which have included the PUSH Spatial Position Statement (June 2016); Fareham Draft Local Plan 2036 (SELAA October 2017); National Planning Policy Framework (Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government July 2018); Solent LEP Strategic Plan 2014-20 (Jan 2014) and other informative documents.
- 2.3 We have purposefully spent time 'on the ground' revisiting industrial estates and office parks within the Borough environs, to ensure our intelligence is up to date and accurately represented and to better understand the status and activity levels of the occupier's business, the age and state of repair of buildings, the calibre of the environment and the suitability of each building for continued occupation or its redevelopment prospects. Our study is not theoretically based or desk based but derived from day to day experience of engaging with businesses who are seeking and conducting property transactions.
- 2.4 To enable a comparative assessment, we have devised a scoring and subsequent ranking system based on a list of criteria which can be used to assess the quality of existing floorspace for both, industrial estates and office accommodation, as well as potential redevelopment opportunities.
- 2.5 To support this study, we have analysed the supply of industrial employment floorspace (both historically and at the present time), the future supply of employment development land, the floorspace take up data year by year and have also considered the growth and job targets adopted by PUSH, the Solent LEP and the Local Authority.



2.6 In forecasting employment growth and economic activity, the cyclical nature of the UK and

world markets, the recovery following the economic downturn from 2008-2013 and the

ongoing uncertainty over the outcome to the Brexit negotiations, is of considerable relevance.

Realistically of course, the existing building stock and land availability does not physically

disappear, but projections of demand and take-up and reallocation of use will no doubt

require re-assessment during the period of the Local Spatial Plan.

2.7 It is important to recognise that in order for Fareham to realise its ambitions and accomplish

the required employment growth and housing targets, as previously outlined in the FBC Local

Plan Part 1: Core Strategy (adopted August 2011) and identified in the Local Plan Part 2:

Development Sites and Policies (2015) and The Local Plan Part 3: The Welborne Plan, and

subsequently supplemented, from all stakeholders, there will need to be a market focussed

development strategy and adaptability in land use allocation (flexibility in planning

determinations are vital to respond to occupier needs).

2.8 There has been and continues to be, a significant transition in land use re-allocation within the

Borough and where retail and housing development has already or may supercede B class

land use, an objective judgement will be required to recommend safeguarding employment

sites in the future (for existing, allocated or potential site opportunities).

2.9 The changing nature of occupier's property requirements and the dynamics of how Fareham

relates to its neighbouring sub-regional market place, are inevitably complex and will continue

to be in a state of flux over the coming years due to the impact of major projected land

releases and take up of development opportunities in the South Hampshire region.

2.10 Nevertheless, it is important to consider the wider picture as to how the land supply and

perceived demand will be influenced in a sub-regional context, especially in relation to the

ambitions of the PUSH and Solent LEP based strategic policies. Fareham Borough is midway

along the M27 corridor and accordingly benefits from the communication links and divided

labour pool from both the Southampton and Portsmouth conurbations, but conversely its land

supply and resident workforce is subjected to strong competition.



- 2.11 In practice, neither the commercial property market nor the occupier market has little regard for Local Authority administration boundaries, and relocation decisions are weighed up and based on a combination of factors ie. road, rail and water borne access, local infrastructure capacity, workforce availability, telecoms/internet connectivity, and most importantly, the suitability, quality and availability of employment space.
- 2.12 In the text of this report we may refer to the following Use Classes:
  - A1 Shops including travel agents, dry cleaners, food consumed off the premises.
  - A2 Financial and Professional Services including banks, offices to visiting members of the public
  - A3 Restaurants & Cafes sale of food for consumption on the premises
  - A4 Drinking Establishments public house, wine bar
  - A5 Hot Food Takeaway hot food consumption off the premises, e.g. Drive Thru
  - B1 (a) Offices other than A2
  - B1 (b) R&D laboratories, studios etc.
  - B1 (c) Light Industrial
  - B2 General Industrial
  - B8 Storage and distribution including warehouse and logistics, trade.
  - C1 Hotel
  - C3 Residential
  - D1 Non-Residential Institutions
  - D2 Assembly and Leisure gyms, sports halls, cinemas etc.
- 2.13 We understand, that our advice and findings are provided for both internal and external purposes and do not necessarily reflect the views of FBC. This advice does not accord within minimum reporting requirements of the RICS Valuation, Global Standards July 2017 and consequently, any financial references do not constitute a formal valuation in accordance with these standards, although the basis of any valuation adopted accords with the RICS definition of Market Value.



2.14 This instruction has been undertaken with reference to the relevant sections of the National Planning Policy Framework and the Planning Practice Guidance, and these are summarised below.

# **National Planning Policy Framework**

- 2.15 The revised National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) ("Framework") was published in February 2019 (supplements the July 2018 guidelines) and outlines the strategic planning policies for England and how they should be applied. The NPPF must be taken into account when Local Authorities prepare the development plan, including local and neighbourhood plans.
- 2.16 The objective of sustainable development can be summarised as meeting the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs. Achieving sustainable development means that the planning system has three overarching objectives:
  - an economic objective to help build a strong, responsive and competitive economy, by
    ensuring that sufficient land of the right types is available in the right places and at the
    right time to support growth, innovation and improved productivity; and by identifying and
    coordinating the provision of infrastructure;
  - a social objective to support strong, vibrant and healthy communities, by ensuring that
    a sufficient number and range of homes can be provided to meet the needs of present
    and future generations; and by fostering a well-designed and safe built environment, with
    accessible services and open spaces that reflect current and future needs and support
    communities' health, social and cultural well-being; and
  - an environmental objective to contribute to protecting and enhancing our natural, built
    and historic environment; including making effective use of land, helping to improve
    biodiversity, using natural resources prudently, minimising waste and pollution, and
    mitigating and adapting to climate change, including moving to a low carbon economy.



- 2.17 At the heart of the NPPF is a presumption in favour of sustainable development. Paragraph11 sets out how this should be applied in plan-making:
  - a. plans should positively seek opportunities to meet the development needs of their area,
     and be sufficiently flexible to adapt to rapid change;
  - b. strategic policies should, as a minimum, provide for objectively assessed needs for housing and other uses, as well as any needs that cannot be met within neighbouring areas, unless:
    - the application of policies in this Framework that protect areas or assets of particular importance provides a strong reason for restricting the overall scale, type or distribution of development in the plan area, or
    - ii. any adverse impacts of doing so would significantly and demonstrably outweigh the benefits, when assessed against the policies in this Framework taken as a whole.
- 2.18 In relation to the assessment of employment land the Framework, section 3 set out the policies for plan making, with paragraph 15 stating that a plan should be up-to-date and positively plan for the future addressing amongst others economic priorities. The Framework expects plans to set out on overall strategy for employment through strategic policies setting out an overall strategy for the pattern, scale and quality of development.
- 2.19 Strategic policies are expected to provide a clear strategy for bringing forward sufficient land to address objectively assessed need over the plan period, a minimum of 15 years. This should include allocating sites to deliver the strategic priorities.
- 2.20 The Framework expects planning policies to "help create the conditions in which businesses can invest, expand and adapt". Through planning policies strategic sites should be identified to meet the anticipated needs over the plan period, and new ways of working need to be

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Paragraph 80 of the Framework.



anticipated through flexible policies with an ability to respond to changes in economic circumstances<sup>2</sup>.

# **Planning Practice Guidance**

- 2.21 The practice guidance adds further context to the Framework and it should be noted is currently in the process of being gradually updated in light of the newly published Framework.
- 2.22 The current publication under "Housing and economic land availability assessments", sets out the methodology for undertaking an assessment to support the allocation of sites in a Local Plan and is seen as an important step in Local Plan preparation as evidence to underpin policies in housing and economic development.
- 2.23 It should be noted that this assessment, in line with the guidance, assesses the sites suitability for economic development but it is not for this assessment to allocate the sites. The development plan should determine which sites are most suitable to meet the economic (and housing) needs.
- 2.24 The PPG sets out the methodology expected to be followed in assessment of sites, with any deviation requiring explanation and justification. The overall assessment methodology outlined in the PPG has five stages:
  - 1. identification of sites and broad locations
  - 2. Site/broad location assessment
  - 3. Windfall assessment
  - 4. Assessment review
  - 5. Final evidence base

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Paragraph 81 of the Framework.



2.25 This study is to focus on the site/ broad location assessment (stage 2), and feeds into other

work already undertaken by the Local Authority on employment sites in the Borough. The

PPG states that the development potential of the sites is to be guided by existing or emerging

plan policy. The PPG considers that the 'development potential' "is a significant factor that

affects economic viability of a site/ broad location and its suitability for a particular use".

Paragraph 018 states that the factors of suitability, availability and achievability of sites are to

be considered when considering when and whether sites/ broad locations are likely to be

developed.

2.26 In assessing the suitability of the sites under this stage of the assessment the suitable mix of

uses should be considered and this should be guided by both planning policy and the market

and industry requirements with reference to that particular functional economic market area.

2.27 Paragraph 019 references those factors that should "be considered to assess a site's

suitability for development now or in the future", which include physical limitations, such as

flood risk, infrastructure, potential impacts on heritage, landscapes and nature,

appropriateness and likely market attractiveness for the type of development proposed, the

sites contribution to regeneration priorities, and any environmental/ amenity impacts that

would be experienced by occupiers and neighbouring areas.

2.28 In considering the availability of sites the PPG expects the assessment of sites to be based

on the best possible information available, to determine if there are any issues with ownership

or legal problems, such as ransom strips. Where issues are identified the assessment should

consider how these can be overcome. The achievability of a site includes assessing its

viability. The PPG considers a site to be achievable for development if "there is a reasonable

prospect that the particular type of development will be developed on the site at a particular

point in time" and is focussed on the viability of the site and the capacity of the developer to

sell/ let the development over a certain period.



- 2.29 The assessment process in the PPG goes on to consider windfall sites, and bringing all the site information together in a review to produce an indicative trajectories for the market area identifying the quantum of development (housing and economic development) that can be provided.
- 2.30 This Employment Land Study feeds into this wider assessment process, aiding the Local Authority in decision making through the Local Plan process in identifying those sites for economic development that area suitable, available and achievable.



# 3.0 SOUTH HAMPSHIRE MARKET OVERVIEW

#### General

- 3.1 The current national and global financial uncertainties, notably the impact and result of the ongoing Brexit negotiations, fluctuating global oil prices and retail failures, may prove to have a negative effect on the UK and regional economy in the near future. However despite this, recent data (and our own market engagement), shows that there has been a continued fall in unemployment levels and we perceive business confidence in the Solent area had been positive during the course of 2018 and generally maintained into 2019.
- 3.2 We have seen sustained growth in occupier demand over the last four years. This indicator of economic resurgence has generated an increase in headline rents and falling tenant's incentives. In turn, this has supported and prompted the rationale for new development activity. Funding institutions have become increasingly more confident in the South Coast market and accordingly been proactive in the speculative development of industrial and logistics schemes, with several schemes either let, built and available to let, or under construction, with further developments in the pipeline. These include Test Lane South at Nursling, Alpha Park in Chandlers Ford, Dunsbury Park, Velocity and Hermitage Park in Havant, Mountpark at Eastleigh, Merlin Park and Pioneer Park in Portsmouth, Waterloo Park and Proxima Park in Waterlooville. Moreover at Kites Croft Titchfield, two speculative new units of some 929 and 2787 sq m funded by Aviva Investors were successfully completed and now occupied. At J9 South on Cartwright Drive, a new 3,716 sq m headquarters building is nearing completion to local business Percival Aviation for production and office use.
- 3.3 Generally in the industrial and logistics sector, e-tailers particularly in the non-food sectors, have been a major demand driver. This take up, combined with a lack of development, has seen availability reach an all-time low, and especially in key motorway locations this shortage will increasingly frustrate business expansion and relocation. In turn this has placed pressure on the available stock of employment sites, and whilst say Welborne in the Borough will



present a significant contribution over time, the immediate supply of land is severely restricted. The opportunity for occupiers to acquire new premises at the Solent Enterprise Zone Daedalus East is proving reasonably successful and interest and take up here has been predominantly by local businesses relocating to retain staff, even though it is some distance from the motorway – one determining factor here is that the planning conditions insist on occupiers be involved in aviation, marine or advanced technology/engineering industries.

- In prime office locations along the M27/M3 Corridors, new-build schemes are on the horizon and these include Lakeside at Northarbour, Portsmouth to the east, Royal Pier Waterfront and Station Quarter in Southampton, Solent Business Park at Whiteley and the Chilcomb Centre and Station Approach proposals in Winchester. Although at present, risk adverse pre-lets will be required to stimulate development at these locations. At the Southampton Science Park and Phase 2 of the Innovation Centre at Daedalus however, offices have been speculatively built owing to the vindication and confidence that full occupancy generates. In more secondary office locations, such as Fareham Town Centre there will continue to be an occupier and investor resistance to attracting new B1a development, as residual land values and weak demand struggle to support such new build schemes.
- 3.5 This future office supply pipeline is driven by a number of factors and a reduction in the existing stock should, in theory, encourage the promotion of new development subject to the calibre of demand. There is growth in sectors such as hotel and student accommodation in Southampton, Portsmouth and Winchester, along with permitted development conversions to residential, and these will have a significant impact on the office supply of both existing buildings and potential sites outside of the Cities and Town Centres there are less constraints and sites are more readily available for office use. However attracting office occupiers to new locations without an existing critical building mass and a deficiency of staff amenity, is difficult. The crucial drivers to stimulate and access development funding are the



supporting evidence that viable rental levels can be achieved and that there is a quantum and credible level of occupier demand to afford new office space. Often not an easy task.

# **South Hampshire Industrial Market**

3.6 The South Coast is continuing to experience a heightened level of occupier and investor activity post-recession. However, this strong and steady demand has been hampered by the critical lack of built supply which has impacted across all size ranges. This has resulted in the South Coast experiencing a shortage of good quality, modern, detached industrial and logistics units, as a negligible amount of development had taken place over the last 5 to10 years.

3.7 We contend that demand has virtually outstripped the supply of both prime and modern secondary units in the region across most unit size ranges. With regard to older stock, gradually these are being replaced where the viability adds up however there is still scope in the market for these lower specification units to perform a function for businesses who may not be able to afford the higher rents associated with the Grade A or modern premises.

3.8 We recognised that during 2018 the churn in the market had begun to slow down as occupiers struggled to identify suitable premises to move to and this will continue until the construction and take up of new development schemes are completed thus releasing secondhand stock into the market (to qualify our assertion the take up figures remain consistent with previous years but are reinforced by a number of larger individual transactions, notably at Mountpark). As a result, the opportunity for businesses to expand has been restricted, particularly in terms of small freehold unit schemes in good, strategic locations or low density type users requiring open storage land, transport depots etc. The expected take-up of pre-let opportunities by larger companies should in theory release a stock of buildings into the market which will help soak up this latent demand but will not be adequate to satisfy the overall quantity of occupier requirements.



of second hand premises to incoming occupiers, for example the tertiary grade Fort Wallington Industrial Estate on Military Road, Pinks Hill, has maintained virtually 100%

occupancy for over 12 months (which in our dealings with the Estate has never been

The shortage of secondary and tertiary grade stock in the market is restricting the availability

repeated). The last available unit, H &J of 1,900 sq m (20,454 sq ft) has now been let to

Ao.com, the white goods delivery e-tailer at a rent of £6 per sq ft on a new lease.

3.10 A number of the multi-let industrial estates are fulfilling higher occupancy rates with

accompanied rental growth. It is anticipated that the 'knock-on' effect of this will be as

previously remarked, that the region will continue to see an increase in the planning and

delivery of speculative development during the course of this year and into next.

3.11 At the end of 2017, the Region's annual take-up reduced from 175 465 sq m in 2016 to 162

632 sq m (-7.5% less) - the prime take-up in 2017 increased by 51 280 sq m from 2016

(+65%). The 2017 secondary take-up decreased from 2016 to 111 351 sq m (-22% less).

3.12 The corresponding analysis for 2018 indicates annual take up overall increased by some 16

815 sq m (+46%) - prime increased by 11 056 sq m (+83%) not surprisingly and secondary

stock take up also rose by 5758 sq m (+24.75%).

3.9

3.13 In Q1 2018 we witnessed a positive start to the year with an increase of approximately 14% in

overall take up when compared with Q4 2017. This trend had dropped in Q2 however, and

this can largely be attributed to a number of larger transactions that were under offer but not

yet completed (totalling approximately 51 096 sq m). We recorded a significant number of

transactions completing in Quarters 3 and 4, readdressing the drop in figures in Q2. So earlier

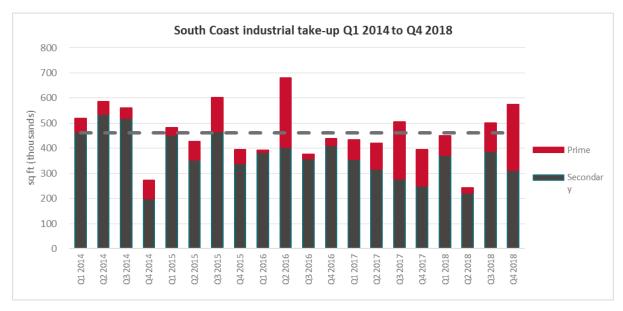
in the year, take up was primarily involving secondary stock, as occupiers took refurbished

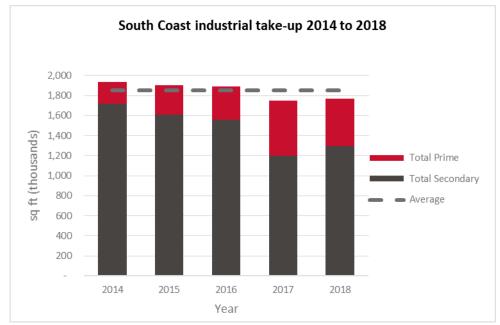
space and remained cost conscious to satisfy contract led, tight timescales. We anticipated

this weighting would shift towards prime stock as the year progressed as the new speculative



units and pre-let units came on stream and occupiers obtained possession. This proved correct.





3.14 In certain locations (generally where there is a non-conforming use or in a mixed use area on the fringe of commercial activity) the existing older stock with an established industrial use, will increasingly be under pressure to be redeveloped for residential or alternative employment uses, as higher land values will almost certainly be more attractive to the freehold owner/developer. This tension between the delivery of housing growth targets in the



PUSH region and at the same time safeguarding employment space, must be carefully adjudicated and each individual site evaluated on its own merits.

- 3.15 Availability at the end of Q4 2018 was some 264 596 m sq m within the Portsmouth and Southampton conurbations which we estimate represents only some 19 months' supply, based on the average annual take up over the last 5 years which reflects periods of high and low activity as the market emerged from the 2008 onwards recession. The 5 year analysis shows a dip from 2014 to 2016 followed by stepped increases in both 2017 and 2018.
- 3.16 We consider some 83 529 sq m (31%) can be regarded as prime space in a local context though a large element of this would not conform to the property industry's definition of Grade A industrial space, which is plot densities up to 45/50% depending on the size and nature of use; environmentally compliant and energy efficient buildings; minimum eaves heights for units up to 1858 sq m of 6.5m, rising to 7.5m for buildings between 1858 and 4645 sq m and higher (10 to 12m plus) for units over 4645 sq m; typical office content of 10/15% with raised floors and cooling; secure site; adequate dock and/or grade level loading with larger occupiers requiring separate office parking to yard and loading areas; attractive and modern design; defined service capacities inc sufficient kVa power supply; accessible location for staff and commercial vehicles etc. Moreover, a large amount of modern industrial units which become available are specially built for logistics and distribution and these units which incorporate dock levellers and higher eaves, are inefficient or too costly for many B2 purposes.
- 3.17 The lack of stock had been evident in the medium and larger unit categories (above 929 sq m) up to 24 months ago however this is now set to improve as the availability of prime and secondary floor space increases and take up as take up falls below the 5 year average. Without a steady market churn, demand tails off as occupiers recognise that a search for new premises will be a frustrating process. Typically, smaller businesses have also struggled to identify suitable alternative premises as the shortage of supply has impacted across this size



range, with most estates experiencing very low void rates and rising rents, as can be seen by virtually full occupancy in Phases 1 and 2 at Daedalus Park.

- 3.18 As a direct result of new speculative developments coming out of the ground, availability in 2018 notably increased when compared with the five year average. Total stock in the Region at the end of Q4 2018 was 264 596 sq m, denoting a small increase of 15 964 sq m (+6.5%) on the previous quarter, or an increase of 51 533 sq m (+24%) against Q4 2017.
- 3.19 Supply of prime stock decreased during Q4 2018 to 83 529 sq m, a fall of 21 841 sq m (+21%) on the previous quarter as take up latched onto the new schemes, however year on year there was an increase in Q4 2018 of 17 578 sq m (+26.5%) against Q4 2017.
- 3.20 In contrast, the supply of secondary stock markedly increased in Q4 2018, by 37 805 sq m (+26%) on the previous quarter and 33 955 sq m (+23%) against Q4 2017. This rising trend has continued over a number of years as secondary stock has now reached its highest level since 2014, though in Q2 2018 availability fell to only 13 735 sq m thus suggesting that secondhand market activity had slowed down together with more stock being released.
- 3.21 At the outset of 2019, we expect to see the supply of prime stock continue to rise as the current development pipeline bears fruition, schemes such as Merlin Park, Portsmouth (8457 sq m) has now completed and new developments at Velocity and Hermitage in Havant for instance, are nearing completion to attract occupiers. As for secondary stock, we anticipate a continued gradual increase in second hand availability as tenants relocate or downsize and the Brexit impact takes effect which may well reduce market churn.
- 3.22 One immediate question is, will the level of stock being released into the market from development activity be sufficient to meet demand? In the short to medium term this appears unlikely and accordingly we assess the occupational market to remain competitive over the next 5 years' subject to the inevitable and unpredictable caveat, as to how the economy

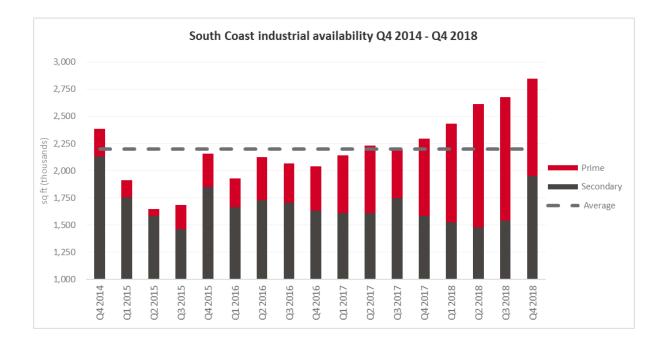


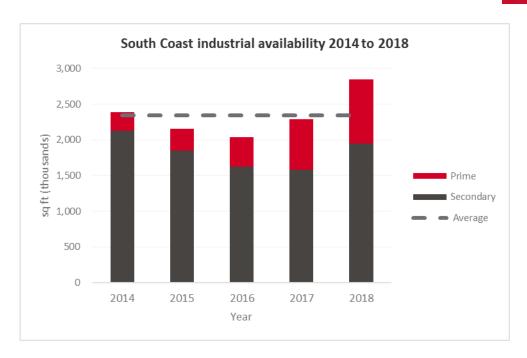
performs. Take-up in Q4 2018 was some 53 419 sq m and annually totalled approximately 164 284 sq m, which significantly was some 46% above 2017 and comfortably above the five (and ten year) quarterly average. The relevance here is that prime take up increased remarkably from Q4 2017 by 83% and that secondary take up increased by a more modest 24.75% from the previous year. We suggest these impressive prime take up levels are unlikely to be repeated this year but will be close.

- 3.23 The reduction in supply had enabled landlords to promote and achieve higher rents, particularly on good quality second hand units with self-contained yards, and this coupled with the weight of market evidence has supported record prime and pre-let rental levels across the region. If the availability increases, particularly of secondary stock, as it appears to be then this will dampen rents and strengthen tenants negotiating position.
- 3.24 In some popular, more desirable locations we projected that prime rents on units above 1858 sq m would increase to circa £9.50 to £10.50 per sq ft which is proving accurate, though whether this will be sustained as more space becomes available remains to be seen.
- 3.25 In terms of rent free incentives or equivalents, during the course of 2018 these have averaged 6 to 9 months on a five year term, to 12 months for a straight 10 year term. We have also witnessed an increase in the number of occupiers willing to sign up to leases in of ten years to secure space. Again, this has given developers and institutions the confidence to compete and commit to land acquisitions and purchase running investments on the South Coast.
- 3.26 It is worth noting that labour and build costs have markedly increased which has impacted on development appraisal viability and reflected in higher rents being required to support a profitable outcome and to justify competition driven, higher land values... This factor has been mitigated to a large degree by yield compression improving the resultant capital values and we observe that owner-occupiers are expected and willing to pay significantly higher property values than those seen post-recession, particularly on smaller unit schemes.



3.27 Our summary is that industrial occupiers looking to move have been frustrated at the lack of availability of secondary or sub-prime stock across the Solent region, due to both heightened demand and the limited new supply coming onto the market. The rate of market churn had tightened up, higher rents have become established for better quality stock and the number of relocation options to existing building have been limited or virtually non-existent. This picture is changing and the supply versus demand imbalance we foresee will begin to ease during 2019.





# 3.28 A summary of key developments along the M27 corridor are listed below:

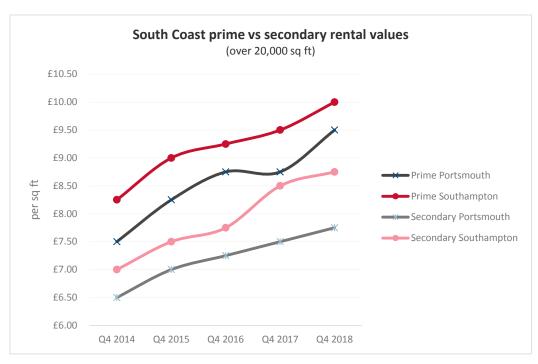
- Canmoor's speculative development of Merlin Park in Portsmouth is out of the ground and provides 8457 sq m of prime industrial and logistics space across seven units.
   Construction of the scheme completed in August 2018 and at present, three units remain available to let.
- Fareham Borough Council has invested and constructed six new Business hangars on its scheme at Solent Airport, Daedalus, Lee-on-the-Solent, five of which are now let or under offer and four of the five GA Club hangers are occupied...
- Construction of Bericote Properties' speculative scheme, Alpha Park at Chandlers Ford, funded by Blackrock, has completed. Unit 1 has been successfully pre-let to DX Network
   Services and there is significant interest in the remaining two units of 4180 and 7804 sq m, respectively.
- At Peel Logistics' new development, South Central in Nursling, financed by Rockspring,
   John Lewis has taken a pre-let of Unit 3, with the other two units of 3623 sq m (under offer) and 10 869 sq m remaining.

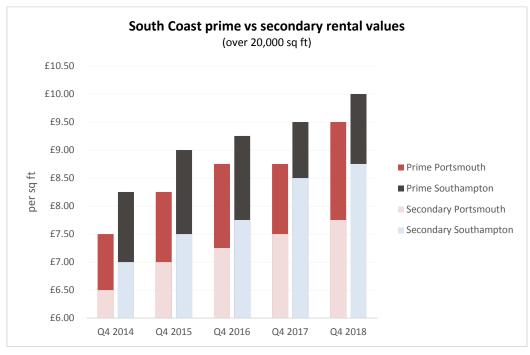


- Following the development of Phase 1, at Mountpark Logistics' new scheme on the former Ford site at Wide Lane, Eastleigh, Mountpark acquired a further 9.7 acres on the adjacent site. Phase 2 comprises four units, ranging from 6270 to 9934 sq m, and was completed in October 2018 ( two units have been let and one unit is currently under offer).
- The last remaining site at the highly successful Hamilton Business Park in Hedge End, Southampton, had been speculatively developed by Hargreaves Properties, resulting in a detached 2300 sq m high spec industrial/warehouse unit which has been let to DSV Logistics.
- Salmon Developments/LIM purchased the final plot at Harts Farm Way Havant and has speculatively built four units at Hermitage Park, available on new leases totalling approx.
   3,000 sq m which are currently on the market.
- Proxima Park in Waterlooville is under construction and will provide 20 units ranging from 400 to 1600 sq m and have also achieved a pre let to Coopers Fire of Havant of some 4200 sq m
- The three unit scheme at Velocity New lane Havant developed by Taurus/LaSalle totalling
   12 500 sq m was completed 12 months ago and is currently still available.
- Kier at Logistics City Whiteley are about to commence on site with a 3 unit B2/B8 development with unit sizes of 805, 2110 and 2535 sq m with occupation scheduled for Q2 2020.
- 3.29 Rental levels were continuing to marginally increase during 2018 and we witnessed a double-digit rent of £10 psf headline on the South Coast for a new spec unit at Alpha Park on a letting of 4180 sq m. However at the midpoint in 2019, we consider that rents have plateaued and with a few exceptions, are unlikely to continue to rise.
- 3.30 During 2017 and 2018 the reduction in supply of secondary stock had also enabled landlords to promote and achieve higher rents, particularly on good quality second hand units with self-



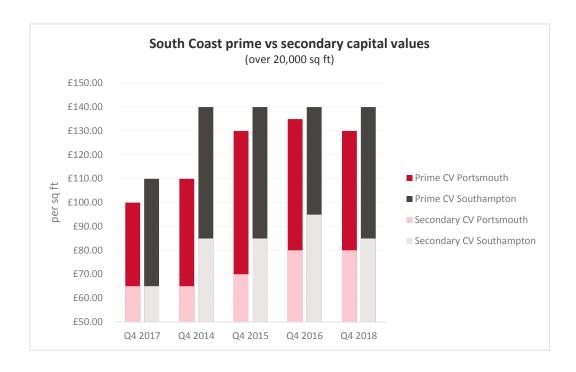
contained yards. This had the effect of reducing the rental gap between prime and secondary stock due to the lack of secondary space available, however we may now see the gap beginning to widen again. We anticipate landlords will continue to be inclined to refurbish the poorer grade stock to compete with the new grade A space.



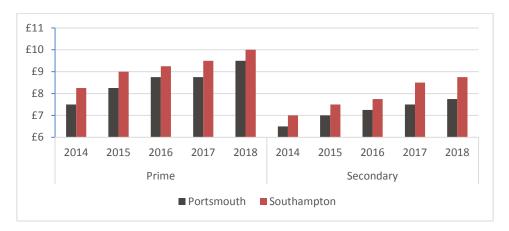




3.31 Freehold properties remain in hot demand and we anticipate that capital values will continue to increase across all size ranges and locations in 2018, as owner-occupiers, in particular, search for their own properties, rather than paying increasing rents. We have witnessed a shortage of freehold opportunities on the South Coast and often result in best bids due to the high demand. As a result we have seen a rise in capital values for example a business unit at Fulcrum, Whiteley of some 500 sq m sold for over £140 per sq ft and at the Segensworth Business Centre a unit of 275 sq m sold for £134 per sq ft. The pre sale to Percival Aviation achieved a capital value approaching £140 per sq ft.







3.32 We expect these rental trends established from 2015 to 2018 to consolidate over the forthcoming year. A summary of present day industrial rents and capital values in the Solent region are provided below:

Under 5,000 sq ft	Prime capital value per sq ft	Prime headline rent per sq ft	Secondary capital value per sq ft	Secondary headline rent per sq ft
Fareham, Portsmouth and Havant	£135 - £145	£10.00 - £11.00	£90 - £120	£8.50 - £9.50
Southampton and Eastleigh	£150 - £160	£12.00	£90 - £125	£10.00

5,000 – 20,000 sq ft	Prime capital value per sq ft	Prime headline rent per sq ft	Secondary capital value per sq ft	Secondary headline rent per sq ft
Fareham, Portsmouth and Havant	£125 - £135	£9.75	£70 - £100	£7.50 - £8.50
Southampton and Eastleigh	£130 - £140	£9.50	£80 - £110	£9.00

Over 20,000 sq ft	Prime capital value per sq ft	Prime headline rent per sq ft	Secondary capital value per sq ft	Secondary headline rent per sq ft
Fareham, Portsmouth and Havant	£110 - £130	£9.50	£70 - £80	£7.00 - £8.25
Southampton and Eastleigh	£115 - £140	£10.00	£75 - £85	£8.00 -£8.75

Lambert Smith Hampton

3.33 As property owners (private and institutional alike) have generally little or no motive to

dispose of assets and so to retain rental income, transactions in the market have been

predominantly lettings rather than freehold sales. We are aware that many small businesses,

given the opportunity, would prefer to buy and invest in their own premises.

3.34 The investment market along the South Coast continues to be 'hot property', with consistent

levels of competition seen for all product types. Prime industrial yields now stand at

approximately 4.5%. With opportunities in the region being far and few between and investors

attracted to the strong occupational market dynamics, the outlook over the coming year is set

to continue positively with strong demand and little product available.

3.35 Despite a subdued first quarter, the remainder of 2018 saw transactional volume for the South

Coast industrial exceed circa £200m. The headline transactions included LaSalle (Greater

Manchester Pension Fund) acquiring South Central, Nursling (part of the Sovereign Portfolio),

M&G Real Estate purchasing Mountpark Southampton (again being part of a larger portfolio

sale) and Aberdeen Standard acquiring the multi let, roadside Fareham Business Park for

around £36m. Other activity of note was the sale of the Quadrangle Industrial Estate,

Romsey, acquired by CBRE Global Investors from LaSalle Investment Management for

£18,025,000 reflecting a NIY of 4.55%. The estate comprised a 12 unit multi-let scheme let to

9 tenants with an AWULT to break of 3 years. The table below highlights the fall (resulting in

higher capital values) in industrial investment yields in the Region. During 2019 so far, we

observe that investors have become more discerning and reluctant to force yields down any

further as the economic outlook and Brexit uncertainty becomes closer.

3.36 In order to promote and sustain the current wave of development momentum in the Solent

region, the rationale to justify significant investment and speculate is dependent on market

rents, capitalisation yields and predicted void rates being maintained at the same level. The



groundswell of occupiers have adjusted to bearing higher rental costs in line with the market trajectory and we foresee this benchmark is now set for the future.

Yields	Prime single lets	Secondary single lets	Prime multi-lets	Secondary multi-lets
2019	4.25 – 4.5%	4.75 – 5.5%	4.5 – 4.75%	5 – 5.75%
2018	4.25%-4.5%	4.75%-5.5%	4.25%-4.75%	4.75%-5.75%
2017	4.5%-5.0%	5.0%-5.75%	5.0% 5.5%	6%-6.25%
2016	5%-5.5%	6.5%-7.5%	5.5%-6%	6.75%-7.5%
2015	5.75%-6.25%	7%-7.5%	5.75%-6.25%	6.5%-7.5%
2014	6%-6.5%	7.25%-8%	5.75%-6.25%	7%-8%

# **South Coast Office Market**

- 3.37 The South Hampshire regional office market had a challenging start to 2018 with the lowest quarter take-up (Q1 2535 sq m) recorded in the last 5 years. Activity improved in Q2 as the number of transactions increased, with Quarters 3 and 4 representing over 70% of the total year's take up. CheckaTrade occupied the largest footprint at Lakeside in a 771 sq m letting of Grade A space. The average deal size was under 446 sq m reflecting the continued trend towards occupiers using space more efficiently and taking smaller floorplates.
- 3.38 Office availability along the M27 corridor has continued its downward trend and fell below 1 million sq ft (92 902 sq m) to 869 329 sq ft (80 762 sq m) for the second concurrent year Q4 2017 recorded a supply of some 91 819 sq m which was 24% down compared to the end of 2016 and from Q4 2016 to Q4 2018, the fall has been 33%. We historically recall that 10 years ago there was over 2 million sq ft of availability, albeit at the advent of a recession. The greatest decline in availability is in the Cities and Town Centres which have seen a 30% drop, as opposed to out of town stock falling 19%. Grade A supply at the end of 2018 stands at 24 701sq m (30%) Grade B totals 42 797 sq m (53%) and Grade C stock stood at some 13 265 sq m (16%) the level of Grade B quality results predominantly from refurbishment of existing office stock. Interestingly there is a higher proportion of Grade A stock in the City Centres than Grades B and C and overall, the 'In Town' office stock represents 38 % of availability in



comparison to 62% 'Out of Town' such as the Solent Business Park at Whiteley or Lakeside at Portsmouth.

- 3.39 This trend of reduced supply in conventional office space is set to continue and as demand is relatively static, Grades A & B office rents along the M27 corridor have only marginally increased. As supply tightens further, in prime locations rents may continue to rise, and tenant incentives will be eroded in the short to medium term. Conversely, the serviced office market (including enterprise/innovation centres etc) has experienced strong demand, often replacing occupiers need for traditional floor space and willingness to pay higher overheads in exchange for flexibility and shorter lease commitments.
- 3.40 Notable relocations into brand new office accommodation have historically been on a prelet/forward funded basis and in the last decade with one exception, all the major office transactions have occurred west of Junction 9 of the M27. For example:
  - Raymarine (now Pall Europe) in Cosham 80,000 sq ft (7432 sq m) pre-let at £19.50,
     occupied in 2008;
  - Carnival 160,000 sq ft (14,864 sq m) pre-let, confidentiality agreement in place, however rent believed to be circa £19, occupied in 2009;
  - Maritime & Coastguard Agency, Southampton City 66,500 sq ft (6,178 sq m) pre-let at £19.20, occupied in 2007;
  - B&Q at Chandlers Ford 150,000 sq ft (13,935 sq m) owner occupied in 2011;
  - Ordnance Survey at Nursling 150,00 sq ft (13,935 sq m) pre-let, confidentiality agreement in place, rent unknown, occupied in 2011;
  - Selex Galileo at Endeavour Park, Millbrook 24,000 sq ft (2,229 sq m) on a 16 year lease at a rent equating to £18 per sq ft and 18 months' rent free (NB: industrial location) occupation June 2014;



 Phase II National Air Traffic Control Centre, Solent Business Park, Whiteley – 130,400 sq ft (12,114 sq m).

3.41 There continues to be polarised activity at the two principal out of town office locations, namely Solent Business Park at Whiteley and Lakeside at Portsmouth where the majority of supply is concentrated and inevitably occupier demand graduates. It is worth restating that over many years the provision of new Out of Town development elsewhere across the Solent region has been isolated. We estimate that only some 10 000 sq m of new B1a office space has been delivered in Fareham Borough over the last 20 years – will this trend dramatically turn around over the next 20 years - Cams Hall Estate and Segensworth have provided the bulk of the office supply.

3.42 With availability continuing to fall and with limited new development in the pipeline, the relocation options for businesses are narrowing. Rents have witnessed an increase and in prime locations may continue to rise and incentives offered to tenants are reducing. These factors are pointing towards the potential for profitable new development, stimulated in prime locations; for example Chilcomb Park in Winchester will offer 1937 sq m of new office accommodation which is due to complete this year. At Nelson Gate in Southampton, there will be a 1906 sq m new build and 2161 sq m being brought back to Grade A specification and there is a pre sale agreed at the Chilworth Science Park of 1672 sq m. There are rumours that Eastleigh Borough Council are in talks to agree a substantial 5574 sq m pre-let on its Leigh Road site with Aviva Healthcare.

3.43 We may see the pre-let market return, where headline rents at or above £25 per sq ft are required in order to justify new development in prime locations however there are a limited number of occupiers in this market. We do believe that a strategic planning vision should identify and promote new site opportunities to attract a prospective office based employer of the right size and calibre.



second half and finished with some 24 230 sq m transacted across 46 deals. This represented a decrease of 11% from 2017 and similarly a 11% decrease in take up from 2016

to 2017. Despite the strong finish to the year, this represented a 14% fall below the 10 year

Overall, in 2018 take-up for the South Coast office market recovered following a positive

average take-up figure (2008-2017) of 31 382 sq m.

3.44

3.45 The out of town market (M27/A27 corridor) saw the greatest take-up (67%) with the main

hotspot being around J9 M27 accounting for six out of the sixteen transactions in Q4. The

most active sectors were Construction and Engineering (34%) followed by Pharmaceutical

Medical and Healthcare (20%) Energy Media & Telecoms (13%) and Finance, Banking &

Insurance (9%) and Others accounted for 22%.

3.46 During 2018 the trend continued of lower demand for the traditional smaller office space. In

Q4, 45% of all enquiries were for space less than 929 sq m and this was replicated

throughout 2017 where 53% of all enquiries were for this lower size bracket. This compares to

67% in 2015 and 63% in 2016. In general, office applicant enquiries for 2018 were 14%

higher than recorded in 2017 which is at odds with the fall in take up - we suspect a good

number of enquiries eventually decided to occupy serviced space or embraced hot desking

(or the onset of Brexit and business uncertainty have put relocations on hold).

3.47 New headline rents were achieved in a number of marketplaces across the South Coast

region during 2017 and have been maintained into 2018. The highest achieved rent in

Southampton City Centre was £22 per sq ft at the White Building in Cumberland Place. By

comparison, the out of town office market at 1000 Lakeside, Portsmouth achieved £21.50 per

sq ft. Southampton Science Park achieved £25 per sq ft at its new build office on the Benham

Campus. Trafalgar House in Winchester City Centre achieved a new headline rent for the City

achieving £29.25 per sq ft, subject to a comprehensive refurbishment including Cat B works.



- 3.48 Concurrently, tenant incentives for open market lettings have reduced. Where previously an18 month rent-free period was typically offered for a 5-year term certain, this has now fallen to circa 6 to 12 months in the current market.
- 3.49 In the medium term, and assuming current economic conditions remain reasonably buoyant, we can expect to see prime rents being maintained at above £20 per sq ft where the optimum supply and demand dynamics prevail. In the primary office locations, where there is a particular shortage of accommodation such as Winchester, we anticipate further scope for new development in the Region, and would include out of town locations with motorway accessibility, science parks/innovation centres or in prime City Centre destinations, which are close to public transport linkage or potentially part of a mixed use scheme.



# 4.0 FAREHAM BOROUGH OVERVIEW

#### General

The resident population of Fareham Borough is approximately 116,200 (2017 Office for National Statistics estimates) and supplies 47% of the employment within the Borough, drawing on nearby settlements such as Stubbington, Portchester, Fareham Town, Titchfield, Warsash, Locks Heath and of course the catchment extends to the Gosport/Lee-on-Solent peninsular. The Fareham urban area has grown significantly during and since the 1960's, (the Borough was formed in 1974) particularly the housing stock, largely acting as a dormitory town to the greater Portsmouth and Southampton conurbations in addition to out-commuting to the wider South of England region. It provides a typical range of urban services (shopping, educational, leisure and recreational amenities) commensurate with a town of its size and contains some 700 000 sq m of industrial and office based employment workspace (the approximate breakdown is 23% B1a to 77% B2/B8 floorspace).

# Geographically

We have observed over many years that the traditional nature of the Fareham employment market has been a moderate churn of predominantly indigenous demand in the mainly sub 250 sq m sized unit category, or larger units in excess of 2000 sq m, interspersed with bouts of occupier activity prompted by the provision of new floor space. Thus vacant property void rates suffer marginally below average void periods in the region (in comparison to say, Gosport or Portsmouth) and in our agency capacity conducting marketing campaigns on many industrial and warehouse properties in the Borough, they have often proved effective in attracting new business occupiers from outside the local area. Clearly the positive impact of the economic recovery has stimulated occupier demand to relocate to larger/more efficient, and better quality premises. Predominantly it is a lease event (tenant's option to break, lease expiry or lease renewal negotiations with a current landlord) which prompts a property search and enquiry, though this can result in the company staying in its existing building.



4.3 The provision of new employment land on the horizon draws comparison with the 1985 -1995 period, when the Segensworth Estates and to a lesser extent Newgate Lane, experienced a phase of significant development activity. These virgin sites and the new estate infrastructure close to the motorway proved attractive to companies who could either move to new ready built accommodation or build to their own specific criteria, to satisfy their business space requirements and aspirations. The relevance and determining factor here was that, (given the right economic circumstances to encourage and facilitate companies to relocate), it is vital that there is a real availability of well accessed and serviced land for development, in a modern business-like environment. This is the ambition for the Solent EZ at Daedalus and in due course, the major employment potential at Welborne adjacent to J10 of the M27.

#### **Historical Context**

- In order to assess how industrial market demand/supply trends may perform in the future, it is important to analyse how the trends have developed historically in a regional context and then to draw comparisons within South East Hampshire and specifically the Fareham marketplace.
- 4.5 Typically across South Hampshire, the industrial market (often defined by B2/B8 occupation but including B1(b) & (c) R&D and light industrial uses) has over the last 5 years or so, experienced a rise in occupier demand and diminishing supply of employment floor space. Within the Borough we estimate there has been a decrease in industrial stock availability from the beginning of 2013 to the present time of 14%. The Fareham office market, by comparison, has remained relatively static with only a slight increase in stock, displaying moderate take-up and therefore surplus suites and buildings have been remaining available for relatively longer void periods. We contend that the modest level of office market activity in Fareham Borough is both a quality issue and one of unpredictable demand (activity is generally confined to Cams Hall or located in close proximity to the motorway). Clearly there is a short commute for Fareham residents to travel to work to the Solent Business Park which attracts high levels of employment.



4.6 The overall quantum of industrial stock in the Borough has decreased over the past 5 years with marginally more B1c/B2 floorspace occupied than for B8 use. This is due to a combination of higher take up rates and lack of replacement stock or new development activity. At present, we calculate there is approximately 29 030 sq m (312 475 sq ft) of built industrial and warehouse stock, predominantly of secondary quality, currently available in the Fareham Borough district which is higher than in recent years but is distorted by the availability of two units of over 6503 sq m (70 000 sq ft) this represents a very low level of standing stock. The 5 year average has been some 42969 sq m. The spatial distribution and size range of the available built floor space is evenly spread up to 1,858 sq m (20,000 sq ft). Notably in the context of this report, Grade A space or even units of a modern quality specification represent less than 22% of the availability. However there is a significant quantity of employment land available in the pipeline for new development (predominantly at Daedalus and Welborne) with the prospect of a number of smaller sites elsewhere on the horizon. There have been just five new B2/B8 unit schemes of various sizes developed in the Borough over the last decade, in response to market demand by potential leasehold occupiers or owner occupation (often by way of SIPPS purchasers which subsequently fell away). The take-up was evidentially slow and we understand proved initially unprofitable to the developers - the medium to longer term return would have been positive. This demonstrates that at the 'wrong time' in the economic cycle, even when modern quality industrial stock is available, there can be inadequate demand to readily take-up the built floor space.

4.7 Since emerging from the downturn in 2014, the average take-up rate for built industrial space in Fareham has been some 25,000 sq m (269,000 sq ft) per annum approx and thus with the current availability standing at around 28 335 sq m (305,000 sq ft), we calculate that there is less than 14 months existing secondhand supply. If one excluded the two much larger units, the current availability would correspond to only 7 months' supply. The total take up in 2018 equated to some 31 300 sq m (337,000 sq ft) which we consider is the highest level in the Borough for over a decade.

4.8 We have avoided reconciliation with the estimated new floorspace requirements projected by

PUSH, and previous Local Plan targets, and have concentrated on forecasting our own

delivery and take up in the Borough to 2036, based on our market knowledge and research

(with consideration of the regional land supply competition elsewhere). The PUSH forecasts

are simply modelled from theoretical job growth, are based on future sector by sector

occupational trends, then applying job densities to predict the floorspace requirements for

each Authority in the PUSH Region. We understand that to achieve the economic growth

targets asserted by the Solent LEP, this will require new jobs and in turn the provision of

additional B class employment space. The key question is whether the floorspace projections

are realistic and if so, is there sufficient employment land available and suitably attractive to

the market to accommodate this need.

4.9 In Appendix 2 we have compiled a list of the existing industrial and office sites within the

Borough and graded them accordingly to assess marketability and occupier appeal. The

principal locations are as follows:

## **Key Industrial Estates:**

- Brunel Way/Mitchell Close/Concorde Way/Barnes Wallis Road
- Fulcrum
- Matrix Park/IO Centre, Cartwright Drive
- Segensworth Industrial Estates
- Fort Wallington Industrial Estate
- Enterprise Park
- Fareham Industrial Park
- Pennant Park
- Kites Croft, Titchfield
- Palmerston Business Park
- Newgate Lane/Davis Way/Palmerston Business Park



- Castle Trading Estate/Murrills Industrial Estate, Portchester
- Premier Business Centre
- Speedfields Park / Solent Gate
- Fareham Business Park
- Solent Enterprise Zone/Daedalus & Faraday Business Park

The table below details occupier transactions in the Fareham industrial market during the last 18 months.

ADDRESS	OCCUPIER	LANDLORD / VENDOR	SQ FT	TENURE	£ PER SQ FT
Unit 2 iO Centre	Anglian Windows Limited	Forelle Estates Limited	16,714	New 10 year lease	£8
Unit 3 Trilogy	Ceva Logistics Limited	Standard Life Investments	42,760	New 10 year lease	£8.50
Unit 10 Kites Croft	SMI Group Limited	Aviva Investors	30,558	New 15 year lease	£8.50
Unit 25 Fareham Industrial Park	Arenko	Standard Life Investments	15,438	New 15 year lease	£7
Faraday Business Park, Daedalus	Proptech Portsmouth Limited	Fareham Borough Council	24,693	New 15 year lease	£9
Unit 1 Davis Way	Coop Funeral Services Limited	Hargreaves Holdings Limited	9,715	New 20 year lease	Stepped rents
Units 5&6 Business Hangers, Daedalus	Britten Norman	Fareham Borough Council	12,788	New 6 year lease	Confidential
Unit 9 Matrix Park	Amazon	IPIF	14,769	New 15 year lease	Stepped rents
J9S Cartwight Drive	Percival Aviation	Marick Developments	40 000	New long leasehold	£140
Unit 1 Davis Way	Hargreaves Holdings Limited	Elite Engineering Limited	9,715	Freehold	£62.79
Unit 39 Fareham Industrial Park	Professor Puzzle	Standard Life Investments	13,000	New 10 year lease	£6.38
3 Compton Way Segensworth West	CSS Group	M&G Asset Managers	40 311	Sale of long leasehold	£75

# **Key Office Locations:**

- Manor Court, Segensworth East
- Fareham Heights
- Cams Hall Estate
- Fareham Town Centre
- Parkway North Hill
- The Pavilions / Eagle Point Segensworth West



The table below identifies relevant office transactions which have completed in Fareham over the last 18 months.

ADDRESS	OCCUPIER	LANDLORD / VENDOR	SQ FT	£ PER SQ FT	COMMENT
Unit 8 Victory Park	Rock7	Private Landlord	3,215	£175	Freehold sale
Elan House, Little Park Farm Road	The Protection Specialist	JDI	9,498	£12.50	New 5 year lease
Leroux House Cams Hall Estate	Future Fit Training	Heaton Prop Investors	6,209	£18.75	10 year 5 year break
New Court, Segensworth	Aerial Direct	Watchstone Group	21,061	£59.35	Long Leasehold - 125 years
South Barn, Cams Hall Estate	Polaris	Heaton Holdings	2,683	£15	New 10 year lease
2 Manor Court, Barnes Willis Road	Agile ICT	Ancient Order of Friendly Foresters	5,390	£132	Long leasehold
Onyx, Little Park Farm Road	Warmafloor	Forelle Estates	8,898	£16	New 10 year lease
Strand House Cams Hall	Solid Solutions	Heaton Holdings	2,040	£25	Pre let new build 15 year

# Key investment and developer activity along the M27 corridor during the last 18 months:

ADDRESS	INVESTOR	TENANT DESCRIPTION	SQ FT	PRICE	YIELD
Fareham Business Park Gosport Road	Aberdeen Standard	Multi list trade and industrial estate	185 000	£36m	5.5%
Fulcrum 6 Solent BP	Kier	New spec B2/B8 scheme	55 000	£950k per acre	Land sale
Access Point Portsmouth	вмо	Formaplex	42 000	£6.85m	4.8%
Merlin Park	BAPF/Canmoor	Spec dev of 7 units	92 000	To Let £10 psf	New dev
Mountpark Eastleigh J5	Mountpark	Phase 2 completed	250 000	To Let £10 psf	New dev
Hounsdown BP	TH Real Estate	Refurbished B8 unit	125 000	£18.85m	5.2%
Chichester Bus Park	Aberdeen Standard	Single HQ building let to Philips Respironics	92 000	£14.7m	6.2%
Fort Wallington Ind Estate Fareham	Mileway	Multi let estate 22 older units	175 918	@ £15m	6.5%
Concorde Way Segensworth South	Kingsbridge Estates	New development 7 units	91 000	£700k per acre net	Land sale



#### 5.0 EMPLOYMENT LAND SUPPLY AND DEMAND

Our site by site assessment in floorspace provision terms, shows that in the B2/B8 category some 80% of the built stock falls within Grades A to B (thus indicating it is 'fit for purpose' for the Plan period at least) and some 7% is considered Grade C and 13% rated as Grades D and E, which in our view is, or will become inefficient and unsuitable for the needs of modern business. Whilst this appears a very positive weighting in favour of higher grade accommodation, during the plan period there is a significant proportion of the built stock which by 2026 will be a further 17 years older (obviously) and so may well be approaching obsolesce at this time. Therefore continual refreshment and replacement of the available employment space is essential to match market churn and satisfy the demands of business occupiers.

5.2 The B1a office sector follows a similar pattern, though arguably with 53% falling in Grade C quality assessment this gives more reason for concern on a 'fit for purpose' criteria during the next 17 years. We suggest this highlights the acute need to promote and identify new office development opportunities in the Borough. In Grades A and B, we have placed 36% of the built stock in these categories which bodes well for the Plan period.

5.3 It is imperative to have up to date evidence and market sentiment/understanding of occupier trends in assessing site protection, new allocation, and delivery requirements. As one of the most active commercial property agents, with our extensive market knowledge and research across the Solent region, our study incorporates current assessment of these property dynamics but the key message is that the Local Plan must be continually reviewed and re appraised to react to future market trends, site opportunities and allocations.



## **Welborne Site Delivery**

5.4 Welborne is the pre-eminent site along the M27 corridor capable of delivering large scale employment floor space within a realistic timescale. However it is acknowledged that this prime opportunity has remained dormant over many years and has therefore been disregarded by potential occupiers or prospective developers. This is principally due to the fact the site has compromised motorway access and infrastructure limitations which require significant public sector investment to upgrade Junction 10 to kickstart and implement development activity. So understandably, Welborne has acquired a market perception of having tremendous potential but when will it have the certain prospect of delivery within a commercial timescale?

5.5 To change this mindset and market perception, evidence of infrastructure works commencing and physical activity on site, will be required together with a structured and concerted marketing campaign. In due course, the scheme concept and delivery process will require lateral thinking and detailed consideration to ensure that a clear and positive message is relayed to the market – the development partner (s) will be closely involved with this process as they will wish to assume responsibility and take a leading role in the marketing strategy.

There has generally been a positive momentum from the various stakeholders (landowners, planning authority, LEP and political support) to encourage and promote the scheme over a good number of years to facilitate the take up of new employment space which is critically required to attract and retain businesses in South Hampshire. The 'game changer' will be securing the infrastructure investment to kickstart the development.

5.7 Our study highlights that industrial and logistics occupiers looking to expand and relocate have become increasingly frustrated at the lack of availability of prime or good secondary stock along the M27 corridor, both due to heightened demand and the limited supply of new or replacement property coming onto the market. As a consequence, occupiers are out of



necessity faced with paying higher rents which in turn justifies viable new development and secures confidence with the financial investors.

- 5.8 Delivering such a vision as Welborne in comparable locations around the UK, has historically proved difficult with the economic uncertainty of past years (reduced public spending on major infrastructure projects and a tight funding market have been challenging) however as business ambitions and investment support returns, we strongly believe that the cyclical recovery in market conditions, coupled with Buckland's endeavours, will enable Welborne to realise its undoubted potential.
- 5.9 Our study amplifies the fact that continued growth in economic activity and resultant demand for B1c, B2 and B8 floor space, will reduce further the shortage of built stock across all quality grades of accommodation and frustrate the needs of occupiers. The absence of new speculative development of any scale is having a neutralising effect on the rate of market churn in the Borough, thereby restricting the availability of premises to incoming businesses and the relocation/retention of existing occupiers.
- 5.10 The advent and demand curve of e commerce logistics requires a greater recognition and understanding, as this sector will inevitably continue to grow. There is still a misconception in some quarters that B8 use supports a less equivalent number of jobs than manufacturing use moreover the role of logistics in servicing the consumer and supply chains to industry is vital to the local, regional and national economy. A commonly held view has been that by competing with other industrial land uses, logistics activity is denying the local economy out of jobs and stalling GVA growth. The perception that B8 occupiers do not provide enough quality jobs relative to land use and thus suppress beneficial economic impact, is misguided we believe and findings from our recent research undertaken with Hampshire based companies demonstrates this point. We undertook a study to investigate and compare the number of jobs associated with specific businesses in the B2 and B8 sectors (including whatever office staff they employed) and the results are analysed in Appendix 9.

5.11 From a Use Class perspective, there is a distinct difference between occupation for

warehouse and logistics property (B8), light industrial space (B1c) and general industrial

(B2). Whilst there is clear definition for certain operations, in practice, many businesses cross

over the planning boundaries and occupy space for combined manufacturing and assembly,

material and finished goods storage, distribution and often a variable office content.

5.12 We have witnessed significant activity in home delivery requirements across the Region, with

companies such as Amazon, DPD Logistics, AO.com recently acquiring distribution depots

and with the boom of on line retailing and new housing, the demand in this sector will only

increase (particularly in well accessed motorway locations).

5.13 In competition terms, Welborne is well placed due to its midpoint location and superior access

however there are a number of new business parks/estates at either end of the M27 corridor

which are coming on stream and will be capable of delivery before Welborne - what they

don't offer is the holistic live and work proximity and environment in a new community such as

envisaged and being conceived at Welborne.

5.14 The Welborne Plan identifies some 3Ha to be allocated for B1a office development, 7Ha for

B2 and 10Ha for B8 respectively - we have assumed these ratios within our floorspace

projections. Thus from our analysis and take up predictions, once the phased development is

released over time, Welborne's future job prospects in both office and significantly to supply

industrial/logistics employment space, we contend a realistic job forecast could be some

2,800 jobs, over the duration of the Plan period.

5.15 The strategic importance and justification for Welborne to be advanced and adopted within

the Local Plan strategy has been founded on the following key challenge - to combat the

critical shortage of good quality employment land, to capture inward investment and provide

for expansion of existing business in the Borough and the wider sub-region and to address

and remove the barriers to growth in the local economy (as evidenced by the high level of out commuting).

5.16 Once the new motorway junction works and spine road infrastructure have commenced on site, there is a compelling and convincing message to relay to the market in order to promote the employment opportunity and capture occupier interest. This market engagement will boost the profile, raise awareness and typically spark expressions of interest to enable a serious dialogue to be progressed.

### **Daedalus Site**

5.17 The Daedalus site (also known as Solent Airport) is located on the Gosport peninsular on the South Coast, almost midway between the expanding Southampton and Portsmouth conurbations, connected by the M27 motorway and has enjoyed Enterprise Zone status since 2012. Hampshire is well connected by land, air and sea with the benefit of two major sea ports, an international airport and strong road links to the national network to underpin the fact that the region has emerged as a key employment player in the marine, aerospace and advanced manufacturing sectors.

5.18 The Solent region is currently home to seven of the UK's top ten aerospace companies, has more than 25 marinas, benefits from internationally renowned universities and acclaimed FE colleges, and a multi skilled workforce and therefore should offer a highly desirable business environment.

Daedalus is a former naval airfield to the west of Portsmouth Harbour at Lee-on-the-Solent.

Daedalus has access to the M27 motorway via Junctions 9 and 11 to both Portsmouth and Southampton and the M3 to London. The Newgate Lane South relief road has recently been upgraded by an £8m improvement scheme, whilst the Stubbington Bypass, a £34m scheme is due to commence in 2020, both of which will provide improved road connections. Fareham



and Gosport Town Centres are within close proximity to the site (approximately a 10 minute drive).

- 5.20 The Daedalus Waterfront site (within Gosport Borough) overlooks the Solent and the Isle of Wight with part of the site being regenerated by private developers Tidebank Ltd, who have successfully built out some 2508 sq m (27 000 sq ft) of smaller multi use industrial units on a speculative basis to attract local SME businesses, with a further phase now underway.
- 5.21 Daedalus' operational airfield provides business and leisure travel connectivity to/from mainland Europe, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man, with approximately 25,000 movements a year. Further air links are provided by Southampton International Airport, approximately 11 miles to the north west of the site.
- 5.22 "The Solent Enterprise Zone at Daedalus, South Hampshire, was designated in 2012 and was one of 24 set up nationally to support local economic and employment growth. By 2026, it was estimated that some 3,500 jobs will be created within the Enterprise Zone, turning the area into a destination of choice for businesses within the marine, aerospace and aviation sectors." (Ref. http://solentez.co.uk/site/hca/home).
- 5.23 For many years Fareham Borough Council has identified Daedalus as being its most significant commercial development opportunity and has proactively engaged with other interested stakeholders to secure funding and provide substantial investment to release the full employment potential of the site.
- 5.24 In March 2015 the Council acquired from the HCA (now Homes England) some 369 acres of land at Daedalus, principally comprising the airfield and development areas to the East and West. The Vision and Outline Strategy document prepared by Fareham Borough Council



clearly defined the ambition and future intention to create economic growth and prosperity in the Borough and wider Solent region as follows:

"Our vision is for Daedalus to become a premier location for aviation, aerospace engineering and advanced manufacturing businesses, creating many skilled employment opportunities for local people, which is underpinned by a vibrant and sustainable airfield. Building on the existing general aviation uses, the airfield will be an attractive destination for visiting aircraft and will offer the hangars, facilities and service to attract more corporate and commercial aviation activities, allowing it to be self-sustaining in the medium term and contribute positively to the local community".

- 5.25 Daedalus is recognised locally and regionally as a strategic site with a unique opportunity to create a key strategic employment hub to accommodate businesses that can exploit its location and airfield. It is an important facility as the only hard runway available for general aviation in South Hampshire.
- 5.26 The site comprises number development opportunities including Faraday Business Park, Swordfish Business Park, Daedalus Park (which actually lies within Gosport BC jurisdiction), the expanding CEMAST College & Innovation Centre and existing Solent Airport, with opportunities for airside and non-airside businesses, creating a hub for like-minded occupiers.
- 5.27 Daedalus East has two entrances off Broom Way accessing the Fareham Innovation Centre and CEMAST College and two recently occupied buildings by local high tec engineering businesses, Universal Tool Production and Proptech, on the Farday Business Park together with the civil groundworks training facility CETC. Phase 2 of the Innovation Centre, 6 new business hangars and 5 new general aviation hangars are completed (with positive take up rates) with consent for an additional 5 business hangars. There are still airside and non-airside plots available at Faraday that offer businesses flexible opportunities from 0.2 2.86 ha (0.5 –7.07 acres). Once all plots have been developed it is anticipated that Faraday could

potentially deliver a further 73,000 sq m (785,000 sq ft) of new employment space over the

Plan period.

5.28

Various plots are also available to accommodate commercial buildings on a 'design and build'

basis to suit small, medium and large occupiers on either a leasehold or freehold basis. FBC

have obtained planning consent and have submitted a business case to Members to

speculatively develop 4 new industrial units totalling some 4,645 sq m from 929 to 1,858 sq m

in response to the strong market demand from occupiers. We anticipate these will be

available for occupation by Summer 2020 and will be a welcome boost to the stock levels in

the Borough.

5.29 Daedalus West will form part of the second phase of development and comprises two zones;

an aviation cluster comprising medium to large sized hangarage for commercial aviation

businesses and a commercial business park for target sector based businesses. The

Swordfish Business Parkark benefits from a prime location adjacent to the runway and has

direct access onto the Gosport Road (B3334).

5.30 New infrastructure is currently being designed to underpin Swordfish including a new taxiway,

access road, drainage and power. Legal preparation is in hand and construction work is due

to commence in 2022, we believe. Once implemented development plots will become

available ranging from 0.1 ha (0.25 acres) to 1.4ha (3.45 acres) (subject to amalgamations or

sub-division). Once all plots have been developed it is anticipated that Swordfish Business

Park could potentially deliver in the region of 34,000 sq m (366,000 sq ft) of new employment

space over the Plan period.

**Employment Floorspace Supply Overview** 

5.31 The volume of new employment floorspace completed between April 2016 and August 2019

is shown in the table below. This reveals that there was a total of 29 564 sg m completions of

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which notably some 47% was completed during the 2018 /19 monitoring year and over 8000 sq m relates to the Innovation Centre Phases 1 and 2 at Merlin Way Daedalus.

## Completions during Monitoring years 2016/17 - 2017/18 - 2018/19

Monitoring years/ B Use Class	B1a	B2	B8	Total
2016-17	0	0	3675	3675
2017-18	670	6764	0	7434
2018 -19	3656	10 154	0	13 810
TOTAL	4326	16 918	3675	24 919

- 5.32 The monitoring data records from Hampshire County Council show the quantum of employment floorspace with outstanding planning permissions at August 2019 (i.e. permissions that have not yet physically been started). For the purposes of our assessment, it is assumed that the Borough has no additional allocations from the draft Local Plan 2017 which contribute to the supply, unless there is committed employment floorspace in the form of a detailed planning or reserved matters approval or that there is a reasonable prospect that the site will be delivered in the development form envisaged during the Plan period.
- 5.33 Our assessment of supply has been informed by analysis provided in this study and our market knowledge, and includes current or more recent applications linked to an existing consent. As a result it provides an up to date and realistic indication of the preferred type of development.



5.34 Accordingly, the table below indicates there is a realistic deliverable supply of 11 973 sq. m of employment floorspace as at August 2019 from approved permissions which have not yet been implemented.

# **Unimplemented Planning Permissions as at August 2019**

B Use Class	Unimplemented Planning Permissions (sq m)
B1a	835
B2	10,145
B8	993
TOTAL	11,973



### 6.0 OCCUPIER NEEDS AND FUTURE PREDICTIONS

- In this section of the report, we have provided commentary on the following, the preferred location and the criteria sought by occupiers when seeking premises; the industry sectors in decline and those with growth potential; market occupational costs, rental tone and the impact on viability; job forecasting translated into employment floorspace demand; and the significance of the B8 logistics market and encouragement to entrepreneurs, start ups etc.
- The key factors influencing occupier's relocation criteria are firstly geographical location, accessibility to road, docks, airports and rail communications, this proximity and drivetime to the M27 is often cited as a priority. The ability to retain and recruit staff with the appropriate skillbase is also vital, together with servicing customer/client needs and often there is a personal element from decision makers (historic reasons, home address etc). The quality of accommodation, specification of building, image, parking ratios, yard size/manoeuvring ability of commercial vehicles, are all important factors. The affordability / total property cost and occupational flexibility of the lease term is also a key consideration to many companies.
- As a general guide to provide Grade A industrial floorspace in a modern working environment and present a base spec to the market, the following principles should be adhered to:
  - Plot densities of around 45 -50% depending on the nature of use for B1c/B2 and B8 use;
  - Typical office content of around 5-15% although this can vary depending on the user requirements;
  - Environmentally compliant and energy efficient buildings;
  - Secure site, individual yards and crime preventative environment;
  - Minimum eaves heights for units over 10,000 sq ft of 7.5m rising to 9/10m and higher for 50,000 sq ft units and above;
  - Dock level and grade level loading depending on user requirements;
  - Larger occupiers will require separate office parking to yard and loading areas;



- Offices finished to high quality with raised floors and cooling;
- Defined service capacities adequate 3 phase power provision;
- Attractive and modern building design, retain a common theme throughout the Estate;
- Landscaped and parkland style grounds with uniform signage;
- Frequent and accessible public transport links;
- Clear understanding of Internet capability.
- In a general South East context, rising office type employment bodes well for market demand, although this needs to be considered alongside changing working practices. Driven by advanced communications technology, many large corporate are seeking to increase space efficiencies and encourage agile working. This trend will focus demand on the best quality space, but may lead to accelerating levels of poor quality space overhanging the market. The floorspace per head density of the typical office has increased significantly in recent years, as occupiers look to capitalise on agile working to save on property costs in the short space of a decade, staff density levels have increased from circa 15m² per person to circa 10m². Our own research also shows that while the UK's overall stock of office space has barely changed since the recession, the number of people employed in office type work has increased. However, in seeking to achieve 'spaceless growth', businesses are placing increasing importance on the quality of space that they wish to occupy.
- 6.5 We define a Grade A office specification in a Solent market place context, as having open plan footplates to accommodate workplace density of 8 13 m² per person with a NIA (net) to GIA (gross) efficiency of 80/85%; floor to ceiling heights minimum of 2.6m; BREEAM Very Good or Excellent rating; raised floors, air conditioned space, prestigious reception/lobbies; prime location close to a motorway (or transport hub if City or Town Centre); a quality environment and design to reflect company image; superfast broadband; acceptable (as appropriate) parking ratios etc.

6.6 The most progressive workplaces are those which provide a multiplicity of work settings and

have ample connectivity, with an increasing emphasis on informal spaces. This includes both

collaborative and quiet areas which are suited to different types of work and can cater to

different personality types. Also, beyond the immediate work environment, access to a range

of amenities offering refreshment, exercise and relaxation are other important ways that a

building can support wellbeing. Businesses are increasingly using their workspace as a

means to communicate the values and culture of the organisation.

6.7 In today's world, businesses have to work ever harder to differentiate themselves from their

competitors, leading to careful consideration on fit-out design to give a sense of kudos to their

staff and visiting clients. As working practices become more agile, the office is likely to serve

increasingly as a focal point for the face to face interaction between staff and clients,

intensifying this trend further still.

6.8 The modern office occupier seeks affordable, efficient space in a high quality environment

and typically their property criteria includes:

Large floor plates to enable occupation on a single floor;

• Ready access to on site or nearby amenities – retail, restaurant, leisure;

• Good local and regional connectivity – ideally road, air and rail;

Adequate parking provision for staff and visitors;

High speed broadband availability;

Attractive and vibrant public realm or 'green environment';

A sense of place and identity to reflect company image and ethos.

6.9 In demand assessment terms within the Borough, our evidence suggests that whilst the

volume and positive interest of applicants is steady at present, the profile of businesses that

would be attracted to new office development will be confined to a select number of

candidates, able and willing to accept a prime property cost. We foresee that subject to the

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economic cycle and revival continuing, the demand for office space will invariably grow but without the provision of 'quality sites', the larger, primary occupiers will gravitate to elsewhere in the Region.

Our market research and commentary demonstrates the strong investor/developer demand currently for B2/B8 uses along the Solent corridor, where there is greater confidence in its viability and return. This is in contrast to the traditional B1a office market, where occupier rationalisation is occurring and there is a pre dominance of flexible serviced/enterprise business centres which are more attractive to the business community. Typically office activity is polarised to more established, desirable locations such as Solent Business Park, Lakeside, Chilworth Science Park etc. however these are car borne dependent and are heavily congested. One solution could be to attempt to rejuvenate the shrunken and neglected Town Centre office market. This is a common malaise in many UK towns and cities which have comprehensively suffered to competing out of town business parks – we believe this trend is capable of being reversed with a pro-active planning policy to encourage the promotion of new development, located both in town and out of town clusters. In Fareham Borough there is however a critical shortage of readily available, viable office sites in favourable locations.

6.11 We have also based out predictions on the basis that there will be a required element of replacement stock as older existing floor space finally becomes obsolete or it will be unviable to refurbish or meet energy performance legislation

6.12 We have examined our database of applicants who have registered property enquiries with our agency colleagues and record the breakdown in both volume and size range, whilst clearly a large proportion of these requirements will not be converted into transactions and result in occupation within Fareham, but this approximate weight of total floorspace looking in the market at this moment in time is a good indication of the strong, current occupier demand.



## **Current Number of Registered Applicants (Sept 2018)**

SIZE RANGE (SQ M)	B1a USE	B1c/B2 USE	B8 USE
0-150	7	12	9
150-250	8	9	6
250-500	18	10	8
500-1,000	17	8	11
1,000-2,000	13	7	9
2,000-5,000	11	5	7
5,000 +	0	4	8
TOTAL (Sq M)	74 (84 350)	55 ( 71 700 )	58 ( 112 875 )

NOTE: We have compared the above data with the same range and number of applicants currently recorded on our database at August 2019 and find there is an approximate 10% decrease in the volume of enquiries. Typically, the proportion of B2 floorspace compared to the volume of B8 occupier requirements is approximately 40:60 and we have adopted this ratio in our analysis of future demand.

- 6.13 Notably from our engagement with businesses conducting property searches, the industry sectors we consider will proliferate and most likely to extend property requirements within the Fareham area will include, though not exclusively the following:
  - E-Commerce/internet shopping/home deliveries/reverse logistics;
  - Trade counter operators/materials suppliers;
  - Supply chain distribution/food and catering;
  - Service industries/maintenance contractors
  - Advanced/niche engineering/R&D activity;
  - Educational/training provision;
  - Professional consultancy services inc legal, accountancy etc
  - · Specialist research and production;

- Telecoms/recruitment/financial activities;
- IT/software design and innovation.
- A sector generally regarded as one of the most significant opportunities for the UK to rebalance and reinvigorate the economy is advanced manufacturing such as being pursued at Daedalus. This sector has the potential to drive up levels of value added in the economy and contribute substantially to export growth and its global competitiveness is ultimately determined by the ingenuity and skills of its workforce. One of the most widely used definitions of advanced manufacturing is the use of technology to improve products and/or processes to the highest degree of quality and in compliance with industry specific tolerances and certification. A company operating in the advanced manufacturing sector will display the following characteristics:
  - Technically complex products with high levels of design;
  - Customised and innovative products to create a competitive advantage in their market;
  - Focused on highly skilled workers and supporting training/apprenticeships (students graduating from CEMAST will undoubtedly prove attractive to existing and incoming employers).
  - End products are reliable, affordable and often will have little waste due to the reuse of recyclable nature of the material;
  - Extensive use of computer, high precision and information /CAD technologies to ensure conservative energy consumption;
  - Capable of delivering a diverse range of products in small or large volumes with the efficiency of mass production and the flexibility of manufacturing to respond quickly to bespoke;
  - Intensive use of capital and knowledge and requires long term investment decisions to develop processes and buy equipment;
  - Competes in international and domestic markets.



6.15 Increasingly we have encountered demand for premises from the advanced manufacturing

sector right across the building size range and from niche, prototype and full production

businesses in principally the marine, defence, aviation, medical device, energy and

pharmaceutical activities. We anticipate the expertise, reputation and innovation displayed by

these companies will be generating a fruitful source of property requirements and

employment growth over the Plan period. The size range of premises will be varied but the

quality of the building product will be essential. There still remains a sizeable and important

traditional assembly/ production sector in the Borough that will have ongoing property

requirements, however in practice we consider these occupiers will consolidate and downsize

their operations.

6.16 It is well documented that the UK has suffered a long term departure from traditional

manufacturing activity to services and logistics provision - this year on year decline has

particularly impacted on certain Local Authorities in South Hampshire. We consider now

however, that this trend is less threatening and in certain industry sectors is being reversed

(in marine, aerospace, defence and advanced engineering for instance). Such companies

with a strong bias towards highly technical and design led processes, R&D and proximity to

existing clusters and supply chains, are being retained and attracted towards the UK to exploit

the educational and knowledge base/labour pool and, interestingly, to compete favourably

with developing economies abroad.

6.17

As stated previously, the demand for either industrial or office floor space is unaffected by

administrative boundaries - the economic and commercial drivers are the Cities, the Ports,

the motorways, air and rail links, a requisite/skill matched workforce and most importantly, the

land and property availability which is deliverable.

6.18 It is essential that the sub-region is 'sold' to inward occupiers and the benefits of this business

location is reinforced to local companies considering expansion - the relevant facts and



figures supporting the decision making and criteria on which an occupier will assess the suitability of the location must be both accessible and readily available. This promotion should encompass travel times and distances; commercial facilities; labour supply and skill base; housing provision; retail and leisure attractions; existing South Hampshire employers of note; introduction to funding programmes/grant support (LEP and National etc); links to education via universities and colleges and apprenticeships/training organisations; Local Authority engagement and relationship building; utilities/connectivity provision etc.

6.19 We have seen a marked increase in industrial rents since 2014 post recession, rising from circa £7.25 per sq ft to over £9 per sq ft for prime stock or in excess of this for smaller units – due principally to the acute lack of supply and occupiers recognising that new or better quality modern stock improved the efficiency of their occupation and was worth paying for. We regard this rental tone to be now accepted and evidenced to justify and underwrite new development activity, either pre let or speculative.

## **Typical Industrial Rents and Capital Values in Fareham**

		Quality of Stock					
	New/Prin	ne (£psf)	Seconda	ry (£psf)	Tertiary (£psf)		
Location	Capital Value	Headline Rent	Capital Value	Headline Rent	Capital Value	Headline Rent	
Under 5,000 sq ft							
Primary	145	10	100	8.50	75	7	
Secondary	120	9	90	7.50	60	6.25	
5,000 - 20,000 sq ft							
Primary	135	9.50	90	7.50	75	6.25	
Secondary	115	8.50	80	6.50	65	5.25	
Over 20,000 sq ft							
Primary	130	9.25	85	7	65	6	
Secondary	110	8.50	70	6.25	50	5	



# **Typical Office Rents and Capital Values in Fareham**

		Quality of Stock				
	New/Prime	New/Prime (£psf) Secondary (£psf)				
Location	Capital Value	Headline	Capital Value	Headline		
Under 5,000 sq ft						
Primary	250	20/25	175	15		
Secondary	220	15/17	150	12.50		
Over 5,000 sq ft						
Primary	220	18/19	160	14		
Secondary	200	15	140	11/12		

NB: New/Prime values are estimated as there is little or no recent evidence in the Fareham market.

- 6.20 In order to consider employment needs and forecasts during the Plan period we have applied three different methodologies.
- 6.21 Firstly, we have researched data (Nomis ONS 2017) and extracted the relevant demographic and labour profile for the Borough, together with a comparison of the Solent LEP and South East UK corresponding rates.



# Table of Labour Market Profile - Fareham Borough Council, Solent LEP and South East

Source: Nomis Office for National Statistics 2017

		EHAM DUGH	SOLE	NT LEP	SOUTH EAST ENGLAND
Total Population (2017)	116	,200	1,06	5,400	9,080,800
Employment and unemployment (July 2017 – Jun 2018)  Economically Active  In Employment  Employees  Self-employed  Unemployed	63,400 62,000 55,600 6,500 1,600	85.9% 83.9% 75.9% 8.0% 2.5%	644,500 613,400 528,100 82,800 31,000	80.4% 76.5% 66.7% 9.6% 4.8%	81.1% 78.3% 66.2% 11.8% 3.5%
Employment by occupation (July 2017 – June 2018)					
<ol> <li>Soc 2010 Major Group 1-3</li> <li>Managers, Directors and Senior Officials</li> <li>Professional Occupations</li> <li>Associate Professional and Technical</li> </ol>	48.	1%	42.	4%	50.6%
Soc 2010 Major Group 4-5 4. Administrative and Secretarial 5. Skilled Trades Occupation	19.	9%	20.	9%	19.9%
<ul> <li>Soc 2010 Major Group 6-7</li> <li>6. Caring, Leisure and Other Service Occupations</li> <li>7. Sales and Customer Service Occupations</li> </ul>	15.	6%	18.	3%	16.0%
Soc 2010 Major Group 8-9 8. Process Plant and Machine Operatives 9. Elementary Occupations	16.	4%	18.	5%	13.4%
<ul> <li>Qualifications (Jan 2017 – Dec 2017)</li> <li>NVQ4 and above</li> <li>NVQ3 and above</li> <li>NVQ2 and above</li> <li>NVQ1 and above</li> </ul>	65. 83.	6% 0% 6% 5%	58. 76.	4% 3% 8% 8%	41.4% 61,1% 78.6% 89.5%
Earnings by Place of Residence Gross Weekly Pay • Full-time Workers	£61	5.4	£55	52.6	£614.5
Out of Work Benefits Claimant Count by Sex – not seasonally adjusted (Sept 2018)  All People	0.7	7%	1.9	9%	1.4%
Jobs Density (2016)	58,000	0.83%	534,000	0.79%	0.88%
Employee Jobs (2017)  Total Employee Jobs  Full-time  Part-time	48,000 31,000 18,000	64.6% 37.5%	520,000 337,000 182,000	64.8 35.0	66.2% 33.8%



		EHAM DUGH	SOLE	NT LEP		HEAST LAND
Employee Jobs by Industry						
<ul><li>Mining &amp; Quarry</li><li>Manufacturing</li></ul>	10 4,000	0.0% 8.3%	225 41,000	0.0% 7.9%		0% 2%
Electricity, Gas, Steam and Air Conditioning Supply	20	0.0%	2,250	0.4%	0.5	5%
<ul> <li>Water Supply: Sewerage, Waste Management and Remediation Activities</li> </ul>	300	0.6%	3,500	0.7%	0.8	3%
Construction     Wholesale and Retail Trade:	3,000	6.2%	28,000	5.4%	5.5	5%
Repair of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles	8,000	16.7%	85,000	16.3%	16.	3%
<ul><li>Transportation and Storage</li><li>Accommodation and Food Service</li></ul>	3,000 3,000	6.2% 6.2%	27,000 40,000	5.2% 7.7%		6% 3%
Activities Information and Communication Financial and Insurance Activities	2,000 1,500	4.2% 3.1%	22,000 15,000	4.2% 2.9%	2.8	9% 3%
<ul><li>Real Estate Activities</li><li>Professional, Scientific and</li></ul>	700 3,000	1.5% 6.2%	7,000 31,000	1.3% 6.0%		5% 0%
Technical Activities     Administrative and Support     Service Activities	4,000	8.3%	46,000	8.8%		7%
<ul><li>Service Activities</li><li>Public Administration and Defence; Compulsory Social</li></ul>	3,500	7.3%	23,000	4.4%	3.2	2%
Security  • Education	5,000	10.4%	55,000	10.6%	10.	4%
<ul> <li>Human Health and Social Work Activities</li> </ul>	6,000	12.5%	70,000	13.5%		7%
Arts, Entertainment and Recreation	1,000	2.1%	13,000	2.5%		7%
Other Service Activities	1,250	2.6%	11,000	2.1%	۷.:	5%
Civil Service Jobs as a Proportion of Employee Jobs (2018)  Total Civil Service Jobs	4 (	9%	1 (	3%	0.0	9%
	4.8	970	1.0	0 70	0.8	970
UK Business Counts (2018) Enterprises  Micro (0 to 9)  Small (10 to 49)  Medium (50 to 249)  Large (250+)	3,940 435 70 10	88.4% 9.8% 1.6% 0.2%	37,055 4,200 675 150	88.1% 10.0% 1.6% 0.4%	363,890 33,090 6,035 1,535	89.9% 8.2% 1.5% 0.4%
TOTAL	4,555		42,080		404,555	

6.22 We have assessed the potential growth and decrease in employment numbers on a qualitative exercise within the Borough, based on our knowledge of property requirements and which industry sectors are expanding and those in decline, both for B1c/B2/B8 and B1a occupiers, utilising the NOMIS categorisation (see Appendix 6).



# Table to Forecast Labour Growth and Decline by Industry Category for Fareham Borough to 2018-2036

Job Category by Industry as defined in Nomis Official Labour Market Statistics (2017)	Score % Positive Growth +10%/+20% Negative Decline -10%/-20% No change - 0	Resulting Job Numbers (+ or -)
С	+10	400
F	+20	600
G	+10	800
Н	+20	600
I	+10	300 B1a
J	+20	400 B1a
K	0	0
M	+20	600 B1a
N	+10	400 B1a
0	-20	-700 B1a
Р	0	0
Q	+20	1,200 B1a
R	0	0
S	0	0
Total		+4,600

- 6.23 These projections translate into an additional 2,200 jobs in B1a offices and 2,400 jobs in B2/B8. These will necessitate additional floor space requirements of B1a (12 jobs per sq m) of 26,400 sq m and in the B2/B8 category (average of 53 jobs per sq m) additional employment space of 127,200 sq m during the plan period.
- 6.24 Secondly, we have calculated the historic take-up of new development floorspace, built and occupied since 1998 (thus over the last extended 20 year period) in the Borough to give an average annual take-up rate to inform and benchmark future projection rates. Our analysis deliberately bridges the pre and post recessionary market conditions to review market



behaviour during the peaks and troughs of an economic cycle and the table below identifies both pre-let and speculative developments. Arguably the opportunities presented at Welborne and Daedalus offer a greater critical mass and self identity which may well improve the quantum and speed of take up – such as happened at Kites Croft, Titchfield.

Table of New Development Completions (B1a Offices and B2/B8 Industrial/Logistics since 1998 to 2018 in Fareham Borough

LOCATION	YEAR OF PRACTICAL COMPLETION OF	TOTAL FLOOR AREA
B1a	SCHEME/BUILDING	APPROX (SQ M)
The Gardens, Broadcut	2003	4500
Eagle Point, Segensworth	2002	3000
Cams Hall Estate	1998 onwards	8500
Furzehall Farm	2005	1000
Segensworth Business Centre (Office part)	2006	1250
Innovation Centre, Daedalus	2016 & 2018	7000
Fareham Borough in Total		25 250
Average Annual Sq M		1262.5
B2/B8		
Segensworth Business Centre (Industrial section)	2006	3500
Kites Croft	2005 and 2016	32 000
Matrix Park / i0 Centre/Stephenson Rd	2003 onwards	46 500
Faraday Business Park, Daedalus	2016	10 000
Axis Park Fort Fareham	2009	5000
J9 South, Cartwright Drive	2018	4000
Pennant Park, Standard Way	1999	3750
Barnes Wallis Rd	1998	4 000
Fareham Borough in Total		108 750
Average Annual Sq M		5437.5



6.25 Finally our third method was to combine and take account of various determinants, such as the historic patterns of new and existing floorspace take up, in both the B1a and B2/B8 sectors; reflect on the employment modelling undertaken by PUSH and our own analysis; how this may then be translated into Fareham's future job prospects; our market judgement of forward occupier demand; and the suitability of the employment land supply. We contend that a realistic forecast for the net future employment space needed in the Borough 2019 -2036 would be:

**EMPLOYMENT FLOORSPACE NEED 2019 - 2036** 

MEASURE	USE B1a	USE B2	USE B8	
Annual Historic Average Take Up (sq m)	5,574	10,000	15,000	
Employment Land Supply Potentially Deliverable (sq m)	41,750	134,448	82,793	
Viability and Marketability	Weak/May Improve	Strong	Strong	
Residual Land Values	Negative Positive		Positive	
Projected Additional Annual Demand (sq m)	1,858	1,858	2,787	
Total Net Need (sq m)	31,586	31,586	47,379	

## **EMPLOYMENT FLOORSPACE NEED Vs SUPPLY 2019 - 2036**

MEASURE	USE B1a	USE B2	USE B8	
Total Net Need (sq m)	31,586	31,586	47,379	
Permissions Outstanding at Aug 2019	835	10,145	993	
Employment Land Supply Potentially Deliverable (sq m)	41,750	134,448	82,793	
Total Floorspace Supply (sq m)	42,585	144,593	83,786	
Excess/(Shortfall) on Employment Land Supply Potentially Deliverable (sq m)	10,999	113,007	36,407	
Excess/(Shortfall) on PUSH Estimate 55,000 sq m B1a and 75,000 sq m B2/B8 weighted 60%/40%	(12 415)	99,593	53,786	

**NB**: The brackets indicate a shortfall.

6.26 Applying the job densities referred in the HCA Employment Density Guide (3rd Edition Nov

2015) the above net need for offices would produce some 2632 new jobs and similarly

assuming a full take up of B2/B8 occupation, this would support a net need creating 1490 new

jobs, or realistically allowing for a 20% office content associated with the B2/B8 category, an

additional 1018 jobs.

6.27 We calculate these overall net floor space forecasts could produce between 4122 and 5140

new jobs in total. By comparison, the somewhat peremptory PUSH study estimates a target of

6000 new jobs in total by 2036 which whilst desirable, we suggest maybe over ambitious.

6.28 There is a body of research regarding population and employment growth and the link with

traffic capacity in a specific area and that accessibility is a strong determinant of employment

density. These studies suggest that employment growth (and therefore productivity) increases

as transport infrastructure capacity increases. The random commuting patterns and

unpredictable traffic congestion along the M27 corridor make analysis of future projections

inevitably complex, however we suggest developing alternative scenarios by a specialist

transport planner would be worthwhile – particularly bearing in mind the proposed motorway

improvements, new housing settlements and support required to invest in public transport.

6.29 The emerging Fareham Local Plan will be reflective and influenced by the national UK

Modern Industrial Strategy and the Local Industrial Strategy (LIS) currently being prepared by

the Solent LEP following public consultation and business engagement. The aim is to boost

productivity by supporting businesses to create good jobs and increase earning power

throughout the UK with investment in skills, industries and infrastructure. This Strategy sets

out the 'Grand Challenges' of artificial intelligence and data, ageing society, clean growth and

the future of mobility. The future major development activity heralded at Welborne and Solent

EZ Daedalus are fundamental to the delivery and success of the LIS, not just in the Borough

but across the whole Solent region. The recently published NPPF guidelines clearly indicate



that a realistic assessment of a site's potential should focus on viability and deliverability within an identifiable timeframe and subsequently evaluated and translated into the Local Plan. During 2019 the Local Industrial Strategy will be formulated and drafted by the Solent LEP to which FBC should be an active participant – whilst the economic driver of the marine and maritime industry will be the main thrust of the local Strategy, other significant employment clusters such as aviation, contact lens, logistics/supply chain etc should not be overlooked nor underestimated in employment terms.

As stated, the Welborne floorspace take up projections will have a significant impact on the future employment capacity in the Borough, on the assumption that the new motorway Junction 10 of the M27 will be operational by 2025 - as this prime location will attract extensive occupier demand across the South Coast. We contend that the delay to the opening of the Stubbington bypass is not so critical but has still been one inhibitive factor in attracting occupiers to the Solent Enterprise Zone at Daedalus. The Segensworth estates will continue to thrive throughout the Plan period, notwithstanding the probable M27 congestion until 2021 during completion of the SMART/J9 works - however in time, there would be significant traffic flow improvements if the North Whiteley relief road becomes a reality.



### 7.0 SITE ASSESSMENT ANALYSIS

- 7.1 By formulating a list of criteria and a method of assessing the market appeal of existing industrial estates, offices and employment sites, a more consistent and objective measurement of the quality as well as the quantity can be established. We have modelled a five category grading system to identify high to low quality ranking against eight categories of assessment criteria under the headings:
  - Strategic Location/accessibility;
  - Estate Layout/prominence;
  - Character of area/neighbouring uses;
  - Local amenities/public transport;
  - Planning status;
  - Occupier perception/property values;
  - Age and suitability of built stock (fit for purpose);
  - Redevelopment prospects and constraints.
- 7.2 We note there is an inherent simplicity in scoring sites and premises against a uniformed set of criteria but we have endeavoured to apply a consistent approach to identify those sites which are either 'fit for purpose' now, have longevity in providing employment space and will continue to meet the needs of businesses in the Borough or conversely those sites which, in the short to medium term, will become obsolete or should warrant redevelopment. Clearly there are specific factors to satisfy the individual company's requirements which are reflected in our judgement of the market's perception (Category 6 of the Assessment Criteria) such as car parking ratios, security, building image, affordability etc.

7.3 To streamline the analysis we have avoided weighting the criteria as in practice, an occupiers

selection will consider all of these factors depending on the priority for their specific business

needs however our experience is that location, building specification/state of repair and

occupational cost are the principal determinants.

7.4 In order to assess the development prospects of the sites which have been identified (either

with or without planning permission) as suitable for new employment space provision at some

future date, we have ascribed a rating to reflect those with greater prospects of success at an

earlier timeframe to score higher than those with constraints or a longer delivery timescale.

7.5 We do recognise that there are individual sites and premises that may not, due to their age or

poor specification or 'scruffy' nature, perform well in terms of quality and so receive a low

assessment, but are still 'fit for that purpose'. From the ranking system it is clear that the

older, tertiary estates such as those at The Boatyard or The Tanneries score poorly as they

have failings in several categories. They do however have a rightful and beneficial place in

the market and unless the condition of the buildings have exceeded their economic life or a

whole scale redevelopment is justified, they need to be retained and protected to satisfy this

sector of occupier demand.

7.6 Our analysis of the protected sites indicates a notable variation in quality to determine those

which should be future proofed and prioritised, and those requiring re investment and

upgrading, or finally discarded. There is good argument for encouraging release of lower

graded sites, either by active planning policy or LA estate management, or simply rely on the

fact that commercial forces will seek out a higher re development value for alternative uses. If

one assumes that Grades D and E are vulnerable, the vital question is where will the

replacement stock come from and to justify new build development, will rents be affordable to

the displaced SME and tertiary businesses.

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- 7.7 Based on our identification of potential site redevelopment opportunities, a thorough investigation should be undertaken by FBC or appointed consultants, to assemble the relevant site information (both physical and legal), to apply a market appraisal and to determine the planning options and if appropriate, approach the site owner to promote and attempt to unlock the opportunity. Prior to undertaking this exercise, there will need to be a judgement as to the size and realistic prospects of delivery of the opportunity to justify the time and cost involved.
- Our analysis revealed that the existing employment sites in the Borough are categorised in terms of quality of specification, age and meeting the needs of modern businesses as follows (to show the percentage of Grade A best to E worst, based on the approximate total sq m of floorspace for each location):

GRADE	B1 a (Sq M )	%	B2/B8 (Sq M )	%
А	49 146	33	549 355	52
В	5618	3.8	293 854	28
С	78 669	52.7	71 535	7
D	14 633	9.8	97 148	9.5
E	956	0.7	35 336	3.5



7.9 We have listed below the identified key allocated and potential new employment sites at August 2019 which are capable of delivery subject to infrastructure, planning and land ownership constraints:

LOCATION	SIZE (Max Floorspace Sq M)	POSSIBLE TIMESCALE (year range)	B1a	B2	В8	COMMENTS
Welborne – Industrial /Logistics	75 000	2025 - 2036		34,500 (46%)	40,500 (54%)	Prime location, of regional significance, timing dependent on J10 redesign
Welborne - Office	30 000	2025 - 2036	30,000 (100%)			As part of mixed use scheme 3Ha allocated
Daedalus - Faraday	73,291	2019 - 2036		58,633 (80%)	14,658 (20%)	Development ongoing, spec units planned
Daedalus - Swordfish	34 000	2022 - 2036		27,200 (80%)	6,800 (20%)	Medium term opportunity, airside related
Land at Standard Way	2000	2019 - 2025		1,000 (50%)	1,000 (50%)	Understood proposal to build spec units
Solent 2	23 500	2019 - 2029	11,750 (50%)	5,875 (25%)	5,875 (25%)	Marketed for long period, unfulfilled potential
Land West of Newgate Lane	10 000	2024 - 2036		5,000 (50%)	5,000 (50%)	Infrastructure works required, off new bypass
Little Park Farm Segensworth	11 200	2020 - 2025		2,240 (20%)	8,960 (80%)	Excellent location and potential, access constraints
Totals			41,750	134,448	82,793	



### 8.0 CONCLUSIONS

- 8.1 Our first observation is that the alignment and weighting between housing provision and employment needs (and the evidence base within the Borough to support the right balance) should be examined and periodically reviewed to ensure that one does not have precedence over the other and so determine the correct equilibrium.
- 8.2 Whilst there are a limited number of potential employment sites which are under threat of policy change to residential or non-employment uses, we believe all potential employment sites should be retained in the emerging Local Plan. Moreover with the evident delay in delivery of the major employment sites in the short to medium term, one could advocate that certain identified housing sites should be re assessed and utilised for B class development instead (or in tandem as mixed use schemes).
- 8.3 We believe it is important to review and re-evaluate the Local Plan regularly as market dynamics fluctuate and economic prospects/business needs change (and site specific circumstances change as they invariably do and potential new development options arise).
- In specific cases where previously earmarked sites are now deemed unsuitable for future employment use, FBC should be bold enough to deallocate such sites where appropriate. Equally there should be a concerted effort to detect and identify future opportunities, which may not be readily apparent now, for example, additional office development at Cams Hall Estate; potential development land to the east of Cartwright Drive; land adjoining the A27 Southampton Road at Segensworth; and any brownfield / obsolete building opportunities
- 8.5 In our opinion it is far preferable to have a surplus of employment land in the Local Plan, wherever possible, in order to enhance the choice and variation to developers and occupiers (arguably supply creates and attracts demand) however all the sites recognised must be viable and have a realistic prospect of development within a reliable delivery period.

8.6 The PUSH Spatial Position Statement in June 2016 states that in the Borough, the increase in

net floorspace required is 55,000 sq m B1a offices and 64,000 sq m B2/B8 floor space until

2034 (this has been increased to 75 000 sq m to reflect the 2 year additional Plan period). So

with 18 years remaining, office sector wise this infers a take up each year of 3,500 sq m per

annum whereas the evidence shows less than half this take up (see table on p61) thus we

consider the PUSH projection to be highly improbable based on historic trends. Therefore we

strongly recommend revision and a challenge to reduce this forecast. Whilst we acknowledge

the PUSH requirements should set ambitious growth targets to raise productivity and earning

power, they should be tempered with a semblance of market reality.

8.7 Welborne is destined to become the most prominent new community and substantial

employment offer along the Solent corridor, once the site infrastructure and upgraded

motorway junction are completed to enable delivery timescales with certainty can be

confirmed to prospective occupiers.

8.8 Over time, Daedalus and Welborne will deliver new floorspace, however we suggest there is

a need to identify new tracts of land, hitherto undiscovered, with potential to offer B Class use

development during the Plan period, critically over the next 5 years or so and to provide

genuine competition to alternative employment sites in other parts of the Solent region.

These will be deliverable within a shorter timescale (generally occupiers seeking new

employment space are not bound by administrative boundaries).

8.9 The economic importance of B8 logistics and supply chain activity should not be under

estimated. This is particularly relevant to the Borough having direct access to the M27 with

three motorway junctions and its proximity to Southampton Docks and Portsmouth

International Ferryport. This sector is vital in supporting manufacturing activity and servicing

the broader Solent economy, such as the cruise ship industry and the ever increasing

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demands of e tailing/ internet deliveries. In practice we contend that B8 designated occupiers do not necessarily generate lower job densities than a B2 user, nor infer lesser GVA productivity (as in many instances, B8 can provide a greater employee density if associated with a high office content).

- 8.10 There is compelling demand to support development of smaller unit schemes we support the provision of starter and move on size ranges, offered to the market on a leasehold, or with particular appeal to owner occupiers requiring freehold tenure many national developers/ institutional investors look for economies of scale and so build bigger units but new, modern stock to accommodate the local, SME size business is also essential to promote a thriving, diversified local economy. We advocate the Council promote and support further investigation into development of a new enterprise/innovation centre, similar to the successful Daedalus model, further north within the Borough closer to the motorway or Town Centre, to encourage and stimulate entrepreneurial activity.
- 8.11 Finally to recap, we consider a realistic forecast of the net future B class employment space need (from 2019 to 2036) be considered on three factors; a pragmatic estimation of annual take up, the available land supply and the additional growth required to fulfil employment targets to give an overall net need target (see table overleaf). This indicates that Fareham Borough has a notional B1a office provision that is heavily reliant on delivery at Welborne and Solent 2 and conversely the Borough is ultimately over supplied with a B2/B8 land supply. Moreover, there is significant reliance on Welborne delivering new employment space in the medium to longer term and an assumption there will be significant and sustained take up at Daedalus/Solent Enterprise Zone.



# FAREHAM BOROUGH EMPLOYMENT LAND STUDY CONCLUSION 2019 -2036

	Ne	et Floorspace (sq	m)
	B1a	B2	В8
Employment Floorspace Requirements 2016- 2036	31,586	31,586	47,379
Outstanding Permissions at August 2019	835	10,145	993
Remaining Floorspace Requirements at August 2019	30,751	21,441	46,386
Potential Floorspace Delivery from Future Employment Land	41,750	134,448	82,793
Total Employment Land Supply (Shortfall)/Excess	10,999	113,007	36,407



### 9.0 REFERENCE SOURCES

The following research documents and publications were consulted in the preparation of this report:

- 1. Fareham Draft Local Plan 2011 2036 (FBC Oct 2017)
- 2. Fareham Interim Employment Land Review (FBC Oct 2017)
- 3. Employment Density Guide 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition (HCA Nov 2015)
- 4. The Welborne Plan Local Plan Part 3 (FBC June 2015)
- 5. The Economic Role and Contributions of the Maritime Sector in the Solent LEP (CBRE May 2018)
- 6. Push Spatial Position Statement (June 2016)
- 7. Transforming the Solent Productivity and Growth Strategy (Solent LEP Feb 2017
- 8. Local Industrial Strategies Policy Prospectus (HM Government Oct 2018)
- 9. Nomis Labour Market Profile (ONS 2017/2018)
- 10. Effect of Capacity Constraints on Population and Employment Distribution (National Infrastructure Commission University of Leeds June 2018)



## 10.0 GLOSSARY OF PROPERTY TERMS

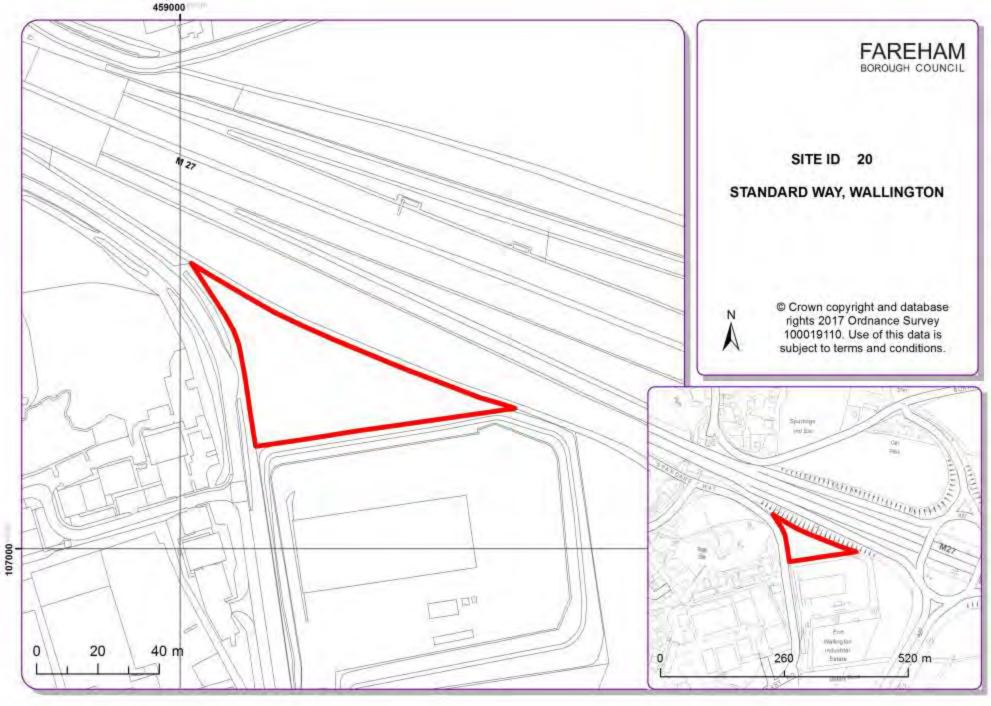
TERM	DESCRIPTION
Alienation	Alienation is the legal transfer of title of ownership to another party, often a leasehold interest by way of assignment or sub letting.
Amenities	Availability of one or more nearby shopping, food and drink establishments (including bars, restaurants and coffee shops), supermarkets and leisure activities such as gyms and cinema. The term also relates to availability of amenities within a building, which add benefit to it and therefore, increase its value or occupier appeal. In this respect, amenities could include lifts, cycle storage, showers, gym/fitness centre facilities, café/coffee shop, parking, high-speed internet etc
Availability	The amount of built space currently being marketed as available to purchase or lease to another occupier (vacant and occupied stock) expressed in sq m or sq ft.
Brownfield	Previously built on or developed land, may require remediation.
Capital Value	The open market value of a property asset, freehold or leasehold, as distinct from its annual rental value.
Floor plate	An open area of contiguous space on one floor of a building (usually applied to an office building).
Freehold	The most superior legal title to the ownership of premises - legally referred to as "fee simple absolute in possession" - as opposed to a long leasehold (or ground lease) which will often run for 100 years or more, and leasehold (usually the occupational lease interest).
Grade A	Used to categorise the quality of office or industrial space. Grade A space is the best quality with a high standard of specification, usually new construction or recently extensively renovated. Offices are often categorised further into Grade B or Grade C.
Headline Rent	This is the gross payable rent payable by a tenant after all incentives (rent free periods typically) have ended. Headline rent is most commonly associated with open market lettings but increasingly at lease renewal and lease re-gearing/restructuring.
Incentive	An incentive is a payment that is used to encourage a tenant to take on a new lease when a new lease is granted or existing lease assigned. A common example is where a landlord pays a tenant a sum of money to contribute to the cost of a tenant's fit-out or allows a rent free period. The level of incentive will vary according to market conditions.
Leasehold	Where a Landlord and Tenant relationship is formed for a fixed number of years paying a market "rack" rent annually.
Long Leasehold	See Freehold
M27 Corridor	The Cities and Towns located adjacent to the M27 motorway, including Portsmouth, Southampton, Eastleigh, Fareham and Havant.
Mid-Box Unit	A term used in respect of industrial and logistics properties to define the size. A mid-box unit is a property of between 50,000 sq ft and 99,999 sq ft.
Mixed-Use Development	A form of development which blends commercial, residential, retail, cultural and/or leisure uses together, often to produce a viable outcome.
Multi-Let	A property or estate that is owned by a single entity and leased to multiple occupants.
Net Effective Rent	The equivalent rent that would be payable after all incentives (for example capital contributions and rent free periods) are taken into consideration. This calculation is used by the VOA to determine the actual Rateable Value. It is also used in lease negotiations to identify the appropriate level of rent.



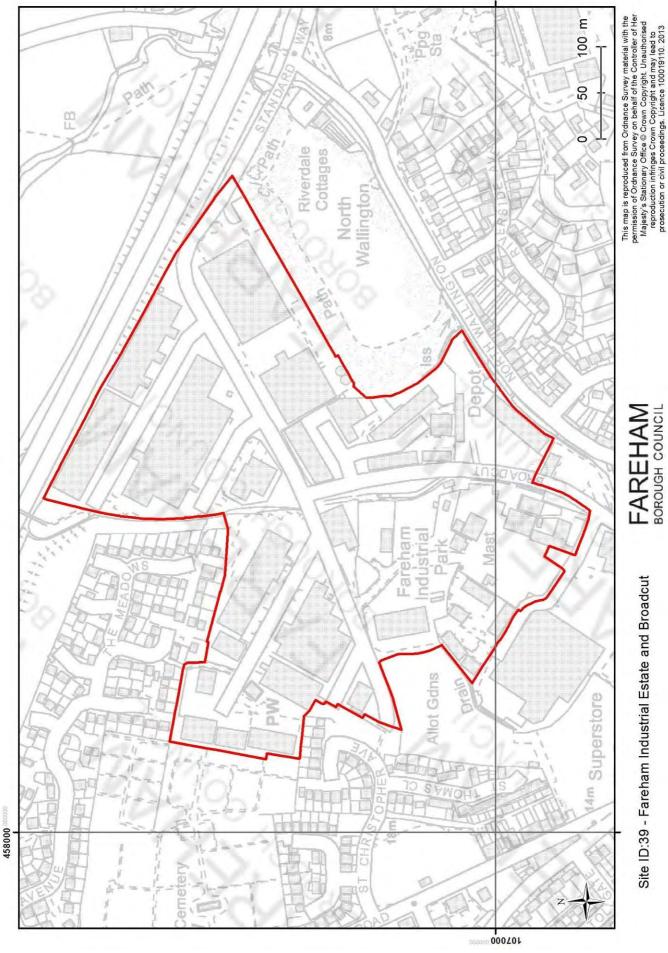
TERM	DESCRIPTION
Occupancy Rates	The amount of built floor space which is occupied by a tenant or an owner- occupier. Occupancy rates do not include properties to purchase for investment purposes.
Parking Ratios	The number of car parking spaces available per 1,000 sq ft and dedicated to a particular property
Permitted Development Rights	Permission to carry out certain limited forms of development without the need to make an application to a local planning authority, as granted under the terms of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order.
Pre-Let	The letting of a property which is agreed and committed to prior to the commencement of the building's construction and therefore constitutes virtually no risk
Prime Capital Value	The price a purchaser can expect to pay for a 'best-in-class' property. A property with a low yield is considered to be 'prime'.
Prime Headline Rent	The rent expected to be agreed for a prime property in the prevailing market conditions, excluding unusual or abnormal landlord or tenant motivation.
Quoting Rent	The rent quoted to potential occupiers by letting agents, on either a per sq ft/sq m per annum basis, in respect of an available property.
Rental Values	The amount of rent a prospective tenant is justified in paying for a set period of time for the right to occupy and trade from the premises.
Speculative Development	A development which has commenced without having secured tenant(s) or purchaser(s) in place.
Take-Up	The measurement of the amount of space leased or sold within a given timeframe, normally per annum.
Use Class	The category of Town Planning Use to which the current or intended use of a property is allocated, as defined in the Town and Country Planning (Use Classes) Order 1987. This is a Statutory Instrument and is subject to periodic variation and updating.
Vacancy Rate	The percentage of built space in the market that is currently unoccupied or available for rent.
Voids	A term used to describe the length of time that properties have remained empty before a letting has been secured.
Yield	A measure of the return on a capital investment. A yield is the reciprocal of the multiplier that converts an income stream into a capital value, often expressed as the net initial yield having taken off purchaser's costs.
Yield Compression	Yield compression occurs when the net equivalent yield of a property decreases, measured in basis points and signifies an increase in capital value and higher return to the investor.

Appendix 1
Employment Site Assessment Pro Forma's and Location Maps

Site Address Land at Standa	rd Way, Wallington			
Site Ref	20			
Ward	Fareham East	Size	0.59 Ha	
Market Segment	B1, B2 or B8 uses	0.10	0.00	
Description of Site and	Up to 2,000 sq m			
Location:	The site is currently	a vacant sn	nall paddo	ck and is located to
	the east of Standard			
	office park. The site			
	access from Standard	d Way.		
	This is a promoted s		loyment a	llocation, where B1,
	B2 or B8 uses are pro	posed.		
Market Attractiveness Criteria				F
1.1: Has the site been formally in				No
1.2: Has there been any recent of			years?	No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma				No
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev	eloper or another agend	cy known to	undertake	No
employment development?				
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne		ned by an or	ganisation	No
unlikely to bring it forward for de		violalo ···itla	مالطييم الم	
1.6: Would employment develo			out public	Yes
funding to resolve infrastructure  1:7: Is the site immediately avail		iiiS f		TBC
Market Appraisal	The site lies within a	area that h	ae an ovo	
Adjacent land use and conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors	character, due to the site and Fareham opportunity to extend Access to this site can Standard Way and is The location would have the site lies to the new Wallington Industrial motorway at Junction The site is mostly hid limited visibility. This site would appear from Standard Way. Figuration location would the frontage.  Measures would also commercial vehicle a improvements along is to be conducted by	Heights off I the employ an relatively predominan ave strong n orth of Sita Estate. To to 111. den by vege ar to have the for visibility ald need to be need to be ctivity on Pi its length. A	ice park, ment offer easily be a tly a level in arket appropriation result and safety the towards put in placenks Hill or traffic mass	providing a good ing in this location. accommodated from site. eal.  sfer facility and Fort of the site is the M27 alting in relatively for access created purposes the the southern end of the to limit additional to make width ster planning study
2.1: Is the site within an area ide	entified as of strategic im	nortance		No
2.2: Is the site identified or likely			specialist	
use?	, to be required for a sp	uooi oi	Specialist	No
2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?	omprehensive or long	term develo	pment or	No
2.4: Is there public funding cor	mmitted (or likely to be	provided) si	ufficient to	
overcome infrastructure or development viable?				No
Strategic Planning and Access	No relevant planning	history post	2008.	
Recommendation	Site Score D – Below This site is well to employment uses, ma	ocated and		

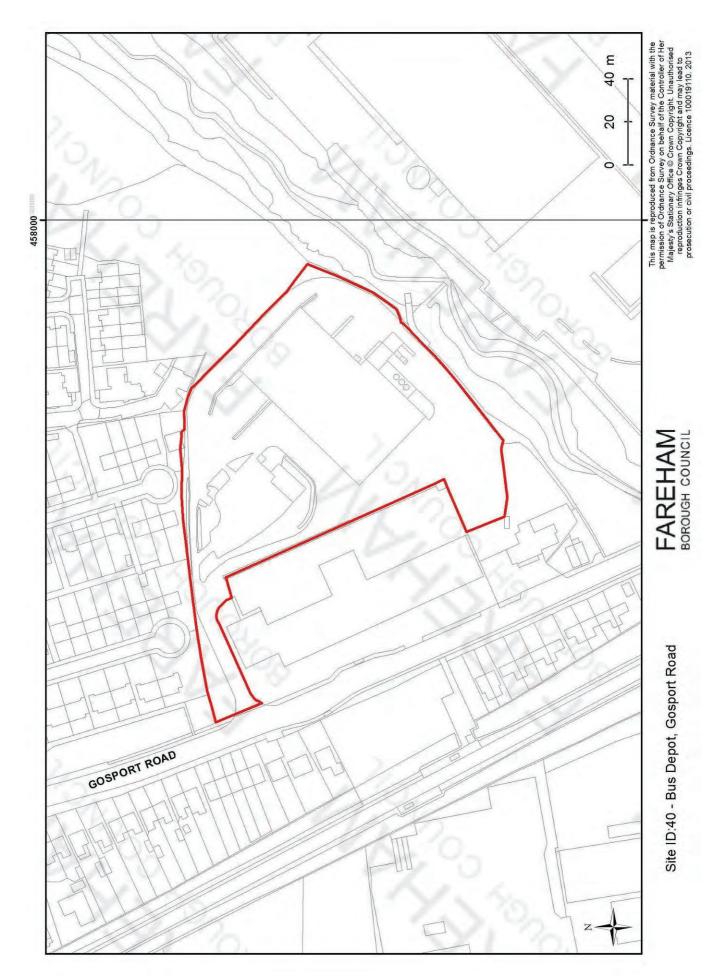


Site Address Fareham Indus	trial Estate and Broadcut		
Site Ref	39 (previously listed as 2985)		
Ward	Fareham East Size	18.64 Ha	
	B1, B2, B8, sui generis, retail	10.04110	
Market Segment	and open storage		
Description of Site and	Approximately 117,837 sq m		
Location:	The site is a well-established indu	estrial location within the	
Location:			
	urban area on the edge of Fareha		
	The site is mainly comprised of g		
	number of large units on the east		
	smaller units in the north western		
	site provides a mix of B2 and ope		
	coherent layout. The south weste		
	small, relatively modern B1 office		
	large retail units, including a Sain		
	The site benefits from good acces	ss to the M27 via Wallington	
	Way.		
Market Attractiveness Criteria			
	dentified for employment for at least 1		
1.2: Has there been any recent of	development activity, within the last 5	years? <b>No</b>	
1.3: Is the site being actively ma	rketed as an employment site?	Yes	
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev	eloper or another agency known to	undertake Yes	
employment development?		res	
	rship/occupation, or owned by an org	ganisation	
unlikely to bring it forward for de		No	
	opment on this site be viable, with	out public	
funding to resolve infrastructure		N/A	
1:7: Is the site immediately avail		Yes	
Market Appraisal			
Market Appraisal The site is a large established employment area, benefitting from a strong location close to the strategic road network as			
	from a etropa location aloca to	the etratogic road notwork as	
	well as Fareham Town Centre. Th	e existing buildings are mainly	
	well as Fareham Town Centre. Th in good condition and of high qu	e existing buildings are mainly rality, which is emphasised by	
	well as Fareham Town Centre. The in good condition and of high qualithe low vacancy level. The area is	e existing buildings are mainly lality, which is emphasised by s relatively spaced out, which	
	well as Fareham Town Centre. The in good condition and of high quanthe low vacancy level. The area is positively influences the layout	e existing buildings are mainly lality, which is emphasised by s relatively spaced out, which and environmental quality of	
	well as Fareham Town Centre. The in good condition and of high quarthe low vacancy level. The area is positively influences the layout the site. The combination of uses	e existing buildings are mainly lality, which is emphasised by is relatively spaced out, which and environmental quality of sensures a mix of tenants and	
	well as Fareham Town Centre. The in good condition and of high queries the low vacancy level. The area is positively influences the layout the site. The combination of uses adds to the vitality of the site as a	e existing buildings are mainly lality, which is emphasised by is relatively spaced out, which and environmental quality of sensures a mix of tenants and whole.	
Adjacent land use and	well as Fareham Town Centre. The in good condition and of high quarthe low vacancy level. The area is positively influences the layout the site. The combination of uses adds to the vitality of the site as a The M27 lies to the north of the site.	e existing buildings are mainly lality, which is emphasised by is relatively spaced out, which and environmental quality of sensures a mix of tenants and whole.	
Adjacent land use and conflicts	well as Fareham Town Centre. The in good condition and of high question the low vacancy level. The area is positively influences the layout the site. The combination of uses adds to the vitality of the site as a The M27 lies to the north of the site surrounding areas are occurred.	e existing buildings are mainly lality, which is emphasised by is relatively spaced out, which and environmental quality of sensures a mix of tenants and whole.	
conflicts	well as Fareham Town Centre. The in good condition and of high question the low vacancy level. The area is positively influences the layout the site. The combination of uses adds to the vitality of the site as a The M27 lies to the north of the site surrounding areas are occurallotments and a cemetery.	e existing buildings are mainly lality, which is emphasised by s relatively spaced out, which and environmental quality of sensures a mix of tenants and whole.  te. pied by residential dwellings,	
conflicts  Known constraints and	well as Fareham Town Centre. The in good condition and of high queries the low vacancy level. The area is positively influences the layout the site. The combination of uses adds to the vitality of the site as a The M27 lies to the north of the site surrounding areas are occurallotments and a cemetery.  The site is adjacent to the Walling	e existing buildings are mainly lality, which is emphasised by s relatively spaced out, which and environmental quality of sensures a mix of tenants and whole.  te. pied by residential dwellings,	
conflicts	well as Fareham Town Centre. The in good condition and of high question the low vacancy level. The area is positively influences the layout the site. The combination of uses adds to the vitality of the site as a The M27 lies to the north of the site surrounding areas are occurallotments and a cemetery.	e existing buildings are mainly lality, which is emphasised by s relatively spaced out, which and environmental quality of sensures a mix of tenants and whole.  te. pied by residential dwellings,	
conflicts  Known constraints and	well as Fareham Town Centre. The in good condition and of high queries the low vacancy level. The area is positively influences the layout the site. The combination of uses adds to the vitality of the site as a The M27 lies to the north of the site surrounding areas are occurallotments and a cemetery.  The site is adjacent to the Walling	e existing buildings are mainly lality, which is emphasised by s relatively spaced out, which and environmental quality of sensures a mix of tenants and whole.  te. pied by residential dwellings,	
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements	well as Fareham Town Centre. The in good condition and of high queries the low vacancy level. The area is positively influences the layout the site. The combination of uses adds to the vitality of the site as a The M27 lies to the north of the site surrounding areas are occurallotments and a cemetery.  The site is adjacent to the Walling south and a site of importance to	e existing buildings are mainly lality, which is emphasised by s relatively spaced out, which and environmental quality of sensures a mix of tenants and whole.  te. pied by residential dwellings,	
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors	well as Fareham Town Centre. The in good condition and of high queries the low vacancy level. The area is positively influences the layout the site. The combination of uses adds to the vitality of the site as a The M27 lies to the north of the site as a The surrounding areas are occurallotments and a cemetery.  The site is adjacent to the Walling south and a site of importance to east.	e existing buildings are mainly lality, which is emphasised by is relatively spaced out, which and environmental quality of sensures a mix of tenants and whole.  te.  pied by residential dwellings, ston conservation area to the nature conservation to the	
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Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding core overcome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	well as Fareham Town Centre. The in good condition and of high queries the low vacancy level. The area is positively influences the layout the site. The combination of uses adds to the vitality of the site as a The M27 lies to the north of the site as a The surrounding areas are occurallotments and a cemetery.  The site is adjacent to the Walling south and a site of importance to east.  The site is adjacent to the walling south and a site of importance to east.  The mitted (or likely to be provided) suggested in the site is adjacent to the walling south and a site of importance.  The site has been subject applications.	e existing buildings are mainly lality, which is emphasised by is relatively spaced out, which and environmental quality of sensures a mix of tenants and whole.  Ite.  Ipied by residential dwellings, ston conservation area to the nature conservation to the    No	
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding core overcome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	well as Fareham Town Centre. The in good condition and of high queries the low vacancy level. The area is positively influences the layout the site. The combination of uses adds to the vitality of the site as a The M27 lies to the north of the site as a The surrounding areas are occurallotments and a cemetery.  The site is adjacent to the Walling south and a site of importance to east.  The mitted as of strategic importance.  The mitted (or likely to be provided) sugarted for a specific user or mitted (or likely to be provided) sugarted for a specific user or mitted (or likely to be provided) sugarted for a specific user or mitted (or likely to be provided) sugarted for a specific user or mitted (or likely to be provided) sugarted for a specific user or make emitted (or likely to be provided) sugarted for a specific user or make emitted (or likely to be provided) sugarted for a specific user or make emitted (or likely to be provided) sugarted for a specific user or make emitted (or likely to be provided) sugarted for a specific user or make emitted (or likely to be provided) sugarted for a specific user or make emitted (or likely to be provided) sugarted for a specific user or make emitted (or likely to be provided) sugarted for a specific user or make emitted (or likely to be provided) sugarted for a specific user or make emitted (or likely to be provided) sugarted for a specific user or make emitted (or likely to be provided) sugarted for a specific user or make emitted (or likely to be provided) sugarted for a specific user or make emitted (or likely to be provided) sugarted for a specific user or make emitted (or likely to be provided) sugarted for a specific user or make emitted (or likely to be provided) sugarted for a specific user or make emitted (or likely to be provided) sugarted for a specific user or make emitted (or likely to be provided) sugarted for a specific user or make emitted (or likely to be provided) sugarted for a specific user or make emitted (or likely to be provided) sugarted for a spe	e existing buildings are mainly lality, which is emphasised by is relatively spaced out, which and environmental quality of sensures a mix of tenants and whole.  Ite.  Ipied by residential dwellings, ston conservation area to the nature conservation to the  No  Specialist No  Inflicient to imployment N/A  Ito several change of use  The site is a well-established ancy rates, units of good/high	



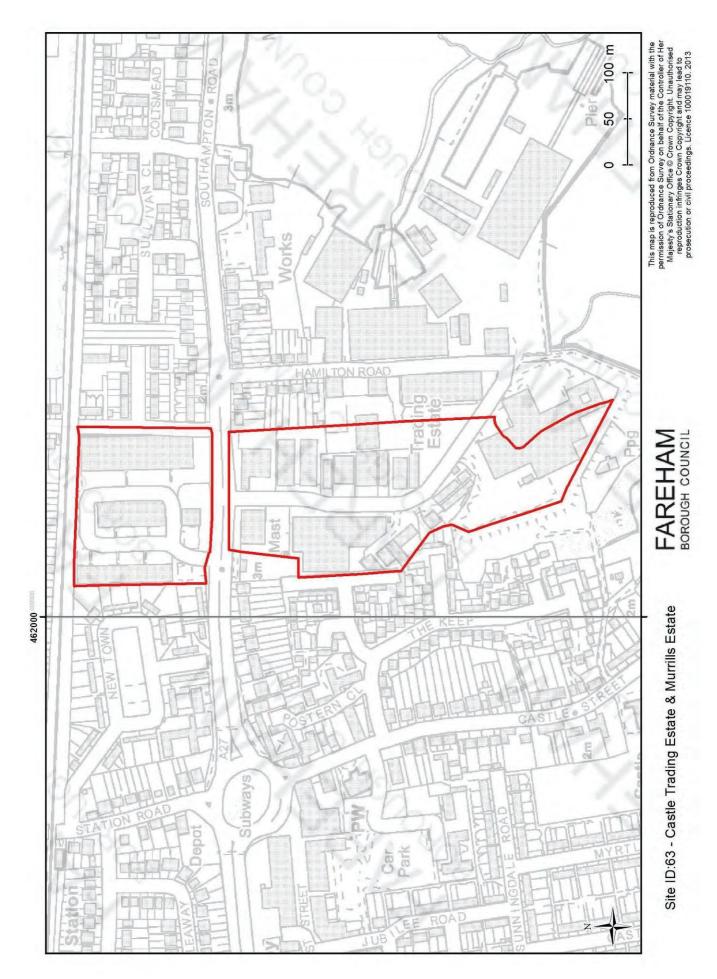
10

Site Address Gosport Road I	Bus Depot			
Site Ref	40			
Ward	Fareham East Size 2.16 Ha			
Market Segment	Bus Depot			
Description of Site and	The site is currently			
Location:	area within an urba	n area. The	southern	border of the site
	forms part of Boroug	h border wit	h Gosport.	
	The depot building is	accessed v	ria single ti	rack and consists of
	large corrugated she	ds construc	ted to hou	se and clean buses.
	There are some trees	and landsc	aping at sit	e entrance.
Market Attractiveness Criteria	l			
1.1: Has the site been formally i	dentified for employmen	t for at least	10 years?	No
1.2: Has there been any recent	development activity, wit	hin the last 5	years?	No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma	irketed as an employmei	nt site?		No
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev	eloper or another agend	cy known to	undertake	No
employment development?				INU
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne		ned by an or	ganisation	No
unlikely to bring it forward for de	velopment?			NO
1.6: Would employment development			out public	Yes
funding to resolve infrastructure		nts?		162
1:7: Is the site immediately avail	able?  The site presents an			No
lack of amenities and its position away from any centre mean the site is less suitable for B1 offices. The bus depot buildings are of low quality therefore it is unlikely to be easy to adapt to alternative uses if it were to become vacant.			bus depot buildings be easy to adapt to	
Adjacent land use and conflicts	Residential lies to the lie to the south (Fall Lane).			
Known constraints and	The site is accessed	via single tra	ack causing	g some congestion.
infrastructure requirements				
Strategic Planning Factors				
2.1: Is the site within an area ide	entified as of strategic im	portance.		No
2.2: Is the site identified or likely			specialist	
use?	, , ,		'	No
2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?	2.3: Is the site part of a comprehensive or long term development or			No
	2.4: Is there public funding committed (or likely to be provided) sufficient to			No
development viable?			1 - 7	
Strategic Planning and Access	No relevant planning	history pos	2008.	
Recommendation	Site Score D – Belov	N Average	The noor	accessibility of the
necommendation	site Score D – Below site may inhibit its ap worthwhile consider should it become vac	peal for ind ing alternat	ustrial uses ive uses s	s therefore it may be such as residential,



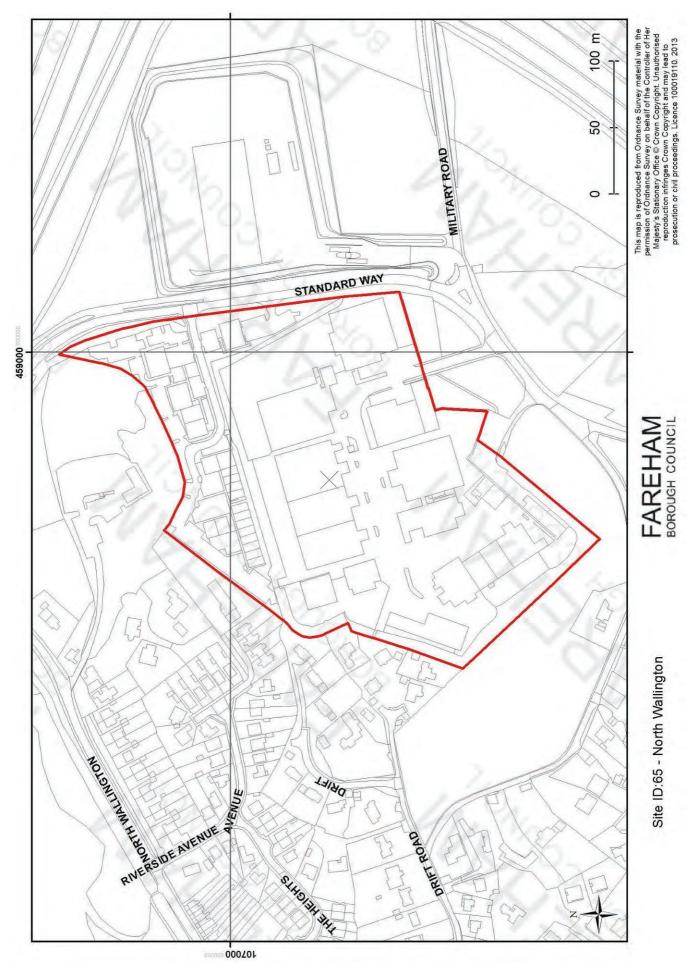
Oile Address Castle Hadilig	Estate & Murrills Estat	e, North & S	outh of Ea	st Street
Site Ref	63			
Ward	Portchester East	Size	7.45 Ha	
Market Comment	B2, B1c and some			
Market Segment	retail units			
Description of Site and	50,783 sq ft of building			
Location:	Castle Trading Estat			
	business / industria			
	adjacent to Borough	boundary wi	ith Portsmo	outh.
	Murrills Estate has t			
	access off of A27 to		he building	gs on the estate are
	relatively modern and			
	The area to the sout			
	either side of access			
	quality including som	ie sui-generi	is and retai	l uses.
<b>Market Attractiveness Criteria</b>				
1.1: Has the site been formally in				Yes
1.2: Has there been any recent of			years?	No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma				Yes
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev	eloper or another agen	cy known to	undertake	Yes
employment development?				1 69
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne	rship/occupation, or own	ned by an or	ganisation	Yes
unlikely to bring it forward for de	velopment?			1 69
1.6: Would employment development	opment on this site be	viable, with	out public	Yes
funding to resolve infrastructure		nts?		163
1:7: Is the site immediately avail				Yes
Market Appraisal	The Castle Trading E	state and M	lurrills Esta	ate combine to form
	the largest area of er	nployment e	east of Far	eham. They are well
	established industria	Llocations	and hanafi	t from low vocanov
T .	001401101104 1114401114	i iocalions	and benen	t from low vacancy
	rates.	i iocations	and benen	t from low vacancy
				•
	rates. The site is in relative Centre which benef	ely close pr	oximity to lic transp	Portchester District ort links and local
	rates. The site is in relative Centre which benef amenities. The site	ely close pr its the pub is also ei	oximity to lic transp ther side	Portchester District ort links and local of the main, non-
	rates. The site is in relative Centre which benef amenities. The site motorway, route from	ely close pr its the pub is also ei om Portsm	oximity to lic transp ther side	Portchester District ort links and local of the main, non-
	rates. The site is in relative Centre which benef amenities. The site motorway, route from prominent and easily	ely close prits the pub is also eitom Portsmaccessible.	oximity to lic transp ther side outh to F	Portchester District ort links and local of the main, non- Fareham making it
Adjacent land use and	rates. The site is in relative Centre which benefit amenities. The site motorway, route frominent and easily Residential areas to	ely close prits the publis also eiom Portsmaccessible.	oximity to lic transp ther side outh to f west, with	Portchester District ort links and local of the main, non-Fareham making it
Adjacent land use and conflicts	rates. The site is in relative Centre which benefit amenities. The site motorway, route from prominent and easily Residential areas to Street conservation.	ely close prits the publis also eiom Portsmaccessible. north and area, coasta	oximity to lic transpo ther side outh to f west, with Il zone and	Portchester District ort links and local of the main, non-Fareham making it
conflicts	rates. The site is in relative Centre which benef amenities. The site motorway, route from prominent and easily Residential areas to Street conservation for nature conservation.	ely close prits the publis also eiom Portsmaccessible. north and area, coastaon to south.	oximity to lic transpother side outh to f west, with I zone and	Portchester District ort links and local of the main, non-Fareham making it
-	rates. The site is in relative Centre which benefit amenities. The site motorway, route from prominent and easily Residential areas to Street conservation.	ely close prits the publis also eiom Portsmaccessible. north and area, coastaon to south.	oximity to lic transpother side outh to f west, with I zone and	Portchester District ort links and local of the main, non-Fareham making it
conflicts	rates. The site is in relative Centre which benef amenities. The site motorway, route from prominent and easily Residential areas to Street conservation for nature conservation.	ely close prits the publis also eiom Portsmaccessible. north and area, coastaon to south.	oximity to lic transpother side outh to f west, with I zone and	Portchester District ort links and local of the main, non-Fareham making it
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Known constraints and infrastructure requirements	rates. The site is in relative Centre which benef amenities. The site motorway, route from prominent and easily Residential areas to Street conservation for nature conservation.	ely close prits the publis also eiom Portsmaccessible. north and area, coastaon to south.	oximity to lic transpo ther side outh to f west, with Il zone and	Portchester District ort links and local of the main, non-Fareham making it
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors	rates. The site is in relative Centre which benefit amenities. The site motorway, route from the prominent and easily Residential areas to Street conservation for nature conservation. There are no known of the site of the	ely close prits the publis also eiom Portsmaccessible. north and area, coastaon to south.	oximity to lic transpo ther side outh to f west, with Il zone and	Portchester District ort links and local of the main, non-Fareham making it  Portchester Castle is site of importance
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide	rates. The site is in relative Centre which benefit amenities. The site motorway, route from prominent and easily Residential areas to Street conservation for nature conservation. There are no known entified as of strategic important in the strategic important in	ely close prits the publis also eiom Portance.  north and area, coastaon to south. existing restricts	oximity to olic transpo ther side outh to f west, with al zone and raints.	Portchester District ort links and local of the main, non-Fareham making it
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely	rates. The site is in relative Centre which benefit amenities. The site motorway, route from prominent and easily Residential areas to Street conservation for nature conservation. There are no known entified as of strategic important in the strategic important in	ely close prits the publis also eiom Portance.  north and area, coastaon to south. existing restricts	oximity to olic transpo ther side outh to f west, with al zone and raints.	Portchester District ort links and local of the main, non- Fareham making it Portchester Castle is site of importance
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?	rates. The site is in relative Centre which benefit amenities. The site motorway, route from prominent and easily Residential areas to Street conservation for nature conservation. There are no known easily to be required for a specific s	ely close prits the publis also eiom Portsmaccessible. north and area, coasta on to south. existing restrictions.  portance. ecific user or	oximity to olic transport ther side outh to feet west, with all zone and raints.	Portchester District ort links and local of the main, non-rareham making it  Portchester Castle is site of importance
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a constraint of a con	rates. The site is in relative Centre which benefit amenities. The site motorway, route from prominent and easily Residential areas to Street conservation for nature conservation. There are no known easily to be required for a specific s	ely close prits the publis also eiom Portsmaccessible. north and area, coasta on to south. existing restrictions.  portance. ecific user or	oximity to olic transport ther side outh to feet west, with all zone and raints.	Portchester District ort links and local of the main, non-rareham making it  Portchester Castle is site of importance
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Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding core overcome infrastructure or development viable?	rates. The site is in relative Centre which benefit amenities. The site motorway, route from prominent and easily Residential areas to Street conservation for nature conservation. There are no known easily to be required for a spomprehensive or long mmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to Castle Trading Estate new Lidl supermarkers.	ely close prits the publis also eigen Portsmaccessible. north and area, coasta on to south. existing restriction portance. ecific user or term develor provided) sure make en	oximity to blic transport ther side outh to fee west, with all zone and raints.  specialist pment or afficient to applications	Portchester District ort links and local of the main, non-Fareham making it  Portchester Castle is site of importance  No No No No No Afor changes of use;
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a corregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corrovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	rates. The site is in relative Centre which benefit amenities. The site motorway, route from prominent and easily Residential areas to Street conservation for nature conservation. There are no known easily to be required for a spomprehensive or long mmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to Castle Trading Estate new Lidl supermarke 18 previously were.	ely close prits the publis also eigon Portsmaccessible. north and area, coasta on to south. existing restriction portance. ecific user or term develor provided) sure are ended ended erected in a statement of the provided ended erected in a statement of the provided erected in a statement of the published erected in a statement of the published erected erected in a statement of the published erected er	oximity to olic transport ther side outh to feet west, with all zone and raints.  specialist specialist opport or opposite to opposite the opposite to opposite the opposite to opposite the opposite th	Portchester District ort links and local of the main, non-Fareham making it  Portchester Castle is site of importance  No No No No No Sorr changes of use; es where units 1-4 &
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a corregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corrovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	rates. The site is in relative Centre which benefit amenities. The site motorway, route from prominent and easily Residential areas to Street conservation for nature conservation. There are no known easily to be required for a spomprehensive or long mmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to Castle Trading Estate new Lidl supermarkers.	ely close prits the publis also eigon Portsmaccessible. north and area, coasta on to south. existing restriction portance. ecific user or term develor provided) sure are ended ended erected in a statement of the provided ended erected in a statement of the provided erected in a statement of the published erected in a statement of the published erected erected in a statement of the published erected er	oximity to olic transport ther side outh to feet west, with all zone and raints.  specialist specialist opport or opposite to opposite the opposite to opposite the opposite to opposite the opposite th	Portchester District ort links and local of the main, non-Fareham making it  Portchester Castle is site of importance  No No No No No Afor changes of use; es where units 1-4 &

Recommendation	Murrills Site Score B – Above Average Castle Trading Site Score C – Average. Castle Trading Estate and Murrills Estate are well located,
	established employment sites that have high occupancy rates and are well suited to this use.



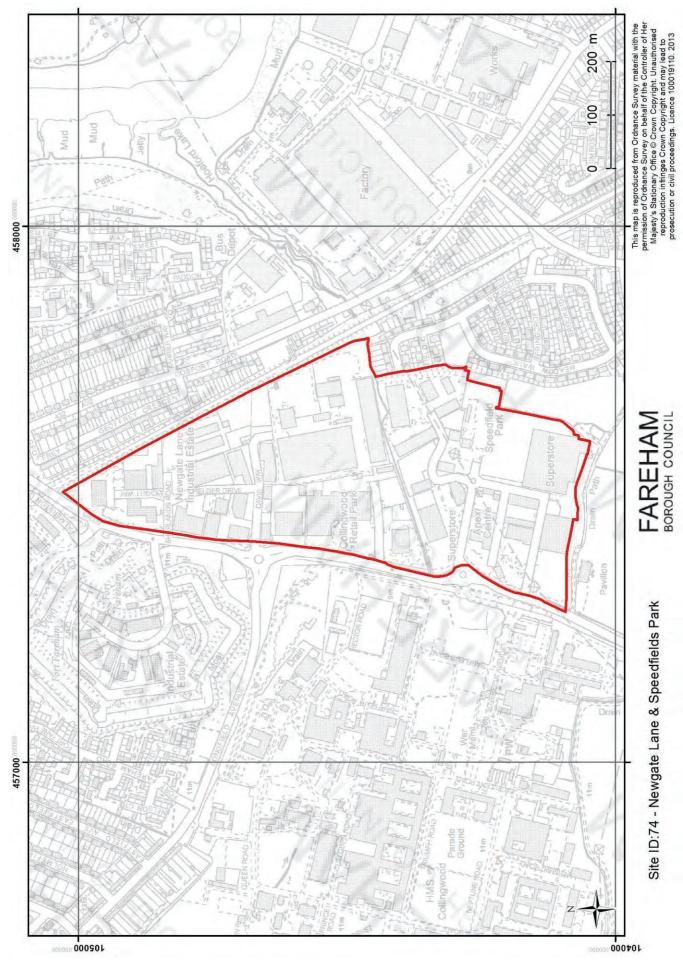
Site Address Fort Wallington	Industrial Estate (Nor	th Wallingto	n, off Stand	dard Way)
Site Ref	65		-	
Ward	Fareham East	Size	6.23 Ha	
Market Segment	B1, B2 and B8 uses			
Description of Site and Location:	39,524 sq m of building This site is situated a within 2 miles of Fare shopping facilities. The Standard Way. This site comprises relatively modern B1 road coming off of designated parking between. The Fort Vindustrial area, host	djacent to Jeham Town of two distinct office park, f Standard areas set o	eentre whicessed via t areas; Fa laid out of Way. Th ut with we rea is a le	th offers a range of either Pinks Hill or areham Heights is a ff of a single access e area has ample ell-kept landscaping ess regular, general
Market Attractiveness Criteria	boundary was extended east.			
1.1: Has the site been formally in		t for at least 1	0 veare?	Yes
1.2: Has there been any recent				No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma			yours.	Yes
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev	1 7		undertake	
employment development?	olopor of allottion agon.	oy 1o 10	anaonano	Yes
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne unlikely to bring it forward for de	velopment?			No
1.6: Would employment develo			out public	Yes
funding to resolve infrastructure 1:7: Is the site immediately avail		nts?		Yes
Market Appraisal	The site is a well-estarelatively remote and is some distance from provision, and it suffiguration 11, which not the site. The existing condition, although limited due to the countries and the site.	I isolated on many local ers from the egatively information are expansion	the edge amenities regular coluences the fairly fle possibilitie	of the urban area. It or public transport ongestion off of M27 e ease of access to exible and in good
Adjacent land use and conflicts	The site is surround and east, with resider	ntial to soutl	n and west.	•
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements	Whilst Fareham Heigheingle vehicle accelled congested with particles and congested constraints and congested is also constraints.	ess into thi arking, hint ate. The site lestion.	s part of ling to i therefore	the site is often nadequate parking suffers from access
	wall. The site is also som	e distance a	way from	local amenities and
Otrotonia Discosio E	public transport.			
Strategic Planning Factors	untified as of strates is in-	norton	1	No
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely			specialist	No
use?			•	No
2.3: Is the site part of a co	omprehensive or long	term develo	pment or	No
regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding cor overcome infrastructure or development viable?	nmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to			N/A

Strategic Planning Access	and The site has been subject to several change of use applications.
Recommendation	Site Score D – Below Average. The site is a well-established industrial and office location however it does suffering from congestion, poor connectivity to local amenities and inadequate parking provision on the industrial estate. However it is well occupied and a recognised employment location within the Borough.

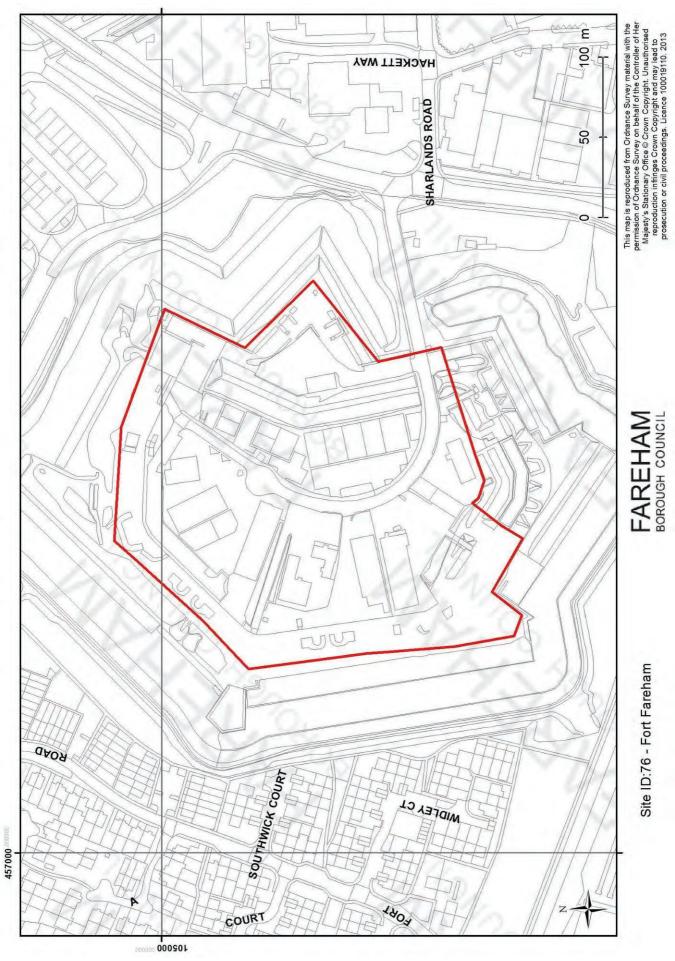


Site Address Newgate Lane 8	& Speedfields			
Site Ref	74			
	Stubbington,	0:	27.04 Ha	
Ward	Fareham South	Size		
Market Comment	B1, B2, B8 and sui			
Market Segment	generis uses			
Description of Site and	125,234 sq m of build			
Location:	The site lies approxim			
	Town Centre and is w	ithin two mi	les of the I	M27 Junction 11
	(Fareham Central).	_	_	
	The site is a large general employment area with large retail			
	units mixed in, includ			
	size and scale, rangi	ing from sm	ali industr	iai, storage units to
	large retail or su			
	concentration of car			
	Lane, to the south of			
	home to a number of			
	located within the lar business area made			
	Dubiliess alea illaue (	up or siliall,	out relative	ny mouern units.
Market Attractiveness Criteria				
1.1: Has the site been formally in				Yes
1.2: Has there been any recent of			years?	No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma				Yes
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev	eloper or another agen	cy known to	undertake	Yes
employment development?				
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne		ned by an or	ganisation	No
unlikely to bring it forward for de	unlikely to bring it forward for development?			
1.6: Would employment development on this site be viable, without public				
funding to resolve infrastructure or other on-site constraints?  1:7: Is the site immediately available?  Yes				
		liance of ac-	sace from I	
Market Appraisal  Site suffers due to reliance of access from Newgate Lane which is severely congested at peak times. Location away from any centres influences the strategic location, public transport and local amenities scores. The layout and single storey nature of the area lends itself to B2/B8 type businesses and any further expansion or intensification of the site, would most likely be for these uses.				
Adjacent land use and conflicts  The site forms the most south westerly tip of Fareham urban area, adjacent to HMS Collingwood to the west, countryside and strategic gap to the south and Gosport Borough boundary to the east.				
Known constraints and	The site suffers from	congestion	and is loca	ted some distance
infrastructure requirements	from local amenities.			
Strategic Planning Factors				
2.1: Is the site within an area ide	entified as of strategic im	portance.		No
2.2: Is the site identified or likely			specialist	
use?	,	2 2 2 2 2 . 01	1	No
2.3: Is the site part of a co	mprehensive or long	term develo	pment or	No
regeneration proposal?				140
2.4: Is there public funding committed (or likely to be provided) sufficient to overcome infrastructure or on-site constraints to make employment development viable?  N/A				

Strategic Planning and Access	<ul> <li>Speedfields Park:</li> <li>Proposal for erection of a Public House in 2002 was withdrawn.</li> <li>Proposal for Lidl Foodstore (Use Class A1) with customer car park, associated landscaping and access works, following demolition of existing store &amp; 10-23 Apex Centre 2018 – approved.</li> </ul>
Recommendation	Site Score B – Above Average. The site is a popular employment location and is occupied by local and national operators for a variety of uses. Whilst the site suffers from congestion and poor access to local amenities, it remains a well-occupied employment site.

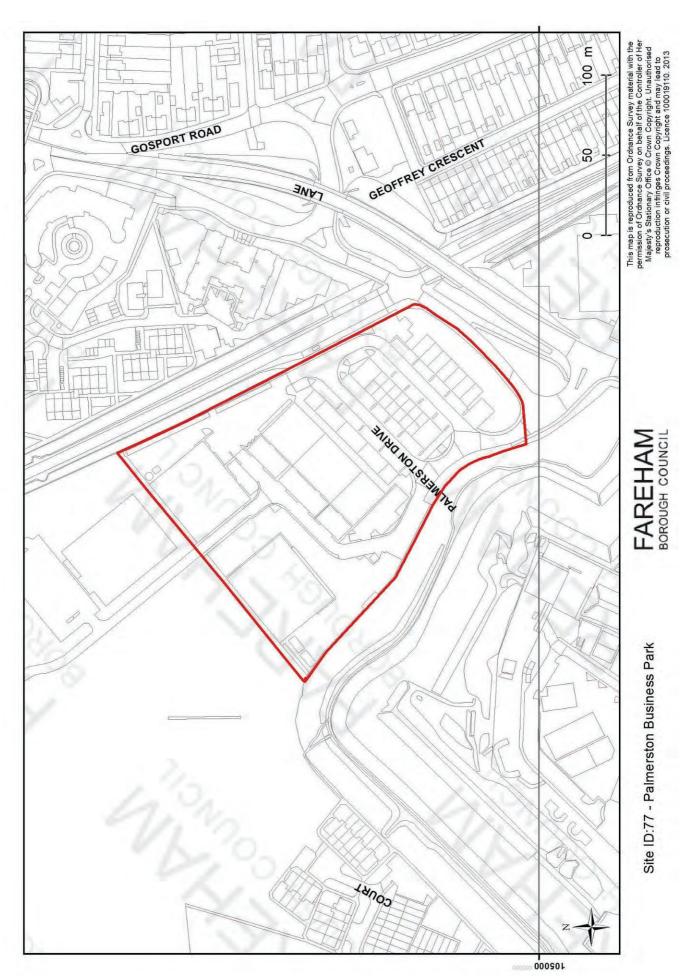


Site Address Fort Fareham In	ndustrial Estate, off Ne	wgate Lane		
Site Ref	76	-		
Ward	Fareham South	Size	4.26 Ha	
Market Comment	B1, B2, B8 and Sui			
Market Segment	Generis uses			
Description of Site and	14,228 sq m of buildir	ngs		
Location:	This site primarily of			
	set within the walls o	f a schedule	d ancient r	nonument.
	It is a general indust			
	styles with a variety			
	the fort itself, with in			
	purpose built indust			
	single access road th	at links the	site with No	ewgate Lane.
Market Attractiveness Criteria				
1.1: Has the site been formally in				Yes
1.2: Has there been any recent of			years?	No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma				Yes
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev	eloper or another agend	cy known to	undertake	Yes
employment development?	robin/oppression	and by 5 = 5 :	anicatia:	
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne		ned by an or	ganisation	No
unlikely to bring it forward for de		violalo ····!	out multi-	
1.6: Would employment develo			out public	Yes
funding to resolve infrastructure 1:7: Is the site immediately avail		iiiS f		Yes
		off of cong	ostad Nove	
Market Appraisal	The estate is located away from any ce			
	suitability score,			
	conservation interes			
	has a good layout a			
	quality. Further expan			
	amount of space that			
		OX010 11 11		•
Adjacent land use and	The site is set wi	thin the wa	alls of a	scheduled ancient
conflicts	monument and is so	urrounded d	on all side	s by site of nature
	conservation value.			
Known constraints and	The site suffers from	congestion	as it is acc	ess off Newgate
infrastructure requirements	Lane and is distanced	d from local	amenities.	
Stratogic Planning Easters				
Strategic Planning Factors	entified as of atratagis im	nortanaa	1	No
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely			cnocialist	IVU
use?	, to be required for a sp	eding user or	specialist	No
2.3: Is the site part of a co	mprohoneivo or long	term develo	nmont or	
regeneration proposal?	inprenensive or long	terrir develo	hillelir of	No
2.4: Is there public funding cor	mmitted (or likely to be	nrovided) su	ifficient to	
	on-site constraints to	• /		N/A
development viable?	on one constraints to	, make en	ipioyinenii	. 471
Strategic Planning and	The site has been	n subject	to severa	al change of use
Access	applications.			
	~P.M.101101			
Recommendation	Site Score C - Avera	ge. Whilst	the site is	constrained, suffers
	from congestion and			
	quality estate with an			
	low vacancy rates.	3		. •
	·			



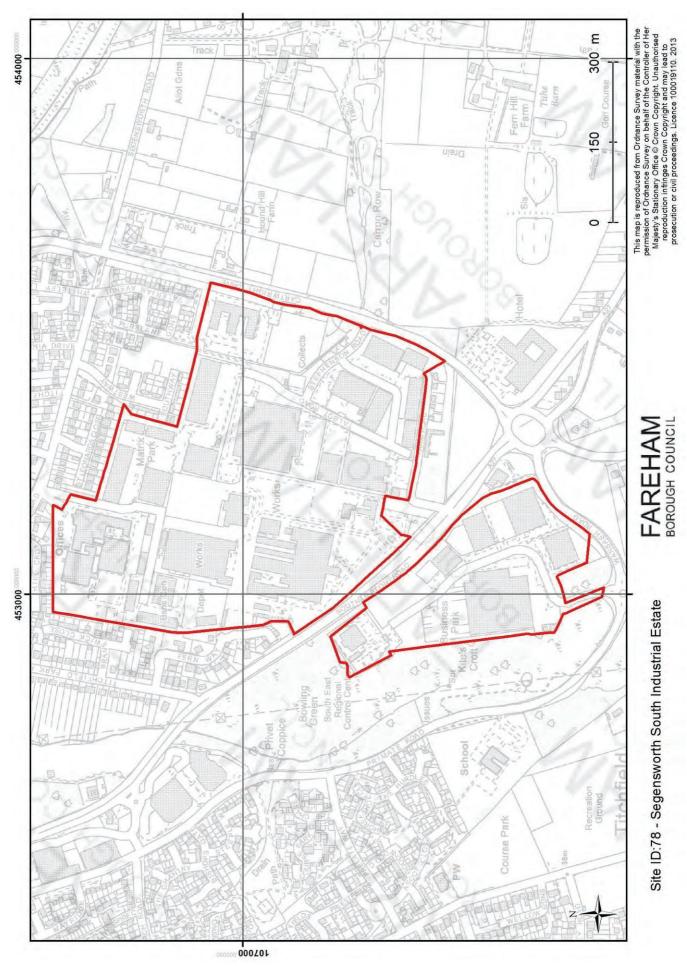
	siness Park, off Newga	te Lane		
Site Ref	77			
Ward	Fareham South	Size	2.84 Ha	
Market Segment	B1, B2, B8			
Description of Site and	16,816 sq m of buildir	ngs.		
Location:	Palmerston Business		ted approx	cimately one mile
	south of Fareham tow			
	the A27 and M27. Acc			
	Newgate Lane or Pair			
	Rapid Transport route			
	Collingwood Retail Pa			
	Palmerston Business		edium siza	ed modern business
	park with predomina			
	units vary in size, wit			
	Drive and larger one			
	set out in regular row			
	Set out in regular row	ioiiiatioii,	served by i	ilikeu access ioaus.
Market Attractiveness Criteria	<u> </u>			
1.1: Has the site been formally in		for at least 1	0 years?	Yes
1.2: Has there been any recent				No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma			,	Yes
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev			undertake	
employment development?	olopor or allower agon	, i.i.o iiii to	anaonano	Yes
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne	rship/occupation or owr	ned by an or	nanisation	
unlikely to bring it forward for de		ica by air or	gariisation	No
1.6: Would employment development		viable with	out public	
funding to resolve infrastructure			but public	Yes
		ino:		Yes
1:7: Is the site immediately avail		for DO/DO	wisses 46 a a	
Market Appraisal	Site is more suitable			
	buildings and the exi			
	site. The site is in a			
	influences its local			
	transport scores. Th			
	reasonably promine			
	unlikely to be possib		it units are	terraced, but some
	units could be made	wo-storey.		
I and the second				
Adjacent land use and	The business park is			
Adjacent land use and conflicts	value that surrounds	Fort Fareh	am as we	II as the Bus Rapid
,		Fort Fareh	am as we	II as the Bus Rapid
conflicts	value that surrounds Transport route and 0	Fort Fareh Cams Alders	am as we sports gro	ll as the Bus Rapid ound.
conflicts  Known constraints and	value that surrounds Transport route and ( The site suffers from	Fort Fareh Cams Alders congestion	am as we sports groat	ll as the Bus Rapid ound.
conflicts	value that surrounds Transport route and 0	Fort Fareh Cams Alders congestion	am as we sports groat	ll as the Bus Rapid ound.
conflicts  Known constraints and	value that surrounds Transport route and ( The site suffers from	Fort Fareh Cams Alders congestion	am as we sports groat	ll as the Bus Rapid ound.
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements	value that surrounds Transport route and ( The site suffers from	Fort Fareh Cams Alders congestion	am as we sports groat	ll as the Bus Rapid ound.
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors	value that surrounds Transport route and ( The site suffers from Lane and is distanced	Fort Fareh Cams Alders congestion I from local	am as we sports groat	II as the Bus Rapid ound. ess off Newgate
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide	value that surrounds Transport route and ( The site suffers from Lane and is distanced	Fort Fareh Cams Alders congestion d from local portance.	am as we sports gro as it is acc amenities.	II as the Bus Rapid bund.  ess off Newgate  No
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely	value that surrounds Transport route and ( The site suffers from Lane and is distanced	Fort Fareh Cams Alders congestion d from local portance.	am as we sports gro as it is acc amenities.	II as the Bus Rapid ound. ess off Newgate
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?	value that surrounds Transport route and ( The site suffers from Lane and is distanced entified as of strategic im to be required for a specific strategic important.)	congestion of from local portance.	am as we sports groas it is accamenities.	Il as the Bus Rapid bund. ess off Newgate  No
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a constraint of a con	value that surrounds Transport route and ( The site suffers from Lane and is distanced entified as of strategic im to be required for a specific strategic important.)	congestion of from local portance.	am as we sports groas it is accamenities.	II as the Bus Rapid bund.  ess off Newgate  No
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?	value that surrounds Transport route and ( The site suffers from Lane and is distanced entified as of strategic im to be required for a speciment of the site suffers from the s	congestion d from local portance. ecific user or term develo	am as we sports groas it is accamenities.  specialist pment or	Il as the Bus Rapid bund. ess off Newgate  No
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding core	value that surrounds Transport route and ( The site suffers from Lane and is distanced entified as of strategic importance for a spontant property of long mmitted (or likely to be	congestion d from local  portance. ecific user or term develo	am as we sports groas it is accamenities.  specialist pment or afficient to	Il as the Bus Rapid bund.  ess off Newgate  No No
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or	value that surrounds Transport route and ( The site suffers from Lane and is distanced entified as of strategic im to be required for a speciment of the site suffers from the s	congestion d from local  portance. ecific user or term develo	am as we sports groas it is accamenities.  specialist pment or afficient to	Il as the Bus Rapid bund. ess off Newgate  No
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a corregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corrovercome infrastructure or development viable?	ransport route and of the site suffers from Lane and is distanced entified as of strategic imprehensive or long mmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to	portance. ecific user or term develo provided) su make en	am as we sports groas it is accamenities.  specialist pment or afficient to apployment	Il as the Bus Rapid bund. ess off Newgate  No No No No No
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a corregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corrovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	value that surrounds Transport route and ( The site suffers from Lane and is distanced entified as of strategic importance of the site of	portance. ecific user or term develo provided) su make en	am as we sports groas it is accamenities.  specialist pment or afficient to apployment	Il as the Bus Rapid bund.  ess off Newgate  No No
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a corregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corrovercome infrastructure or development viable?	ransport route and of the site suffers from Lane and is distanced entified as of strategic imprehensive or long mmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to	portance. ecific user or term develo provided) su make en	am as we sports groas it is accamenities.  specialist pment or afficient to apployment	Il as the Bus Rapid bund. ess off Newgate  No No No No No

Recommendation	Site Score C – Average. The estate is a well configured relatively modern estate that is well established as an industrial location.
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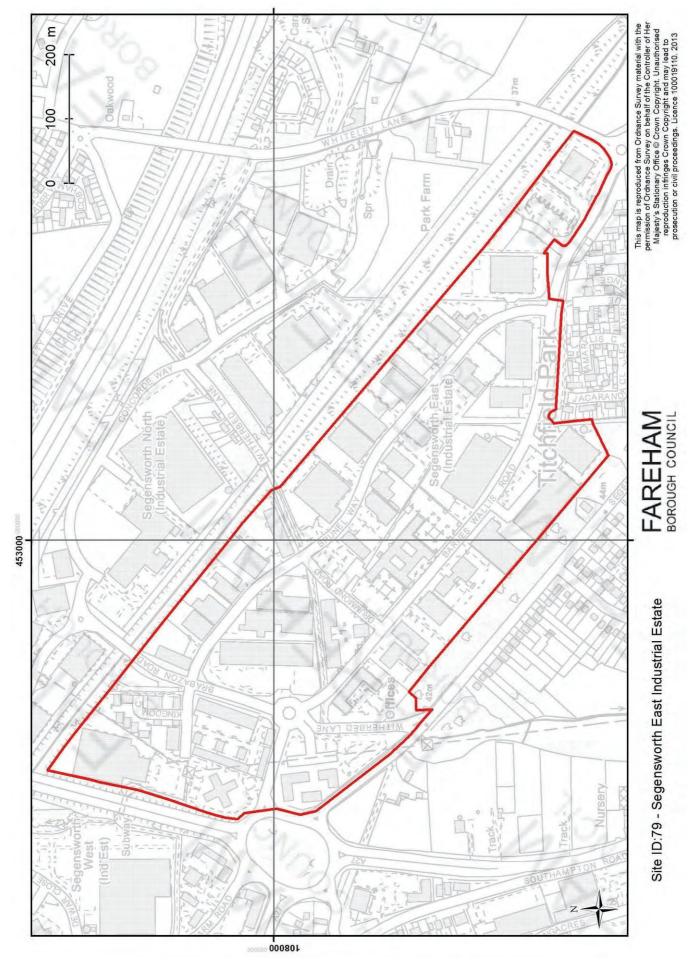
Southampton Road	70	Ι Ι		
Site Ref	78		40.40.11-	
Ward	Titchfield, Titchfield Common	Size	40.40 Ha	
Market Segment	B1, B2 and sui generis			
Description of Site and Location:	283,223sq.m of buildi Segensworth South I a short distance of Segensworth and Far This site forms one Borough and include Kites Croft Busine employment use betw Road. The larger are range of B1 and B2 layouts off of Cartw south of the A27 is mostly large units off	ndustrial Es rom Juncti- reham. of the larges Office for ess Park a veen Southa a to the nor units, with r right Drive to a modern	est emplo National Ind all o mpton Ro th of the A modern B2 o the ease business	yment areas in the Statistics buildings, other buildings in ad and Segensworth A27 provides a wide? units in cul-de-sact. Kites Croft to the park consisting of
Market Attractiveness Criteria  1.1: Has the site been formally in	dentified for employmen			Yes
1.2: Has there been any recent			years?	Yes
1.3: Is the site being actively ma				Yes
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev	eloper or another agen	cy known to i	undertake	Yes
<ul><li>employment development?</li><li>1.5: Is the site in multiple owne</li></ul>	rehin/occupation or over	and by an ar	ranication	
unlikely to bring it forward for de		ied by all oig	janisalion	No
1.6: Would employment development		viable with	out public	
funding to resolve infrastructure			out public	Yes
1:7: Is the site immediately avail		11.0.		Yes
Market Appraisal	Site forms one of the Borough and has a general feel of the ar number of large B1 local amenities and layout and, in parts, a spaces across the approminent are considered areas could be more relatively spread out.	n establishe ea is low lev buildings. T suffers from very high qua- rea that have dered as sit intensively	d mix of rel B2/B8, in he site is a congestiality building yet to be es 2001, 2	B use classes. The although there are a located away from on, but has a good ngs. There are some built out (the most 2004 & 2005). Other
Adjacent land use and conflicts	Kites Croft is borde importance for nature the eastern edge of V	e conservation	on, whilst	the whole site forms
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements	The site is located aw congestion.	ay from loca	al amenitie	s and suffers from
Strategic Planning Factors	entified on of attacks all allers	nortonas	1	No
<ul><li>2.1: Is the site within an area ide</li><li>2.2: Is the site identified or likely</li></ul>			enecialist	No
use?			•	No
2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?	omprehensive or long	term develo	pment or	No

	mmitted (or likely to be provided) sufficient to on-site constraints to make employment	N/A
Strategic Planning and Access	No relevant planning history from 2008 onw	ards.
Recommendation	Site Score A – High. The site is a well-est location with scope for further development	

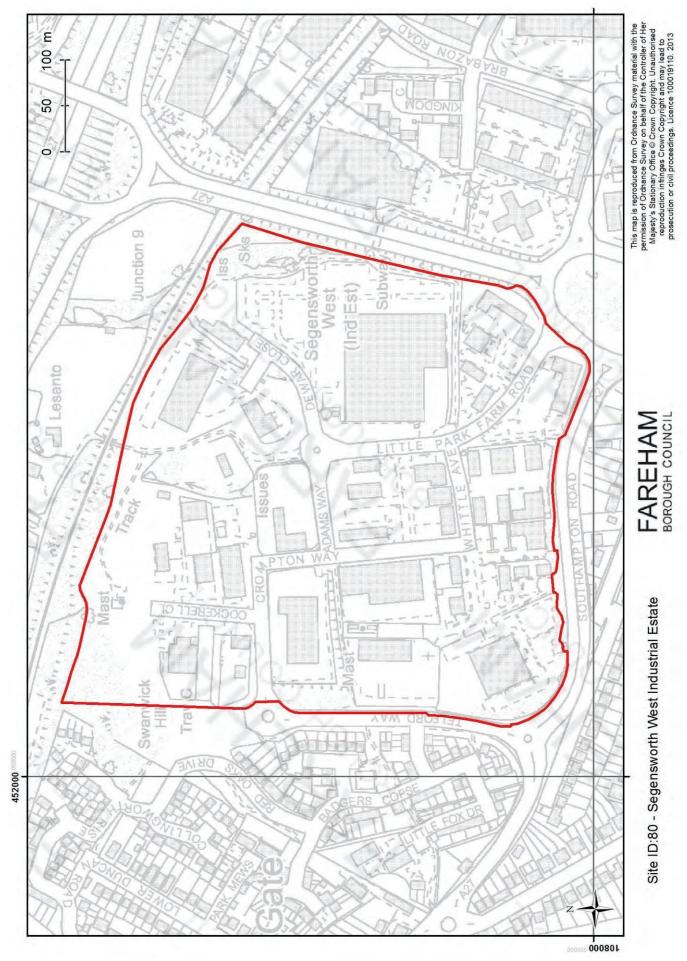


Site Address Segensworth E	ast Industrial Estate, E	Brunel Way 8	Barnes W	allis Road
Site Ref	79			
Ward	Titchfield	Size	35.2 Ha	
Market Segment	B1, B2 and B8			
Description of Site and Location:	195,492 sq m of build This employment are junction 9. It is a larg uses with a range of along two main acce Way) with decent le Most buildings are in units are ranging, but are multiple access Segensworth rounda	ea is located by business of building sess roads (Bovels of land relatively most are points to s	park of ge styles of n arnes Wall dscaping a odern in n relatively lite, includ	nerally low intensity nostly 2 storey. Set lis Road and Brunel and on-site parking. nature, and sizes of arge in scale. There ing easy access to
Market Attractiveness Criteria				
1.1: Has the site been formally in	dentified for employmen	t for at least 1	0 years?	Yes
1.2: Has there been any recent	development activity, wit	thin the last 5		No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma				Yes
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev employment development?				Yes
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne unlikely to bring it forward for de	velopment?	-		No
1.6: Would employment develor funding to resolve infrastructure	•	,	out public	Yes
1:7: Is the site immediately avail	able?			Yes
	lack of local ameniti good environmental and has a good layo room for expansion a	quality due tout. The low	o landscap density d	oing and low density
Adjacent land use and conflicts	The site forms part Junction 9 of the M27 This employment a Fareham Borough an	7. area which	forms th	
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements	The site suffers from amenities.	peak time c	ongestion a	and a lack of local
Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide	entified as of strategic im	portance		No
2.2: Is the site identified or likely			specialist	No
use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?	emprehensive or long	term develo	pment or	No
2.4: Is there public funding cor	nmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to			N/A
Strategic Planning and Access	Various change of properties and the er B1) adjacent to the w	ection of two	o storey bu	isiness block (Class

Recommendation	Site Score A – High. The site is an employment location offering a range of all B uses. It is conveniently located
	adjacent to the M27 at Junction 9 and whilst lacks local
	amenities and public transport is a popular business location.

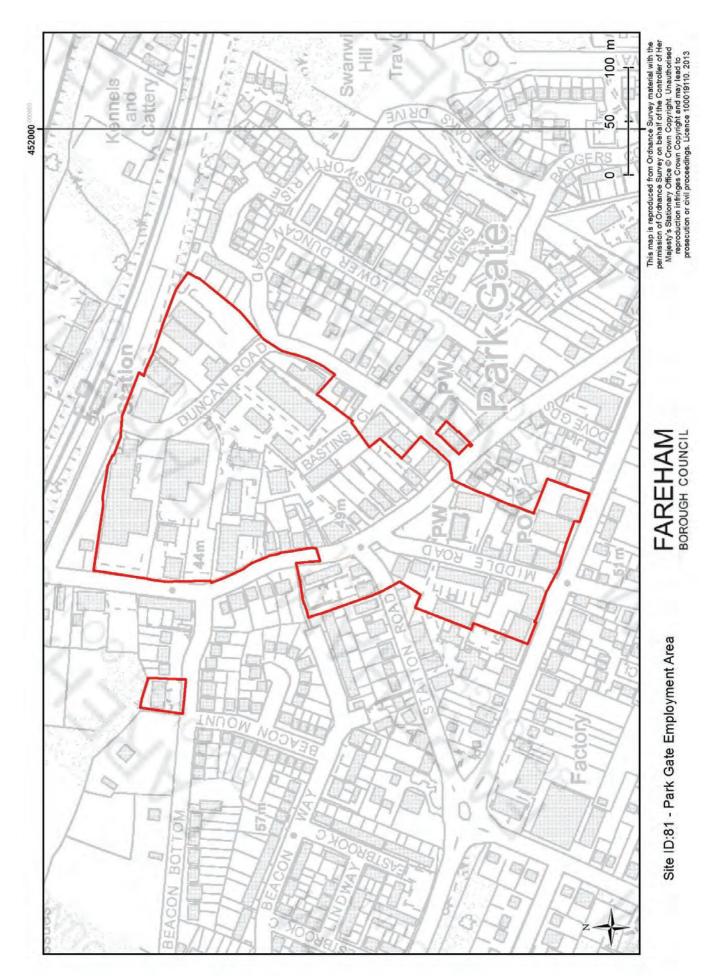


Site Address Segensworth W	lest Industrial Estate, o	off Little Par	k Farm Roa	ad
Site Ref	80			
Ward	Park Gate	Size	23.37 Ha	
Market Segment	B1 and B2			
Description of Site and Location:	70,964 sq m of building This employment are junction 9. It is a large general of B1 office buildings character of building	ea is located employment and B2 ur	area made	e up of a mixture of s relatively modern
Market Attractiveness Criteria	landscaping and lo intensity feel. Genera are only two access Park Farm Road join and Telford Way linki	w density of al layout is points into ning the site	gives site a grid pat and out of e to Seger	an open and low tern, although there the area, with Little nsworth roundabout
1.1: Has the site been formally in		t for at least	10 years?	Yes
1.2: Has there been any recent				No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma			,	Yes
1.4: Is the site owned by a development?			undertake	Yes
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne unlikely to bring it forward for de		ned by an or	ganisation	No
1.6: Would employment develor funding to resolve infrastructure	opment on this site be		out public	Yes
1:7: Is the site immediately avail				Yes
Market Appraisal	Site scores well in from peak time congular flexible existing environmental quality prominent location. Local Centre, which links. Possibility for extension north into	estion. The abuildings y, good qual The site is a ensures it h intensificat	area benefi ensure ity road ac reasonably as reasona ion of use	its from modern and along with high cess and a relatively close to Park Gate able public transportes given layout and
Adjacent land use and conflicts	The site has resider allocation to north.			
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements	The site suffers from amenities.	peak time c	ongestion a	and a lack of local
Strategic Planning Factors	untifical as of stuate sin in-			No
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?			specialist	No No
2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?	omprehensive or long	term develo	pment or	No
2.4: Is there public funding cor	nmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to			N/A
Strategic Planning and Access	Various change of us factory assembly uni landscaping – 7 Litt office building (Eagle	it (Class B1 le Park Far	(C)) with a	ssociated parking &
Recommendation	Site Score A – Hig offering a range of adjacent to the M2 amenities and public	h. The sit all B use 7 at Juncti	s. It is coon on 9 and	onveniently located whilst lacks local



Duncan Road) Site Ref 81 Ward Park Gat				
Ward Park Gat				
		Size	7.79 Ha	
Market Segment B1, B2 re sui gene	etail and eris			
	q m of buildii	nas	<u> </u>	
			Road and	links to the M7 at
				s; the Duncan Road
				ited area, with some
				units. This area is
				ed via Duncan Road
				he southern area of
				nich is home to a
				ng Botley Road. The
				al units, with a few
				Lathkill House and
				Iso home to some
smaller	employment	buildings or	the south	and west outskirts.
Market Attractiveness Criteria			40 0	V
1.1: Has the site been formally identified for				Yes
1.2: Has there been any recent developme			years?	No
1.3: Is the site being actively marketed as				Yes
1.4: Is the site owned by a developer or	another agend	by known to	undertake	No
employment development?				140
1.5: Is the site in multiple ownership/occu	pation, or own	ned by an or	ganisation	Yes
unlikely to bring it forward for development	t?			165
1.6: Would employment development or	n this site be	viable, with	out public	Vaa
funding to resolve infrastructure or other or	n-site constrai	nts?		Yes
1:7: Is the site immediately available?				Yes
Market Appraisal The site	e encompass	ses all of	Park Gate	Local Centre and
therefore	e scores well	in terms of	its strateg	ic location, the local
				links. The existing
				with the amount of
				ility of the buildings
				problem and any
				uses in the area will
	•			esidential and retail
units.	take accou	iit oi ileigii	bouring re	sidential and retail
units.				
Adiacont land use and The cite	io primorily		l bu rooida	طنيد معمنالمبداء امناه
				ential dwellings with
conflicts Swanwig	ck train statio	n to the nor	tn of the si	te.
1/			4.	
	ation suffers f	rom conges	tion.	
infrastructure requirements				
Ctrotogic Blowning Footons				
Strategic Planning Factors	. 6 . 6 6 7 . 7		<u> </u>	N -
2.1: Is the site within an area identified as				No
2.2: Is the site identified or likely to be requise?	quired for a sp	ecific user or	specialist	No
2.3: Is the site part of a comprehens	sive or long	term develo	pment or	No
regeneration proposal?				110
2.4: Is there public funding committed (c	or likely to be	provided) si	ufficient to	
overcome infrastructure or on-site of	constraints to	make en	nployment	N/A
development viable?				

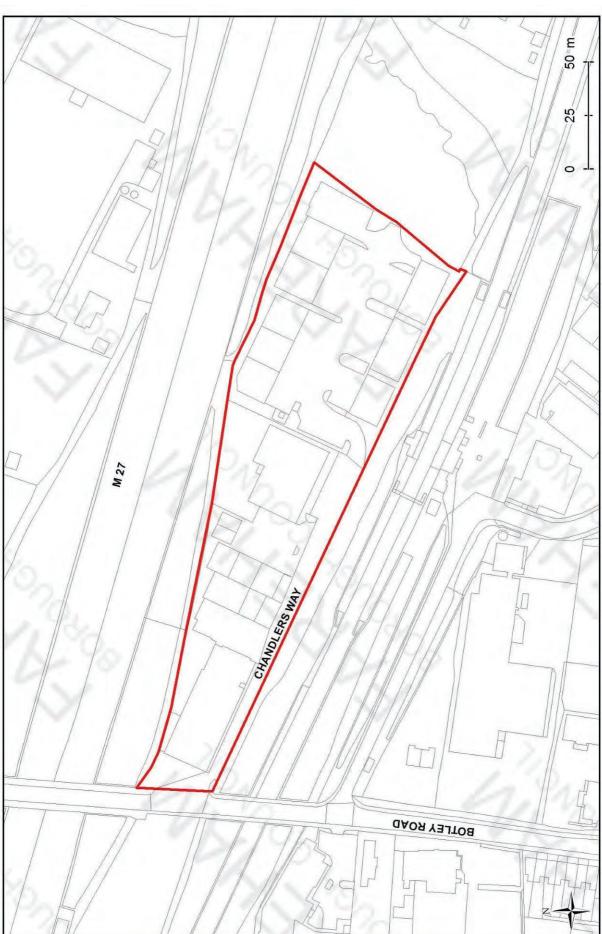
Strategic Access	Planning	and	Duncan Road/Lower Duncan Road – various change of use applications; variation of contracts; residential development. Botley Road/Duncan Road – demolish shop and erect flats. 4-14 Botley Road – land, demolition of existing building for the building of retirement flats.
Recommen	dation		Site Score C – Average. The site is a typical local centre with a mix of uses and a number of converted buildings. It is well located with local transport links and local amenities.



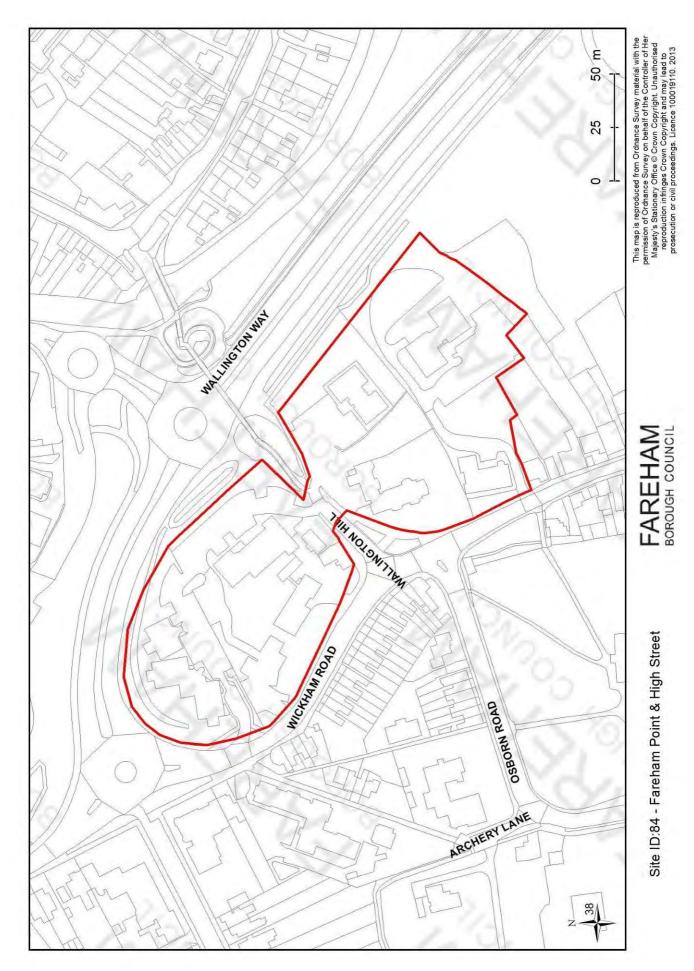
Site Address Park Gate Busi	ness Centre, Chandler	s Wav (off B	otlev Road	)
Site Ref	82		j s.u.	,
Ward	Park Gate	Size	1.7 Ha	
Market Segment	B1, B2 and B8			
Description of Site and	11,658 sq m of building	nas		
Location:	Park Gate Business		an industr	ial area comprising
	mostly B2 uses and i			
	of Park Gate Local C			
	estate offers units of			
	fronting Botley Road			
	point for the larger bu			
Market Attractiveness Criteria				
1.1: Has the site been formally i				Yes
1.2: Has there been any recent			years?	No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma				Yes
1.4: Is the site owned by a development?				Yes
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne		ned by an or	ganisation	Yes
unlikely to bring it forward for de		2 - 1. 1 - 201		
1.6: Would employment develo			out public	Yes
funding to resolve infrastructure  1:7: Is the site immediately avail		1112 (		Yes
Market Appraisal	Site's proximity to P	ark Gata La	cal Contro	
	suitability scores for expansion given the although land to the (Little Park Farm, site	proximity e east is al e 123).	of the rail <sup>i</sup> located fo	way and motorway, r employment uses
Adjacent land use and conflicts	This employment are allocation at Little Pa and west.			
Known constraints and	Limited scope for exp	oansion.		
infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors				
2.1: Is the site within an area ide				No
2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			No
2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?			•	No
development viable?	on-site constraints to	make en		N/A
Strategic Planning and Access	Change of use applic			
Recommendation	Site Score C - Aver flanked by both a r offers little scope for	ailway line	and M27	motorway. The site



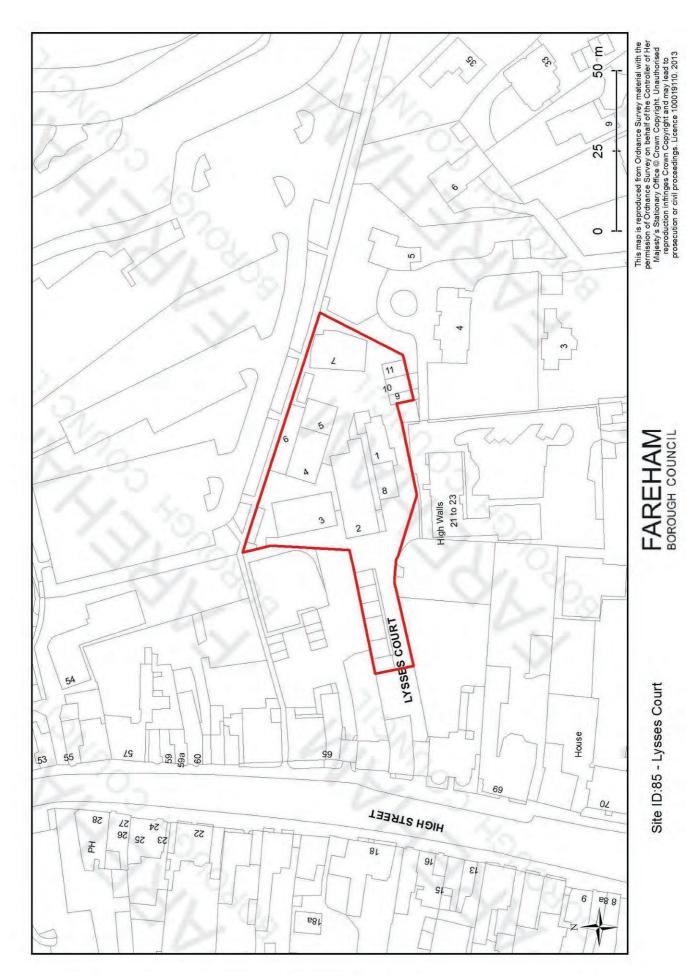
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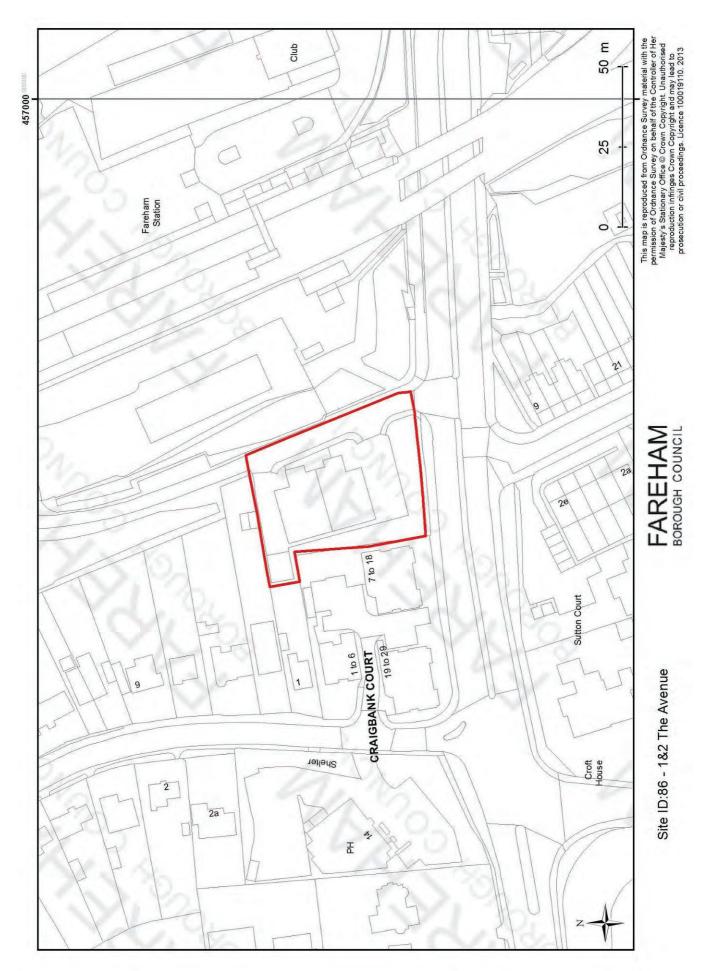
Site Address Part of Farehar	n Point, Wickham Road & North End of Hig	h Street
Site Ref	84	
Ward	Fareham East Size Over 2	На
Market Segment	B1	
Description of Site and	Fareham Point is located on Wallington W	lay and short distance
Location:	from A27. The site comprises of a number	
	in height, size and design occupied by B1	
	incorporates Fareham Point, Wates House	
	House and two Old Manor Cottages to the	
	Shiplands House, Nicholson Gate, 44 and	
	the south east.	
	Vehicular access to the site is from the H	igh Street and
	Wickham Road.	•
Market Attractiveness Criteria		
	dentified for employment for at least 10 years?	
	development activity, within the last 5 years?	No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma		Yes
	eloper or another agency known to undertak	e Yes
employment development?		
	rship/occupation, or owned by an organisatio	n No
unlikely to bring it forward for de		
	opment on this site be viable, without publi	C Yes
funding to resolve infrastructure		
1:7: Is the site immediately avail		Yes
Market Appraisal	The site lies at A32 roundabout and wit	
	M27 and Fareham Town Centre which	
	transport links, and is the largest retail a	
	consists of a number of buildings of qua	
	including a listed building, designed for I	
	landscaped and offers simple and easy la	yout and sufficient car
	parking provision.	
Adjacent land use and	The site is bounded by A27 to the north a	nd cost groon onon
Adjacent land use and conflicts	space to the south east, residential prope	
Connicts	and Wickham Road to the west.	ities to the south west
	and wickhain Road to the west.	
Known constraints and	Within High Street Conservation Area, a g	rade 2* listed building
infrastructure requirements	within the site (The Old Manor House). Ea	
minastraotaro regamentento	within floodzone 2 and 3.	stern parts of the site
Strategic Planning Factors		
	entified as of strategic importance.	No
1		
	to be required for a specific user or specialis	et .
use?		No No
use? 2.3: Is the site part of a co	y to be required for a specific user or specialise of specialise or long term development of the special speci	No No
use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?	omprehensive or long term development of	No No
use?  2.3: Is the site part of a corregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding contains a contain the site part of a corresponding to the site part of a contain the site par	omprehensive or long term development of mmitted (or likely to be provided) sufficient t	No No No
use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or	omprehensive or long term development of	No No No
use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?	omprehensive or long term development of mmitted (or likely to be provided) sufficient to on-site constraints to make employmen	No No No No
use?  2.3: Is the site part of a corregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	omprehensive or long term development of mmitted (or likely to be provided) sufficient to on-site constraints to make employment.  Fareham Point – change of use from office.	No No No No ses to residential.
use?  2.3: Is the site part of a corregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	mmitted (or likely to be provided) sufficient to on-site constraints to make employmer  Fareham Point – change of use from offic High Street – change of use from commen	No No No No No es to residential.
use?  2.3: Is the site part of a corregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding correct overcome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	mmitted (or likely to be provided) sufficient to on-site constraints to make employmer  Fareham Point – change of use from office High Street – change of use from comments Site Score C - Average. Part of the site	No No No No No es to residential. rcial to residential. has been redeveloped
use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	mmitted (or likely to be provided) sufficient to on-site constraints to make employment.  Fareham Point – change of use from offic High Street – change of use from comments ite Score C - Average. Part of the site for residential with the remainder offering	No No No No No es to residential. rcial to residential. has been redeveloped g B1 office space. The
use?  2.3: Is the site part of a corregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	mmitted (or likely to be provided) sufficient to on-site constraints to make employmer  Fareham Point – change of use from office High Street – change of use from comments Site Score C - Average. Part of the site	No No No No No es to residential. rcial to residential. has been redeveloped g B1 office space. The



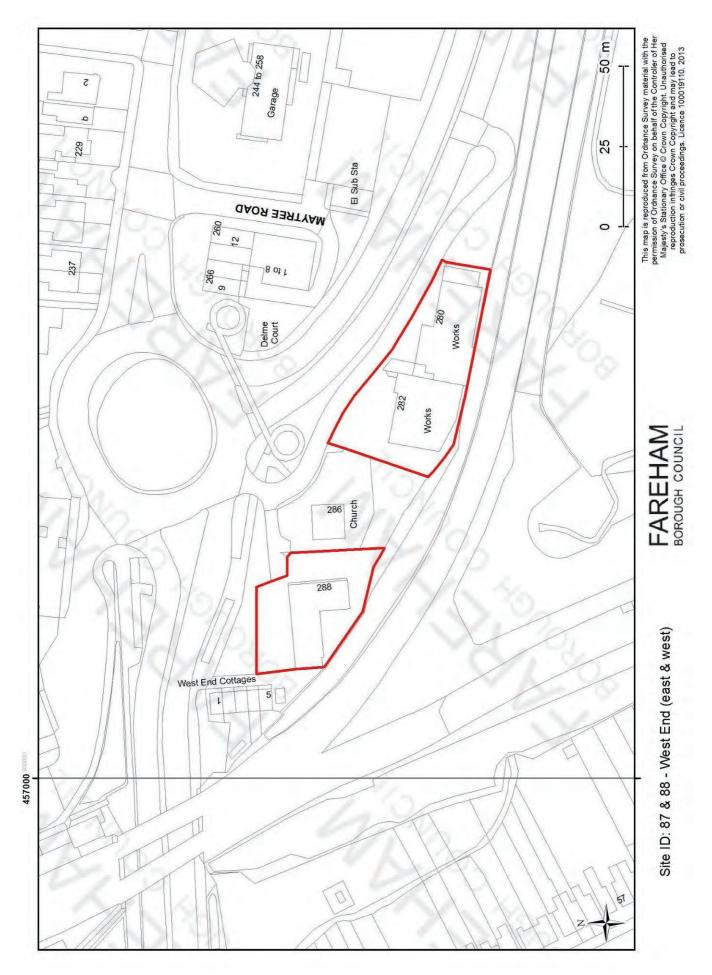
Site Address Lysses Court				
Site Ref	85			
Ward	Fareham East	Size	0.32 Ha	
	B1, B2, D2 and sui			
Market Segment	generis			
Description of Site and	2,968 sq m			
Location:	The site is located of	f the Hiah S	Street in Fa	reham Town Centre
	and is located adjace			
	The site comprises a			a variety of units of
	different ages. The si			
	off of High Street a			
	relatively poor quality			
	accesses to individ			
	surrounded by reside			
	Currounada by rootad	iniai ana on	noo banam	90.
Market Attractiveness Criteria				
1.1: Has the site been formally in	dentified for employment	for at least	10 years?	Yes
1.2: Has there been any recent				No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma				Yes
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev			undertake	Yes
employment development?				162
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne	rship/occupation, or owr	ned by an or	ganisation	Yes
unlikely to bring it forward for de	velopment?	-		162
1.6: Would employment development	opment on this site be	viable, with	out public	Yes
funding to resolve infrastructure	or other on-site constrai	nts?	-	162
1:7: Is the site immediately avail	able?			Yes
Market Appraisal	The site is located w	ithin the To	wn Centre	and has good links
	to services but is n	ot promine	nt and ha	s very limited road
	access, especially fo			
	of uses that can occu	upy the unit		
			s. Expansi	on or intensification
	of uses that can occi opportunities are limi and its location within	ted given th	s. Expansi le constrict	on or intensification ted nature of the site
	opportunities are limi and its location within	ted given the the	s. Expansine constrict vation area	on or intensification ted nature of the site a.
Adjacent land use and	opportunities are limi and its location within	ted given the the	s. Expansine constrict vation area	on or intensification ted nature of the site a.
Adjacent land use and conflicts	opportunities are limi and its location within	ted given the the	s. Expansine constrict vation area	on or intensification ted nature of the site a.
conflicts	opportunities are limi and its location within An employment are conservation area.	ted given the the conser	s. Expansi le constrict vation area urban area	on or intensification ted nature of the site a. a and High Street
conflicts  Known constraints and	opportunities are limited and its location within the conservation area.  There is a narrow and	ted given the the conservation the conservation the	s. Expansing constrict vation area urban area	on or intensification ted nature of the site a.  a and High Street
conflicts	opportunities are limi and its location within An employment are conservation area.	ted given the the conservation the conservation the	s. Expansing constrict vation area urban area	on or intensification ted nature of the site a.  a and High Street
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements	opportunities are limited and its location within the conservation area.  There is a narrow and	ted given the the conservation the conservation the	s. Expansing constrict vation area urban area	on or intensification ted nature of the site a.  a and High Street
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors	opportunities are limit and its location within An employment are conservation area.  There is a narrow and vehicles. There is limit	ted given the the conservation the conservation the large and the large	s. Expansing constrict vation area urban area	on or intensification ted nature of the site a.  a and High Street ang access for larger on.
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide	opportunities are limited and its location within and its location within An employment are conservation area.  There is a narrow and vehicles. There is limited as of strategic important area.	ted given the the conservation the conservation the low entrantited scope for tance.	s. Expansion example constrict expansion area constricted in the constriction expansion expansio	on or intensification ted nature of the site a.  a and High Street
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely	opportunities are limited and its location within and its location within An employment are conservation area.  There is a narrow and vehicles. There is limited as of strategic important area.	ted given the the conservation the conservation the low entrantited scope for tance.	s. Expansion example constrict expansion area constricted in the constriction expansion expansio	on or intensification ted nature of the site a.  a and High Street ang access for larger on.
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?	opportunities are limited and its location within and its location within the conservation area.  There is a narrow and vehicles. There is limited as of strategic imports to be required for a specific and its limited as of strategic imports to be required for a specific and its limited as of strategic imports.	ted given the the conservation the conservation the low entranited scope for the conservation that it is a second to the conservation that it is a second to the conservation that it is a second to the conservation that is a second to	s. Expansion exp	on or intensification ted nature of the site a.  a and High Street ang access for larger on.
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a constraint of a con	opportunities are limited and its location within and its location within the conservation area.  There is a narrow and vehicles. There is limited as of strategic imports to be required for a specific and its limited as of strategic imports to be required for a specific and its limited as of strategic imports.	ted given the the conservation the conservation the low entranited scope for the conservation that it is a second to the conservation that it is a second to the conservation that it is a second to the conservation that is a second to	s. Expansine constrict revation area urban area ce restriction expansion specialist	on or intensification ted nature of the site a.  a and High Street ang access for larger on.
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?	opportunities are limit and its location within and its location within An employment are conservation area.  There is a narrow and vehicles. There is limited as of strategic important to be required for a spoomprehensive or long	ted given the the conservation the conservation the low entrantited scope for the portance.	s. Expansion exp	on or intensification ted nature of the site a.  a and High Street ang access for larger on.  No
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding core	opportunities are limited and its location within and its location within and its location within and its location within and its location area.  There is a narrow and vehicles. There is limited as of strategic important to be required for a sport to be required f	ted given the the conservation the conservation the conservation the lowest term developments that the conservation the conservation the conservation that the conservation the conservation that the	s. Expansion exp	on or intensification ted nature of the site a.  a and High Street and access for larger on.  No  No  No
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or	opportunities are limit and its location within and its location within An employment are conservation area.  There is a narrow and vehicles. There is limited as of strategic important to be required for a spoomprehensive or long	ted given the the conservation the conservation the conservation the lowest term developments that the conservation the conservation the conservation that the conservation the conservation that the	s. Expansion exp	on or intensification ted nature of the site a.  a and High Street ang access for larger on.  No
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal? 2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?	opportunities are limited and its location within and its location within and its location within and its location within and its location area.  There is a narrow and vehicles. There is limited as of strategic important and the properties of long and the properti	ted given the the conservation the conservation the conservation the lowest term developments of the conservation term developments of the conserv	s. Expansion exp	on or intensification ted nature of the site a.  a and High Street and access for larger on.  No  No  No
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding core overcome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	opportunities are limited and its location within and its location within and its location within and its location within and its location area.  There is a narrow and vehicles. There is limited as of strategic important to be required for a sport to be required f	ted given the the conservation the conservation the conservation the lowest term developments of the conservation term developments of the conserv	s. Expansion exp	on or intensification ted nature of the site a.  a and High Street and access for larger on.  No  No  No
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal? 2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?	opportunities are limited and its location within and its location within and its location within and its location within and its location area.  There is a narrow and vehicles. There is limited as of strategic important and the properties of long and the properti	ted given the the conservation the conservation the conservation the lowest term developments of the conservation term developments of the conserv	s. Expansion exp	on or intensification ted nature of the site a.  a and High Street and access for larger on.  No  No  No
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	opportunities are limited and its location within and its location within and its location within and its location within and its location area.  There is a narrow and vehicles. There is limited as of strategic important and the properties of long and the properti	ted given the the conservation the conservation the conservation the low entrangement of the conservation development of the conservation of the c	s. Expansion expansion area constrict expansion area constriction expansion	on or intensification ted nature of the site a.  a and High Street and access for larger on.  No  No  No  No  No
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding core overcome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	opportunities are limited and its location within and its location area.  There is a narrow and vehicles. There is limited its limited as of strategic important and its location area.	ted given the the conservation the conservation the conservation the low entrangetime developments and the conservation developments are conservation developments and the conservation developments and the conservation developments are conservation developments and the conservation developments and the conservation developments are conservation developments and the conservatio	s. Expansion expansion area constrict to the constriction area constriction expansion area construction expansion are construction expansion are constructed by the construction of the construction area constructed by the construction	on or intensification ted nature of the site a.  a and High Street and access for larger on.  No  No  No  No  No  No  No  No  No  N
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	opportunities are limited and its location within and its location area.  There is a narrow and vehicles. There is limited its limited as of strategic important and its location and required for a spromprehensive or long mmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to no relevant planning.  Site Score D – Below and restricted access	ted given the the conservation the conservation the conservation the low entrance.  The portance of term developments are the conservation of the	s. Expansion expansion area constrict expansion area constriction expansion	on or intensification ted nature of the site a.  a and High Street and access for larger on.  No  No  No  No  No  No  No  No  No  N
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	opportunities are limited and its location within a conservation area.  There is a narrow and vehicles. There is limited its limited as of strategic important and its location and required for a spoot of the constraints o	ted given the the conservation the conservation the conservation the low entrance and the conservation developments of the conservation term devel	s. Expansion expansion area constrict expansion area constriction area constriction expansion ex	on or intensification ted nature of the site a.  a and High Street and access for larger on.  No  No  No  No  No  No  no  no  no  no
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	opportunities are limited and its location within a conservation area.  There is a narrow and vehicles. There is limited its limited as of strategic important and its location and required for a spoot of the properties of long its location and restricted access within a conservation long term redevelopment.	ted given the the conservation the conservation the conservation the low entrance.  portance. portance. portance. provided) so make er thistory.  Average.  Average.  Average.  Average, the narea, the narea, the narea, the narea, the nent prospervation.	s. Expansion expansion area constrict expansion area constriction area constriction expansion ex	on or intensification ted nature of the site a.  a and High Street and access for larger on.  No  No  No  No  No  No  no  no  no  no
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	opportunities are limited and its location within a conservation area.  There is a narrow and vehicles. There is limited its limited as of strategic important and its location and required for a spoot of the constraints o	ted given the the conservation the conservation the conservation the low entrance.  portance. portance. portance. provided) so make er thistory.  Average.  Average.  Average.  Average, the narea, the narea, the narea, the narea, the nent prospervation.	s. Expansion expansion area constrict expansion area constriction area constriction expansion ex	on or intensification ted nature of the site a.  a and High Street and access for larger on.  No  No  No  No  No  No  no  no  no  no



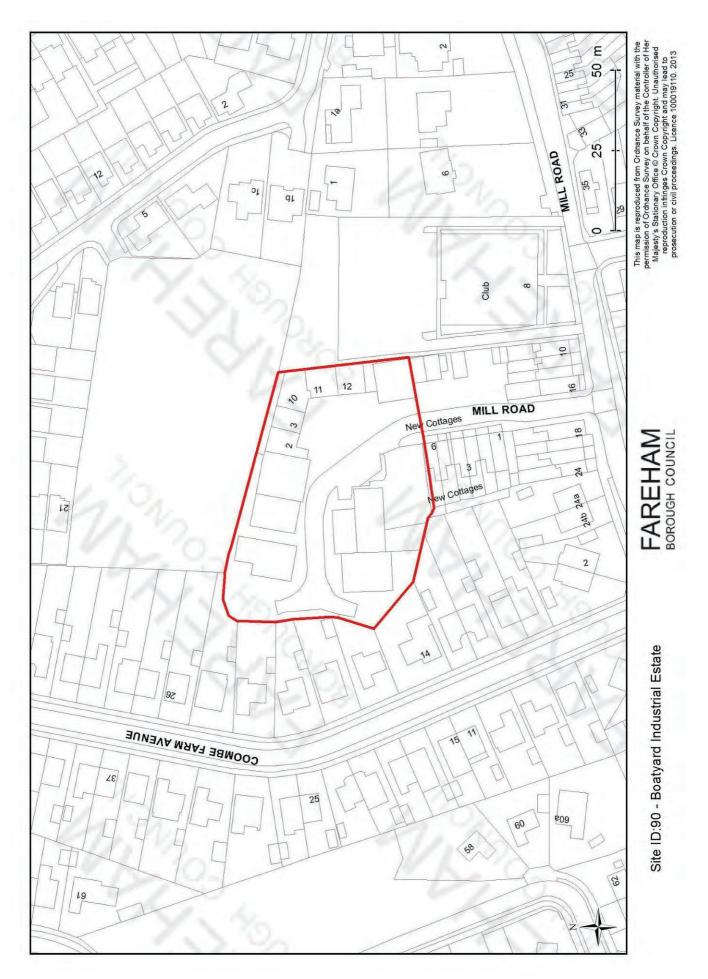
Site Address 1&2 The Avenu	<u> </u>			
Site Ref	86			
Ward	Fareham North	Size	0.19 Ha	
Market Segment	B1c/B2 and retail			
Description of Site and	557 sq m		<u> </u>	
Location:	The site is convenier	ntly located	off the A2	7 and is adjacent to
	both Fareham Station			
	The site comprises t	wo single s	torey indu	strial units adjacent
	to Fareham Station.	_		-
Market Attractiveness Criteria				
1.1: Has the site been formally in				Yes
1.2: Has there been any recent			years?	No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma				No
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev	eloper or another agen	cy known to	undertake	No
employment development?				110
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne		ned by an or	ganisation	No
unlikely to bring it forward for de				
1.6: Would employment develo			out public	Yes
funding to resolve infrastructure		nts?		
1:7: Is the site immediately avail		•••		No
Market Appraisal	The proximity of the			
	transport links make			
	use. Any proposal fo			
	the residential nature	ot neignbo	uring prope	erties.
Adjacent land use and	Surrounded by resid	lential deve	elonment o	on three sides with
conflicts	unused shrub land be			
		gg		
Known constraints and	The site is surrounde	d by resider	ntial and is	adjacent to the
infrastructure requirements	Town Centre bounda			
	<b>Action Plan Issues &amp;</b>	Options) as	well as lar	nd safeguarded for
	<b>Bus Rapid Transport</b>			
Strategic Planning Factors				
2.1: Is the site within an area ide				No
2.2: Is the site identified or likely	to be required for a sp	ecific user or	specialist	Yes
use?				
2.3: Is the site part of a co	emprehensive or long	term develo	pment or	No
regeneration proposal?				
2.4: Is there public funding cor				
overcome infrastructure or	on-site constraints to	make er	nployment	N/A
development viable?	11.4.400=		DO4 / 42/5	
Strategic Planning and	Units 1 & 2 The Aven			
Access	Proposal: Demolition			
	Of Nine Dwellings; Do		: 15/02/201	1
	Status: Appealed: Dis	sinissed		
Recommendation	Sito Score C Aver	ago The	sito io und	avalanad and lands
Recommendation	Site Score C – Aver itself to further development			
	road and rail links			
	however it is con			
	surrounding resident			proximity to the
	Samounianing resident	.a. aweiling	٠.	



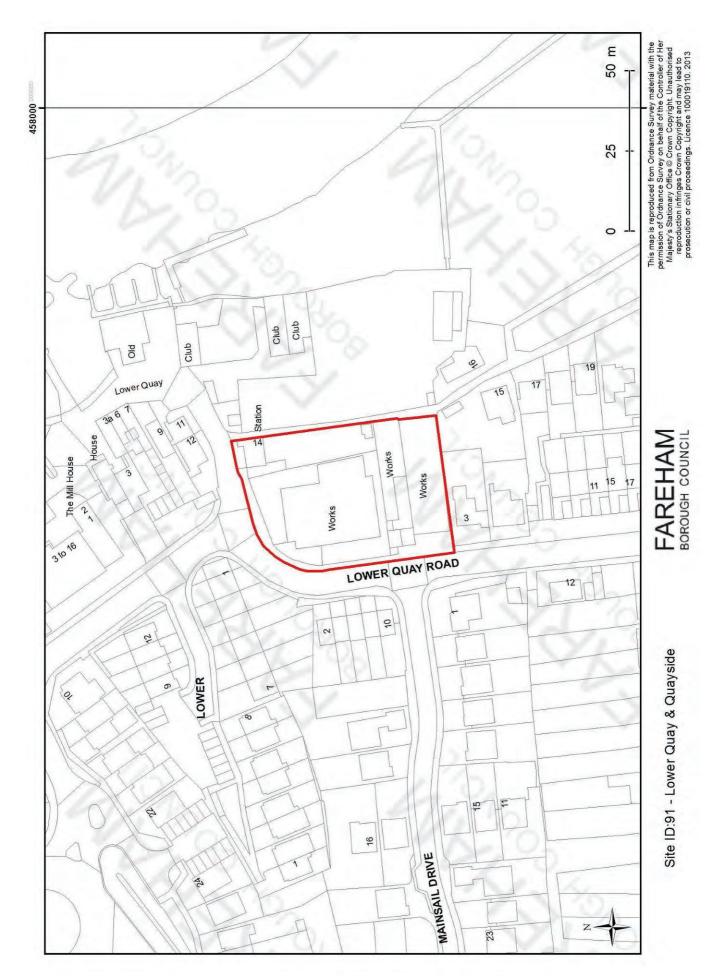
Site Address West End (Wes	t), South of Station Ro	undabout		
Site Ref	87			
Ward	Fareham North	Size	0.16 Ha	
Market Segment	B1 B8			
Description of Site and	1,300 sq m	-l 44		a inimad to mother
Location:	A series of single an			
	with adjacent car par			
	Site lies within an e Town Centre bounda		area, just	outside of Farenam
		. , .		
Market Attractiveness Criteria				
1.1: Has the site been formally in				Yes
1.2: Has there been any recent			years?	No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma				Yes
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev employment development?	eloper or another agen	cy known to	undertake	No
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne	rship/occupation, or owi	ned by an or	ganisation	
unlikely to bring it forward for de	velopment?		_	No
1.6: Would employment development development funding to resolve infrastructure			out public	Yes
1:7: Is the site immediately avail	able?			Yes
Market Appraisal	This compact site is	located with	nin close p	roximity to Fareham
Adjacent land use and conflicts  Known constraints and	access to road network however there might jams at peak hours. HGVs access as the Close proximity to F and residential offer opportunities for furt.  The site is bounded south and a church to A27 to include a new tree buffer between the correctly documents.	be some some some some some some some som	currently d currently d cand egres on Centre   due to p on are limit the north, west. Planr rill reduce to he main ro	rs and risk of traffic oes not offer good as is via tight turns. provides good retail hysical boundaries, red. railway line to the ned expansion of the the landscaping and ad.
infrastructure requirements				
Strategic Planning Factors	ontified as of otreta ele le	norte:::::		No
2.1: Is the site within an area ide				No
2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?	to be required for a sp	ecific user of	specialist	Yes
2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?	emprehensive or long	term develo	pment or	Yes
2.4: Is there public funding cor overcome infrastructure or development viable?				N/A
Strategic Planning and Access	Note – unsure what a	rea to look f	or on FBC	planning portal.
Recommendation	Site Score C – Avera employment uses a offers prominent roa little dated and could	re appropri ad frontage	ate in this , however	location. The site



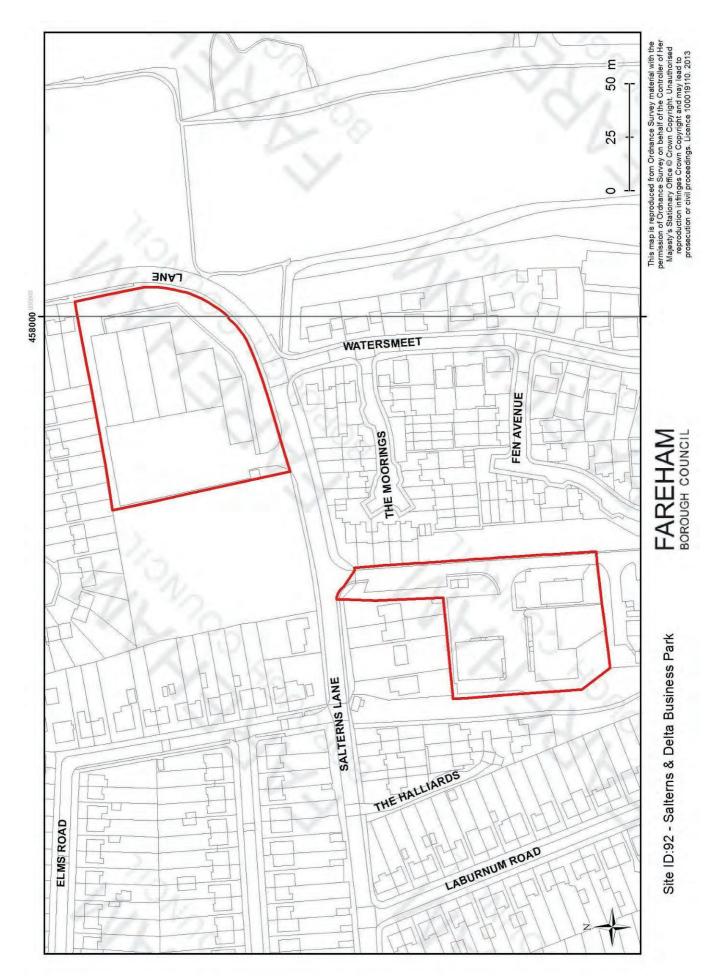
Site Address Boatyard Indus	strial Estate, Mill Road			
Site Ref	90			
Ward	Fareham South	Size	0.42 Ha	
Market Segment	B2			
Description of Site and	2,297 sq m of building	gs		
Location:	The site comprises	a small ind	ustrial esta	ate with mainly low
	level small/medium	sized indus	trial units.	The site forms the
	end of Mill Road cul		has relati	vely poor access to
	the strategic road net	work.		
Market Attractiveness Criteria				
1.1: Has the site been formally i				Yes
1.2: Has there been any recent			years?	No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma				Yes
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev	eloper or another agen	cy known to	undertake	No
employment development?				
1.5: Is the site in multiple owner		ned by an or	ganisation	No
unlikely to bring it forward for de				
1.6: Would employment development			out public	Yes
funding to resolve infrastructure		nts?		
1:7: Is the site immediately avai				Yes
Market Appraisal	The site is located a			
	predominantly reside			
	possible and/or acce			
	coupled with its exis	tina D2 nati		
				s it less suitable for
	B1 development than			
		n B2/B8. The	e site is qu	uite intensively used
	B1 development than	n B2/B8. The er intensifica	e site is qu	uite intensively used
Adjacent land use and	B1 development than already making furthe options for expansion An employment area	n B2/B8. The er intensifica n as well. a with desig	e site is quation unlike	uite intensively used ely. There are limited
conflicts	B1 development than already making furthe options for expansion An employment area Close Field to the nor	n B2/B8. The er intensifica n as well. n with design th.	e site is quation unlike	uite intensively used ely. There are limited en space Briarwood
	B1 development than already making furthe options for expansion An employment area	n B2/B8. The er intensifica n as well. n with design th.	e site is quation unlike	uite intensively used ely. There are limited en space Briarwood
conflicts	B1 development than already making furthe options for expansion An employment area Close Field to the nor	n B2/B8. The er intensifica n as well. n with design th.	e site is quation unlike	uite intensively used ely. There are limited en space Briarwood
conflicts Known constraints and	B1 development than already making furthe options for expansion An employment area Close Field to the nor	n B2/B8. The er intensifica n as well. n with design th.	e site is quation unlike	uite intensively used ely. There are limited en space Briarwood
conflicts Known constraints and	B1 development than already making furthe options for expansion An employment area Close Field to the nor	n B2/B8. The er intensifica n as well. n with design th.	e site is quation unlike	uite intensively used ely. There are limited en space Briarwood
conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements	B1 development than already making furthe options for expansion An employment area Close Field to the nor	n B2/B8. The er intensifica n as well. n with design th.	e site is quation unlike	uite intensively used ely. There are limited en space Briarwood
conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors	B1 development than already making furthe options for expansion An employment area Close Field to the nor The site suffers from	n B2/B8. The er intensifica n as well. a with design th. poor access	e site is quation unlike	uite intensively used ely. There are limited en space Briarwood esidential area.
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide	B1 development than already making furthe options for expansion An employment area Close Field to the nor The site suffers from entified as of strategic im	n B2/B8. The er intensification as well. a with design th. poor access	e site is quation unlike	uite intensively used ely. There are limited en space Briarwood
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely	B1 development than already making furthe options for expansion An employment area Close Field to the nor The site suffers from entified as of strategic im	n B2/B8. The er intensification as well. a with design th. poor access	e site is quation unlike	uite intensively used ely. There are limited en space Briarwood esidential area.
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?	B1 development than already making furthe options for expansion An employment area Close Field to the nor The site suffers from entified as of strategic imports to be required for a specific s	n B2/B8. The er intensification as well. a with design th. poor access portance.	e site is quation unlike	uite intensively used ely. There are limited en space Briarwood esidential area.
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a constraint of a constrain	B1 development than already making furthe options for expansion An employment area Close Field to the nor The site suffers from entified as of strategic imports to be required for a specific s	n B2/B8. The er intensification as well. a with design th. poor access portance.	e site is quation unlike	uite intensively used ely. There are limited en space Briarwood esidential area.
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?	B1 development than already making further options for expansion An employment area Close Field to the nor The site suffers from entified as of strategic imprehensive or long	n B2/B8. The er intensification as well. a with design th. poor access a portance. ecific user or term developments and the ecific user or term developments.	e site is quation unlike gnated ope s and is a re specialist pment or	ite intensively used ely. There are limited en space Briarwood esidential area.
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a conference of a conferen	B1 development that already making further options for expansion An employment area Close Field to the note The site suffers from entified as of strategic important of the property of the pr	provided) su	e site is quation unlike gnated ope s and is a respective specialist specialist opment or afficient to	nite intensively used ely. There are limited en space Briarwood esidential area.  No Yes No
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a confrageneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding confrastructure or	B1 development that already making further options for expansion An employment area Close Field to the note The site suffers from entified as of strategic important of the property of the pr	provided) su	e site is quation unlike gnated ope s and is a respective specialist specialist opment or afficient to	ite intensively used ely. There are limited en space Briarwood esidential area.
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a confrequency regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding confovercome infrastructure or development viable?	B1 development than already making furthe options for expansion An employment area Close Field to the nor The site suffers from entified as of strategic important to be required for a sportant of the constraints of the con	n B2/B8. The er intensification as well. a with designation access  poor access  portance. ecific user or term develor provided) submake en	e site is quation unlike gnated ope s and is a respective specialist specialist opment or afficient to	nite intensively used ely. There are limited en space Briarwood esidential area.  No Yes No
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a confrageneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding confrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	B1 development that already making further options for expansion An employment area Close Field to the note The site suffers from entified as of strategic important of the property of the pr	n B2/B8. The er intensification as well. a with designation access  poor access  portance. ecific user or term develor provided) submake en	e site is quation unlike gnated ope s and is a respective specialist specialist opment or afficient to	nite intensively used ely. There are limited en space Briarwood esidential area.  No Yes No
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a confrequency regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding confovercome infrastructure or development viable?	B1 development than already making furthe options for expansion An employment area Close Field to the nor The site suffers from entified as of strategic important to be required for a sportant of the constraints of the con	n B2/B8. The er intensification as well. a with designation access  poor access  portance. ecific user or term develor provided) submake en	e site is quation unlike gnated ope s and is a respective specialist specialist opment or afficient to	nite intensively used ely. There are limited en space Briarwood esidential area.  No Yes No
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a consequence	B1 development than already making further options for expansion An employment area Close Field to the nor The site suffers from the site suffers from the property to be required for a spontified (or likely to be on-site constraints to the No relevant planning).	n B2/B8. The er intensification as well. a with designath. poor access  portance. ecific user or term develor provided) submake en history.	site is quation unlike gnated ope and is a re specialist pment or ufficient to hployment	No Yes No N/A
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a confrageneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding confrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	B1 development than already making further options for expansion An employment area Close Field to the nor The site suffers from the	portance. ecific user or term development	site is quation unlike and operated operated operated operated specialist specialist operated	No Yes No N/A  the location poses
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a consequence	B1 development than already making further options for expansion An employment area Close Field to the nor The site suffers from the	portance. ecific user or term develo provided) su provide	site is quation unlike and operated operated operated operated specialist specialist pment or afficient to apployment of the angle of the angle operated ope	No Yes No N/A  the location poses et appeal, it is an
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a consequence	B1 development than already making further options for expansion An employment area Close Field to the nor The site suffers from the	portance. ecific user or term develo provided) su provide	site is quation unlike and operated operated operated operated specialist specialist pment or afficient to apployment of the angle of the angle operated ope	No Yes No N/A  the location poses et appeal, it is an



Site Address Lower Quay & 0	Quavside			
Site Ref	91			
Ward	Fareham East	Size	0.45 Ha	
Market Segment	B1, B2			
Description of Site and	3,605 sq m of building	ds		
Location:	The site is located o		av Road o	off the A32, south of
	Fareham Town Centre			,
	The site is formed of	of purpose I	built emplo	ovment buildings or
	converted residential			
	which focuses on th			
	are of high aesthe	tic quality	and pos	itively add to the
	conservation area.			-
<b>Market Attractiveness Criteria</b>				
1.1: Has the site been formally in	dentified for employmen	t for at least	10 years?	Yes
1.2: Has there been any recent			years?	No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma				Yes
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev	eloper or another agend	cy known to	undertake	No
employment development?				NO
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne	rship/occupation, or own	ned by an or	ganisation	No
unlikely to bring it forward for de				110
1.6: Would employment development			out public	Yes
funding to resolve infrastructure		nts?		
1:7: Is the site immediately avail				Yes
Market Appraisal	The site benefits from			
	Centre and subsequ			
	area location ensure			
	pose constraints in			
	redevelopment. Poor			
	as neighbour issues			
	for alternative uses. I			
	vacancies which poir	its to a lack	or market i	nterest.
Adjacent land use and	All of site is either in	n or adiacer	nt to Town	Quay Conservation
conflicts	area, and adjacent to			
	•	•		
Known constraints and	The site is constrained	d by conser	vation are	a constraints and
infrastructure requirements	poor HGV access.			
Careterio Diamaino Essa.				
Strategic Planning Factors	entified as of stratagic in-	nortonas		No
2.1: Is the site within an area ide			cnosislist	No
2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?	, to be required for a sp	eding user or	specialist	Yes
2.3: Is the site part of a co	mprohoneivo or long	term develo	nment or	
regeneration proposal?	mprenensive or long	term develo	pineni or	No
2.4: Is there public funding cor	nmitted (or likely to be	provided) c	ifficient to	
overcome infrastructure or				N/A
development viable?	on one constraints to	, make en	i pioyini <del>c</del> iit	.47
Strategic Planning and	Several change of us	e annlication	าร	<u> </u>
Access	Several change of us	- application		
7.0000				
Recommendation	Site Score D - Below	Average	The site ha	as poor HGV access
	as well as neighbou			
	area, which is likely			
	alternative uses and			
	long term.	. Jao i Giophi		., alo illodidili to
	.5.19 .5/1111			

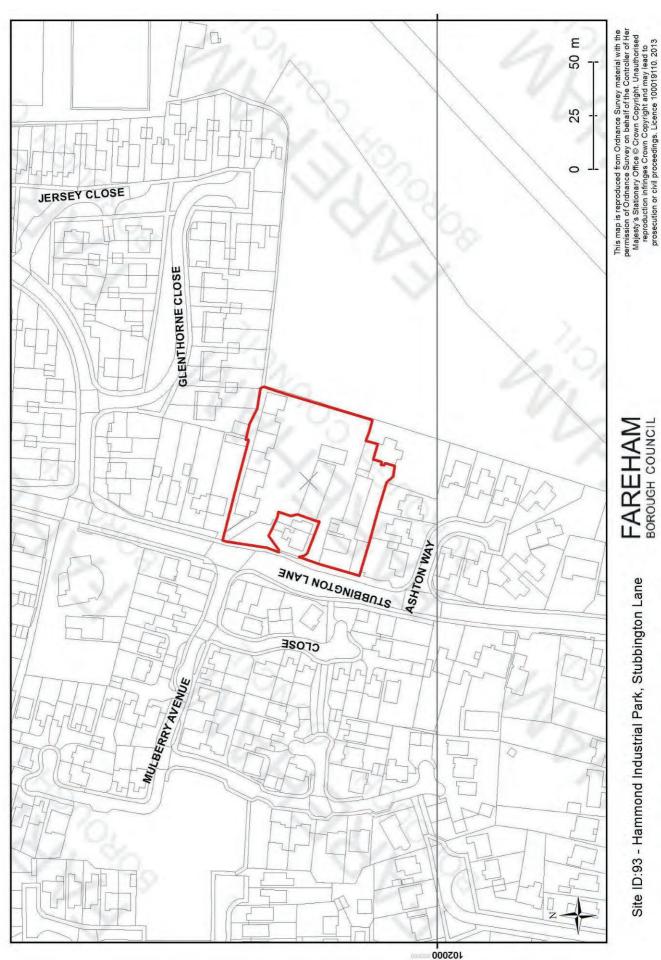


Site Address Salterns & Delta	a Business Park, Salte	rns Lane		
Site Ref	92			
Ward	Fareham East	Size	1.28 Ha	
Market Segment	B1, B2 and D1			
Description of Site and	4,675 sq m of building	gs		
Location:	Salterns industrial ar		d to the no	orth of Salterns Lane
	and Delta Business P			
	Salterns is a purpose			
	de-sac of B2 sheds			
	doors serviced by a			
	Park is a more diver			
	multi-storey buildings			
<b>Market Attractiveness Criteria</b>	, ,	, ,		•
1.1: Has the site been formally in	dentified for employment	t for at least	10 years?	Yes
1.2: Has there been any recent of				No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma			-	Yes
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev			undertake	Vaa
employment development?	,	-		Yes
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne	rship/occupation. or own	ned by an or	ganisation	NI.
unlikely to bring it forward for de			9	No
1.6: Would employment development	ppment on this site be	viable, with	out public	.,
funding to resolve infrastructure				Yes
1:7: Is the site immediately avail				Yes
Market Appraisal	The sites main acces	s is to the	congested	Gosport Road, and
That it of it is a second	its position away from		_	•
	adversely influences			
	quality is reasonable			
	consider the neighbo			
	of Delta Business Pa		se redevelo	opment prospects in
	the medium to long to			
Adjacent land use and	Salterns and Delta			
conflicts	adjacent to local gap			
	allotments to west.		iness Pari	k is adjacent to a
Manual constraints and	previous housing allo		from local	l amanitias and the
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements	The site is located so site is located in a pro			
illiastructure requirements	Site is located in a pre	euommanny	residentia	ı ar <del>c</del> a.
Strategic Planning Factors				
2.1: Is the site within an area ide	entified as of strategic im	portance		No
2.2: Is the site identified or likely			specialist	
use?	, to be required for a sp	Como agor Or	Specialist	Yes
2.3: Is the site part of a co	mnrehensive or long	term develo	nment or	
regeneration proposal?	anpronoisive or long	tomi develo	PILIOLIK OI	No
2.4: Is there public funding cor	nmitted (or likely to be	provided) si	ifficient to	
	on-site constraints to			N/A
development viable?	on site constraints to	, make en	ipioyilielit	IVA
Strategic Planning and	No relevant plannir	na history	iust a fe	w change of use
Access	applications.	ig illotory	just a le	on ange of ase
Recommendation	Site Score D - Bel			
	residential areas and	access to	them suffe	rs from congestion.
	The buildings on Sa			
	serve a purpose with			
	Delta Park however			building styles and
	uses, and appears			
	suitable for alternativ			
		III	<del>.</del>	



Site Ref  Ward  Hill Head  Size  O.43 Ha  Market Segment  Description of Site and Location:  The estate is situated on the east side of Stubbington Land a mix of uses with semi-retail and sui generis present.  Category B  Low intensity industrial area typified by small single units in three rows. Common parking areas are poorly ke buildings are of generally low quality.  Market Attractiveness Criteria  1.1: Has the site been formally identified for employment for at least 10 years?  Yes  1.2: Has there been any recent development activity, within the last 5 years?  No  1.3: Is the site being actively marketed as an employment site?  Yes	storey
Market Segment  Description of Site and Location:  1,168 sq m of buildings The estate is situated on the east side of Stubbington Lan a mix of uses with semi-retail and sui generis present.  Category B Low intensity industrial area typified by small single units in three rows. Common parking areas are poorly ke buildings are of generally low quality.  Market Attractiveness Criteria  1.1: Has the site been formally identified for employment for at least 10 years?  Yes  1.2: Has there been any recent development activity, within the last 5 years?  No	storey
Description of Site and Location:  1,168 sq m of buildings The estate is situated on the east side of Stubbington Lan a mix of uses with semi-retail and sui generis present. Category B Low intensity industrial area typified by small single units in three rows. Common parking areas are poorly ke buildings are of generally low quality.  Market Attractiveness Criteria  1.1: Has the site been formally identified for employment for at least 10 years?  Yes  1.2: Has there been any recent development activity, within the last 5 years?  No	storey
Location:  The estate is situated on the east side of Stubbington Lan a mix of uses with semi-retail and sui generis present.  Category B  Low intensity industrial area typified by small single units in three rows. Common parking areas are poorly ke buildings are of generally low quality.  Market Attractiveness Criteria  1.1: Has the site been formally identified for employment for at least 10 years?  Yes  1.2: Has there been any recent development activity, within the last 5 years?  No	storey
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units in three rows. Common parking areas are poorly ke buildings are of generally low quality.  Market Attractiveness Criteria  1.1: Has the site been formally identified for employment for at least 10 years? Yes  1.2: Has there been any recent development activity, within the last 5 years? No	
buildings are of generally low quality.  Market Attractiveness Criteria  1.1: Has the site been formally identified for employment for at least 10 years? Yes  1.2: Has there been any recent development activity, within the last 5 years? No	pt and
Market Attractiveness Criteria  1.1: Has the site been formally identified for employment for at least 10 years?  1.2: Has there been any recent development activity, within the last 5 years?  No	
1.1: Has the site been formally identified for employment for at least 10 years? Yes 1.2: Has there been any recent development activity, within the last 5 years? No	
1.2: Has there been any recent development activity, within the last 5 years? <b>No</b>	
1.5. Is the site being actively marketed as an employment site:	
1.4: Is the site owned by a developer or another agency known to undertake	
employment development?	
Voc I Hamm	ond &
1.5: Is the site in multiple ownership/occupation, or owned by an organisation	rivate
unlikely to bring it forward for development?	
1.6: Would employment development on this site be viable, without public	
funding to resolve infrastructure or other on-site constraints?	
1:7: Is the site immediately available?	
Market Appraisal Site is located away from major road network and any	
amenities or centres. Building quality is relatively poor,	
the site layout and environmental quality. The site does p	
"start-up" accommodation and is currently the	only
employment area in the Stubbington/Hill Head area, but i	
not contribute significantly with job numbers and is unlike	ely to
be an attractive proposition for intensification.  Adjacent land use and The site is an employment area located within the eastern	most
Adjacent land use and conflicts  The site is an employment area located within the eastern boundary of the Stubbington urban area. Adjacent to Str	
Gap and Daedalus Airfield.	ategic
Known constraints and The buildings are of quality and the site is situated in a	
infrastructure requirements predominantly residential area.	
· · ·	
Strategic Planning Factors	
2.1: Is the site within an area identified as of strategic importance.	
2.2: Is the site identified or likely to be required for a specific user or specialist	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
use?	
use?  2.3: Is the site part of a comprehensive or long term development or	
use?  2.3: Is the site part of a comprehensive or long term development or regeneration proposal?  No	
use?  2.3: Is the site part of a comprehensive or long term development or regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding committed (or likely to be provided) sufficient to	
use?  2.3: Is the site part of a comprehensive or long term development or regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding committed (or likely to be provided) sufficient to overcome infrastructure or on-site constraints to make employment N/A	
use?  2.3: Is the site part of a comprehensive or long term development or regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding committed (or likely to be provided) sufficient to overcome infrastructure or on-site constraints to make employment development viable?  No  N/A	
use?  2.3: Is the site part of a comprehensive or long term development or regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding committed (or likely to be provided) sufficient to overcome infrastructure or on-site constraints to make employment development viable?  Strategic Planning and 2005 – Permission given for erection of new MOT unit.	
use?  2.3: Is the site part of a comprehensive or long term development or regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding committed (or likely to be provided) sufficient to overcome infrastructure or on-site constraints to make employment development viable?  No  N/A	
use?  2.3: Is the site part of a comprehensive or long term development or regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding committed (or likely to be provided) sufficient to overcome infrastructure or on-site constraints to make employment development viable?  Strategic Planning and 2005 – Permission given for erection of new MOT unit.  Access	es an
use?  2.3: Is the site part of a comprehensive or long term development or regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding committed (or likely to be provided) sufficient to overcome infrastructure or on-site constraints to make employment development viable?  Strategic Planning and 2005 – Permission given for erection of new MOT unit.	
use?  2.3: Is the site part of a comprehensive or long term development or regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding committed (or likely to be provided) sufficient to overcome infrastructure or on-site constraints to make employment development viable?  Strategic Planning and 2005 – Permission given for erection of new MOT unit.  Recommendation Site Score D – Below Average. The site currently serve	ly for
2.3: Is the site part of a comprehensive or long term development or regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding committed (or likely to be provided) sufficient to overcome infrastructure or on-site constraints to make employment development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access    Constraints   Con	ly for on and





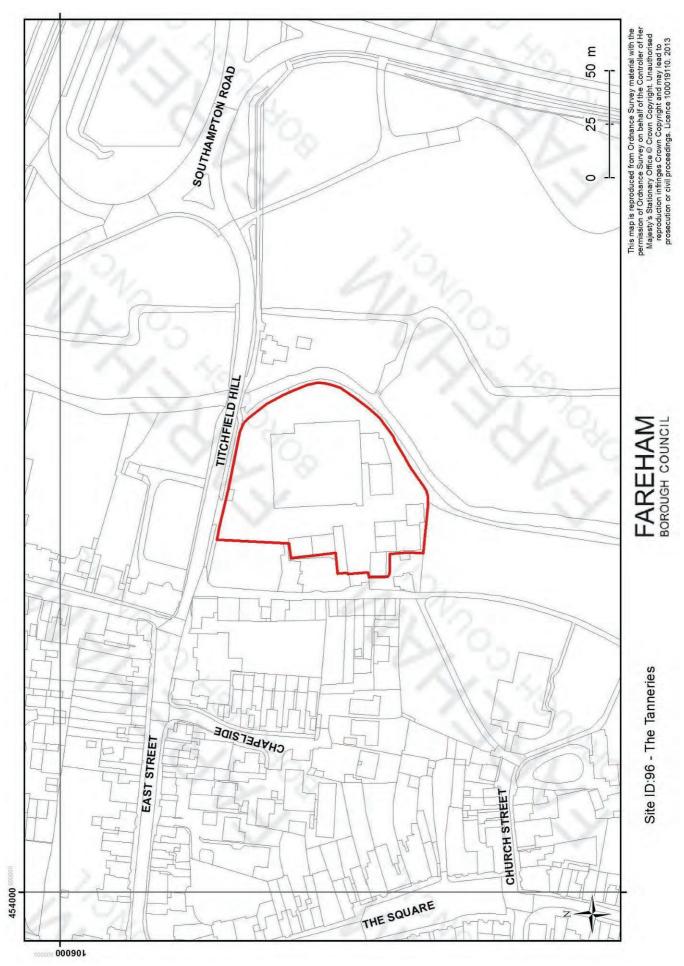
Site Address Corner of Stow	Estate and Highlands	Road		
Site Ref	94			
Ward	Fareham North West	Size	0.32 Ha	
Market Segment	B1c			
Description of Site and	1,415 sq m of building	gs		
Location:	The site comprises t			
	immediately north o sized, single storey served by direct acce built with clad roofing	units with ess to Highla	communa	al parking between
Market Attractiveness Criteria			,	
1.1: Has the site been formally in				Yes
1.2: Has there been any recent			years?	No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma				Yes
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev employment development?	eloper or another agend	cy known to	undertake	No
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne	rshin/occupation or own	ned hy an ord	nanisation	Yes - Jacob Carr
unlikely to bring it forward for de		ica by an or	garnoanon	Homes (Fareham)
, ,	•			and private owner
1.6: Would employment develor funding to resolve infrastructure	or other on-site constrai		out public	Yes
1:7: Is the site immediately avail Market Appraisal	able? The two units are ir			Yes
Adjacent land use and	any centre means the B1 offices. Potential rise buildings, hower of the buildings into use of existing space	intensificat ver more lik a single o	ion is pos ely would ccupier ma	sible given the low be the combination aking more efficient
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements	residential.  Poor building quality	and distanc	ed from lo	cal amenities.
Strategic Planning Factors				
2.1: Is the site within an area ide	entified as of strategic im	portance.		No
2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?			specialist	No
2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?	emprehensive or long	term develo	pment or	No
2.4: Is there public funding cor overcome infrastructure or development viable?				N/A
Strategic Planning and Access	No relevant planning	history.		
Recommendation	Site Score D – Below and is located with buildings are dated a opportunity for de intensification of exis	in a predon and poorly c velopment	ninantly re onfigured	esidential area. The on site providing an

FAREHAM BOROUGH COUNCIL

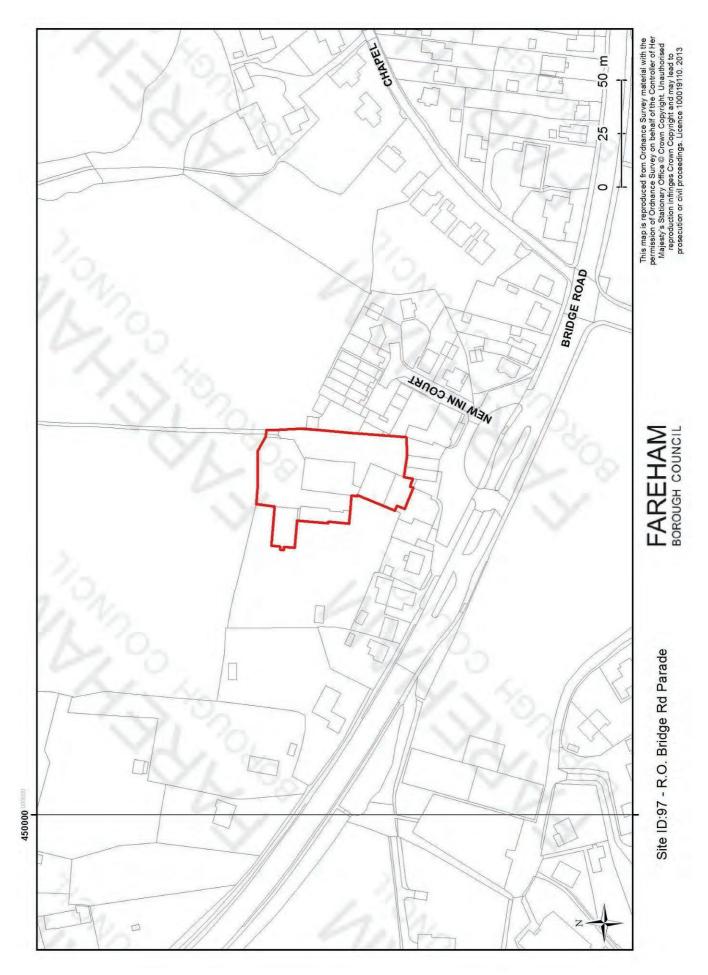
Site Address Funtley Court,	Funtlev Hill			
Site Ref	95			
Ward	Fareham North	Size	0.82 Ha	
Market Segment	B1			
Description of Site and Location:	2,334 sq m of building The site is a former converted into multi	school site ple B1 offic	e units. Ti	he buildings have a
	range of storey heigh parking to front and r			
Market Attractiveness Criteria				
1.1: Has the site been formally in				Ye
1.2: Has there been any recent			years?	No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma				Yes
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev employment development?	eloper or another agend	cy known to	undertake	Yes
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne unlikely to bring it forward for de		ned by an or	ganisation	Yes - Drysdale Investments Ltd & Lindberg Investments Ltd
1.6: Would employment develor funding to resolve infrastructure			out public	Yes
1:7: Is the site immediately avail Market Appraisal	able? The site comprises a			Yes
Adiacont local was and	space for B1 offices. and local amenities offers a simple site I rear which has had p	the environ ayout. There revious pern	mental is on the second is a contract the second is mission.	of good quality and tial for expansion to
Adjacent land use and conflicts	The site is small and within northern bour north, east and west.			
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements	The site suffers from amenities.	poor transp	ort links ar	nd a lack of local
Strategic Planning Factors				
2.1: Is the site within an area ide	entified as of strategic im	portance.		No
2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?	y to be required for a sp	ecific user or	specialist	No
2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?	omprehensive or long	term develo	pment or	No
2.4: Is there public funding cor overcome infrastructure or development viable?	mmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to			N/A
Strategic Planning and Access	A previous planning west, for an extension 2009 - Land to Rear or Proposal: Erection Of Status: Detail Approv	n of the exis f - PO16 7U\ f Building Fo	ting provis /:	ion of office space.
Recommendation	Site Score C - Aver converted office sche transport, does ser occupied.	eme, which	whilst lack	s amenity and local



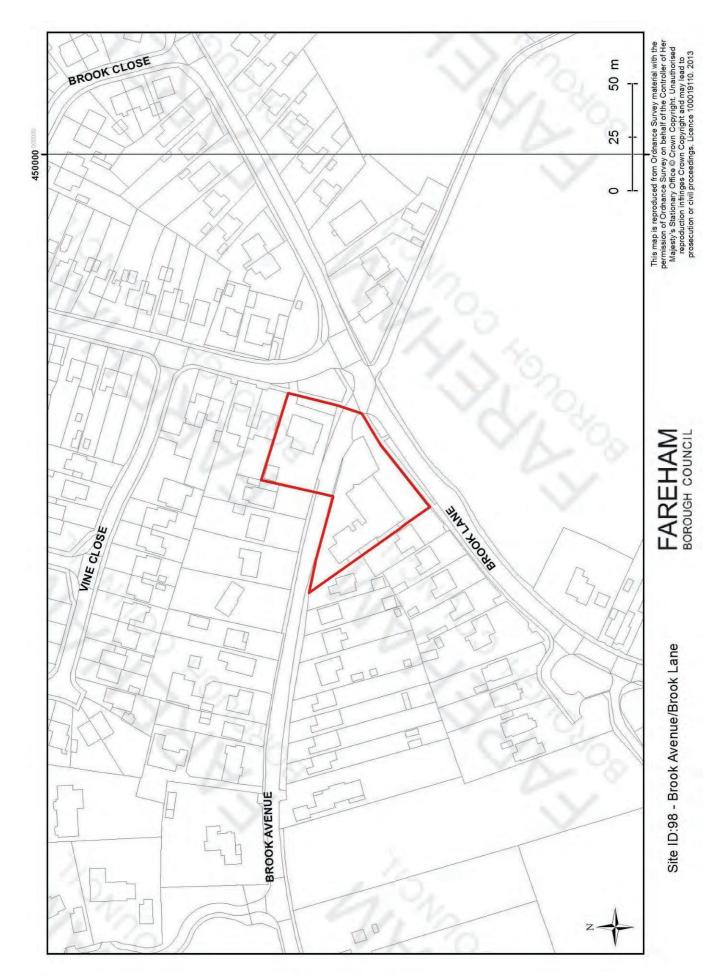
Site Address The Tanneries,	Titchfield Hill			
Site Ref	96			
Ward	Titchfield	Size	0.61 Ha	
Market Segment	B1, B2 and B8		01011101	
Description of Site and	6,558 sq m of building	as	<u> </u>	
Location:	The Tanneries is an i		tate south	of East Street in the
	east part of Titchfield			
	The estate offers a			
	materials e.g. two/thr			
	storey B2, B8 sheds			
	Street, with service r			
	the site.	oud on oning		amig in the control
<b>Market Attractiveness Criteria</b>				
1.1: Has the site been formally in		t for at least	10 years?	Yes
1.2: Has there been any recent				No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma	irketed as an employme	nt site?	•	Yes
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev			undertake	Voc
employment development?				Yes
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne	rship/occupation, or owi	ned by an or	ganisation	Na
unlikely to bring it forward for de		•	-	No
1.6: Would employment development		viable, with	out public	Vac
funding to resolve infrastructure	or other on-site constrai		·	Yes
1:7: Is the site immediately avail				Yes
Market Appraisal	The site offers space	for a range	e of uses.	The site links up to
	the A27 via East Str	CCL allu is		v close to illelillela
	the A27 via East Str Local Centre. The			
	Local Centre. The	main ch	allenges	for any potential
	Local Centre. The redevelopment wou	main ch ld be the	nallenges conservat	for any potential tion area location,
	Local Centre. The redevelopment wou however well design	main ch ld be the ned new ι	nallenges conservat units may	for any potential tion area location, be better for the
	Local Centre. The redevelopment wou	main ch ld be the ned new ι	nallenges conservat units may	for any potential tion area location, be better for the
Adjacent land use and	Local Centre. The redevelopment wou however well desig conservation than so	main ch ld be the ned new u me of the ex	nallenges conservatunits may kisting unit	for any potential tion area location, be better for the s.
Adjacent land use and conflicts	Local Centre. The redevelopment wou however well desig conservation than so	main cheld be the ned new ume of the expension	nallenges conservat units may kisting units	for any potential tion area location, be better for the s.
	Local Centre. The redevelopment wou however well desig conservation than so The estate is an em Conservation Area. It	main cheld be the ned new ume of the expension of the exp	nallenges conservationits may action with the caste to th	for any potential tion area location, be better for the s.  Illy within Titchfield rn most boundary of
	Local Centre. The redevelopment wou however well design conservation than so The estate is an em Conservation Area. It Titchfield urban area	main cheld be the ned new ume of the expension and the expension and the main and t	conservation allenges conservation its may existing unite carea set fund the easter consite of important in the easter consiste of important in the easter consiste of important in the easter consiste consistency and in the easter consistency and	for any potential tion area location, be better for the s.  Illy within Titchfield rn most boundary of apportance for nature
	Local Centre. The redevelopment wou however well design conservation than so The estate is an em Conservation Area. It Titchfield urban area conservation, strateg	main cheld be the ned new ume of the expension of the exp	conservation allenges conservation its may existing unite carea set fund the easter consite of important in the easter consiste of important in the easter consiste of important in the easter consiste consistency and in the easter consistency and	for any potential tion area location, be better for the s.  Illy within Titchfield rn most boundary of apportance for nature
	Local Centre. The redevelopment wou however well design conservation than so The estate is an em Conservation Area. It Titchfield urban area	main cheld be the ned new ume of the expension of the exp	conservation allenges conservation its may existing unite carea set fund the easter consite of important in the easter consiste of important in the easter consiste of important in the easter consiste consistency and in the easter consistency and	for any potential tion area location, be better for the s.  Illy within Titchfield rn most boundary of apportance for nature
conflicts	Local Centre. The redevelopment wou however well desig conservation than so The estate is an em Conservation Area. It Titchfield urban area conservation, strateg landscape character.	main che ld be the ned new u me of the ex nployment a is set within adjacent to	conservation conse	for any potential tion area location, be better for the s.  Illy within Titchfield rn most boundary of aportance for nature and area of special
conflicts  Known constraints and	Local Centre. The redevelopment wou however well design conservation than so The estate is an em Conservation Area. It Titchfield urban area conservation, strateg	main che ld be the ned new u me of the ex nployment a is set within adjacent to	conservation conse	for any potential tion area location, be better for the s.  Illy within Titchfield rn most boundary of aportance for nature and area of special
conflicts	Local Centre. The redevelopment wou however well design conservation than so The estate is an emportance of the conservation of the conservation of the conservation, strategiand of the conservation.  The site will be subject to the conservation of the conservation o	main che ld be the ned new u me of the ex nployment a is set within adjacent to	conservation conse	for any potential tion area location, be better for the s.  Illy within Titchfield rn most boundary of aportance for nature and area of special
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements	Local Centre. The redevelopment wou however well design conservation than so The estate is an emportance of the conservation of the conservation of the conservation, strategiand of the conservation.  The site will be subject to the conservation of the conservation o	main che ld be the ned new u me of the ex nployment a is set within adjacent to	conservation conse	for any potential tion area location, be better for the s.  Illy within Titchfield rn most boundary of aportance for nature and area of special
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors	Local Centre. The redevelopment wou however well design conservation than so The estate is an emportance of the conservation of the conservation of the conservation, strategiand of the conservation of the site will be subject to conservation area.	main cheld be the ned new une of the examployment a is set within adjacent togic gap, concept to restrict	conservation conse	for any potential tion area location, be better for the s.  Illy within Titchfield rn most boundary of a portance for nature and area of special set within the
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide	Local Centre. The redevelopment wou however well design conservation than so The estate is an emportance of the conservation of the conservation of the conservation, strategically landscape character.  The site will be subject conservation area.	main cheld be the ned new use of the examployment a is set within adjacent togic gap, concet to restrict	nallenges conservationits may existing units area set furnithe eastern or site of impuntryside area it is	for any potential tion area location, be better for the s.  Illy within Titchfield rn most boundary of aportance for nature and area of special
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely	Local Centre. The redevelopment wou however well design conservation than so The estate is an emportance of the conservation of the conservation of the conservation, strategically landscape character.  The site will be subject conservation area.	main cheld be the ned new use of the examployment a is set within adjacent togic gap, concet to restrict	nallenges conservationits may existing units area set furnithe eastern or site of impuntryside area it is	for any potential tion area location, be better for the s.  Illy within Titchfield rn most boundary of a portance for nature and area of special set within the
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?	Local Centre. The redevelopment wou however well design conservation than so The estate is an emportance of the conservation of the conservation of the conservation, strategically landscape character.  The site will be subject conservation area.	main cheld be the ned new use of the examployment a is set within adjacent to gic gap, concept to restrict aportance.	conservation and the conservation area set function the easter of impuntryside attempts and the conservations as it is a specialist	for any potential tion area location, be better for the s.  Illy within Titchfield rn most boundary of a portance for nature and area of special s set within the
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a constraint of a con	Local Centre. The redevelopment wou however well design conservation than so The estate is an emportance of the conservation of the conservation of the conservation, strategically landscape character.  The site will be subject conservation area.	main cheld be the ned new use of the examployment a is set within adjacent to gic gap, concept to restrict aportance.	conservation and the conservation area set function the easter of impuntryside attempts and the conservations as it is a specialist	for any potential tion area location, be better for the s.  Illy within Titchfield rn most boundary of a portance for nature and area of special s set within the
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?	Local Centre. The redevelopment wou however well design conservation than so the estate is an email Conservation Area. It itchfield urban area conservation, strategiandscape character.  The site will be subject conservation area.	main cheld be the ned new use of the examployment a is set within adjacent to gic gap, concert to restrict aportance.  ecific user or term development a set within adjacent to gic gap, concert to restrict aportance.	conservations as it is	for any potential tion area location, be better for the s.  Illy within Titchfield rn most boundary of a portance for nature and area of special set within the
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal? 2.4: Is there public funding core	Local Centre. The redevelopment wou however well design conservation than so the conservation Area. It is a read to conservation, strategiand cape character.  The site will be subject conservation area.  The site will be subject conservation area.	main cheld be the ned new use of the examployment a is set within adjacent to gic gap, concert to restrict portance. ecific user or term development d	conservations as it is	for any potential tion area location, be better for the s.  Illy within Titchfield rn most boundary of a portance for nature and area of special s set within the
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal? 2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or	Local Centre. The redevelopment wou however well design conservation than so the estate is an email Conservation Area. It itchfield urban area conservation, strategiandscape character.  The site will be subject conservation area.	main cheld be the ned new use of the examployment a is set within adjacent to gic gap, concert to restrict portance. ecific user or term development d	conservations as it is	for any potential tion area location, be better for the s.  Illy within Titchfield rn most boundary of a portance for nature and area of special set within the
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?	Local Centre. The redevelopment wou however well design conservation than so the estate is an email Conservation Area. It itchfield urban area conservation, strategiandscape character.  The site will be subject conservation area.  The site will be subject conservation area.	main cheld be the ned new use of the examployment a is set within adjacent to gic gap, concert to restrict aportance.  ecific user or term development a concern development a c	conservations as it is	for any potential tion area location, be better for the s.  Illy within Titchfield rn most boundary of a portance for nature and area of special s set within the
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding core overcome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	Local Centre. The redevelopment wou however well design conservation than so the conservation Area. It is a read to conservation, strategiand cape character.  The site will be subject conservation area.  The site will be subject conservation area.	main cheld be the ned new use of the examployment a is set within adjacent to gic gap, concert to restrict aportance.  ecific user or term development a concern development a c	conservations as it is	for any potential tion area location, be better for the s.  Illy within Titchfield rn most boundary of a portance for nature and area of special s set within the
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?	Local Centre. The redevelopment wou however well design conservation than so the estate is an email Conservation Area. It itchfield urban area conservation, strategiandscape character.  The site will be subject conservation area.  The site will be subject conservation area.	main cheld be the ned new use of the examployment a is set within adjacent to gic gap, concert to restrict aportance.  ecific user or term development a concern development a c	conservations as it is	for any potential tion area location, be better for the s.  Illy within Titchfield rn most boundary of a portance for nature and area of special s set within the
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	Local Centre. The redevelopment wou however well design conservation than so the estate is an empore conservation Area. It is the estate is an empore conservation, strategically the site will be subjected as of strategic important to the entitled as of strategic important to the entitled (or likely to be on-site constraints to the entitled in the entitled (or likely to be on-site constraints to the entitled in the entitled (or likely to be on-site constraints to the entitled in the entitled (or likely to be on-site constraints to the entitled in the en	main child be the ned new use of the examployment a is set within adjacent to gic gap, concert to restrict aportance.  ecific user or term development	conservations as it is	for any potential tion area location, be better for the s.  Illy within Titchfield rn most boundary of a portance for nature and area of special s set within the  No No No No
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding core overcome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	Local Centre. The redevelopment wou however well design conservation than so the estate is an empore conservation Area. It is the estate is an empore conservation, strategically and scape character.  The site will be subject conservation area.  The site will be subject conservation area.  Entified as of strategic important to the entified of the en	main cheld be the ned new use of the examployment as is set within adjacent to gic gap, concept to restrict aportance.  ecific user or term development as the model of the example.  provided) so make endistory.	conservations as it is a specialist opment or unflicient to mployment.	for any potential tion area location, be better for the s.  Illy within Titchfield rn most boundary of a portance for nature and area of special s set within the  No No No No No No
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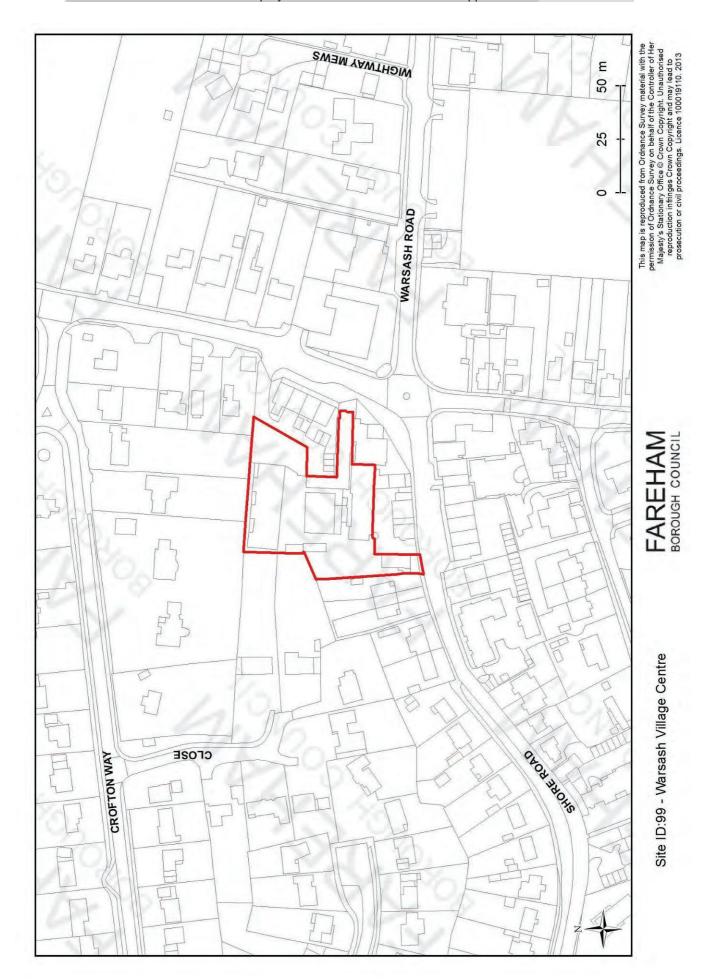
Site Address R.O. Bridge Ro	ad Parade					
Site Ref	97					
Ward	Sarisbury	Size	0.27 Ha			
Market Segment	B1, B2 and B8					
Description of Site and	988 sq m of buildings	;				
Location:	The site comprises	a small ind	ustrial are	a to the rear of the		
	parade to the north o	f Bridge Ro	ad. The site	e offers low intensity		
	outbuildings used for B2 purposes. The site is accessed					
	between two shop frontages along Bridge Road. The buildings					
	are mostly single sto	rey with cla	d corrugate	ed roofing.		
Market Attractiveness Criteria						
		t for at least	10 years?	Yes		
	dentified for employment for at least 10 years?			No		
1.3: Is the site being actively ma	development activity, within the last 5 years?			Yes		
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev			undortako	162		
employment development?	reloper of another agent	by known to	unuenake	Yes		
				Yes - Sarisbury		
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne		ned by an or	ganisation	Building Limited		
unlikely to bring it forward for de	evelopment?			and private owner		
1.6: Would employment development	opment on this site be	viable, with	out public	Yes		
funding to resolve infrastructure		nts?				
1:7: Is the site immediately avail				Yes		
Market Appraisal	The site offers basi					
	configured on site.					
		access point. The site suffers from long term vacancies suggesting it may be better suited for redevelopment for a				
alternative use.						
	alternative use.		100 101 10	development for an		
Adjacent land use and				•		
Adjacent land use and	A small employme	ent area	set withir	n Sarisbury Green		
Adjacent land use and conflicts	A small employme	ent area s	set withir	n Sarisbury Green d parade and to the		
	A small employme Conservation Area. south of urban bou	ent area s	set withir	n Sarisbury Green d parade and to the		
	A small employme	ent area s	set withir	n Sarisbury Green d parade and to the		
	A small employme Conservation Area. south of urban bou north	ent area s Fo the north ndary with	set withir	n Sarisbury Green d parade and to the		
conflicts	A small employme Conservation Area. south of urban bou	ent area s Fo the north ndary with	set withir	n Sarisbury Green d parade and to the		
conflicts  Known constraints and	A small employme Conservation Area. south of urban bou north	ent area s Fo the north ndary with	set withir	n Sarisbury Green d parade and to the		
conflicts  Known constraints and	A small employme Conservation Area. south of urban bou north	ent area s Fo the north ndary with	set withir	n Sarisbury Green d parade and to the		
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements	A small employme Conservation Area. south of urban bou north	ent area s Fo the north ndary with	set withir	n Sarisbury Green d parade and to the		
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors	A small employme Conservation Area. south of urban bou north  The site has poor acc	ent area s Fo the north ndary with cess.	set withir	n Sarisbury Green d parade and to the de and local gap to		
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide	A small employme Conservation Area. south of urban bou north  The site has poor accentified as of strategic im	ent area s Fo the north ndary with cess.	set withir n of define countrysio	n Sarisbury Green d parade and to the		
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Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a consequence of a conseque	A small employme Conservation Area. south of urban bou north  The site has poor accomplished as of strategic importance or long mmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to	ent area s To the north ndary with cess.  portance. ecific user of term develor provided) s o make er	set within of define countrysic respecialist opment or ufficient to	No Yes No		
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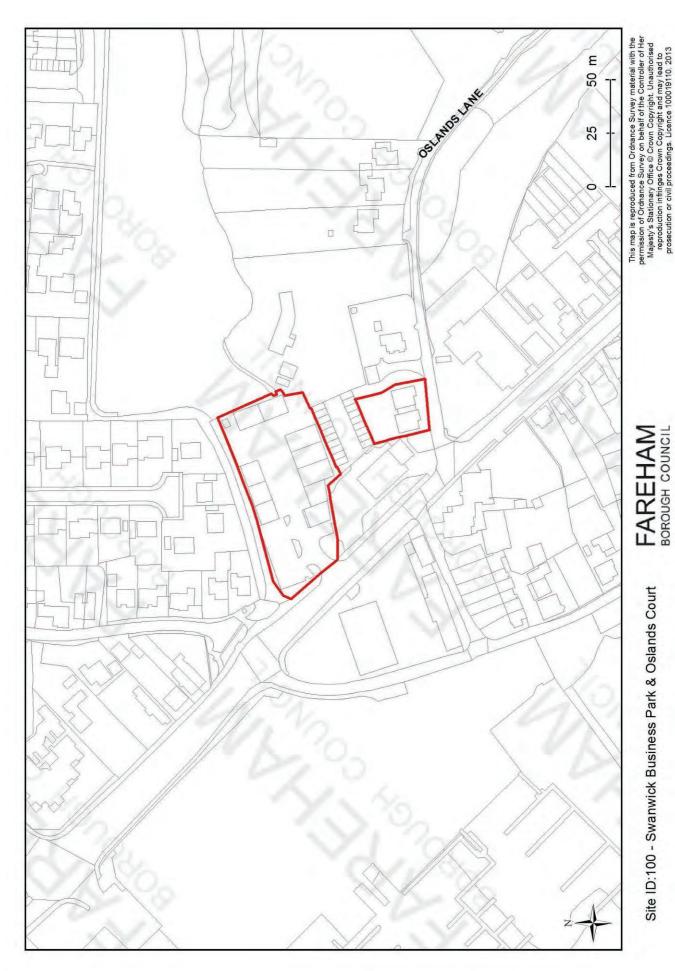
Site Address Brook Avenue/	Brook Lane (junction	of)			
Site Ref	98				
Ward	Warsash, Park Gate	Size	0.34 Ha		
Market Segment	B1 and A1				
Description of Site and	1,632 sq m				
Location:	The site comprises t	wo medium	/large buil	dings either side of	
	Brook Avenue where			J	
	The site is formed o			vo storev brick built	
	office blocks, part of				
	has a low density wit				
	_				
Market Attractiveness Criteria					
1.1: Has the site been formally in	dentified for employmen	t for at least	10 years?	Yes	
1.2: Has there been any recent	development activity, wit	thin the last 5	years?	No	
1.3: Is the site being actively ma	rketed as an employme	nt site?		Yes	
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev	eloper or another agend	cy known to	undertake	Na	
employment development?	,			No	
	robin/occupation or	and by an	aonioctics	Yes - Liberty	
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne		ied by an or	ganisation	Leasing Limited	
unlikely to bring it forward for de	velopment?			and private owner	
1.6: Would employment development	opment on this site be	viable, with	out public		
funding to resolve infrastructure				Yes	
1:7: Is the site immediately avail				Yes	
Market Appraisal	Site benefits from	m reason	able B1	building quality,	
	environmental qualit				
	removed from the				
	countryside surround				
	would restrict intens				
	and consists of onl				
	vacancy rates giving				
	site is one of very				
	Borough and should	l be retaine	d unless l	ong term vacancies	
	become an issue.				
Adjacent land use and	The site is within a				
conflicts	countryside and loca		ite is surro	unded by residential	
	to the north and west				
Known constraints and	The sites location res	stricts intens	sification of	f development.	
infrastructure requirements					
Strategic Planning Factors			1		
2.1: Is the site within an area ide				No	
2.2: Is the site identified or likely	to be required for a sp	ecific user o	specialist	Yes	
use?					
2.3: Is the site part of a co	emprehensive or long	term develo	pment or	No	
regeneration proposal?					
2.4: Is there public funding committed (or likely to be provided) sufficient to					
overcome infrastructure or on-site constraints to make employment N/A					
development viable?					
Strategic Planning and No relevant planning history.					
Access		-			
Recommendation	Site Score D - Below	v Average.	There are	limited employment	
	Recommendation  Site Score D – Below Average. There are limited employment sites within the immediate vicinity and as the units are of good				
standard and access is reasonable, whilst there is occupational					
demand, this employment site should be retained.					



Site Address Warsash Villag	e Centre, off of Shore I	Road		
Site Ref	99			
Ward	Warsash	Size	0.35 Ha	
Market Segment	B1 and B2 units			
Description of Site and	3,270 sq m			
Location:	The site comprises i	number of b	ouildings ir	n B1-B8 use located
	behind retail units ald	ong Brook L	ane and Sh	nore Road. It offers a
	mix of single storey a			
	places attached to re			
	•	3	<b>J</b>	
<b>Market Attractiveness Criteria</b>				
1.1: Has the site been formally i	dentified for employmen	t for at least	10 years?	Yes
1.2: Has there been any recent				No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma			,	Yes
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev			undertake	
employment development?	olopor of allother agon	by Known to	andontano	No
				Yes - Expo (Drills)
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne	rship/occupation, or owi	ned by an or	ganisation	Ltd, Sea Sure Ltd
unlikely to bring it forward for de		iou by an or	garnoanori	and (multiple?)
drinkery to bring it forward for de	volopinione.			private owners
1.6: Would employment development	opment on this site be	viable with	out public	•
funding to resolve infrastructure			out passes	Yes
1:7: Is the site immediately avail				Yes
Market Appraisal	The site is intensiv	vely used	with a nu	
market Appraisar				
	functioning in a tight space, as such the environmental quality			
	and site layout is	relatively p	oor. Site	does benefit from
	and site layout is proximity to local am	relatively prenities fron	oor. Site n Warsash	does benefit from Local Centre. There
	and site layout is proximity to local am would appear to b	relatively prenities fron	oor. Site n Warsash	does benefit from Local Centre. There
	and site layout is proximity to local am	relatively prenities fron	oor. Site n Warsash	does benefit from Local Centre. There
Adjacent land use and	and site layout is proximity to local am would appear to b intensification.	relatively penities fron e very litt	ooor. Site n Warsash le chance	does benefit from Local Centre. There for expansion or
Adjacent land use and	and site layout is proximity to local am would appear to b intensification.  An employment area	relatively prenities from the very litter adjacent to	ooor. Site n Warsash le chance Warsash L	does benefit from Local Centre. There for expansion or ocal Centre, Coastal
Adjacent land use and conflicts	and site layout is proximity to local am would appear to b intensification.	relatively prenities from the very litter adjacent to	ooor. Site n Warsash le chance Warsash L	does benefit from Local Centre. There for expansion or ocal Centre, Coastal
conflicts	and site layout is proximity to local am would appear to be intensification.  An employment area Zone and area of spe	relatively penenities from ne very litted adjacent to cial residen	ooor. Site n Warsash le chance Warsash L tial charact	does benefit from Local Centre. There for expansion or ocal Centre, Coastal er.
conflicts  Known constraints and	and site layout is proximity to local am would appear to be intensification.  An employment area Zone and area of spe	relatively penetities from the very litter adjacent to cial resident	ooor. Site n Warsash le chance Warsash L tial charact	does benefit from Local Centre. There for expansion or ocal Centre, Coastal er.
conflicts	and site layout is proximity to local am would appear to be intensification.  An employment area Zone and area of spe	relatively penetities from the very litter adjacent to cial resident	ooor. Site n Warsash le chance Warsash L tial charact	does benefit from Local Centre. There for expansion or ocal Centre, Coastal er.
conflicts  Known constraints and	and site layout is proximity to local am would appear to be intensification.  An employment area Zone and area of spe	relatively penetities from the very litter adjacent to cial resident	ooor. Site n Warsash le chance Warsash L tial charact	does benefit from Local Centre. There for expansion or ocal Centre, Coastal er.
conflicts  Known constraints and	and site layout is proximity to local am would appear to be intensification.  An employment area Zone and area of spe	relatively penetities from the very litter adjacent to cial resident	ooor. Site n Warsash le chance Warsash L tial charact	does benefit from Local Centre. There for expansion or ocal Centre, Coastal er.
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements	and site layout is proximity to local am would appear to be intensification.  An employment area Zone and area of spe	relatively penetities from the very litter adjacent to cial resident	ooor. Site n Warsash le chance Warsash L tial charact	does benefit from Local Centre. There for expansion or ocal Centre, Coastal er.
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors	and site layout is proximity to local am would appear to be intensification.  An employment area Zone and area of specific the site is configured packed limiting any second control of the site is configured packed.	relatively penetities from the very litter adjacent to cial resident d poorly with acope for fur	ooor. Site n Warsash le chance Warsash L tial charact	does benefit from Local Centre. There for expansion or ocal Centre, Coastal er.
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide	and site layout is proximity to local am would appear to be intensification.  An employment area Zone and area of special transfer is configured packed limiting any sentified as of strategic improvements.	relatively penetities from the very litter adjacent to cial resident to cope for furties aportance.	ooor. Site n Warsash le chance Warsash L tial charact n limited pa	does benefit from Local Centre. There for expansion or ocal Centre, Coastal er.  Irking and is tightly ification.
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors	and site layout is proximity to local am would appear to be intensification.  An employment area Zone and area of special transfer is configured packed limiting any sentified as of strategic improvements.	relatively penetities from the very litter adjacent to cial resident to cope for furties aportance.	ooor. Site n Warsash le chance Warsash L tial charact n limited pa	does benefit from Local Centre. There for expansion or ocal Centre, Coastal er.  arking and is tightly ification.
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?	and site layout is proximity to local am would appear to be intensification.  An employment area Zone and area of spe  The site is configured packed limiting any sentified as of strategic important to be required for a specific	relatively penenities from the very little adjacent to cial resident dipoorly with cope for fur diportance. ecific user of	warsash L tial charact I limited pa ther intens	does benefit from Local Centre. There for expansion or ocal Centre, Coastal er.  arking and is tightly iffication.
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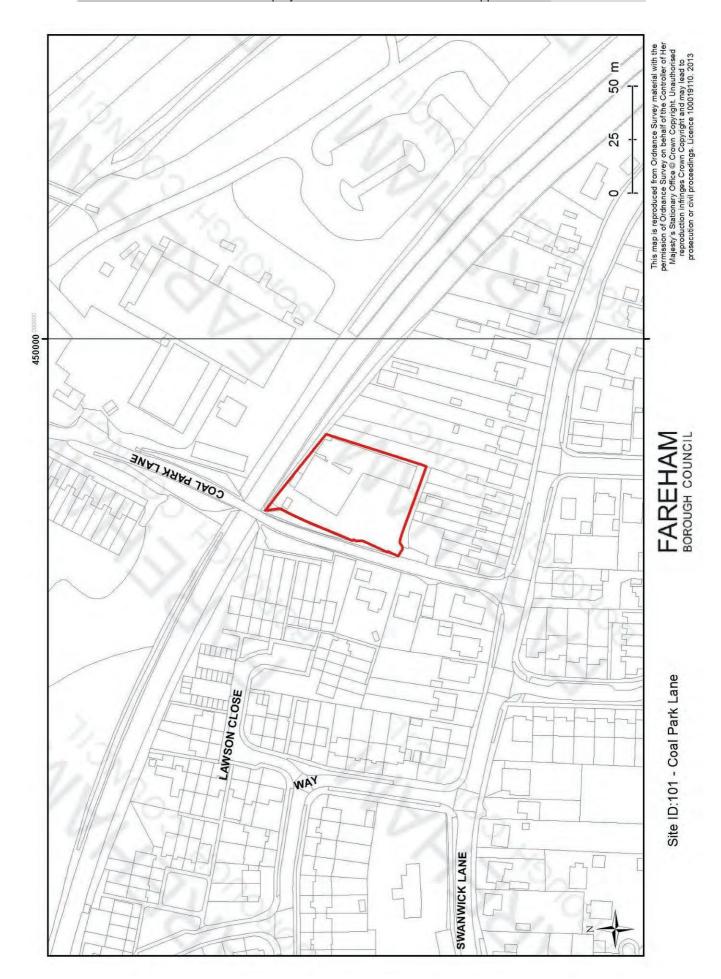


Site Address Swanwick Business Centre & Oslands Court, off Bridge Road						
Site Ref	100	, , ,				
Ward	Sarisbury	Size	0.41 Ha			
Market Segment	B1 and B2					
Description of Site and						
Location:	Swanwick Business Centre and Oslands Court office block are					
	located along Oslands Lane and includes marine orientated					
	Swanwick Business Centre and adjacent B1 Oslands Court. Swanwick Business Centre is a modern B2 estate, brick built					
	with direct access to					
	and shape and are set out in a cul-de-sac layout. Oslands Court consists of 2, two storey attached office buildings, with limited					
	parking. Access to B					
Market Attractiveness Criteria		<u>-</u>				
1.1: Has the site been formally i		t for at least 1	10 years?	Yes		
1.2: Has there been any recent				No		
1.3: Is the site being actively ma			years:	Yes		
			undortoko	163		
1.4: Is the site owned by a development?	eloper of allottier agent	by KIIOWII IO	unuentake	Yes		
employment development?				Yes - SBP - Uptel		
4.5. la tha aita in moultinla avena	robin/occupation or accu		an in ation	Ltd, Southern Water Services		
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne		ied by an or	ganisation			
unlikely to bring it forward for de	velopment?			and private owner.		
				OC – Ibcon		
4.C. Marild amplement devel		طائنين ملطمئين	مناطبیم است	Construction Ltd		
1.6: Would employment develo			out public	Yes		
funding to resolve infrastructure		nts?		Vaa		
1:7: Is the site immediately avail				Yes		
warket Appraisai		Market Appraisal The site scores well due to the quality of the buildings, site				
layout and the high environmental quality. However, the site is						
		environment	al quality.	However, the site is		
	away from substantia	environment al local ame	al quality.	However, the site is is poorly served by		
	away from substantia public transport. Ex	environment al local ame pansion ma	al quality. nities and y be poss	However, the site is is poorly served by ible if adjacent car		
	away from substantic public transport. Ex showroom were to b	environment al local ame pansion ma secome avai	al quality. nities and y be poss lable. But	However, the site is is poorly served by ible if adjacent car the site is bounded		
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Adjacent land use and conflicts	away from substantic public transport. Ex showroom were to be by residential propedifficult.  Larger site is oppositions to the week substantial transfer site.	environment al local ame pansion ma ecome avai rties as wel te Swanwicl est, with co	al quality. nities and y be poss lable. But ll, so inten k Shore co-	However, the site is is poorly served by ible if adjacent car the site is bounded sification would be inservation area and		
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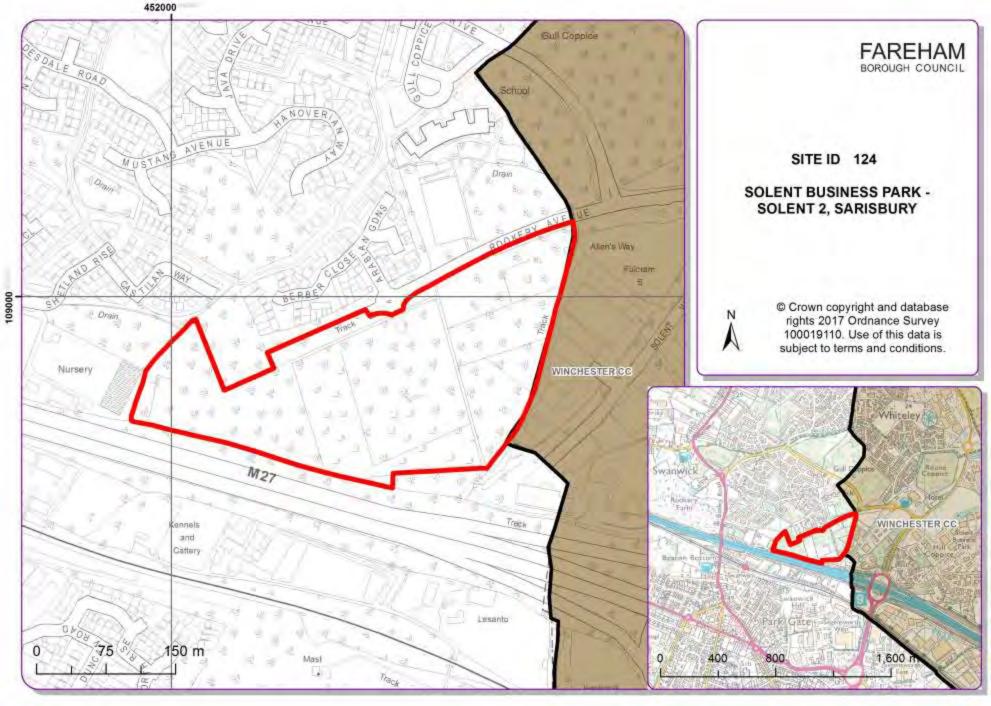


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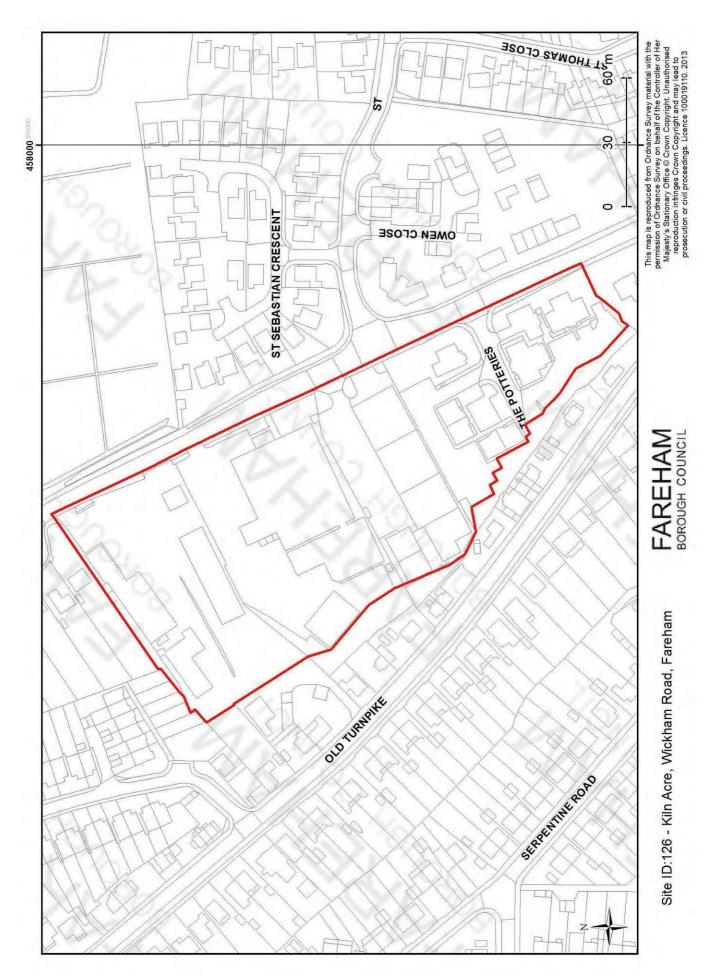
Site Address Coal Park Lane	ļ						
Site Ref	101						
Ward	Sarisbury	Size	0.24 Ha				
Market Segment	B2 and B8						
Description of Site and	950 sq m		1				
Location:	The site comprises	three conr	nected build	lings to the east of			
	Coal Park Lane south	h of the rai	ilway. The n	orthern and eastern			
	buildings are single storey sheds, whilst the central building is						
	a red brick, two storey office block. The site is served by a large						
	car park and small road linking it to Coal Park Lane and						
	Swanwick Lane.						
Market Attractiveness Criteria			40	Vaa			
1.1: Has the site been formally i				Yes			
1.2: Has there been any recent			5 years?	No Yes			
1.3: Is the site being actively ma				res			
1.4: Is the site owned by a development?	eloper or another agend	cy known to	undertake	No			
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne	rehin/occupation or own	and by an o	rappication				
unlikely to bring it forward for de		ied by an c	nganisation	No			
1.6: Would employment development	noment on this site he	viable wit	hout nublic				
funding to resolve infrastructure			nout public	Yes			
1:7: Is the site immediately avail		11.0.		Yes			
Market Appraisal	The site has poor acc	ess and li	mited promi				
That it of 7 ippi arour	the score for the sit						
	simple layout and rea						
	and neighbour issue						
	intensification. Not co						
	suitability and poor b	uilding qua	ality.				
Adiacont land was and	The site is an annular						
conflicts	is countryside.	Adjacent land use and The site is an employment area within urban area. To the north					
Connicts		ment area	within urba	n area. To the north			
	.5 South yolder	ment area	within urba	n area. To the north			
Known constraints and	-						
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements	The site has poor acc						
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements	-						
infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors	The site has poor acc	ess and lir		nence.			
Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide	The site has poor accentified as of strategic im	ess and lir	mited promii				
Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely	The site has poor accentified as of strategic im	ess and lir	mited promii	nence.			
Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?	The site has poor accentified as of strategic important to be required for a sp	portance.	nited promin	nence.			
Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a co	The site has poor accentified as of strategic important to be required for a sp	portance.	nited promin	nence.			
Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?	The site has poor acconnected as of strategic important of the site has poor acconnected as of strategic important of the site has poor acconnected as of strategic important of the site has poor acconnected as of strategic important of the site has poor acconnected as of strategic important of the site has poor acconnected as of strategic important of the site has poor acconnected as of strategic important of the site has poor acconnected as of strategic important of the site has poor acconnected as of strategic important of the site has poor acconnected as of strategic important of the site has poor acconnected as of strategic important of the site has poor acconnected as of strategic important of the site has poor acconnected as of strategic important of the site has poor acconnected as of strategic important of the site has poor acconnected as of strategic important of the site has poor acconnected as of strategic important of the site has poor account of	portance. ecific user of	or specialist	No No			
infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding core	The site has poor acceptified as of strategic important to be required for a sponger property or long mmitted (or likely to be	portance. ecific user of term deve	or specialist lopment or sufficient to	No No No			
infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a corregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corrovercome infrastructure or	The site has poor acceptified as of strategic important to be required for a sponger property or long mmitted (or likely to be	portance. ecific user of term deve	or specialist lopment or sufficient to	No			
infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a corregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corrovercome infrastructure or development viable?	The site has poor acceptified as of strategic important of the policy to be required for a spontant of the policy to be required for a spontant of the policy to be on-site constraints to	portance. ecific user of term deve	or specialist lopment or sufficient to	No No No			
infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a corregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corrovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	The site has poor acceptified as of strategic important to be required for a sponger property or long mmitted (or likely to be	portance. ecific user of term deve	or specialist lopment or sufficient to	No No No			
infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a corregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corrovercome infrastructure or development viable?	The site has poor acceptified as of strategic important of the policy to be required for a spontant of the policy to be required for a spontant of the policy to be on-site constraints to	portance. ecific user of term deve	or specialist lopment or sufficient to	No No No			
infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	The site has poor acceptified as of strategic implementation of the polyton of the site of	portance. ecific user of term deversion make exprovided):	or specialist lopment or sufficient to employment	No No No No			
infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding coreovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	The site has poor acceptified as of strategic important of the policy to be required for a spontant of the policy to be required for a spontant of the policy to be on-site constraints to	portance. ecific user of term deve provided): make expenses and line.	or specialist lopment or sufficient to employment	No No No No N/A			
infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	The site has poor acceptified as of strategic important of the property of the	portance. ecific user of term deve provided) so make exhistory.  The site lor access.	or specialist lopment or sufficient to employment lacks promile it is also re	No No No No N/A			
infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	entified as of strategic imprehensive or long mmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to No relevant planning  Site Score E – Low. build quality with po expansion and integredominantly reside	portance. ecific user of term deve provided) so make of history.  The site lor access. ensification ential locations	or specialist lopment or sufficient to employment lacks prominities also ren. Given	No No No No No No stricted in terms of its position in a			
infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	entified as of strategic important of the site has poor accompanied as of strategic important of the s	portance. ecific user of term deve provided) so make of history.  The site lor access. ensification ential locations	or specialist lopment or sufficient to employment lacks prominities also ren. Given	No No No No No No stricted in terms of its position in a			



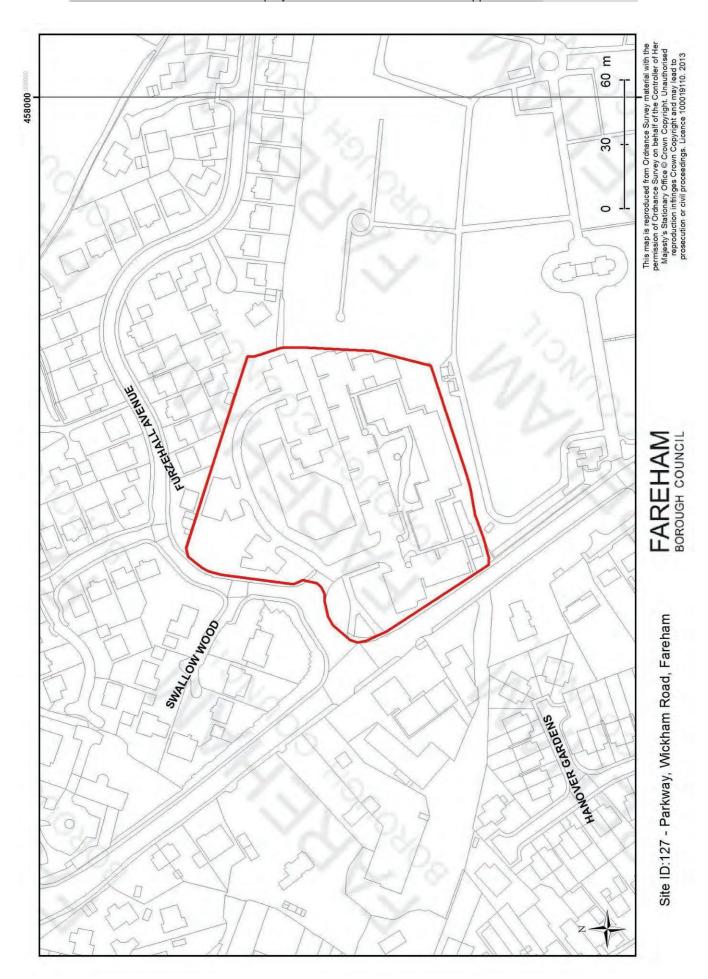
Site Address Solent 2, White	ley (Rookery Avenue)				
Site Ref	124				
Ward	Sarisbury	Size	9.84 Ha		
Market Segment	B1, B2 or B8				
Description of Site and Location:	Indicative floorspace 23,500 sq m (takes account of extensive tree coverage & SINCs) The site is an ancient & semi-natural woodland and scrub and is readily accessible from Rookery Avenue. The site is allocated				
	and has extant planning permission. A new application understood to be imminent.				
Market Attractiveness Criteria					
1.1: Has the site been formally in				Yes	
1.2: Has there been any recent			years?	No	
1.3: Is the site being actively ma				Yes	
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev employment development?				Yes	
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne unlikely to bring it forward for de		ned by an or	ganisation	No	
1.6: Would employment develor funding to resolve infrastructure	opment on this site be		out public	No	
1:7: Is the site immediately avail				Yes	
Adjacent land use and conflicts  Known constraints and	The site has an existi the M27. It is a comm although B2 is prefer safeguard land to allo Avenue through to Bo may be sought towar improved pedestrian to be provided.  Rookery Avenue an Solent Way business Field Nursery and wo The site has an exten	ercially attra red. Proposi bw for the fu otley Road a ds its compl facilities on d residentia s park to the odland to the sive coverage	active site fals for the sture complement a finance letion. Safe Rookery A let east; M2 let west.  ge of TPO's	for B1 and B2 uses, site would need to letion of Rookery cial contribution crossing and evenue would need ment to the north; 7 to the south; Gull s. The site contains	
ancient woodland, priority meadow grassland, priority woodland habitat and SINC meadow. It also supports notable species. Any development on the site would need to be restricted to areas of site not covered by SINC designation.					
Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide	entified as of strategic im	nortance		No	
<ul> <li>2.1: Is the site within an area identified as of strategic importance.</li> <li>2.2: Is the site identified or likely to be required for a specific user or specialist use?</li> </ul>					
2.3: Is the site part of a comprehensive or long term development or regeneration proposal?  Yes					
2.4: Is there public funding committed (or likely to be provided) sufficient to overcome infrastructure or on-site constraints to make employment development viable?					
Strategic Planning and Access	Residential and B1 de	evelopment.			
Recommendation	Site Score B – About attractive site for the preference would be congestion constrain B8 uses.	e proposed for B2. The	B1 or B2 location	uses although the with its access and	



Site Address Kiln Acre, Wick	ham Road			
Site Ref	126			
Ward	Fareham East	Size	2.38 Ha	
Market Segment	B1, B2, D2, sui generis			
Description of Site and	15,644 sq m of buildir	nas		
Location:	The site is located of (A32). The site is a combination with a more untidy,	off Wickham ation of hig	h quality B	1 units to the south
Market Attractiveness Criteria	units to the north. The a cul-de-sac layout versing multiple unit north have individual	e office area vith a single s, whereas	a, known as e access of the other	s "the Potteries" has ff of Wickham Road
1.1: Has the site been formally i		t for at least	10 years?	Yes
1.2: Has there been any recent				No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma			years:	Yes
			undartaka	162
1.4: Is the site owned by a development?				Yes
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne unlikely to bring it forward for de	velopment?	•	·	Yes
1.6: Would employment development development funding to resolve infrastructure	or other on-site constrai	,	out public	Yes
1:7: Is the site immediately avail  Market Appraisal	able? The site is located v			Yes
	environmental or her access onto the stra site do suffer from a and the site is less "permissions for an a the character. Expans	tegic road i lack of bu B-use" focu mbulance s sion/intensit	network. He ilding and ssed to the station and fication opt	owever, parts of the landscaping quality e north where recent a gym have altered ions are limited.
Adjacent land use and conflicts	Kiln Acre is an emplo is bounded by reside is raised above the en	ntial develo	pment to t	
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements	Poorer quality building			nity to residential.
Strategic Planning Factors	organis to the state of the		1	Na
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?			r specialist	No No
2.3: Is the site part of a co	omprehensive or long	term develo	opment or	No
regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?	mmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to			N/A
Strategic Planning and Access	Various change of us	e applicatio	ns.	
Recommendation	Site Score D – Below for different uses. Al- quality, and it is wit benefits from good ve	though som	ne of the bu	uilding are of poorer



Site Address Parkway, Wickl	nam Road				
Site Ref	127				
Ward	Fareham East	Size	1.34 Ha		
Market Segment	B1				
Description of Site and Location:	5,790 sq m The site is located of a shared access wi	th Furzehal	l Avenue.	It consists of two	
	reasonably modern office buildings with their own parking areas. The building to the north is set within a reasonably good landscaped environment, whilst the building to the south has given most of its surroundings away to parking. The southern building suffers from an undersupply of parking which is apparent most times of day by cars parked on the nearby				
Market Attractiveness Criteria	highway and access	points.			
1.1: Has the site been formally in	dentified for employmen	t for at least 1	0 vears?	Yes	
	ent development activity, within the last 5 years?				
1.3: Is the site being actively ma			years:	Yes	
			undertake		
employment development?	eveloper or another agency known to undertake Yes				
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne unlikely to bring it forward for de	nership/occupation, or owned by an organisation development?				
1.6: Would employment develor funding to resolve infrastructure	elopment on this site be viable, without public re or other on-site constraints?				
1:7: Is the site immediately avail  Market Appraisal	able? The site has a reason			Yes	
Adjacent land use and conflicts	style of the buildings than B2 or B8. There intensification given concerns over parkir Junction 10 of the M the market attraction  The site comprises a There is a cemetery	are limited the proximiting. If the Wei 27 becoming to the site.	opportunit ty of reside lborne dev g all-move	ies for expansion or ential dwellings and velopment results in es, this will increase of thin the urban area.	
	north and is opposite			,	
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements	The site has shared a suffers from poor par			tial to the north and	
Strategic Planning Factors					
2.1: Is the site within an area ide				No	
2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?	to be required for a sp	ecific user or	specialist	No	
2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?	emprehensive or long	term develo	pment or	No	
2.4: Is there public funding cor	nmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to			N/A	
Strategic Planning and Access	No relevant planning	history.			
Recommendation	Site Score C – Av buildings of reasona A32. Parking provision intensification is unli	ble conditio on is inadeq	n, in a cor	mprises two office nvenient location off rther expansion and	



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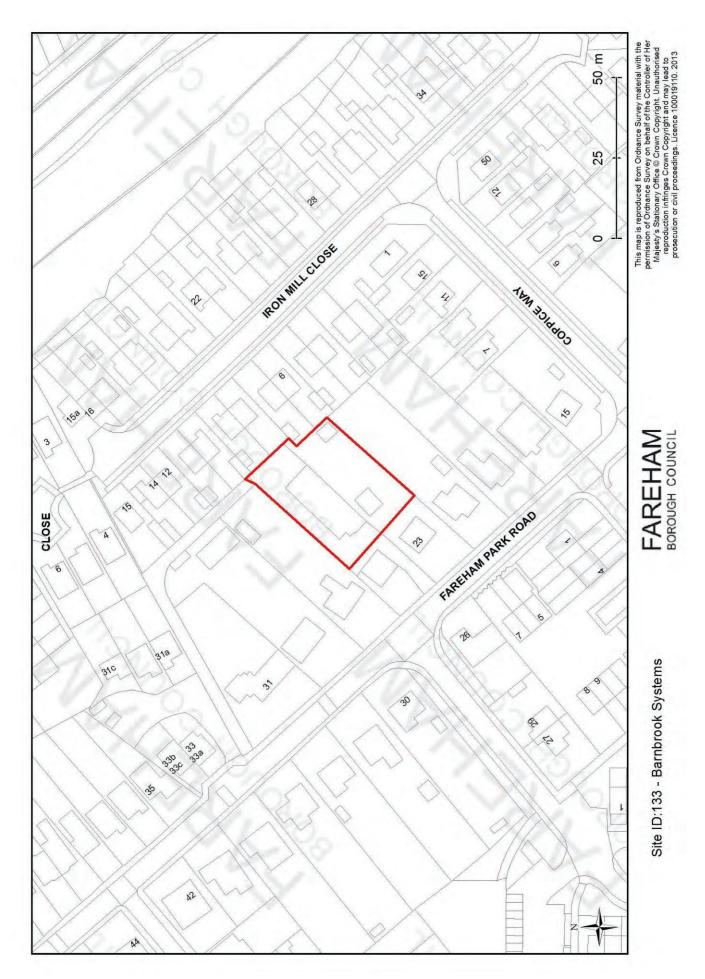
Site Address Furzehall Farm, Wickham Road					
Site Ref	128				
Ward	Fareham East	Size	1.96 Ha	<u> </u>	
Market Segment	B1 and sui generis				
Description of Site and	5,618 sq m				
Location:	The site is located				
	immediately south of				
	two distinct area w				
	(some of which are				
	Furzehall Court and associated buildings to the south. Both have access off of Wickham Road via a designated arm of a				
	roundabout. The site				
	surface parking. Bo conversion to north.	oundary rec	aucea to	exclude residential	
Market Attractiveness Criteria					
1.1: Has the site been formally in		t for at least ?	10 years?	Yes	
1.2: Has there been any recent				No	
1.3: Is the site being actively ma			yours:	Yes	
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev			undertake		
employment development?	and the agent	.,		Yes	
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne	rship/occupation, or own	ned by an or	ganisation	Vaa	
unlikely to bring it forward for de		<b>,</b>		Yes	
1.6: Would employment development	opment on this site be		out public	Yes	
funding to resolve infrastructure		nts?			
1:7: Is the site immediately avail				Yes	
Market Appraisal	The site is in close p				
	location off of a roundabout. If the Welborne development results in Junction 10 of the M27 becoming all-moves, this will				
	increase the market	attraction t	o the site.	The site has good	
	increase the market quality B1 facilities a	attraction t and a good	o the site. layout. Th	The site has good ere are some small	
	increase the market quality B1 facilities a expansion possibil	attraction t and a good ities for	o the site. layout. The Furzehall	The site has good ere are some small Court, although	
	increase the market quality B1 facilities a expansion possibil extensions outside of	attraction t and a good ities for f the urban	o the site. layout. The Furzehall	The site has good ere are some small Court, although	
Adjacent land use and	increase the market quality B1 facilities a expansion possibil extensions outside of the considered accept	attraction to and a good ities for of the urband able.	o the site. layout. The Furzehall area boun	The site has good ere are some small Court, although dary are unlikely to	
Adjacent land use and conflicts	increase the market quality B1 facilities a expansion possibil extensions outside of the considered acceptance of the site comprises a	attraction tand a good ities for for the urbantable. In employments	o the site. layout. The Furzehall area boun	The site has good ere are some small Court, although dary are unlikely to	
	increase the market quality B1 facilities a expansion possibil extensions outside of the considered accept	attraction tand a good ities for for the urbantable. In employmene north.	o the site. layout. The Furzehall area boun ent area wi	The site has good ere are some small Court, although dary are unlikely to thin the urban area,	
conflicts	increase the market quality B1 facilities a expansion possibil extensions outside of the site comprises a with countryside to the	attraction tand a good ities for for the urbantable. In employmene north.	o the site. layout. The Furzehall area boun ent area wi	The site has good ere are some small Court, although dary are unlikely to thin the urban area,	
conflicts Known constraints and	increase the market quality B1 facilities a expansion possibil extensions outside of the considered accept. The site comprises a with countryside to the part of the site is outside.	attraction tand a good ities for for the urbantable. In employmene north.	o the site. layout. The Furzehall area boun ent area wi	The site has good ere are some small Court, although dary are unlikely to thin the urban area,	
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors	increase the market quality B1 facilities a expansion possibil extensions outside of the considered accept. The site comprises a with countryside to the Part of the site is outsidevelopment.	attraction tand a good ities for for the urbantable. In employmene north. Side urban a	o the site. layout. The Furzehall area boun ent area wi	The site has good ere are some small Court, although dary are unlikely to thin the urban area,	
Conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide	increase the market quality B1 facilities a expansion possibil extensions outside of the considered accept. The site comprises a with countryside to the Part of the site is outsidevelopment.	attraction to and a good ities for for the urban table. In employment and urban a portance.	o the site. layout. The Furzehall area bounent area wirea which r	The site has good ere are some small Court, although dary are unlikely to thin the urban area,	
Conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely	increase the market quality B1 facilities a expansion possibil extensions outside of the considered accept. The site comprises a with countryside to the Part of the site is outsidevelopment.	attraction to and a good ities for for the urban table. In employment and urban a portance.	o the site. layout. The Furzehall area bounent area wirea which r	The site has good ere are some small Court, although dary are unlikely to thin the urban area, may restrict	
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?	increase the market quality B1 facilities a expansion possibil extensions outside of the considered accept. The site comprises a with countryside to the Part of the site is outsidevelopment.	attraction to and a good ities for for the urban cable. In employment and urban a portance.	o the site. layout. The Furzehall area boun ent area wi rea which r	The site has good ere are some small Court, although dary are unlikely to thin the urban area, may restrict	
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a constraint of a constrai	increase the market quality B1 facilities a expansion possibil extensions outside of the considered accept. The site comprises a with countryside to the Part of the site is outsidevelopment.	attraction to and a good ities for for the urban cable. In employment and urban a portance.	o the site. layout. The Furzehall area boun ent area wi rea which r	The site has good ere are some small Court, although dary are unlikely to thin the urban area, may restrict	
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?	increase the market quality B1 facilities a expansion possibil extensions outside of be considered accept. The site comprises a with countryside to the Part of the site is outsidevelopment.	attraction to and a good ities for a the urban table. In employment e north. In a tracking the side urban a tracking tracking the side urban a tracking tra	o the site. layout. The Furzehall area boun ent area with rea which rea which reament or	The site has good ere are some small Court, although dary are unlikely to thin the urban area, may restrict	
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding core	increase the market quality B1 facilities a expansion possibil extensions outside of be considered accept. The site comprises a with countryside to the Part of the site is outsidevelopment.	attraction to and a good ities for a few urban table. In employment e north. In existe urban a side urban a portance. In ecific user or term developrovided) su	o the site. layout. The Furzehall area boun ent area wirea which respectively specialist opment or ufficient to	The site has good ere are some small Court, although dary are unlikely to thin the urban area, may restrict	
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or	increase the market quality B1 facilities a expansion possibil extensions outside of be considered accept. The site comprises a with countryside to the Part of the site is outsidevelopment.  entified as of strategic imprehensive or long mmitted (or likely to be	attraction to and a good ities for a few urban table. In employment e north. In existe urban a side urban a portance. In ecific user or term developrovided) su	o the site. layout. The Furzehall area boun ent area wirea which respectively specialist opment or ufficient to	The site has good ere are some small Court, although dary are unlikely to thin the urban area, may restrict	
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a corregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corrovercome infrastructure or development viable?	increase the market quality B1 facilities a expansion possibil extensions outside of be considered accept. The site comprises a with countryside to the Part of the site is outsidevelopment.  entified as of strategic imprehensive or long mmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to	attraction to and a good ities for a few forms of the urban able. In employment e north. In	o the site. layout. The Furzehall area boun ent area with rea which respectively properties.	The site has good ere are some small Court, although dary are unlikely to thin the urban area, may restrict	
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding core overcome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	increase the market quality B1 facilities a expansion possibil extensions outside of be considered accept. The site comprises a with countryside to the Part of the site is outsidevelopment.  entified as of strategic imprehensive or long mmitted (or likely to be	attraction to and a good ities for a few forms of the urban able. In employment e north. In	o the site. layout. The Furzehall area boun ent area with rea which respectively properties.	The site has good ere are some small Court, although dary are unlikely to thin the urban area, may restrict	
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a corregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corrovercome infrastructure or development viable?	increase the market quality B1 facilities a expansion possibil extensions outside of be considered accept. The site comprises a with countryside to the Part of the site is outsidevelopment.  entified as of strategic imprehensive or long mmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to	attraction to and a good ities for a few forms of the urban able. In employment e north. In	o the site. layout. The Furzehall area boun ent area with rea which respectively properties.	The site has good ere are some small Court, although dary are unlikely to thin the urban area, may restrict	
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corevercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	increase the market quality B1 facilities a expansion possibil extensions outside of be considered accept. The site comprises a with countryside to the Part of the site is outsidevelopment.  entified as of strategic imprehensive or long mmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to	attraction to and a good ities for of the urban table. In employment e north. In employment	o the site. layout. The Furzehall area boun ent area wirea which respectively specialist opment or ufficient to apployment 0006.	The site has good ere are some small Court, although dary are unlikely to thin the urban area, may restrict  No No No No No	
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	increase the market quality B1 facilities a expansion possibil extensions outside of be considered accept. The site comprises a with countryside to the Part of the site is outsidevelopment.  entified as of strategic imprehensive or long mmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to site Score B – Above facilities and a good	attraction to and a good ities for a few provided and a good ities for a few provided and a good provided	o the site. layout. The Furzehall area boun ent area with rea which reasons are readily and readily and readily are readily and readily and readily are readily and readily and readily and readily are readily and readily and readily and readily are readily and readil	The site has good ere are some small Court, although dary are unlikely to thin the urban area, may restrict  No	
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	increase the market quality B1 facilities a expansion possibil extensions outside of be considered accept. The site comprises a with countryside to the Part of the site is outsidevelopment.  entified as of strategic important to be required for a spoomprehensive or long mmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to site Score B – Above facilities and a good on the site although	attraction to and a good ities for a fine urban table. In employment e north. Iside urban a portance. Iterm develor provided) so make en uildings in 2  The Average.  Layout. Ther this will be	o the site. layout. The Furzehall area boun ent area wirea which rea which read whi	The site has good ere are some small Court, although dary are unlikely to thin the urban area, may restrict  No No No No No one Mo as good quality B1 for some expansion ed on areas outside	
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	increase the market quality B1 facilities a expansion possibil extensions outside of be considered accept. The site comprises a with countryside to the Part of the site is outsidevelopment.  entified as of strategic important to be required for a spoomprehensive or long mmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to Site Score B – Above facilities and a good on the site although the urban boundary.	attraction to and a good ities for a few provided provide	o the site. layout. The Furzehall area boun ent area wirea which rea which respectively a specialist openit or a specialist	The site has good ere are some small Court, although dary are unlikely to thin the urban area, may restrict  No No No No No A  No	
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	increase the market quality B1 facilities a expansion possibil extensions outside of be considered accept. The site comprises a with countryside to the Part of the site is outsidevelopment.  entified as of strategic important to be required for a spoomprehensive or long mmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to site Score B – Above facilities and a good on the site although	attraction to and a good ities for of the urban table. In employment e north. In employment e north. In exide urban a side	o the site. layout. The Furzehall area boun ent area wirea which rea which respectively a specialist openit or a specialist	The site has good ere are some small Court, although dary are unlikely to thin the urban area, may restrict  No No No No No A  No	

FAREHAM BOROUGH COUNCIL

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Site ID:128 - Furzehall Farm, Wickham Road, Fareham

Site Address Barnbrook Sys	tems				
Site Ref	133				
Ward	Fareham North West	Size	0.12 Ha		
Market Segment	B1				
Description of Site and	956 sq m				
Location:	Barnbrook Systems predominantly reside				
	to the A27.	illiai ioau, c	ii iligiliali	us itoau willeli illiks	
	The site comprises buildings that are bu Road. It is a very dwellings. The office The site has a single site has limited parking.	ilt to the re small site buildings ar access bet	ar of 23 ar predomin e 2 storey	nd 25 Fareham Park ated by residential brick built units.	
Market Attractiveness Criteria		ig.			
1.1: Has the site been formally in		t for at least 1	In veare?	Yes	
1.2: Has there been any recent				No	
1.3: Is the site being actively ma			years:	Yes	
			undertake	Yes	
employment development?	,				
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne unlikely to bring it forward for de		No			
	velopment on this site be viable, without public ure or other on-site constraints?				
1:7: Is the site immediately avail		1110:		Yes	
Market Appraisal	The site is a reasona	hle R1 offic	e huilding		
markot Appraioar	location, which suff				
	parking, but is rela				
	Highlands Road. The				
	and it is not conside				
	find the location ap				
	Therefore not conside	ered worthy	of long ter	m protection.	
Adjacent land use and conflicts					
Known constraints and	The site suffers from	poor access	with limite	ed parking.	
infrastructure requirements				- a p	
Strategic Planning Factors	matifical an of streets to		1	Ma	
2.1: Is the site within an area ide			on a alaliat	No	
2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?	•			No	
2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?	omprehensive or long	term develo	pment or	No	
2.4: Is there public funding cor	mmitted (or likely to be	provided) si	ufficient to		
overcome infrastructure or development viable?				N/A	
Strategic Planning and	No relevant planning	history			
Access	roiovain plaining				
Docommondation	Cito Cooro E La	The site of	mnrices -	ffices of recommende	
Recommendation	Site Score E – Low. quality and whilst the				
	prevail however when				
	location is unlikely				
	redevelopment prosp				
				J	

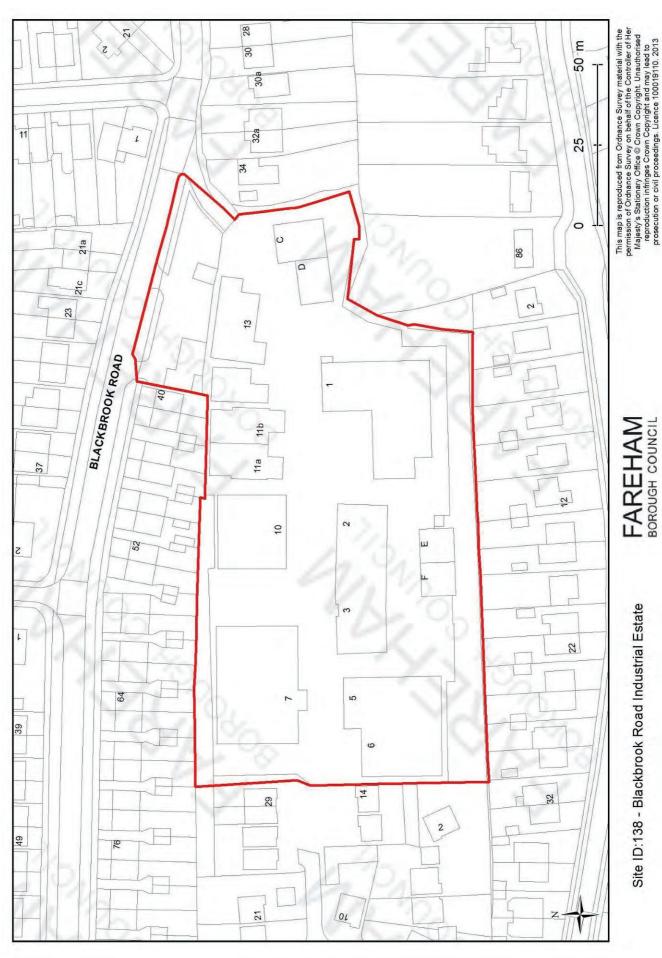


Site Address Swanwick Shor	e Road			
Site Ref	137			
Ward	Sarisbury	Size	0.36 Ha	
Market Segment	B1c/B2			
Description of Site and Location:	2,279 sq m of building. The site is located by Road (A27) south east. The site comprises a adjacent to Swanwic in the wider permissi would result in the in of the site to further for housing.	etween Sw st of Swanw large olde k Marina (S on for rede ndustrial flo	rick Marina. Ir style indu Site 104). The Evelopment Dorspace m	estrial sheds located ne site was included of the marina which oving from this part
Market Attractiveness Criteria				
1.1: Has the site been formally in				No
1.2: Has there been any recent of			5 years?	No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma	1 2			No
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev employment development?				Yes
1.5: Is the site in multiple owner unlikely to bring it forward for de	velopment?	-		No
funding to resolve infrastructure	lopment on this site be viable, without public e or other on-site constraints?			
1:7: Is the site immediately avail	able?			Yes
Adjacent land use and conflicts	preparation for redevenue poor building quality.  Swanwick Marina livesidential to the note east. The Old Ship put	es to the	north wes	st of the site with
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements	The site is within an permitted wider redev			
Strategic Planning Factors				
2.1: Is the site within an area ide				No
2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?	·		•	No
2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?			·	Yes
2.4: Is there public funding cor overcome infrastructure or development viable?	on-site constraints to	make e		N/A
Strategic Planning and Access	No relevant planning	history.		
Recommendation	Site Score B – Above and therefore should wider redevelopment	d, as it has	, be consid	



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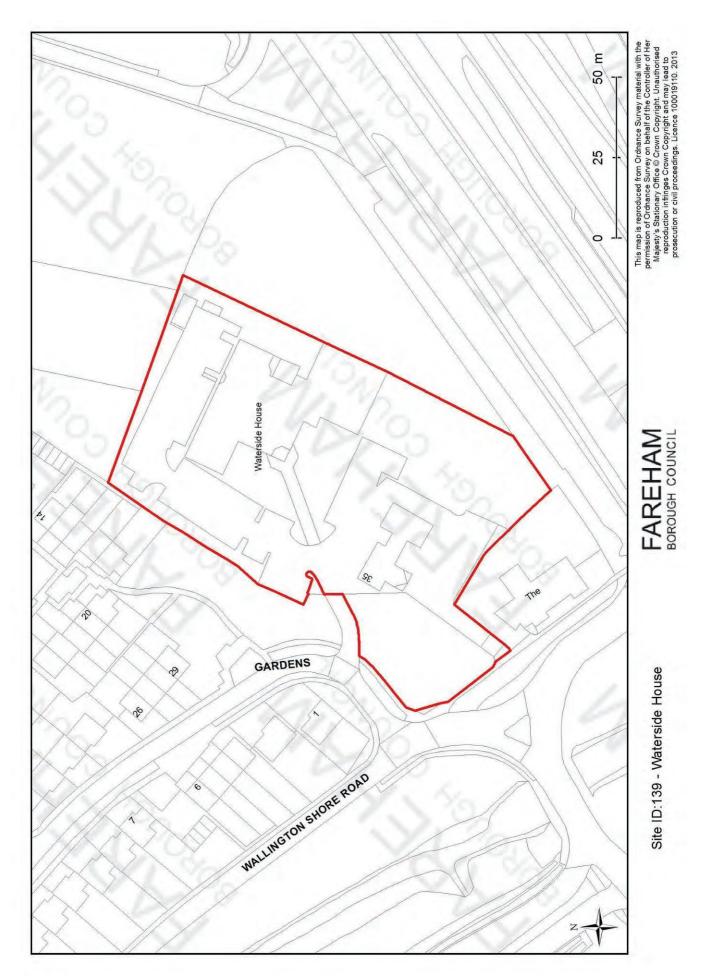
Site Address Blackbrook Roa	ad Industrial Estate			
Site Ref	138			
Ward	Fareham West	Size	1.69 Ha	
Market Segment	B1c,B2			
Description of Site and Location:	9,804 sq m of building Blackbrook is an ind and Jonathan Road/E It is a medium sized single or two storey	dustrial esta Blackbrook F industrial es	Park Avenu state consi	e. sting of a number of
Market Attractiveness Criterie	cladding. There is a onto Blackbrook Roa	single acce		
Market Attractiveness Criteria		t for at least	10 , , , , , , , ,	No
1.1: Has the site been formally in				No
1.2: Has there been any recent			years?	Yes
1.3: Is the site being actively ma				res
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev employment development?	•			Yes
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne unlikely to bring it forward for de	velopment?	•		No
1.6: Would employment develor funding to resolve infrastructure			out public	Yes
1:7: Is the site immediately avail				Yes
Adjacent land use and conflicts	The sites location influences the public The surrounding restypes of uses allow shrunk in size in preover to residential.  The site is located wall sides by residential	transport lisidential de ved in futuevious years	inks and the velopment re. The ins, with land	ne sites prominence. would restrict the industrial estate has d to the west given
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements	The site is within clos	se proximity	to residen	tial.
Strategic Planning Factors				T
2.1: Is the site within an area ide				No
2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?			•	No
2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?	omprehensive or long	term develo	pment or	No
2.4: Is there public funding cor overcome infrastructure or development viable?	on-site constraints to	make er	nployment	N/A
Strategic Planning and Access	Some resi developme	ent approval		
Recommendation	Site Score D – Belo units and buildings serves an important remains. However redeveloped for residences considering it is surre	for small I t function some of dential whice	ousiness a in the ma the site th is a suit	and start-ups which rket whilst demand has already been



FAREHAM BOROUGH COUNCIL

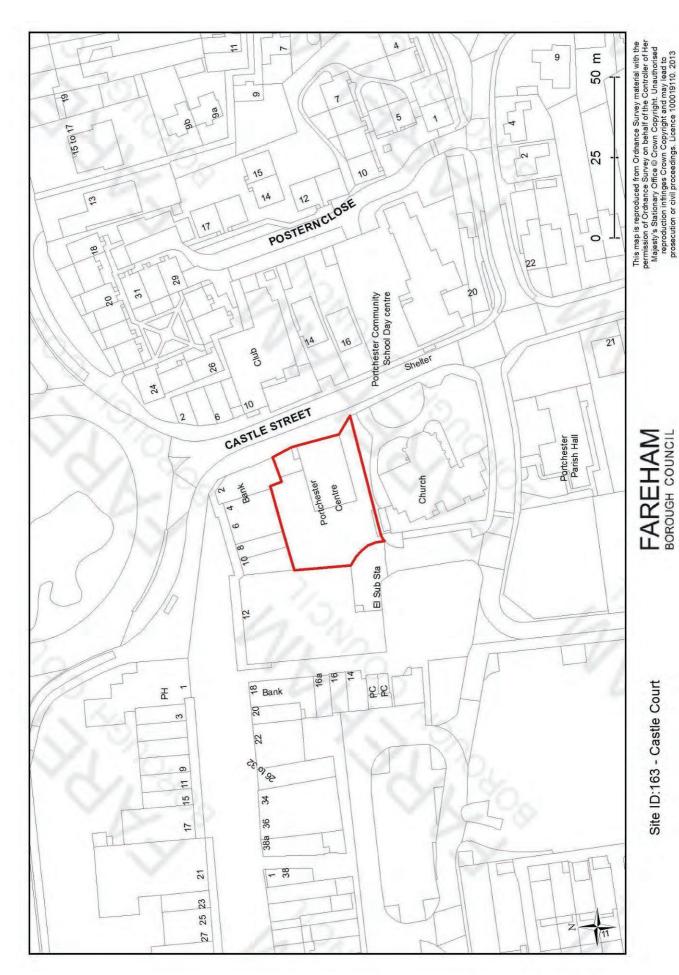
Site ID:138 - Blackbrook Road Industrial Estate

Site Address Waterside House	se, North of Delme Rou	ındabout			
Site Ref	139				
Ward	Fareham East	Size	1.28 Ha		
Market Segment	B1				
Description of Site and Location:  3,796 sq m The office buildings are located off Waterside Gardens, adjacent to the A27, north of Delme roundabout.  Waterside House comprises a modern looking office development of mainly 2 storey brick buildings. There is one					
large building to the north of the site, with a smaller block to the south. There is ample parking provided on site alongside good quality landscaping.					
Market Attractiveness Criteria	Leader Leader	( f ( l ( .	100	V	
	ormally identified for employment for at least 10 years? Yes				
	nt development activity, within the last 5 years?				
	ely marketed as an employment site?  a developer or another agency known to undertake				
employment development?	eloper or another agend	cy known to	undertake	Yes	
unlikely to bring it forward for de	1.5: Is the site in multiple ownership/occupation, or owned by an organisation unlikely to bring it forward for development?  Yes – Horatio Properties (Guernsey) Ltd, International Ltd private owner				
1.6: Would employment develor funding to resolve infrastructure	evelopment on this site be viable, without public Yes				
1:7: Is the site immediately avail				Yes	
	coupled with its envi highly. The site suff place adjacent to Del relatively easy car a suffered from relative recently been let to break. The only poss an area outside of the contrary to policy. Re unlikely as there is to	ers from perme roundabend HGV according to the control of the cont	eak time cout, althoucess to the acancy rate ho are un rexpansio boundary at for an al	ongestion given its agh this does ensure to M27. The site has tes although it has likely to operate its in would be utilising which is likely to be ternative use seems	
Adjacent land use and conflicts	The site is within ar boundary. There is a side of route into site	n urban are an area of	a adjacent	to the countryside	
Known constraints and	The site suffers from		ongestion.		
infrastructure requirements		-	_		
Strategic Planning Factors					
2.1: Is the site within an area ide	entified as of strategic im	portance.		No	
2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?			specialist	No	
2.3: Is the site part of a co	omprehensive or long	term develo	pment or	No	
regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding cor overcome infrastructure or development viable?	on-site constraints to	make en		N/A	
Strategic Planning and Access	No relevant planning	history.			
Recommendation	Site Score D – Below office building and d use is likely to contin	ue to its inh			



Site Address High Walls, No	rth of East Street				
Site Ref	161				
Ward	Fareham East	Size	0.23 Ha		
Market Segment	B1				
Description of Site and	1,431 sq m				
Location:	The site is located of				
	and is adjacent to Ly			essed via a narrow,	
	single lane road off o				
	The site consists of a			rey office block with	
	associated surface ar	ea car park.			
Market Attractiveness Criteria					
1.1: Has the site been formally i				Yes	
	t development activity, within the last 5 years?				
	narketed as an employment site?				
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev	eloper or another agend	cy known to	undertake	Yes	
employment development?					
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne		ned by an or	ganisation	No	
unlikely to bring it forward for de		2-11- 20-			
1.6: Would employment develo			out public	Yes	
funding to resolve infrastructure		nts?		Vaa	
1:7: Is the site immediately avail				Yes Contro and	
Market Appraisal	The site is in close associated amenities				
			•		
	strategic road nety				
	Congestion and the make sure the site is				
	There is limited room buildings or car parki		on as mos	t of the site is either	
Adjacent land use and	High Walls is an u		site with	in the High Street	
conflicts	conservation area. Si				
Committee	a private school and				
	Court, site 85).	u u uo	ou op.o,	,o u.ou (=)0000	
Known constraints and	The site suffers from	congestion	and poor a	ccess.	
infrastructure requirements		<b>3</b>			
Strategic Planning Factors	entified as of atratagis im	nortanaa	1	No	
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely			enocialis*	NU	
I .	y to be required for a sp	ecine user or	specialist	No	
	use?				
123. le the cite part of a a	mnrahansiya or long	term dovolo	nment or		
2.3: Is the site part of a co	omprehensive or long	term develo	pment or	No	
regeneration proposal?				No	
regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding contains the second region of the second region region of the second region of the second region	mmitted (or likely to be	provided) su	ifficient to		
regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding convercome infrastructure or		provided) su	ifficient to	No N/A	
regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding conovercome infrastructure or development viable?	mmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to	provided) su make en	ifficient to		
regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	mmitted (or likely to be	provided) su make en	ifficient to		
regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding conovercome infrastructure or development viable?	mmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to	provided) su make en	ifficient to		
regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	mmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to	provided) su make en history.	officient to apployment	N/A	
regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	mmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to No relevant planning  Site Score D – Below	provided) su make en history.	officient to apployment the site offer	N/A ers reasonable office	
regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	nmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to No relevant planning  Site Score D – Below space, within close p	provided) su make en history.  Average. T roximity to t	ifficient to inployment in the site offer he town ce	N/A ers reasonable office entre. However there	
regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	nmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to No relevant planning  Site Score D – Below space, within close p is little scope for exp	provided) su make en history.  Average. T roximity to to	ifficient to inployment he site offe town cetthe site has	N/A ers reasonable office entre. However there as poor access with	
regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	nmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to No relevant planning  Site Score D – Below space, within close p	provided) so make en history.  Average. Troximity to to ansion and likely to be	ifficient to inployment he site offe town cetthe site has	N/A ers reasonable office entre. However there as poor access with	

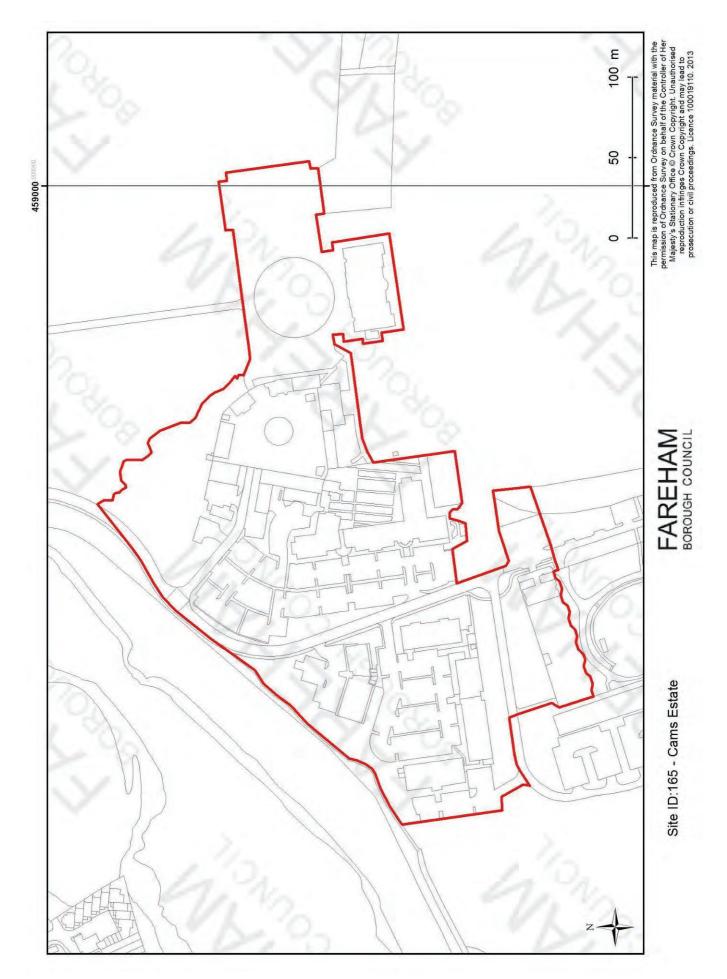
Site Address Castle Court, r	orthern end of Castle S	Street		
Site Ref	163			
Ward	Portchester East	Size	0.11 Ha	
Market Segment	B1			
Description of Site and	888 sq m			
Location:	The site comprises a	single office	ce block on	west side of Castle
	Street. The building i	s a 3 storey	office bloc	ck within the District
	Centre boundary. The			
	is the only purpose b	uilt office b	lock within	Portchester District
	centre.			
Market Attractiveness Criteria				
1.1: Has the site been formally				Yes
1.2: Has there been any recent			5 years?	No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma				Yes
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev	veloper or another agen	cy known to	undertake	No
employment development?				-
1.5: Is the site in multiple owner		ned by an o	rganisation	No
unlikely to bring it forward for de		2-11- 20		
1.6: Would employment devel			nout public	Yes
funding to resolve infrastructure		nts?		Yes
1:7: Is the site immediately avai		Nictrict Cont	tro and as	
Market Appraisal	The site is within a I			
	preferable for office			
	quality and has goo	a public tra	ansport and	a local amenities in
	close provimity Eve	ncion ic vo	ry unlikaly	
			ry unlikely	given that the site is
Adjacent land use and	mostly building or ca	r parking.		given that the site is
Adjacent land use and		r parking.		given that the site is
conflicts	mostly building or ca The site is within the	r parking. District Cer	ntre bounda	given that the site is
conflicts Known constraints and	mostly building or ca The site is within the Expansion is very un	r parking. District Cer	ntre bounda	given that the site is
conflicts	mostly building or ca The site is within the	r parking. District Cer	ntre bounda	given that the site is
conflicts Known constraints and	mostly building or ca The site is within the Expansion is very un	r parking. District Cer	ntre bounda	given that the site is
conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements	mostly building or ca The site is within the Expansion is very un	r parking. District Cer	ntre bounda	given that the site is
conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors	mostly building or ca The site is within the Expansion is very un or car parking.	r parking. District Cer likely given	ntre bounda	given that the site is ary for Portchester. e is mostly building
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area id	mostly building or ca The site is within the Expansion is very un or car parking.	r parking. District Cer likely given	that the sit	given that the site is
conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area id 2.2: Is the site identified or likely	mostly building or ca The site is within the Expansion is very un or car parking.	r parking. District Cer likely given	that the sit	given that the site is try for Portchester. e is mostly building
Conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area id 2.2: Is the site identified or likeluse?	mostly building or ca The site is within the Expansion is very un or car parking.  entified as of strategic im y to be required for a sp	r parking. District Cer likely given portance. ecific user o	that the sit	given that the site is ary for Portchester. e is mostly building
conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area id 2.2: Is the site identified or likel use? 2.3: Is the site part of a c	mostly building or ca The site is within the Expansion is very un or car parking.  entified as of strategic im y to be required for a sp	r parking. District Cer likely given portance. ecific user o	that the sit	given that the site is ary for Portchester. e is mostly building  No  No
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area id  2.2: Is the site identified or likel use?  2.3: Is the site part of a cregeneration proposal?	mostly building or ca The site is within the Expansion is very un or car parking.  entified as of strategic im y to be required for a sp	r parking. District Cer likely given  portance. ecific user o	that the sit	given that the site is try for Portchester. e is mostly building
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area id  2.2: Is the site identified or likeluse?  2.3: Is the site part of a cregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding co	mostly building or ca The site is within the Expansion is very un or car parking.  entified as of strategic im y to be required for a sp omprehensive or long mmitted (or likely to be	r parking.  District Cer  likely given  portance. ecific user of term developrovided) s	that the sit	ny for Portchester. e is mostly building  No  No
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area id  2.2: Is the site identified or likeluse?  2.3: Is the site part of a cregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding co overcome infrastructure or	mostly building or ca The site is within the Expansion is very un or car parking.  entified as of strategic im y to be required for a sp	r parking.  District Cer  likely given  portance. ecific user of term developrovided) s	that the sit	given that the site is ary for Portchester. e is mostly building  No  No
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area id  2.2: Is the site identified or likeluse?  2.3: Is the site part of a cregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding convercome infrastructure or development viable?	mostly building or ca The site is within the Expansion is very un or car parking.  entified as of strategic im y to be required for a sp omprehensive or long mmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to	r parking. District Cer likely given  portance. ecific user of term developrovided) so make electrics	that the sit	ny for Portchester. e is mostly building  No  No
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area id  2.2: Is the site identified or likeluse?  2.3: Is the site part of a cregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding convercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	mostly building or ca The site is within the Expansion is very un or car parking.  entified as of strategic im y to be required for a sp omprehensive or long mmitted (or likely to be	r parking. District Cer likely given  portance. ecific user of term developrovided) so make electrics	that the sit	given that the site is ary for Portchester.  e is mostly building  No  No  No
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area id  2.2: Is the site identified or likeluse?  2.3: Is the site part of a cregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding convercome infrastructure or development viable?	mostly building or ca The site is within the Expansion is very un or car parking.  entified as of strategic im y to be required for a sp omprehensive or long mmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to	r parking. District Cer likely given  portance. ecific user of term developrovided) so make electrics	that the sit	given that the site is ary for Portchester.  e is mostly building  No  No  No
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area id  2.2: Is the site identified or likel use?  2.3: Is the site part of a c regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding co overcome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	mostly building or ca The site is within the Expansion is very un or car parking.  entified as of strategic im y to be required for a spomprehensive or long mmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to	r parking.  District Cer  likely given  portance. ecific user of term developrovided) so make elements.	r specialist opment or ufficient to mployment	ny for Portchester. e is mostly building  No  No  No  No
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area id  2.2: Is the site identified or likeluse?  2.3: Is the site part of a cregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding convercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	mostly building or ca The site is within the Expansion is very un or car parking.  entified as of strategic im y to be required for a spomprehensive or long mmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to No relevant planning  Site Score D – Below	r parking.  District Cer  likely given  portance. ecific user of term developrovided) so make endistory.	that the site offer site of site o	ny for Portchester.  e is mostly building  No  No  No  No  No  No  No  No  No  N
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area id  2.2: Is the site identified or likel use?  2.3: Is the site part of a c regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding co overcome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	mostly building or ca The site is within the Expansion is very un or car parking.  entified as of strategic im y to be required for a spomprehensive or long mmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to No relevant planning  Site Score D – Below built office accomme	r parking.  District Cer  likely given  portance. ecific user of term develor provided) so make en  history.  Average.	r specialist opment or ufficient to mployment	ny for Portchester.  e is mostly building  No  No  No  No  No  No  No  No  No  N
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area id  2.2: Is the site identified or likeluse?  2.3: Is the site part of a cregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding convercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	mostly building or ca The site is within the Expansion is very un or car parking.  entified as of strategic im y to be required for a spomprehensive or long mmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to No relevant planning  Site Score D – Below	r parking.  District Cer  likely given  portance. ecific user of term develor provided) so make en  history.  Average.	r specialist opment or ufficient to mployment	ny for Portchester.  e is mostly building  No  No  No  No  N/A



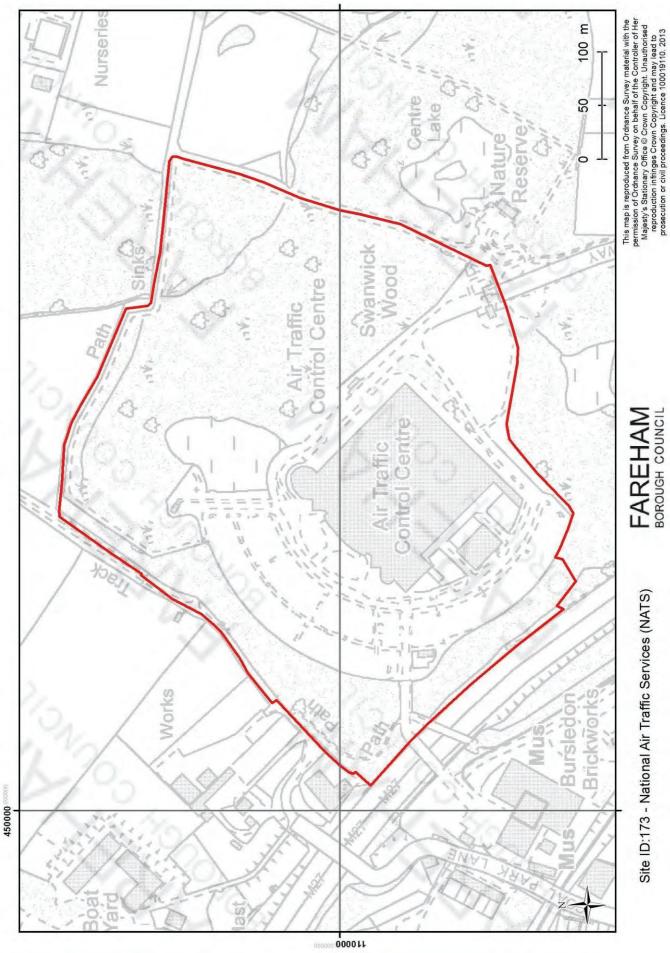
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Site Address Cams Estate					
Site Ref	165				
Ward	Portchester West	Size	6.77 Ha		
Market Segment	B1				
Description of Site and Location:					
<b>Market Attractiveness Criteria</b>					
1.1: Has the site been formally i	dentified for employmen	t for at least	10 years?	Yes	
1.2: Has there been any recent				Yes	
1.3: Is the site being actively ma			•	Yes	
1.4: Is the site owned by a development?			undertake	Yes	
1.5: Is the site in multiple ownership/occupation, or owned by an organisation unlikely to bring it forward for development?  Yes – Heator Ltd, Heaton Property Investments Sreit Propert Wilky Proper Holdings Ltd Strand Harber Securities Ltd					
1.6: Would employment develor funding to resolve infrastructure			out public	Yes	
1:7: Is the site immediately avail				Yes	
Market Appraisal	The site benefits from layout making it an at has limited public traits position within at There are some potensite 1999) but given to be suitably designed.	attractive of ansport links a conservatential areas the sites loc	fice locations and is he ion area al for expans	n. However, the site avily constrained by nd the countryside. ion (Walled Garden,	
Adjacent land use and conflicts	The site is within coparks and gardens conservation area. A of special scientific in	boundaries djacent to n nterest.	and is als nooring res	o within Cams Hall tricted area and site	
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements	The estate is constra area and the country:		oosition wit	hin a conservation	
Strategic Planning Factors					
2.1: Is the site within an area ide				No	
2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?	y to be required for a sp	ecific user o	r specialist	No	
2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?				No	
2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?	on-site constraints to	make er		N/A	
Strategic Planning and Access	No relevant planning	history.			

Recommendation	Site Score A – High. The site offers grade A office location in a
	quality business park setting and although local amenities and
	transport links are limited, it is a popular office location.

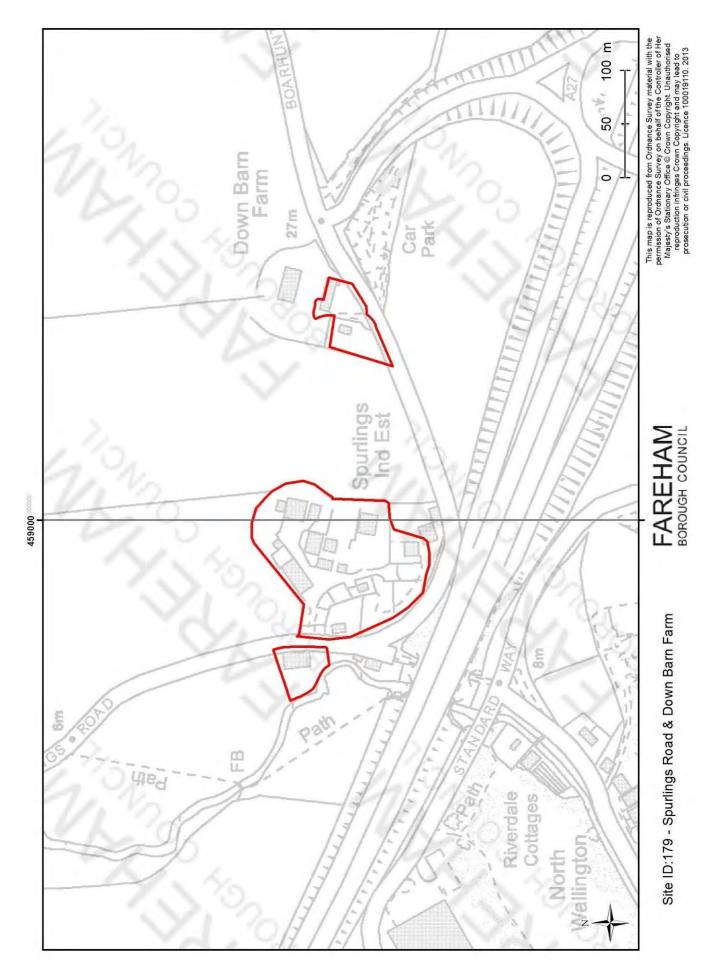


Site Address National Air Tra	affic Services (NATS)				
Site Ref	173				
Ward	Sarisbury	Size	17.33 Ha		
Market Segment	B1				
Description of Site and	59,625 sq m				
Location:	The site comprises a	large office	building, v	which is occupied by	
	NATS at the end of Se			' '	
	It comprises a three			. built for a specific	
	user. It is surround				
	completely surrounded by fencing and woodland, part of which				
	is a nature reserve.	,	J	, <b>.</b>	
<b>Market Attractiveness Criteria</b>					
1.1: Has the site been formally is	dentified for employmen	t for at least	10 years?	Yes	
1.2: Has there been any recent				No	
1.3: Is the site being actively ma			<b>,</b>	Yes	
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev			undertake		
employment development?	sispor or anomor agon	2, 1.1.0 1111 10		No	
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne	rship/occupation or own	ned by an or	ganisation		
unlikely to bring it forward for de		iod by air or	garnoanon	No	
1.6: Would employment development		viable with	out public		
funding to resolve infrastructure			out public	Yes	
1:7: Is the site immediately avail		1110.		Yes	
Market Appraisal	The site is poorly se	rviced by r	uhlic trans		
Market Appraisar	well away from any				
	and environmental qu				
	The road access is al			very mgn standard.	
Adjacent land use and	This countryside site			re reserve a site of	
conflicts	importance for nat				
ooiiiioto	landscape character.	ui c 0011301	vation an	a area or special	
Known constraints and	The site has poor acc	ess to publi	c transpor	t and is distanced	
infrastructure requirements	from local amenities.	occ to publi	o iranopor		
Strategic Planning Factors					
2.1: Is the site within an area ide	entified as of strategic im	portance.		No	
2.2: Is the site identified or likely			specialist	Vac	
use?			'	Yes	
2.3: Is the site part of a co	mprehensive or long	term develo	pment or	No	
regeneration proposal?				No	
2.4: Is there public funding cor	nmitted (or likely to be	provided) si	ufficient to		
overcome infrastructure or				N/A	
development viable?			, ,		
Strategic Planning and	2008 - Erection Of Tw	o Storev 24	Bedroom F	Rest Facility.	
Access				•	
Recommendation	Site Score C - Avera	ge. The site	e offers a r	ourpose built facility	
	for NATS, which is like				
	tenant.	. ,			

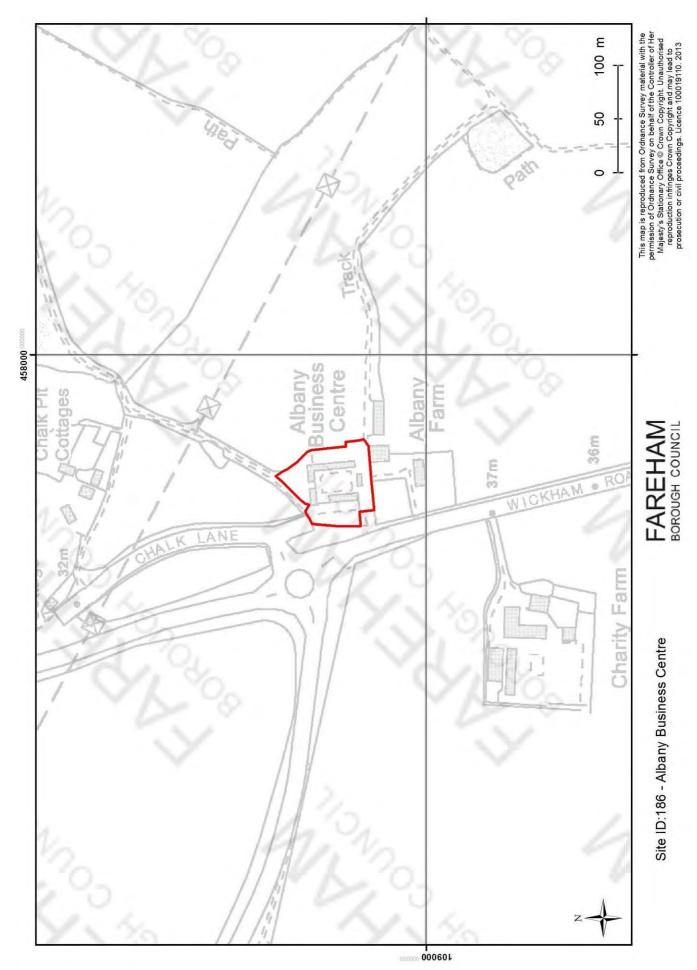


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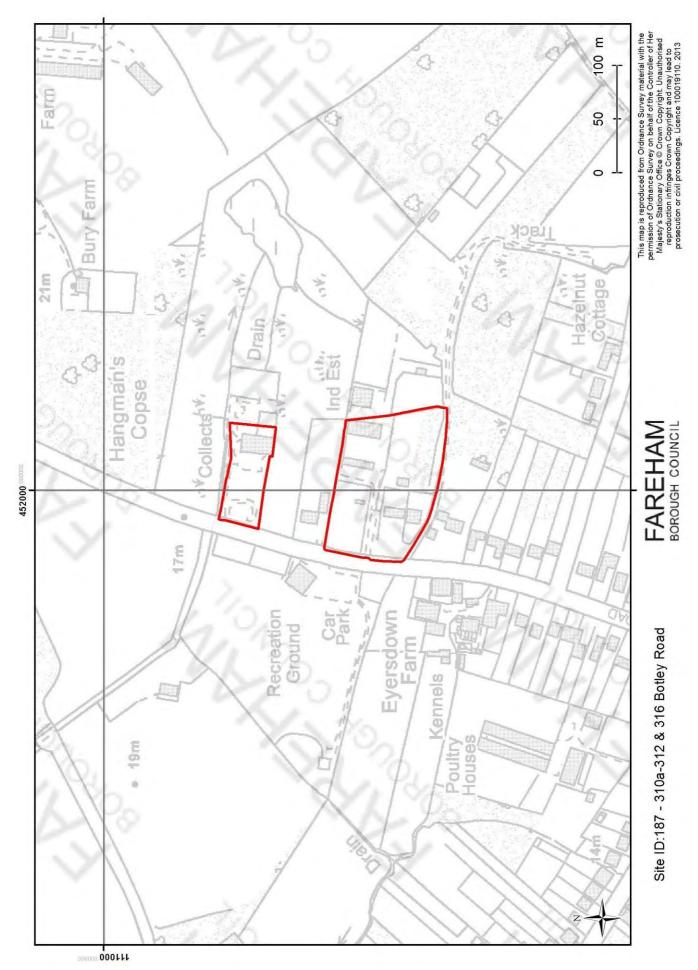
Site Address Spurlings Road Industrial Estate & Riverside Yard				
Site Ref	179 (inc. 3141)			
Ward	Fareham East	Size	2.11 Ha	
Market Segment	B1, B2, B8, mostly B2			
Description of Site and	4,120 sq m			
Location:	Spurlings Road is	an existin	g industri	al estate within a
	proposed employmer	nt area desig	nation.	
	It is a mixed site;	Spurlings	yard and	Riverside yard are
	purpose built industrial yards, with a number of modern additions at Spurlings Yard, mainly consisting of clad sheds.			
	Down Barn Farm coi	nsists of tw	o former b	arns converted into
	B2 sheds.			
Market Attractiveness Criteria				
1.1: Has the site been formally i				Yes
1.2: Has there been any recent			years?	No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma				Yes
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev	eloper or another agend	cy known to	undertake	No
employment development?				110
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne unlikely to bring it forward for de		ned by an or	ganisation	No
1.6: Would employment develor funding to resolve infrastructure	opment on this site be		out public	Yes
1:7: Is the site immediately avail		1110 !		Yes
Market Appraisal	The countryside loca	tion moone	the site se	
	of public transport a low environmental qu is difficult to acces proximity to the M2 employment uses.	uality despit s for HGV'	e being in s. It is ho	the countryside and owever within close
Adjacent land use and conflicts	Whole of site is in t located within an area			
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements	The site has poor acc	ess to publ	ic transpor	t and HGV access.
Strategic Planning Factors				
2.1: Is the site within an area identified as of strategic importance.			No	
2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?			specialist	No
2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?	omprehensive or long	term develo	pment or	No
2.4: Is there public funding cor	mmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to			No
Strategic Planning and Access	Erection of replacement	ent industria	al/storage b	buildings.
Recommendation	Site Score E – Low. a rural setting and access, local ameniti proximity of J11 of th	whilst is po ies and pub	orly locate	ed in terms of HGV



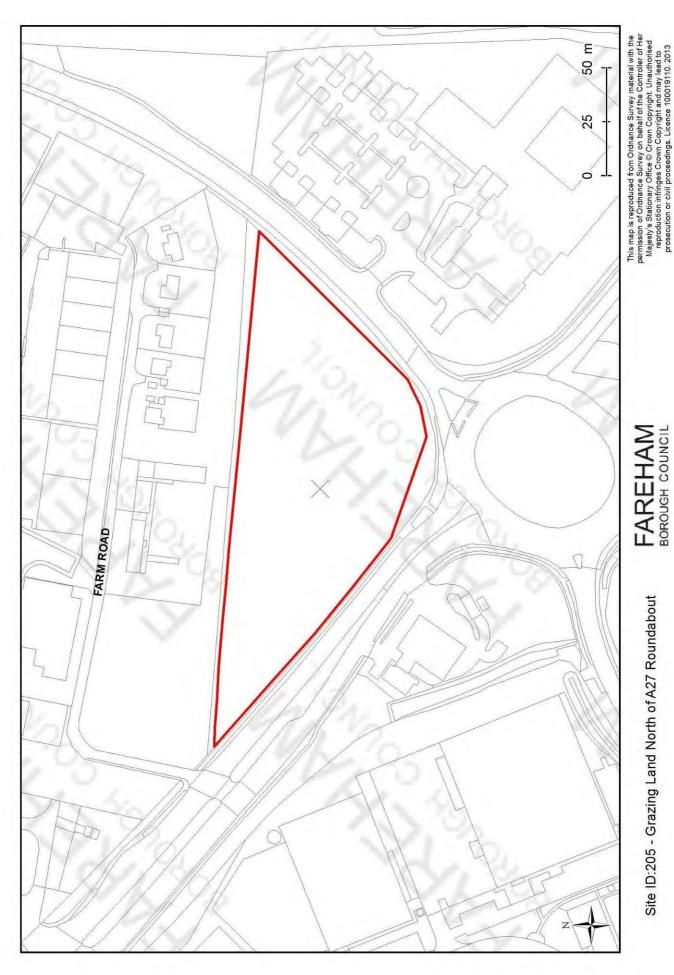
Site Address Albany Business Centre, Fareham				
Site Ref	186			
Ward	Fareham East Size 0.5 I	На		
Market Segment	B1 & B2			
Description of Site and	572 sq m			
Location:	Albany Business Centre is located on	the east side of Wickham		
	Road. It comprises converted stables v			
	converted into small B1, B2 units set out in a court yard layout			
	with car parking around the outside. The site has single access			
	off the roundabout on Wickham Road.			
Market Attractiveness Criteria				
	dentified for employment for at least 10 year			
	development activity, within the last 5 years			
1.3: Is the site being actively ma		Yes		
	eloper or another agency known to under	take No		
employment development?				
	rship/occupation, or owned by an organisa	ation No		
unlikely to bring it forward for de		1.12		
	opment on this site be viable, without p	UDIIC Yes		
funding to resolve infrastructure		Yes		
1:7: Is the site immediately avail				
Market Appraisal	The converted stables are of reasonable quality with easy access to Wickham Road via roundabout. Its location out of			
	centre means it is perhaps better suite			
Adjacent land use and	Adjacent to the proposed Welborne de			
conflicts	Adjacent to the proposed Welborne de	velopinent.		
Known constraints and	The site is accessed via a single track.			
infrastructure requirements				
initastructure requirements				
Strategic Planning Factors				
2.1: Is the site within an area ide	entified as of strategic importance.	No		
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely	entified as of strategic importance.  / to be required for a specific user or spec	ialist		
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?	to be required for a specific user or spec	ialist No		
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a co		ialist No		
<ul><li>2.1: Is the site within an area ide</li><li>2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?</li><li>2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?</li></ul>	y to be required for a specific user or spec	No It or Yes		
<ul><li>2.1: Is the site within an area ide</li><li>2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?</li><li>2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?</li><li>2.4: Is there public funding core</li></ul>	y to be required for a specific user or specomprehensive or long term development	ialist No It or Yes		
<ul> <li>2.1: Is the site within an area ide</li> <li>2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?</li> <li>2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?</li> <li>2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or</li> </ul>	y to be required for a specific user or spec	ialist No It or Yes		
<ul><li>2.1: Is the site within an area ide</li><li>2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?</li><li>2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?</li><li>2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?</li></ul>	y to be required for a specific user or specomprehensive or long term development mmitted (or likely to be provided) sufficient on-site constraints to make employr	ialist No It or Yes		
2.1: Is the site within an area ide     2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?     2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?     2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?      Strategic Planning and	y to be required for a specific user or specomprehensive or long term development	ialist No It or Yes Int to		
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal? 2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable? Strategic Planning and Access	or to be required for a specific user or	ialist No It or Yes Int to ment N/A		
2.1: Is the site within an area ide     2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?     2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?     2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?      Strategic Planning and	or to be required for a specific user or	No Yes nt to ment N/A reasonable access to M27		
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal? 2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable? Strategic Planning and Access	or to be required for a specific user or	reasonable access to M27 relatively isolated and is		
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal? 2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable? Strategic Planning and Access	mmitted (or likely to be provided) sufficient on-site constraints to make employr  No relevant planning history.  Site Score C – Average. The site has a J10 via Wickham Road. The site is surrounded by fields however the omeganism of the site of the site of the surrounded by fields however the omeganism of the site of	reasonable access to M27 relatively isolated and is ne proposed Welborne		
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal? 2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable? Strategic Planning and Access	mmitted (or likely to be provided) sufficient on-site constraints to make employr  No relevant planning history.  Site Score C – Average. The site has a J10 via Wickham Road. The site is surrounded by fields however the development is planned adjacent whom the surrounded of the site is surrounded by fields however the site of th	reasonable access to M27 relatively isolated and is ne proposed Welborne ich would provide some		
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal? 2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable? Strategic Planning and Access	mmitted (or likely to be provided) sufficient on-site constraints to make employr.  No relevant planning history.  Site Score C – Average. The site has a J10 via Wickham Road. The site is surrounded by fields however the development is planned adjacent who context to this site. Given its proximity	reasonable access to M27 relatively isolated and is ne proposed Welborne ich would provide some y to Welborne, it presents		
<ul> <li>2.1: Is the site within an area ide</li> <li>2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?</li> <li>2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?</li> <li>2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?</li> <li>Strategic Planning and Access</li> </ul>	mmitted (or likely to be provided) sufficient on-site constraints to make employr  No relevant planning history.  Site Score C – Average. The site has a J10 via Wickham Road. The site is surrounded by fields however the development is planned adjacent whom the surrounded of the site is surrounded by fields however the site of th	reasonable access to M27 relatively isolated and is ne proposed Welborne ich would provide some y to Welborne, it presents		



	Site Address 310A-312 & 316 Botley Road				
Site Ref	187				
Ward	Sarisbury Size 1	.59 Ha			
Market Segment	B1, B2 & B8				
Description of Site and	1,747 sq m				
Location:	The sites are located on Botley Roa	d (A3051) in Swanwick and			
	comprise SML Technologies office	and mix of employment			
	buildings behind 310A-312 Botley Road.				
	316 Botley Road is a purpose single storey office block with				
	associated parking and landscaping of reasonable quality.				
	310A-312 Botley Road is a more mixed site with a range of low				
	density uses including some appare	ent open storage.			
Market Attractiveness Criteria		. [			
	dentified for employment for at least 10				
	development activity, within the last 5 ye				
1.3: Is the site being actively ma		Yes			
	eloper or another agency known to un	dertake No			
employment development?					
	rship/occupation, or owned by an orga	nisation Yes			
unlikely to bring it forward for de					
	opment on this site be viable, withou	t public Yes			
funding to resolve infrastructure					
1:7: Is the site immediately avail		Yes			
Market Appraisal	The layout of the area is simple ar				
	site lacks prominence and is poorly	served by public transport.			
Adjacent land use and	The site is in a relatively isolated	location near the northern			
conflicts	boundary with Winchester District.	location flear the florthern			
Known constraints and	No known constraints.				
infrastructure requirements					
		infrastructure requirements			
Strategic Planning Factors					
2.1: Is the site within an area ide	ntified as of strategic importance.	No			
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely	entified as of strategic importance.	pecialist			
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?	to be required for a specific user or sp	pecialist No			
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a co		necialist No			
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?	to be required for a specific user or specific user or specific user or long term developed	nent or No			
<ul><li>2.1: Is the site within an area ide</li><li>2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?</li><li>2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?</li><li>2.4: Is there public funding cor</li></ul>	to be required for a specific user or sp	nent or No			
<ul> <li>2.1: Is the site within an area ide</li> <li>2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?</li> <li>2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?</li> <li>2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or</li> </ul>	to be required for a specific user or specific user or specific user or long term developed	nent or No			
<ul><li>2.1: Is the site within an area ide</li><li>2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?</li><li>2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?</li><li>2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?</li></ul>	mprehensive or long term developmented (or likely to be provided) sufficients to make emp	nent or No			
2.1: Is the site within an area ide     2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?     2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?     2.4: Is there public funding corevercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	to be required for a specific user or sp	nent or No			
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal? 2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	v to be required for a specific user or	nent or No cient to oyment N/A			
2.1: Is the site within an area ide     2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?     2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?     2.4: Is there public funding corevercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	r to be required for a specific user or	No nent or No cient to oyment N/A  e sites, whilst in an isolated			
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal? 2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	who be required for a specific user or s	nent or No cient to oyment N/A  e sites, whilst in an isolated access along Botley Road,			
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal? 2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	who be required for a specific user or s	nent or No cient to oyment N/A  e sites, whilst in an isolated access along Botley Road, and public transport. 310A-			
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal? 2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	when to be required for a specific user or specific user	nent or No cient to oyment N/A  e sites, whilst in an isolated access along Botley Road, and public transport. 310A-y site with a large area of			
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal? 2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	when the provided for a specific user or	No  nent or No cient to oyment  N/A  e sites, whilst in an isolated access along Botley Road, and public transport. 310A-y site with a large area of the occupier for car sales			
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal? 2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	mprehensive or long term developmented (or likely to be provided) sufficients on-site constraints to make emptode Various  Site Score D – Below Average. The location, have relatively good road however they lack local amenities 312 Botley Road is a low densite hardstanding currently used by display. We anticipate in the medial	nent or No cient to oyment N/A  e sites, whilst in an isolated access along Botley Road, and public transport. 310A-y site with a large area of the occupier for car sales am to long term this site will			
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal? 2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	when the provided for a specific user or	nent or No cient to oyment N/A  e sites, whilst in an isolated access along Botley Road, and public transport. 310A-y site with a large area of the occupier for car sales am to long term this site will			

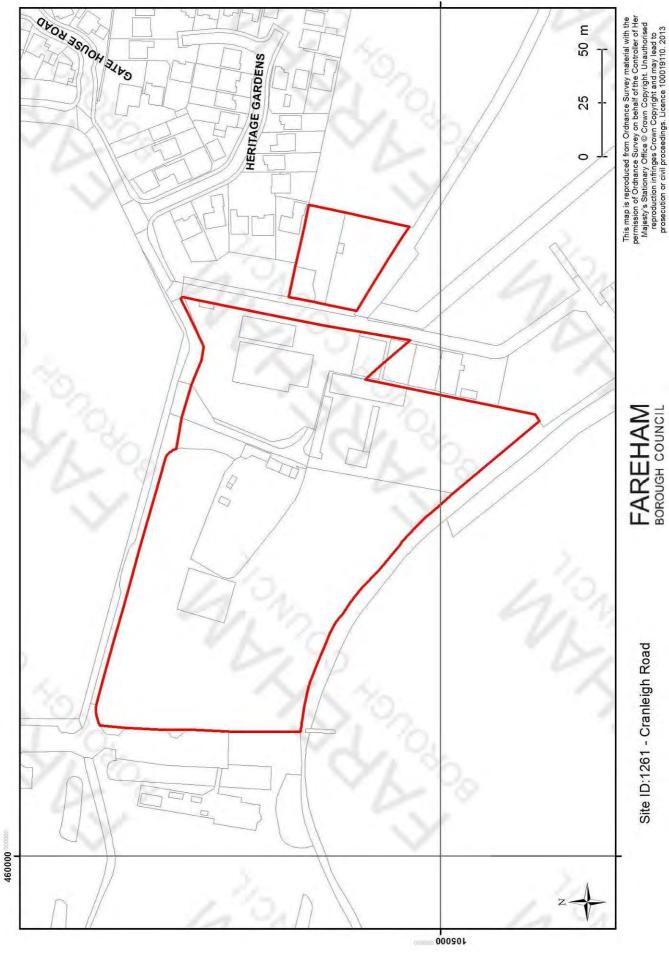


Site Address Land North of St Margaret's Roundabout				
Site Ref	205			
Ward	Titchfield Size 1	.23 Ha		
	Potential for extension to			
Market Segment	Segensworth South			
	employment area.			
Description of Site and	The land is located on the corner of	f Southam	pton Road and	
Location:	Cartwright Drive.		•	
	The site comprises a small paddoc	k area nor	th of St Margaret's	
	roundabout and south of the forme	r ATC buil	ldings.	
	Access to the site could potentially	be provid	led from	
	Cartwright Drive, Southampton Road or the access road to the			
	former ATC buildings.			
<b>Market Attractiveness Criteria</b>				
1.1: Has the site been formally in	dentified for employment for at least 10	years?	No	
	development activity, within the last 5 years		No	
1.3: Is the site being actively ma	rketed as an employment site?		No	
	eloper or another agency known to ur	dertake	Vaa	
employment development?			Yes	
	rship/occupation, or owned by an orga	nisation	No	
unlikely to bring it forward for de			No	
	ppment on this site be viable, withou	t public .	Vac	
funding to resolve infrastructure		•	Yes	
1:7: Is the site immediately avail	able?		No	
Market Appraisal	Whilst the site is not currently iden	tified as e	mployment land its	
	location within close proximity t			
	deem it suitable for B2/B8 uses, ho			
	provide a sufficient buffer to the res			
Adjacent land use and	Residential development has recen			
conflicts	former ATC buildings area to the no	orth of the	site.	
Known constraints and	Although the site is located in close			
infrastructure requirements	larger Segensworth South employn			
	permission for residential development			
	this site from employment neighbo			
	location outside of the urban area,			
	the site for allocation for employme			
	inappropriate, especially considering the potential oversupply			
for B2/B8 uses in the Borough.				
Strategic Planning Factors				
2.1: Is the site within an area ide	entified as of strategic importance.		No	
2.2: Is the site identified or likely to be required for a specific user or specialist			No	
use?				
2.3: Is the site part of a comprehensive or long term development or			No	
regeneration proposal?				
2.4: Is there public funding committed (or likely to be provided) sufficient to				
	on-site constraints to make emp	ioyment	N/A	
development viable?				
Strategic Planning and No relevant planning history.				
Access	011-0	•••		
Recommendation	Site Score A – High. Although th			
	boundary, the sites location and access would make this site			
	attractive to B2/B8 occupiers and we would recommend it is			
	considered for these uses.			



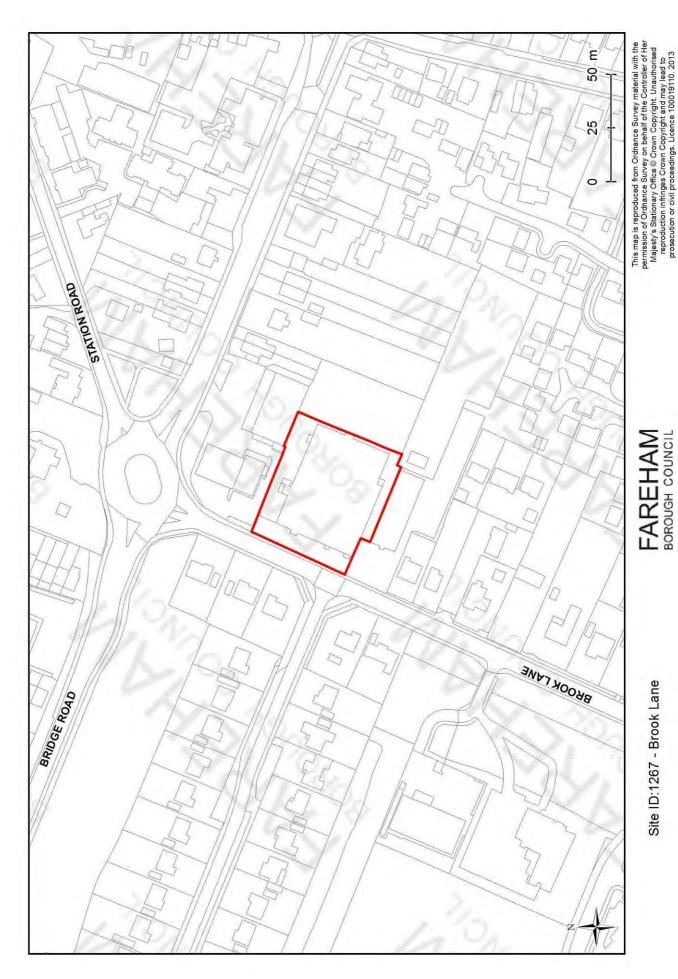
Site ID:205 - Grazing Land North of A27 Roundabout

Cito Dof	Site Address Cranleigh Road, Portchester (includes Wicor Farm, Lake Works and The Yard)				
Site Ref	1261	•			
Ward	Portchester East Size 2.	39 Ha			
Market Segment	B2, B8 and sui generis				
Description of Site and	2,953 sq m				
Location:	This site comprises a mix of uses a	nd is located at the end of			
	Cranleigh Road on Wicor Lake in Po				
	is a mix of large corrugated sheds a	nd small converted stables			
	to form a mix of employment uses. The Yard is mainly an open				
	storage paved area and Wicor Farm				
	in poor repair which is currently vac	ant.			
Market Attractiveness Criteria					
	dentified for employment for at least 10 y				
	development activity, within the last 5 ye				
1.3: Is the site being actively ma		Yes			
	eloper or another agency known to un	dertake No			
employment development?					
	rship/occupation, or owned by an orgar	nisation Yes			
unlikely to bring it forward for de					
	opment on this site be viable, without	public Yes			
funding to resolve infrastructure					
1:7: Is the site immediately avai		Yes			
Market Appraisal	Poorly arranged site in a countrys				
	restriction on intensification. Site				
	location and the poor quality of t	he majority of the existing			
	buildings.				
Adjacent land use and	Countryside site, within coastal zon	e, adjacent to boatyard and			
conflicts	site of nature conservation value.				
Known constraints and	The site is in a countryside location				
infrastructure requirements	which would restrict intensification	an 4hia ai4a			
		on this site.			
		on this site.			
		on this site.			
Strategic Planning Factors		on this site.			
Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide	entified as of strategic importance	on this site.			
2.1: Is the site within an area ide	entified as of strategic importance.	No ecialist			
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely	entified as of strategic importance.  / to be required for a specific user or sp	No			
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likeluse?	to be required for a specific user or sp	No ecialist No			
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a control of the site part of the site part of the site part of a control of the site part of the site part of the site part of a control of the site part of the site pa		No ecialist No			
<ul><li>2.1: Is the site within an area ide</li><li>2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?</li><li>2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?</li></ul>	to be required for a specific user or spomprehensive or long term developm	No ecialist No ent or No			
<ul><li>2.1: Is the site within an area ide</li><li>2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?</li><li>2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?</li><li>2.4: Is there public funding core</li></ul>	to be required for a specific user or sp omprehensive or long term developm mmitted (or likely to be provided) suffice	No ecialist No ent or No sient to			
<ul><li>2.1: Is the site within an area ide</li><li>2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?</li><li>2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?</li><li>2.4: Is there public funding core</li></ul>	to be required for a specific user or spomprehensive or long term developm	No ecialist No ent or No sient to			
<ul> <li>2.1: Is the site within an area ide</li> <li>2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?</li> <li>2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?</li> <li>2.4: Is there public funding corevercome infrastructure or</li> </ul>	to be required for a specific user or sp omprehensive or long term developm mmitted (or likely to be provided) suffice	No ecialist No ent or No sient to			
<ul><li>2.1: Is the site within an area ide</li><li>2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?</li><li>2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?</li><li>2.4: Is there public funding corecome infrastructure or development viable?</li></ul>	to be required for a specific user or sport of the provided of the provided of the provided on the provided of the provided on	No ecialist No ent or No sient to			
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding coreovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	to be required for a specific user or sponger of the provided	No ecialist No ent or No cient to byment No stern part of the site is			
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal? 2.4: Is there public funding coreovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	omprehensive or long term developmented (or likely to be provided) sufficients to make employed Discharge of residential conditions.  Site Score E – Low. The we predominantly vacant and given	No ecialist No ent or No cient to byment No stern part of the site is its proximity to the Wicor			
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal? 2.4: Is there public funding coreovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	omprehensive or long term developmented (or likely to be provided) sufficiently on-site constraints to make employed Discharge of residential conditions.  Site Score E – Low. The we predominantly vacant and given Recreation Ground and its isolated	No ecialist No ent or No cient to byment No stern part of the site is its proximity to the Wicor location the site would be			
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal? 2.4: Is there public funding corecome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	mmitted (or likely to be provided) sufficiently consistence of residential conditions.  Site Score E – Low. The we predominantly vacant and given Recreation Ground and its isolated worthwhile considering for alternation.	No ecialist No ent or No cient to byment No stern part of the site is its proximity to the Wicor location the site would be we uses such as residential.			
2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal? 2.4: Is there public funding coreovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	mmitted (or likely to be provided) sufficiently on-site constraints to make employed Discharge of residential conditions.  Site Score E – Low. The we predominantly vacant and given Recreation Ground and its isolated worthwhile considering for alternation The Lake Works is poorly configure	No  ecialist No  ent or No  cient to byment No  stern part of the site is its proximity to the Wicor location the site would be we uses such as residential. d and access and parking is			
2.1: Is the site within an area ide     2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?     2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?     2.4: Is there public funding corecome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	mmitted (or likely to be provided) sufficiently consistence of residential conditions.  Site Score E – Low. The we predominantly vacant and given Recreation Ground and its isolated worthwhile considering for alternation.	No  ecialist No  ent or No  sient to byment No  stern part of the site is its proximity to the Wicor location the site would be we uses such as residential. d and access and parking is ently offer small business			

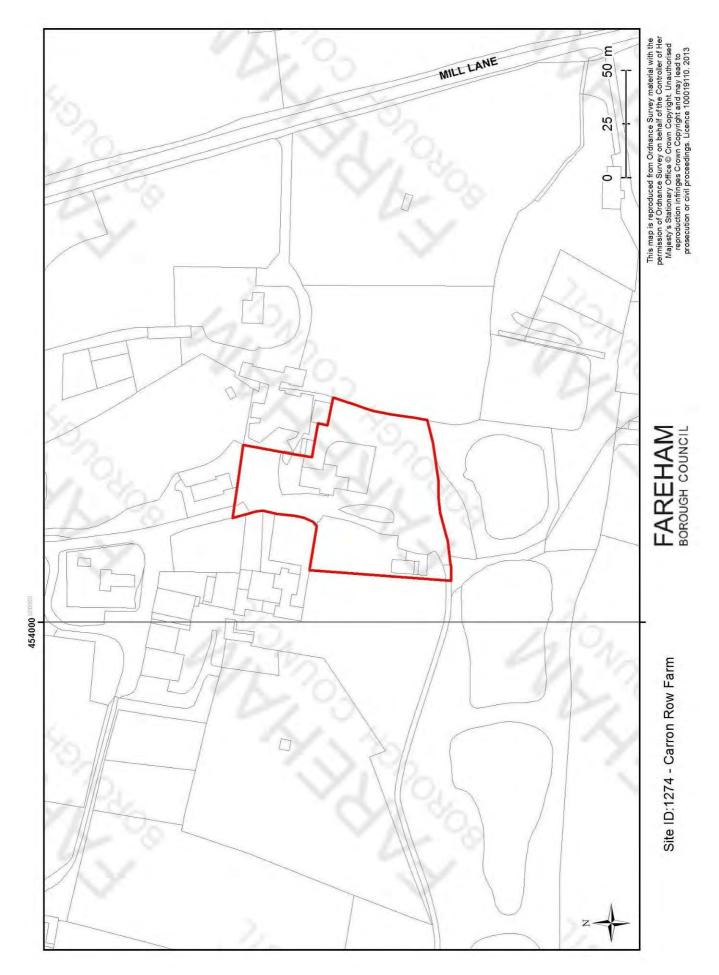


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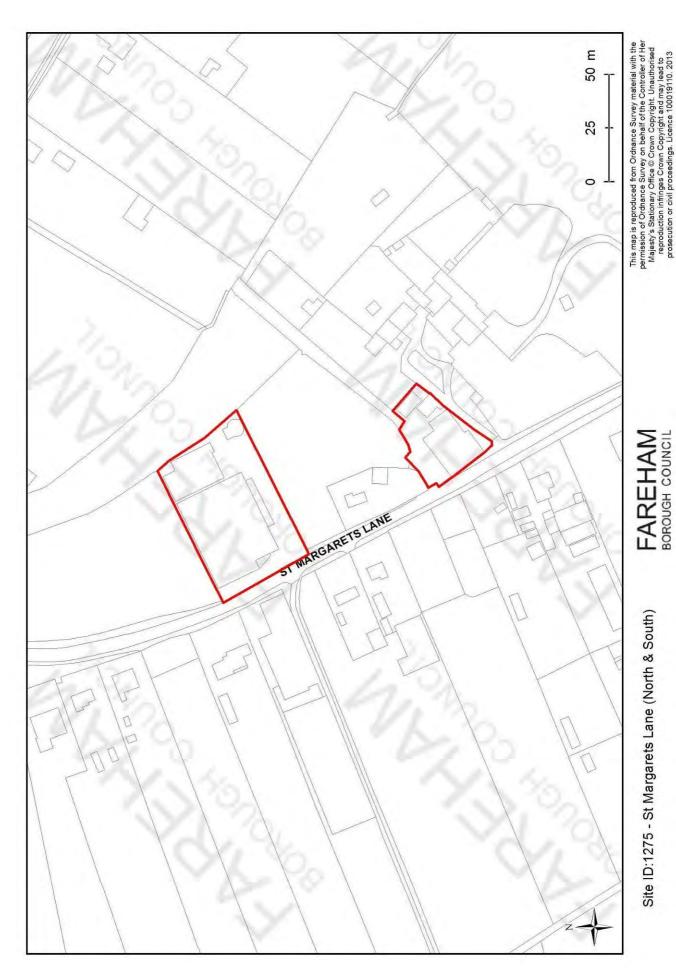
Site Address Brook Lane, Park Gate				
Site Ref	1267			
Ward	Park Gate	Size	0.32 Ha	
Market Segment	A1, B1, B2			
Description of Site and	2,960 sq m		•	
Location:	This site is located o	n Brook Lan	e, close to	the roundabout
	where it meets the A			
	The site comprises a	large factor	v stvle buil	ding on east side of
	Brook Lane. It is a single large building split into smaller units.  The building is single storey with multiple pitched roof and			
	adequate parking to			
Market Attractiveness Criteria				
1.1: Has the site been formally in		t for at least	10 vears?	Yes
1.2: Has there been any recent				No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Yes
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev			undertake	
employment development?	cloper of afformer agen	oy known to	anachtane	No
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne	rshin/occupation or ow	ned by an or	nanisation	
unlikely to bring it forward for de		iled by all of	gariisation	No
1.6: Would employment development		viable with	out public	
funding to resolve infrastructure			out public	Yes
1:7: Is the site immediately avail		11110:		Yes
Market Appraisal	Site is located to the	south of D	ark Gato Lo	
warket Appraisai				
	benefits from goo			
	accessible although			
	existing building is re			
	quality. Long term va	cancies poi	nt to a lack	of market interest.
Adjacent land use and	The site is located in		ea and is s	urrounded by
conflicts	residential on all side	es.		
Known constraints and	The site is within clo	se proximity	to residen	tial.
infrastructure requirements				
Strategic Planning Factors				
2.1: Is the site within an area identified as of strategic importance.			No	
2.2: Is the site identified or likely to be required for a specific user or specialist				
use?				
2.3: Is the site part of a co	emprehensive or long	term develo	opment or	No
regeneration proposal?				-
2.4: Is there public funding committed (or likely to be provided) sufficient to				
overcome infrastructure or on-site constraints to make employment No				
development viable?				
Strategic Planning and	No relevant planning	history.		
Access				
Recommendation	Site Score D – Belov			
	small unit employment scheme, however due to its location and			
	its proximity to residential it may be more suitable to consider			
	alternative uses such as residential.			
	allernative uses suci	i as resideni	iiai.	
	alternative uses suci	i as resideni	ııaı.	



Site Address Carron Row Fa	rm			
Site Ref	1274			
Ward	Titchfield	Size	0.55 Ha	
Market Segment	B1c	- 1		
Description of Site and	572 sq m of building	gs		
Location:	Carron Row Farm i		om a single	lane track off
	Segensworth Road in Titchfield.			
	The site comprises		ouildings as	ssociated with
	Carron Row Farm and includes a historic two storey farm			
	building converted			
	landscaping. Much			
	spaces. Associated			
	business space.	<b>J</b>		
Market Attractiveness Criteria	положения при положения по			
1.1: Has the site been formally in	dentified for employm	ent for at least	10 years?	No
1.2: Has there been any recent				No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma			, · ·	No
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev			undertake	
employment development?	oropor or arrotrior ag	5110y 11110 WIT 10	andonano	No
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne	rship/occupation, or o	wned by an or	ganisation	
unlikely to bring it forward for de			gameanen	No
1.6: Would employment develo		be viable, with	out public	
funding to resolve infrastructure			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	No
1:7: Is the site immediately avail				No
Market Appraisal		om a poor lav	out and ve	ry poor prominence
				e existing buildings
	are of reasonable of			gg.
Adjacent land use and			e. within a	Strategic Gap and
conflicts	partly within Titchf			
				park and Fareham
	<b>Model Engineering</b>	Society site.		
Known constraints and	Its position within	conservation a	area means	future
infrastructure requirements	intensification is u	nlikely and is	access is re	estricted.
-		-		
Ctrotonia Diamina Footona				
Strategic Planning Factors	. CC . I C . C . C . C C .	*		NI.
2.1: Is the site within an area ide				No
2.2: Is the site identified or likely	to be required for a	specific user o	r specialist	No
use?		a tama decel		
2.3: Is the site part of a co	omprenensive or ion	g term develo	opment or	No
regeneration proposal?	nonelitional form libration (	- ۱۷ - المام م		
2.4: Is there public funding cor				No
	on-site constraints	to make ef	npioyment	No
development viable?	Various change of	uco applicatio	ne	
Strategic Planning and Access	Various change of	use applicatio	115.	
Recommendation	Sita Saara E I a	w Carron D	ou Earm is	a countravida cita
Recommendation				a countrywide site dominantly used for
				ling which currently
				d its poor access
	provision we w			ernative uses are
	considered for this		monu alt	MINUTE USES ALE
	Considered for tills	J.101		

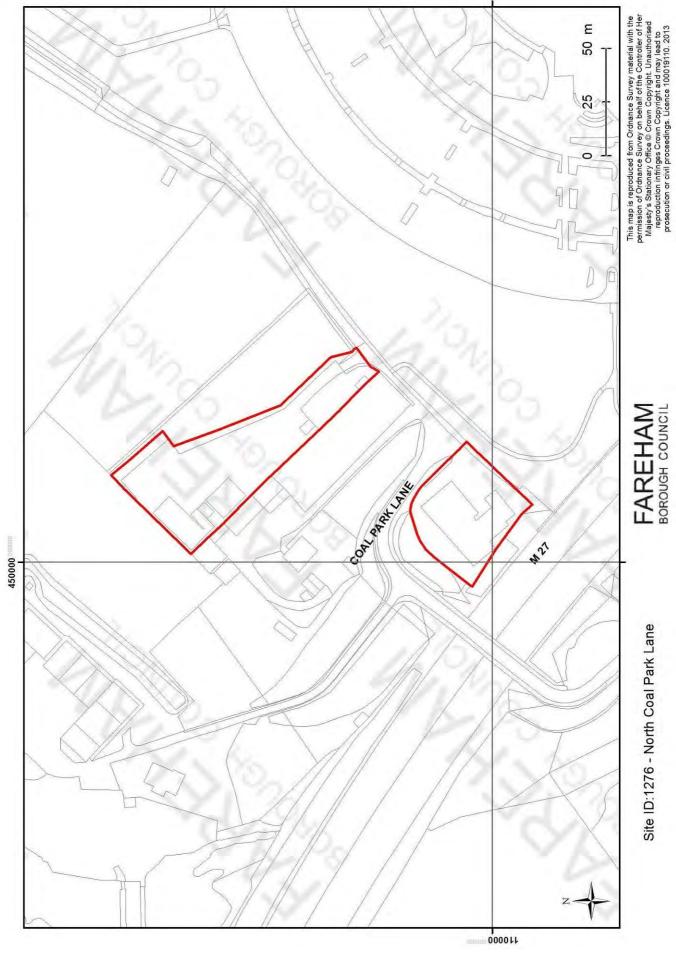


Site Address St Margaret's L	ane, Titchfield			
Site Ref	1275			
Ward	Titchfield Size 0.44 h	<del>l</del> a		
Market Segment	B2, B8, A1			
Description of Site and	4,503 sq m of buildings			
Location:	These sites on St Margarets Lane, comp	orises B2, B8 buildings		
	on the north side of St Margarets Lane,			
	Margarets Cottage. The site has two parts; the northern part is			
	a large single storey brick built depot, with attached two storey			
	associated offices, with a smaller single	storey B2 unit behind.		
	The southern part is made up of two sto	rey pitched roof units,		
	one of which is currently in retail use.			
Market Attractiveness Criteria				
	dentified for employment for at least 10 year			
	development activity, within the last 5 years?			
1.3: Is the site being actively ma		Yes		
	eloper or another agency known to underta	ake No		
employment development?				
	rship/occupation, or owned by an organisat	ion Yes		
unlikely to bring it forward for de				
	opment on this site be viable, without pul	<sup>olic</sup> Yes		
funding to resolve infrastructure				
1:7: Is the site immediately avail		Yes		
Market Appraisal	The site is relatively isolated, and is in			
	which restricts intensification of u			
prominence of both parts of the site are poor, although road				
	access is good, with quick access to th	e A27 available. Parts of		
Adjacent land use and	access is good, with quick access to the the site have been lost to alternative use	e A27 available. Parts of		
Adjacent land use and	access is good, with quick access to th	e A27 available. Parts of		
conflicts	access is good, with quick access to the the site have been lost to alternative use Residential and countryside location.	e A27 available. Parts of es.		
conflicts Known constraints and	access is good, with quick access to the the site have been lost to alternative use	e A27 available. Parts of es.		
conflicts	access is good, with quick access to the the site have been lost to alternative use Residential and countryside location.	e A27 available. Parts of es.		
conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements	access is good, with quick access to the the site have been lost to alternative use Residential and countryside location.	e A27 available. Parts of es.		
conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors	access is good, with quick access to the the site have been lost to alternative use Residential and countryside location.  Countryside location which restricts interested in the second	e A27 available. Parts of es. ensification of uses.		
conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide	access is good, with quick access to the the site have been lost to alternative use Residential and countryside location.  Countryside location which restricts intentified as of strategic importance.	e A27 available. Parts of es.  ensification of uses.		
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely	access is good, with quick access to the the site have been lost to alternative use Residential and countryside location.  Countryside location which restricts interested in the second	e A27 available. Parts of es.  ensification of uses.		
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?	access is good, with quick access to the the site have been lost to alternative use.  Residential and countryside location.  Countryside location which restricts intended as of strategic importance.  To be required for a specific user or special	e A27 available. Parts of es.  ensification of uses.  No  list No		
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a constraint of a constrai	access is good, with quick access to the the site have been lost to alternative use Residential and countryside location.  Countryside location which restricts intentified as of strategic importance.	e A27 available. Parts of es.  ensification of uses.    No		
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?	access is good, with quick access to the the site have been lost to alternative use. Residential and countryside location.  Countryside location which restricts intentified as of strategic importance. To be required for a specific user or special emprehensive or long term development.	e A27 available. Parts of es.  ensification of uses.  No  No  No  No  No		
conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding core	access is good, with quick access to the the site have been lost to alternative use.  Residential and countryside location.  Countryside location which restricts intentified as of strategic importance.  To be required for a specific user or special emprehensive or long term development mmitted (or likely to be provided) sufficient	e A27 available. Parts of es.  ensification of uses.  No  No  No  No  To  No  No  To  No		
conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or	access is good, with quick access to the the site have been lost to alternative use. Residential and countryside location.  Countryside location which restricts intentified as of strategic importance. To be required for a specific user or special emprehensive or long term development.	e A27 available. Parts of es.  ensification of uses.  No  No  No  No  To		
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a concept regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding concovercome infrastructure or development viable?	access is good, with quick access to the the site have been lost to alternative use. Residential and countryside location.  Countryside location which restricts intentified as of strategic importance. To be required for a specific user or special emprehensive or long term development mmitted (or likely to be provided) sufficient on-site constraints to make employment	e A27 available. Parts of es.  ensification of uses.  No  No  No  No  To		
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	access is good, with quick access to the the site have been lost to alternative use.  Residential and countryside location.  Countryside location which restricts intentified as of strategic importance.  To be required for a specific user or special emprehensive or long term development mmitted (or likely to be provided) sufficient	e A27 available. Parts of es.  ensification of uses.  No  No  No  or  No  to		
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	access is good, with quick access to the the site have been lost to alternative use. Residential and countryside location.  Countryside location which restricts intended as of strategic importance. To be required for a specific user or special emprehensive or long term development on-site constraints to make employm.  No relevant planning history.	e A27 available. Parts of es.  ensification of uses.  No or No ent to ent No		
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	access is good, with quick access to the the site have been lost to alternative use. Residential and countryside location.  Countryside location which restricts intendified as of strategic importance. To be required for a specific user or special emprehensive or long term development on-site constraints to make employm.  No relevant planning history.  Site Score E – Low. The northern site.	e A27 available. Parts of es.  ensification of uses.  No  No  No  No  No  No  No  No  to ent  No  to ent  No  To to ent  No		
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	access is good, with quick access to the the site have been lost to alternative use. Residential and countryside location.  Countryside location which restricts intentified as of strategic importance.  To be required for a specific user or special emprehensive or long term development on-site constraints to make employm.  No relevant planning history.  Site Score E – Low. The northern site Festival Theatre and the southern page of the site of the	ensification of uses.  No		
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	access is good, with quick access to the the site have been lost to alternative use. Residential and countryside location.  Countryside location which restricts intentified as of strategic importance. To be required for a specific user or special emprehensive or long term development on-site constraints to make employm.  No relevant planning history.  Site Score E – Low. The northern site Festival Theatre and the southern paths business units. Its countryside location.	ensification of uses.  No No No No No No No to ent No to to the		
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	access is good, with quick access to the the site have been lost to alternative use Residential and countryside location.  Countryside location which restricts intendified as of strategic importance.  To be required for a specific user or special emprehensive or long term development on-site constraints to make employm.  No relevant planning history.  Site Score E – Low. The northern site Festival Theatre and the southern particular business units. Its countryside location will restrict its market appeal and in the southern particular particular terms.	ensification of uses.  No No No No No No No to ent No to to the		
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal? 2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	access is good, with quick access to the the site have been lost to alternative use. Residential and countryside location.  Countryside location which restricts intentified as of strategic importance. To be required for a specific user or special emprehensive or long term development on-site constraints to make employm.  No relevant planning history.  Site Score E – Low. The northern site Festival Theatre and the southern paths business units. Its countryside location.	ensification of uses.  No No No No No No No to ent No to to the		

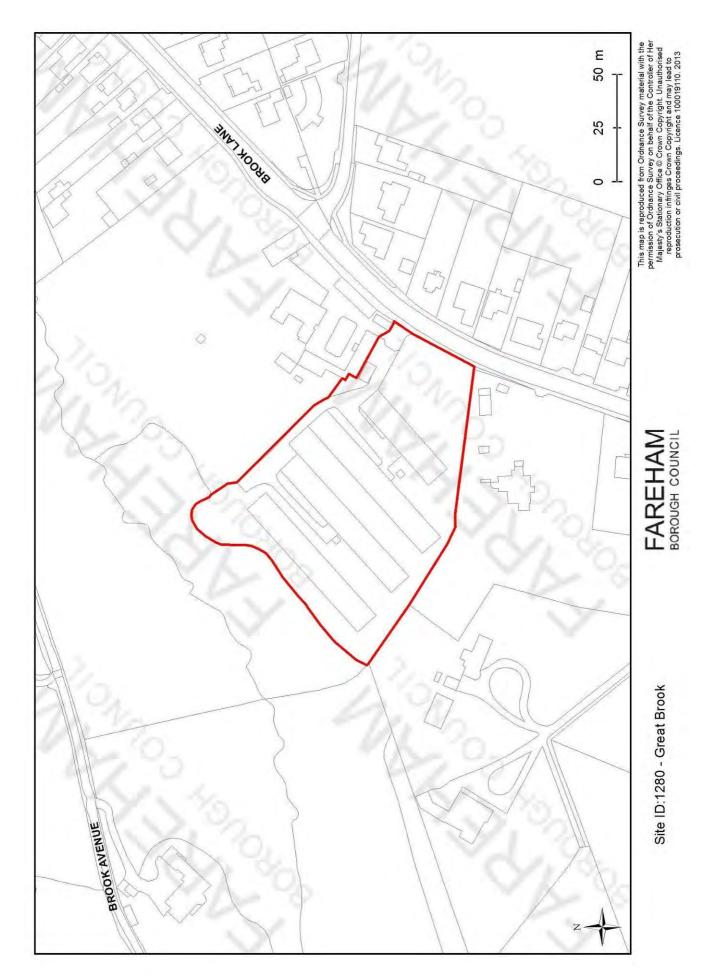


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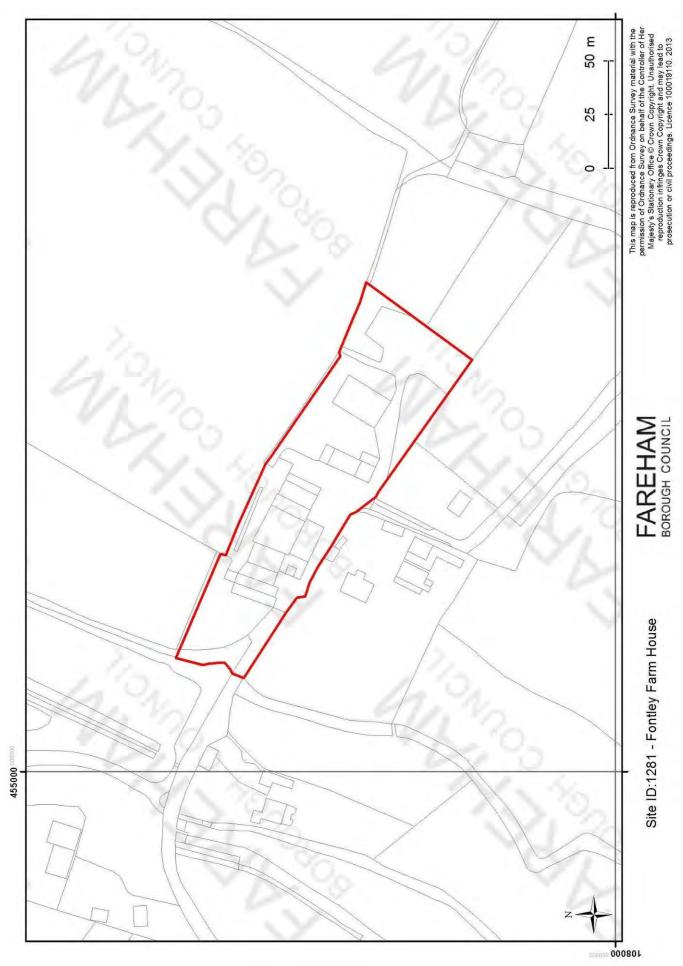
Site Address North Coal Par	k Lane			
Site Ref	1276			
Ward		).6 Ha		
Market Segment	B1-B8 use			
Description of Site and	1,674 sq m			
Location:	The site comprises two units let to	Barncroft	& Powell and	
	Midas Revenger.			
	Barncroft & Powell building is a two storey brick built structure			
	with single storey extensions and o			
	paved with 2m high metallic fencing			
	Revenger is a marine based busine	ss premis	ses made up mainly	
	of single storey green clad sheds.	•		
Market Attractiveness Criteria				
	dentified for employment for at least 10		Yes	
	development activity, within the last 5 years		No	
1.3: Is the site being actively ma			Yes	
	eloper or another agency known to ur	idertake i	No	
employment development?			110	
	rship/occupation, or owned by an orga	nisation ,	Yes	
unlikely to bring it forward for de			103	
	opment on this site be viable, without	t public	Yes	
funding to resolve infrastructure				
1:7: Is the site immediately avail			Yes	
Market Appraisal	The site has no neighbour issue			
	reasonable B2/B8 quality; howeve			
	urban area and is difficult to access via narrow bridges over the			
1				
	railway and motorway, so it r			
Adjacent land use and	railway and motorway, so it ralternative uses in the long term.	nay be r	more suitable for	
Adjacent land use and	railway and motorway, so it r alternative uses in the long term. Countryside site in area of sp	nay be r	more suitable for	
conflicts	railway and motorway, so it ralternative uses in the long term.  Countryside site in area of sp. Adjacent to nature reserve.	nay be r ecial lan	more suitable for dscape character.	
conflicts Known constraints and	railway and motorway, so it ralternative uses in the long term.  Countryside site in area of spadjacent to nature reserve.  The sites location outside of the uniteral states.	nay be r pecial land ban area n	more suitable for dscape character.	
conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements	railway and motorway, so it ralternative uses in the long term.  Countryside site in area of sp. Adjacent to nature reserve.	nay be r pecial land ban area n	more suitable for dscape character.	
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors	railway and motorway, so it ralternative uses in the long term.  Countryside site in area of spadjacent to nature reserve.  The sites location outside of the unand/or intensification would not be	nay be r pecial land ban area n supported	more suitable for descape character. means expansion d.	
conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide	railway and motorway, so it ralternative uses in the long term.  Countryside site in area of spadjacent to nature reserve.  The sites location outside of the unand/or intensification would not be entified as of strategic importance.	nay be r pecial land ban area n supported	more suitable for dscape character.	
Conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely	railway and motorway, so it ralternative uses in the long term.  Countryside site in area of spadjacent to nature reserve.  The sites location outside of the unand/or intensification would not be	pecial land	more suitable for dscape character. means expansion d.	
conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?	railway and motorway, so it ralternative uses in the long term.  Countryside site in area of spadjacent to nature reserve.  The sites location outside of the unand/or intensification would not be entified as of strategic importance.  To be required for a specific user or service.	ban area n supported	more suitable for dscape character. means expansion d. No	
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conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a corregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or	railway and motorway, so it ralternative uses in the long term.  Countryside site in area of spadjacent to nature reserve.  The sites location outside of the unand/or intensification would not be entified as of strategic importance.  To be required for a specific user or somprehensive or long term developmentated (or likely to be provided) sufficients.	ban area n supported pecialist ment or icient to	more suitable for dscape character.  means expansion d.  No No	
conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a corregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corrovercome infrastructure or development viable?	railway and motorway, so it ralternative uses in the long term.  Countryside site in area of spandjacent to nature reserve.  The sites location outside of the unand/or intensification would not be entified as of strategic importance.  To be required for a specific user or somprehensive or long term developmentated (or likely to be provided) suffon-site constraints to make emp	ban area n supported pecialist ment or icient to	more suitable for dscape character.  means expansion d.  No No	
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conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding core overcome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	railway and motorway, so it ralternative uses in the long term.  Countryside site in area of spandjacent to nature reserve.  The sites location outside of the unand/or intensification would not be entified as of strategic importance.  To be required for a specific user or somprehensive or long term developmentated (or likely to be provided) suffon-site constraints to make empton to the constraints of the cons	ban area n supported pecialist ment or loyment loyment loyment sites s	more suitable for descape character.  means expansion d.  No  No  No  No  Suffer from access	
conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding core overcome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	railway and motorway, so it ralternative uses in the long term.  Countryside site in area of spandiacent to nature reserve.  The sites location outside of the unand/or intensification would not be entified as of strategic importance.  To be required for a specific user or somprehensive or long term developmentated (or likely to be provided) suffon-site constraints to make empton	ban area n supported pecialist ment or loyment loyment logical sample can be sasonable of	more suitable for descape character.  means expansion d.  No No No No Suffer from access quality and have no	
conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding core overcome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	railway and motorway, so it ralternative uses in the long term.  Countryside site in area of spandiacent to nature reserve.  The sites location outside of the unand/or intensification would not be entified as of strategic importance.  To be required for a specific user or somprehensive or long term developmentated (or likely to be provided) suffon-site constraints to make empton-site constraints to make empton-site sites and provided in the site of the site	ban area n supported pecialist ment or loyment loyment los assonable of the sare cuthere is	more suitable for descape character.  means expansion d.  No  No  No  No  suffer from access quality and have no urrently likely to be space for further	
conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding core overcome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	railway and motorway, so it ralternative uses in the long term.  Countryside site in area of spandiacent to nature reserve.  The sites location outside of the unand/or intensification would not be entified as of strategic importance.  To be required for a specific user or somprehensive or long term developmentated (or likely to be provided) suffon-site constraints to make empton-site constraints to make empton-site sites are of real restrictions, the buildings are of real retained for employment uses. Intensification however as it is outside.	ban area n supported pecialist ment or loyment	more suitable for descape character.  means expansion d.  No No No No suffer from access quality and have no urrently likely to be space for further urban area, it may	
conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding core overcome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	railway and motorway, so it ralternative uses in the long term.  Countryside site in area of spandiacent to nature reserve.  The sites location outside of the unand/or intensification would not be entified as of strategic importance.  To be required for a specific user or somprehensive or long term developmentated (or likely to be provided) suffon-site constraints to make empton-site constraints to make empton-site sites and provided in the site of the site	ban area n supported pecialist ment or loyment	more suitable for descape character.  means expansion d.  No No No No suffer from access quality and have no urrently likely to be space for further urban area, it may	



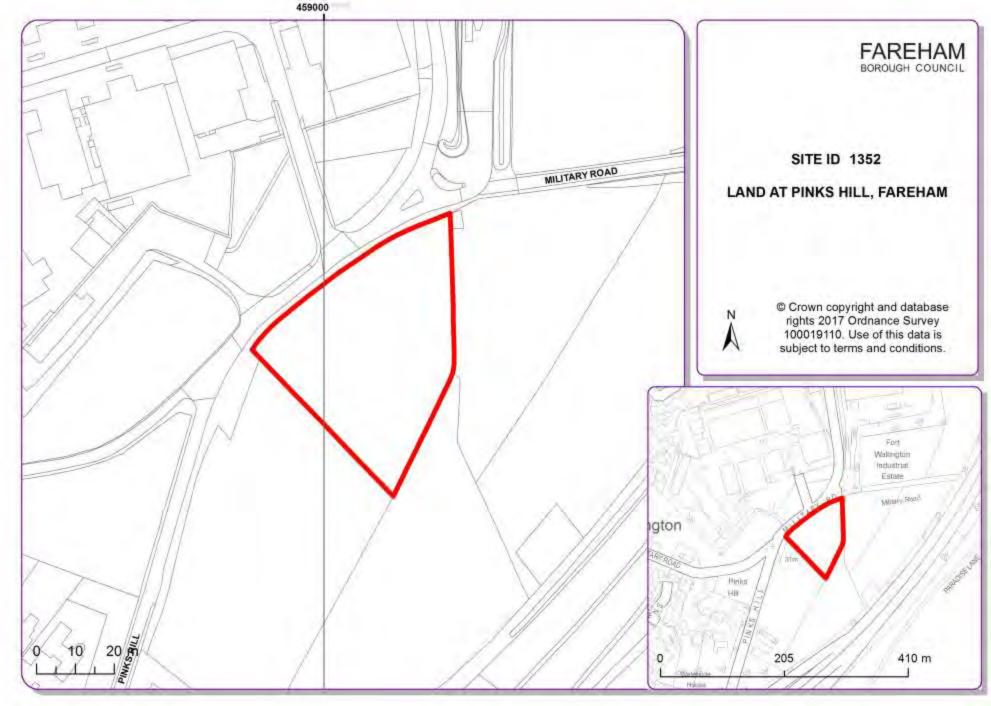
Site Address Great Brook			
Site Ref	1280		
Ward	Warsash Size	1.09 Ha	
Market Segment	B2, B8		
Description of Site and	3,133 sq m	•	
Location:	This site includes former nurse	ry buildings	at Great Brook and
	comprises low intensive indust		
	nursery buildings. Great Brook		
	and serviced by thin network o	access road	ds. Part of site has
	yet to be converted.		
Market Attractiveness Criteria			
	dentified for employment for at leas		Yes
	development activity, within the las	5 years?	No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma			No
	eloper or another agency known t	o undertake	No
employment development?			
	rship/occupation, or owned by an	organisation	No
unlikely to bring it forward for de		0	
	opment on this site be viable, w	tnout public	Yes
funding to resolve infrastructure			Ma
1:7: Is the site immediately avail			No
Market Appraisal	The site is a good distance from		
	served by public transport. The		
	of reasonable quality and have		
	access is an issue given tight a Lane. The site does serve local		
	considered suitable for expans		
	countryside location.	ion or intensi	incation due to
Adjacent land use and	Countryside site within local	gan and a	diacent to area of
conflicts	special landscape character a		
	conservation.	0 0	.portanios noi matano
Known constraints and	The site is not considered suita	ble for expar	nsion or
infrastructure requirements	intensification due to countrysi	de location.	
	,		
Strategic Planning Factors			
	entified as of strategic importance.	T	No
	to be required for a specific user	or specialist	V
use?	to be required for a specific user	oi specialist	res – nursery buildings
	emprehensive or long term deve	elonment or	_
regeneration proposal?	impronousive or long term deve	Jopinion 01	No
	nmitted (or likely to be provided)	sufficient to	
	on-site constraints to make		No
development viable?	on one deficitation to make	5p.03111011t	
Strategic Planning and	No relevant planning history.		
Access	iii ioio iaiii piaiiiiig iiioioiyi		
Recommendation	Site Score E - Low. The site	is in a count	rvside location with
	poor access. The site currently		
	buildings that are of reasonal		
	site may be considered for alte		
	•	_	



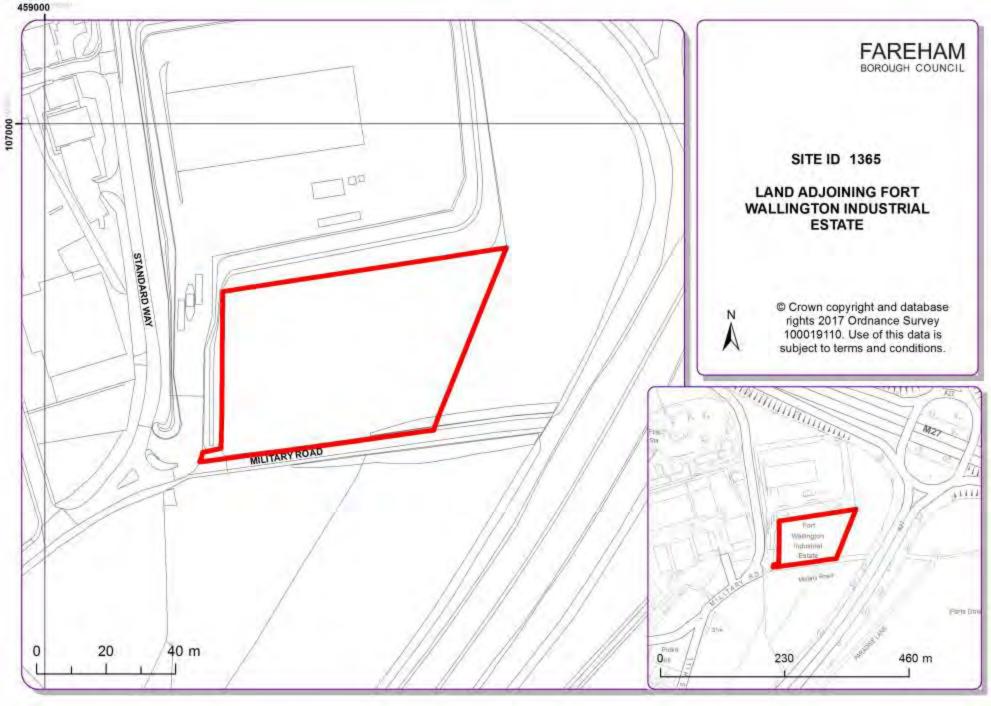
Site Address Fontley Farm F	louse (Ironmill Lane)			
Site Ref	1281			
Ward	Fareham North Size 0	.86 Ha		
Market Segment	B8			
Description of Site and	1,443 sq m			
Location:	Fontley Farm is situated in Funtley on Ironmill Lane which links			
	to Fontley Road and Titchfield Lane.			
	The site includes disused farm buildings and purpose built			
	sheds adjacent to Fontley Farm Hou			
	of converted agricultural buildings			
	Access is provided down very narro	w private road; Iron Mill		
	Lane.			
Market Attractiveness Criteria				
	dentified for employment for at least 10			
	development activity, within the last 5 ye			
1.3: Is the site being actively ma		No		
	eloper or another agency known to un	dertake No		
employment development?		_		
	rship/occupation, or owned by an organ	nisation No		
unlikely to bring it forward for de				
	opment on this site be viable, without	Public No		
funding to resolve infrastructure				
1:7: Is the site immediately avai		No		
Market Appraisal		Site has a severe access problem due to narrow private road		
	being the only way in and out of the site. The site has no public			
	transport links and is not in a pro			
Adjacent land use and	transport links and is not in a probuildings are of reasonable quality.	minent position. Converted		
Adjacent land use and	transport links and is not in a probuildings are of reasonable quality.  Countryside site only just within	Borough boundary. Within		
conflicts	transport links and is not in a probuildings are of reasonable quality.  Countryside site only just within strategic gap and area of special lar	Borough boundary. Within adscape character.		
conflicts Known constraints and	transport links and is not in a probuildings are of reasonable quality.  Countryside site only just within strategic gap and area of special lar.  The site is constrained by poor according to the site is constrained.	Borough boundary. Within adscape character.		
conflicts	transport links and is not in a probuildings are of reasonable quality.  Countryside site only just within strategic gap and area of special lar	Borough boundary. Within adscape character.		
conflicts Known constraints and	transport links and is not in a probuildings are of reasonable quality.  Countryside site only just within strategic gap and area of special lar.  The site is constrained by poor according to the site is constrained.	Borough boundary. Within adscape character.		
conflicts Known constraints and	transport links and is not in a probuildings are of reasonable quality.  Countryside site only just within strategic gap and area of special lar.  The site is constrained by poor according to the site is constrained.	Borough boundary. Within adscape character.		
conflicts Known constraints and	transport links and is not in a probuildings are of reasonable quality.  Countryside site only just within strategic gap and area of special lar.  The site is constrained by poor according to the site is constrained.	Borough boundary. Within adscape character.		
conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors	transport links and is not in a probuildings are of reasonable quality. Countryside site only just within strategic gap and area of special lar. The site is constrained by poor acceprivate road.	Borough boundary. Within adscape character.		
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide	transport links and is not in a probuildings are of reasonable quality.  Countryside site only just within strategic gap and area of special lar.  The site is constrained by poor according to the site is constrained.	Borough boundary. Within adscape character. ess down a single track		
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide	transport links and is not in a probuildings are of reasonable quality.  Countryside site only just within strategic gap and area of special lar.  The site is constrained by poor acceprivate road.	Borough boundary. Within adscape character. ess down a single track		
Conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?	transport links and is not in a probuildings are of reasonable quality.  Countryside site only just within strategic gap and area of special lar.  The site is constrained by poor acceprivate road.	Borough boundary. Within adscape character. ess down a single track  No Decialist No		
Conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?	transport links and is not in a probuildings are of reasonable quality.  Countryside site only just within strategic gap and area of special lar.  The site is constrained by poor acceptivate road.  entified as of strategic importance.  To be required for a specific user or specific user or specific user or specific user.	Borough boundary. Within adscape character. ess down a single track  No  No		
Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?	transport links and is not in a probuildings are of reasonable quality.  Countryside site only just within strategic gap and area of special lar.  The site is constrained by poor acceptivate road.  entified as of strategic importance.  To be required for a specific user or specific user or specific user or specific user.	Borough boundary. Within adscape character. ess down a single track  No pecialist No No		
Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corevercome infrastructure or	transport links and is not in a probuildings are of reasonable quality. Countryside site only just within strategic gap and area of special lar. The site is constrained by poor accordinate road.  entified as of strategic importance. To be required for a specific user or special properties.	Borough boundary. Within indscape character. ess down a single track  No Decialist No Decialist No Decialist No Decialist No Decialist No Decialist No		
Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a corregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding correctore infrastructure or development viable?	transport links and is not in a probuildings are of reasonable quality.  Countryside site only just within strategic gap and area of special lar.  The site is constrained by poor acceptivate road.  entified as of strategic importance.  To be required for a specific user or special probability of the provided of the p	Borough boundary. Within indscape character. ess down a single track  No Decialist No Decialist No Decialist No Decialist No Decialist No Decialist No		
Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a corregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding correctore infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	transport links and is not in a probuildings are of reasonable quality.  Countryside site only just within strategic gap and area of special lar. The site is constrained by poor acceptivate road.  entified as of strategic importance.  To be required for a specific user or special comprehensive or long term development of the provided of the provide	Borough boundary. Within indscape character. ess down a single track  No Decialist No Decialist No Decialist No Decialist No Decialist No Decialist No		
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Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a corregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding correctore infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	transport links and is not in a probuildings are of reasonable quality.  Countryside site only just within strategic gap and area of special lar. The site is constrained by poor acceptivate road.  entified as of strategic importance.  To be required for a specific user or special and the site is constrained by poor acceptivate road.  The site is constrained by poor acceptivate road.  Entified as of strategic importance.  To be required for a specific user or special large and the site is constrained by formation and the site is constrained.  The site is constrained by poor acceptivate road.  The site is constrained by poor acceptivate road.  The site is constrained by poor acceptivate road.	Borough boundary. Within indscape character.  Sess down a single track  No Decialist No Dient or No Dient to oyment No District No Distric		
Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a corregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding correctore infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	transport links and is not in a probuildings are of reasonable quality.  Countryside site only just within strategic gap and area of special lar.  The site is constrained by poor acceptivate road.  entified as of strategic importance.  To be required for a specific user or special probability on site constraints to make employed.  No relevant planning history.  Site Score E – Low. Fontley Farm	Borough boundary. Within indscape character.  Sess down a single track  No Decialist No Dient or No Dient to oyment No District No Distric		



Site Address Land at Pinks H	fill			
Site Ref	1352			
Ward	Fareham East Size	0.7 Ha		
Market Segment	Suited to B8 open storage			
Description of Site and	Land at Pinks Hill is an open grazing paddock sitting at the top			
Location:	of the exposed knoll near to the historic Fort Wallington.			
	The presence of large-scale industrial/ commercial buildings			
	and infrastructure with asso			
	hidden behind the walls of F			
	urban fringe character. As s	uch the landsca	pe resource is	
Market Attractiveness Criteria	judged to be fairly low.			
1.1: Has the site been formally in		oast 10 years?	No	
1.2: Has there been any recent			No	
1.3: Is the site being actively ma		iasi 5 years?	No	
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev		n to undertake	NO	
employment development?	croper or another agency know	vii to unuertake	No	
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne	rship/occupation or owned by	an organisation		
unlikely to bring it forward for de		organioanon	No	
1.6: Would employment development		without public	NI -	
funding to resolve infrastructure		manout passes	No	
1:7: Is the site immediately avail			No	
Market Appraisal	This site is considered suita	ble for employn	nent uses (B2 or B8)	
	as it is located in a low lands	scape sensitivity	y area, in close	
	proximity to Fort Wallington	Industrial Estat	e. Sufficient	
	buffering will need to be con		neighbouring	
	development proposed under			
Adjacent land use and	Pinks Hill / Military Road lie			
conflicts	which is North Wallington			
	Recycling and Transfer Sta	tion. There is a	an open paddock to	
	east, south and west.		4 ia hainu uuawatad	
	Adjoining land to the east, for residential development			
	site would not be compatible			
Known constraints and	Given the pressure for devel			
infrastructure requirements	restricted access to the A27			
I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	planning exercise is required			
	Measures would need to be		•	
	commercial vehicle activity			
	The site is likely to have a re	ptile population	and possibly	
	support foraging of Brent Ge			
	likely to support invertebrate			
	features should be strengthe	ened and buffer	ed.	
Strategic Planning Factors			NI -	
2.1: Is the site within an area ide			No	
2.2: Is the site identified or likely	to be required for a specific us	ser or specialist	No	
use?	annual annita an Israe ta co	lavialamer 4		
2.3: Is the site part of a co	omprenensive or long term d	evelopment or	No	
regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding con	mmitted (or likely to be provide	ad) sufficient to		
	on-site constraints to make		No	
development viable?	on site constraints to illakt	o employment	140	
Strategic Planning and	No relevant planning history	1		
Access		•		
Recommendation	Site Score C - Average. Th	is site would a	ppear to be suitable	
	for commercial developmen			
	Road, clear of the junction w			
	,		·	



Site Address Land Adjoining	Waste Transfer Station			
Site Ref	1365			
Ward	Fareham East Size 1	1.05 Ha		
Market Segment	Suited to B2 and B8 uses			
Description of Site and	The site comprises open pasture si			
Location:	exposed knoll near to the historic Fort Wallington.			
	The presence of large-scale industrial/ commercial buildings			
	and infrastructure with associated parking (albeit mostly			
	hidden behind the walls of Fort Wa			
	urban fringe feel. As such the lands	scape reso	ource is judged to	
	be fairly low.			
Market Attractiveness Criteria				
	dentified for employment for at least 10		No	
	development activity, within the last 5 y		No	
1.3: Is the site being actively ma			No	
	eloper or another agency known to ur	ndertake	No	
employment development?				
	rship/occupation, or owned by an orga	inisation	Yes	
unlikely to bring it forward for de			- <del>-</del>	
	opment on this site be viable, without	ıt public	No	
funding to resolve infrastructure				
1:7: Is the site immediately avail			No	
Market Appraisal	The site is considered suitable for l			
	developed in concert with site 3034			
	landscape sensitivity area, in close			
	and near to Fort Wallington Industr			
	accessed via the entrance to the ad			
	Station subject to necessary land. I			
	opportunity for a comprehensive de	evelopme	nt with site ID 3034	
	to the east.			
Adjacent land use and	There is a Waste Transfer Station t			
conflicts	east and south, Standard Way to w			
	habitat areas, whilst run off from s	slope sho	uld avoid impact to	
	Wallington River.	4 1 41 1	1.41	
Known constraints and	Given the pressure for developmen			
infrastructure requirements	restricted access to the A27 and Fa			
	planning exercise is required for th			
	Measures would need to be put in p		mit additional	
	commercial vehicle activity on Pink			
	The site is likely to have a reptile po			
Ctuatagia Dianging Frataga	invertebrates and the potential for I	pats, padg	gers and dormouse.	
Strategic Planning Factors	antified on of atratagic importance	1	No	
	entified as of strategic importance.		No	
-	to be required for a specific user or s	pecialist	No	
use?	annual analysis of the second			
·	omprehensive or long term developr	ment or	No	
regeneration proposal?	and the defendant of the second of the secon			
	mmitted (or likely to be provided) suff		Na	
	on-site constraints to make emp	oyment	No	
development viable?	No volovont planning bistom			
Strategic Planning and	No relevant planning history.			
Access Recommendation	Sito Sooro C. Average This site	would a	moor to be suitable	
Recommendation	Site Score C - Average. This site			
	for commercial development with			
	Road, clear of the junction with Fo			
	provide the opportunity for a comp	n enensiv	e development with	
	site ID 3034 to the east.			

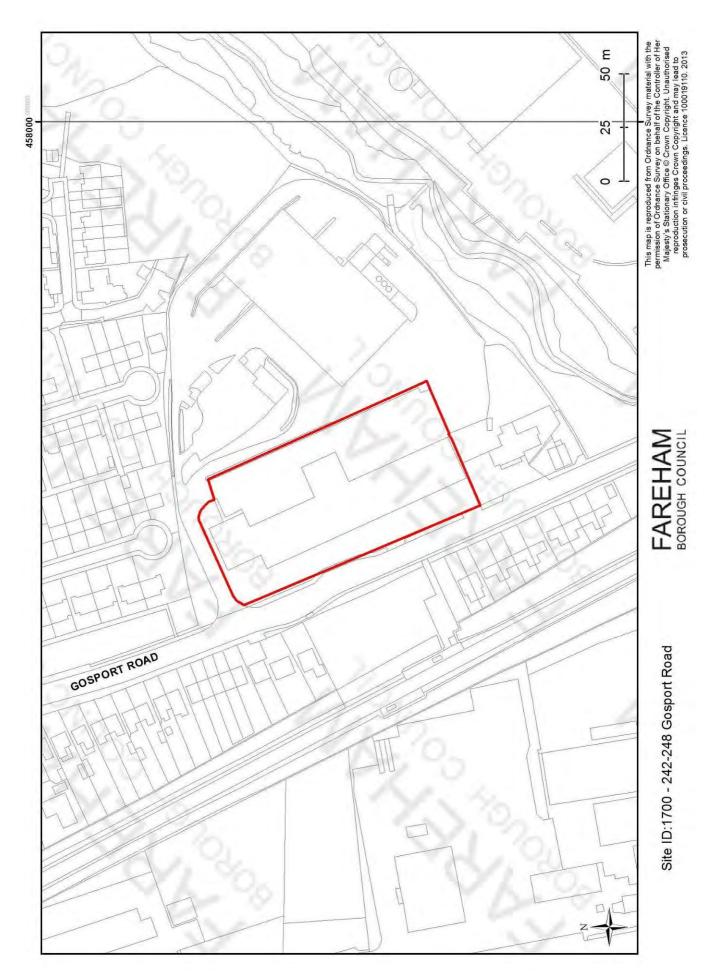


Site Address South of Solent	t Way, Whiteley				
Site Ref	1628				
Ward	Sarisbury	Size	0.614 Ha		
Market Segment	B2/B8				
Description of Site and	1,678 sq m		I		
Location:	The site is located at the southernmost section of the wider				
	Solent Way development which is mostly within Winchester				
	District's boundary. The site is located in close proximity to the				
	M27 (via junction 9) and has easy access for HGV's.				
	The site comprises 4 industrial sheds as part of the wider				
	Solent Way developm				
	facilities which have				
	The site was previous				
	within the urban area				
<b>Market Attractiveness Criteria</b>					
1.1: Has the site been formally in	dentified for employmen	for at least	10 years?	Yes	
1.2: Has there been any recent				Yes	
1.3: Is the site being actively ma				Yes	
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev	eloper or another agend	cy known to	undertake	Yes	
employment development?				169	
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne	rship/occupation, or own	ned by an or	ganisation	No	
unlikely to bring it forward for de	velopment?	-		NU	
1.6: Would employment development			out public	Yes	
funding to resolve infrastructure		nts?		162	
1:7: Is the site immediately avail				Yes	
Market Appraisal	The site comprises				
	parking to the front.				
	intensification within				
	neighbouring Solent		s been co	nsidered for office	
	development (site 162				
Adjacent land use and	Solent and Fulcrum i				
conflicts	the site and the M27		outh of the	e site. Solent 2 (124)	
Manual constraints and	is to the west of the s				
Known constraints and	No known constraints	5.			
infrastructure requirements					
Otroto via Planata E				_	
Strategic Planning Factors	matifical on of stanta at the			Na	
2.1: Is the site within an area ide			oposis!ist	No	
2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?	to be required for a sp	ecilic user of	specialist	No	
2.3: Is the site part of a co	mprohoneivo or long	term develo	nmont or		
regeneration proposal?	mprenensive or long	term develo	hineiir oi	No	
2.4: Is there public funding cor	nmitted (or likely to be	provided) si	ifficient to		
overcome infrastructure or				No	
development viable?	on site constraints to	make en	i pioyi i i ci it	110	
Strategic Planning and	Erection of Lidl food	store (Use	Class A1)	with customer car	
Access	park and associated				
	(from Winchester City			)	
Recommendation	Site Score A – High.				
	are part of a wider				
	proximity to the M27				
	•				

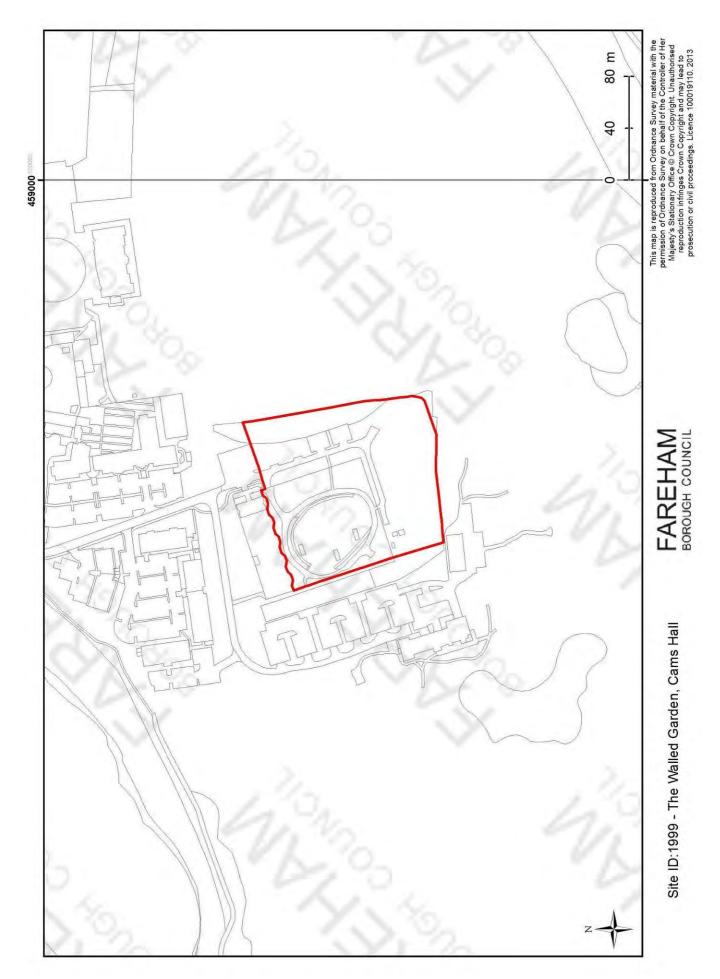


Site ID:1628 - South of Solent Way, Whiteley

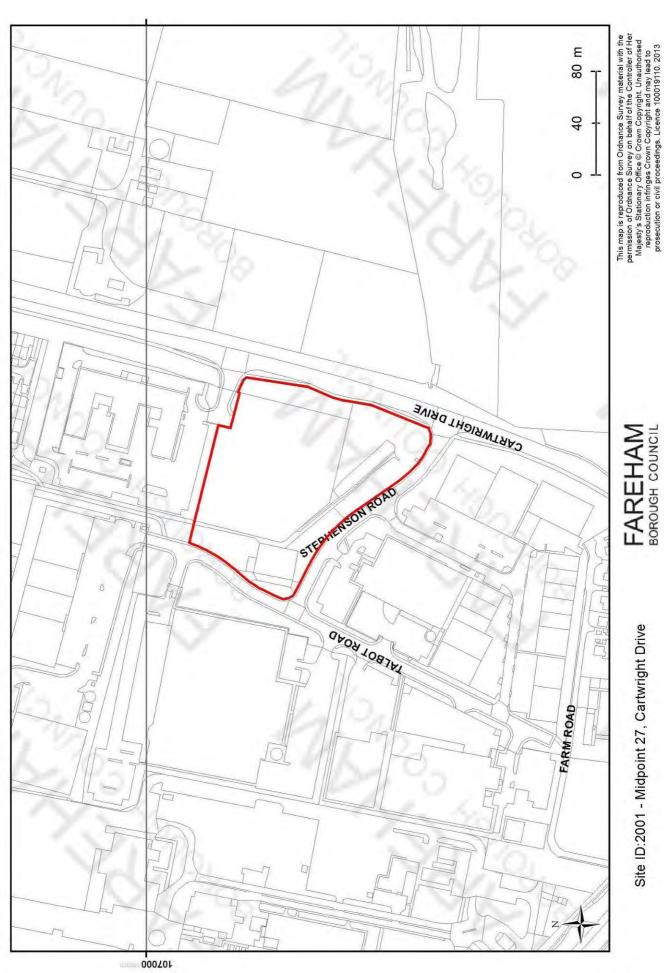
Site Address 242-248 Gospo	rt Road			
Site Ref	1700			
Ward	Fareham East Size	0.744 Ha		
Market Segment	B2/B8, sui-generis, retail			
Description of Site and	2,781 sq m			
Location:	The site consists of a terraced row of units along Gosport			
	Road, with access, servicing and parking to the rear via single			
	access point to the north. The rear of the units is universally			
	concrete, but the area fronting Go	sport Road is landscaped		
	with a tree line. The buildings are	medium-large in scale and are		
	relatively modern.			
Market Attractiveness Criteria				
	dentified for employment for at least 1			
	development activity, within the last 5			
1.3: Is the site being actively ma		Yes		
	reloper or another agency known to	undertake No		
employment development?		1 - 2		
	rship/occupation, or owned by an org	ganisation No		
unlikely to bring it forward for de				
	opment on this site be viable, with	out public Yes		
funding to resolve infrastructure				
1:7: Is the site immediately avail		Yes		
Market Appraisal	The site suffers from congestion			
	and is relatively isolated away fro			
	additional employment buildings	to the south over the Borough		
	boundary with Gosport. The build	dings are of a decent standard		
	and the site is reasonably promi			
	expansion opportunities are limit			
Adjacent land use and	Smaller section of category A em			
conflicts	area. There is residential properti			
	employment sites to the west, ear	and south.		
Known constraints and	No known constraints.			
infrastructure requirements				
Strategic Planning Factors				
	entified as of strategic importance.	No		
	to be required for a specific user or	enocialist		
use?	to be required for a specific user or	No		
	omprehensive or long term develo	nment or		
regeneration proposal?	omprehensive or long term develo	No No		
	nmitted (or likely to be provided) su	ifficient to		
	on-site constraints to make en			
development viable?	on one condutating to make en	ipioyinoni 110		
Strategic Planning and	No relevant planning history.	<u>L</u>		
Access	ite totatic planning motory.			
Recommendation	Site Score C – Average. The si	te provides relatively modern		
	units on the A32 adjacent to			
	further scope for expansion			
	further scope for expansion.			



Site Address Walled Garden,	Cams Estate				
Site Ref	1999				
Ward		I.66 Ha			
Market Segment	B1				
Description of Site and	Extant permission for 1,952 sq m o	f B1-B8 floor space.			
Location:	The site is currently an open garden set within high walls,				
	which was originally part of wider Cams Estate. The business				
	park is a large, high quality office location, part built part				
	converted outbuildings of country house. It is set within a				
	landscaped conservation area. The				
	buildings are a mix of materials bu				
	conservation area.	· an are accigned to m minni			
Market Attractiveness Criteria					
	dentified for employment for at least 10	vears? Yes			
	development activity, within the last 5 y				
1.3: Is the site being actively ma		No			
	eloper or another agency known to ur	odertake			
employment development?	eloper of another agency known to un	Yes			
	rship/occupation, or owned by an orga	unication			
unlikely to bring it forward for de		No			
	ppment on this site be viable, withou	ut public			
funding to resolve infrastructure		Yes			
		Yes			
1:7: Is the site immediately avail					
Market Appraisal	The site is located within a wide and therefore benefits from some				
	previous permission for offices				
Adiacout land was and	suitable for an allocation for this us				
Adjacent land use and	The site comprises land within the				
conflicts	Part of Cams Estate conservation				
Manual and a section to the section of the section	now utilised for economic develop				
Known constraints and	There are no environmental constr				
infrastructure requirements	on site means that any new develo				
	designed in order to remain respec	ttui to originai buildings.			
Strategic Planning Factors					
	entified as of strategic importance.	No			
	to be required for a specific user or s	pocialist			
use?	to be required for a specific user of s	No			
	omprehensive or long term develop	ment or			
regeneration proposal?	imprononsive or long term develop	No No			
	nmitted (or likely to be provided) suff	icient to			
	on-site constraints to make emp				
development viable?	on site constraints to make emp	NO yment 140			
Strategic Planning and	No relevant planning history.	1			
Access	140 relevant planning instory.				
Recommendation	Site Score B - Above Average. 1	ha sita is sat within a high			
1.000IIIIIGIIGGIIGII	quality office park offering	premium office space.			
	Complementary office space would				
	Complementary office space would	. NO 34114NIC VII 11113 311C.			



Site Address Midpoint 27 (J9	South), Segensworth South (Talbot Road)			
Site Ref	2001			
Ward	Titchfield Size 1.843 Ha			
Market Segment	B2/B8			
Description of Site and	Original permission for 4,000 sq m unit			
Location:	The site comprises the remaining section of land in a larger			
	employment site to the west of Cartwright Drive. The site is			
	currently a large surface car park, serving the Town Centre,			
	with easy access onto the A27 and A32 and has recently been			
	sold on a long leasehold interest and a new	40,000 sq ft		
	industrial unit is to be constructed on the s	ite.		
<b>Market Attractiveness Criteria</b>				
1.1: Has the site been formally in	dentified for employment for at least 10 years?	Yes		
1.2: Has there been any recent	development activity, within the last 5 years?	No		
1.3: Is the site being actively ma	rketed as an employment site?	Yes		
	eloper or another agency known to undertake	Vos		
employment development?	<u> </u>	Yes		
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne	rship/occupation, or owned by an organisation	No		
unlikely to bring it forward for de	velopment?	INU		
	opment on this site be viable, without public	Voc		
funding to resolve infrastructure		Yes		
1:7: Is the site immediately avail	able?	Yes		
Market Appraisal	The site is part of wider Segensworth Sou	th site (site 78) and		
	benefits from no neighbour issues and a	ccess to reasonable		
	employment related services. The site			
Cartwright Drive which links quickly to the A27 and wider				
ĺ	Cartwright Drive which links quickly to	the A27 and wider		
	strategic road network. Site has a previ industrial uses and has been marketed. Th	ious permission for		
	strategic road network. Site has a previndustrial uses and has been marketed. Th	ious permission for e site has been sold		
	strategic road network. Site has a previ industrial uses and has been marketed. Th on a long leasehold interest and is being re	ious permission for e site has been sold		
Adjacent land use and	strategic road network. Site has a previndustrial uses and has been marketed. Th	ious permission for e site has been sold developed for a new		
Adjacent land use and conflicts	strategic road network. Site has a previndustrial uses and has been marketed. The on a long leasehold interest and is being read,000 sq ft industrial unit.	ious permission for e site has been sold developed for a new		
	strategic road network. Site has a previndustrial uses and has been marketed. The on a long leasehold interest and is being read,000 sq ft industrial unit.	ious permission for e site has been sold developed for a new		
conflicts	strategic road network. Site has a previndustrial uses and has been marketed. The on a long leasehold interest and is being re 40,000 sq ft industrial unit.  The site is within the Town Centre boundary.	ious permission for e site has been sold developed for a new		
conflicts Known constraints and	strategic road network. Site has a previndustrial uses and has been marketed. The on a long leasehold interest and is being re 40,000 sq ft industrial unit.  The site is within the Town Centre boundary.	ious permission for e site has been sold developed for a new		
conflicts Known constraints and	strategic road network. Site has a previndustrial uses and has been marketed. The on a long leasehold interest and is being re 40,000 sq ft industrial unit.  The site is within the Town Centre boundary.	ious permission for e site has been sold developed for a new		
conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors	strategic road network. Site has a previndustrial uses and has been marketed. The on a long leasehold interest and is being re 40,000 sq ft industrial unit.  The site is within the Town Centre boundary.  No known constraints.	ious permission for e site has been sold developed for a new		
conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors	strategic road network. Site has a previndustrial uses and has been marketed. The on a long leasehold interest and is being re 40,000 sq ft industrial unit.  The site is within the Town Centre boundary.	ious permission for le site has been sold developed for a new		
conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide	strategic road network. Site has a previndustrial uses and has been marketed. The on a long leasehold interest and is being re 40,000 sq ft industrial unit.  The site is within the Town Centre boundary.  No known constraints.	ious permission for le site has been sold edeveloped for a new		
conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide	strategic road network. Site has a previndustrial uses and has been marketed. The on a long leasehold interest and is being re 40,000 sq ft industrial unit.  The site is within the Town Centre boundary.  No known constraints.	ious permission for le site has been sold edeveloped for a new		
conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?	strategic road network. Site has a previndustrial uses and has been marketed. The on a long leasehold interest and is being re 40,000 sq ft industrial unit.  The site is within the Town Centre boundary.  No known constraints.	ious permission for le site has been sold edeveloped for a new y.  No No		
conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?	strategic road network. Site has a previndustrial uses and has been marketed. The on a long leasehold interest and is being reduction 40,000 sq ft industrial unit.  The site is within the Town Centre boundary.  No known constraints.  entified as of strategic importance.  To be required for a specific user or specialist.	ious permission for le site has been sold edeveloped for a new		
conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?	strategic road network. Site has a previndustrial uses and has been marketed. The on a long leasehold interest and is being reduction 40,000 sq ft industrial unit.  The site is within the Town Centre boundary.  No known constraints.  entified as of strategic importance.  To be required for a specific user or specialist of the properties of the strategic importance.	ious permission for le site has been sold edeveloped for a new y.  No No		
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding core	strategic road network. Site has a previndustrial uses and has been marketed. The on a long leasehold interest and is being reduction 40,000 sq ft industrial unit.  The site is within the Town Centre boundary.  No known constraints.  entified as of strategic importance.  To be required for a specific user or specialist.	ious permission for le site has been sold edeveloped for a new y.  No No		
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding core	industrial uses and has been marketed. The on a long leasehold interest and is being reduced to the site is within the Town Centre boundary.  No known constraints.  The site is within the Town Centre boundary.  No known constraints.  The intified as of strategic importance.  To be required for a specific user or specialist of the site is within the Town Centre boundary.	No No		
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or	industrial uses and has been marketed. The on a long leasehold interest and is being reduced to the site is within the Town Centre boundary.  No known constraints.  The site is within the Town Centre boundary.  No known constraints.  The intified as of strategic importance.  To be required for a specific user or specialist of the site is within the Town Centre boundary.	No No No		
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?	strategic road network. Site has a previndustrial uses and has been marketed. The on a long leasehold interest and is being reduced to the site is within the Town Centre boundary.  No known constraints.  The site is within the Town Centre boundary.  No known constraints.  The provided as of strategic importance.  To be required for a specific user or specialist of the site is within the Town Centre boundary.  The site is within the	No No No		
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	strategic road network. Site has a previndustrial uses and has been marketed. The on a long leasehold interest and is being reduced to the site is within the Town Centre boundary.  No known constraints.  The site is within the Town Centre boundary.  No known constraints.  The provided as of strategic importance.  To be required for a specific user or specialist of the site is within the Town Centre boundary.  The site is within the	No No No No No S2, B8 use.		
Conflicts Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	strategic road network. Site has a previndustrial uses and has been marketed. The on a long leasehold interest and is being reduced to the site is within the Town Centre boundary.  No known constraints.  In the site is within the Town Centre boundary.  No known constraints.  In the site is within the Town Centre boundary.  In the	No No No No No S2, B8 use.		
Conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corevercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	strategic road network. Site has a previndustrial uses and has been marketed. The on a long leasehold interest and is being reduction 40,000 sq ft industrial unit.  The site is within the Town Centre boundary.  No known constraints.  In the site is within the Town Centre boundary.	No No No No No S2, B8 use.		

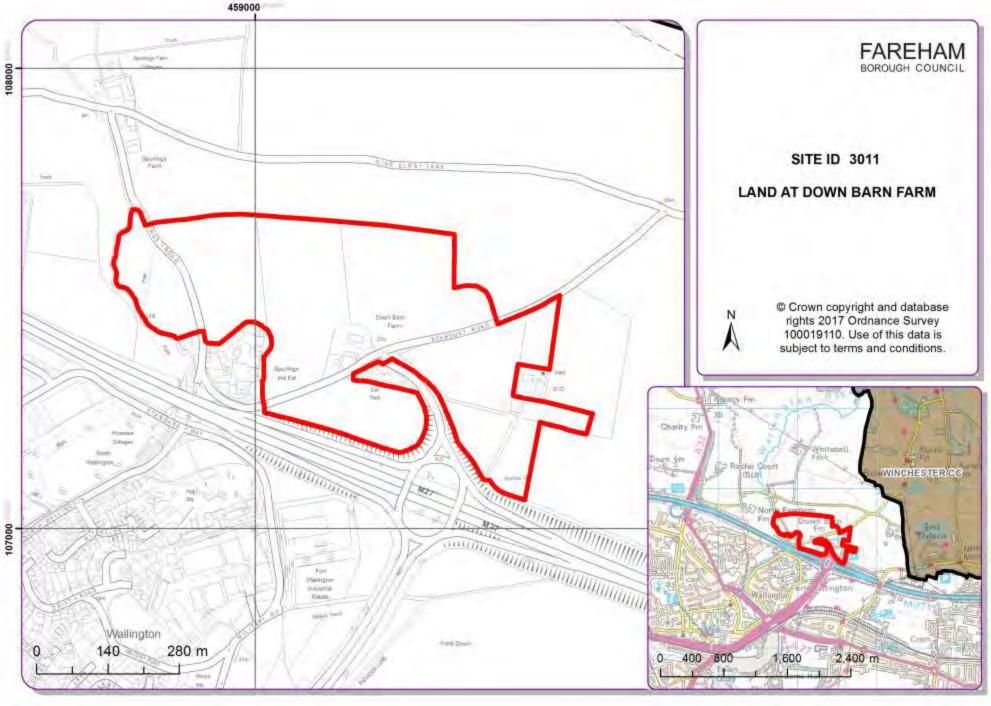


FAREHAM BOROUGH COUNCIL

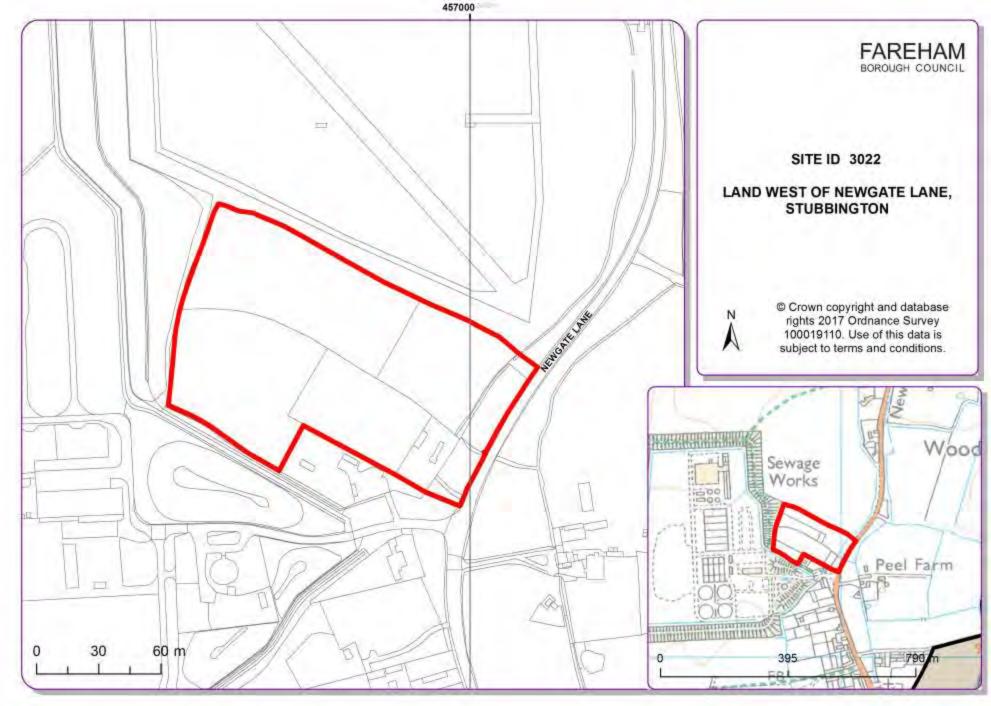
Site ID:2001 - Midpoint 27, Cartwright Drive

Site Address Down Barn Far	m, Spurlings				
Site Ref	3011				
Ward	Fareham East	Size	32.85 Ha		
Market Segment	Suited to B2 or B8 log	gistics and			
	storage				
Description of Site and	30,000 sq m				
Location:	The majority of the site is in agricultural use. It is located north				
	of the M27 at junction 11. The landscape is judged to be of high				
	sensitivity due to the lack of tree cover and exposed nature in this area making development difficult to integrate without				
			ilcuit to in	tegrate without	
Market Attractiveness Criteria	unacceptable adverse	e enecis.			
1.1: Has the site been formally is	dentified for employmen	t for at least 1	In vears?	No	
1.2: Has there been any recent				No	
1.3: Is the site being actively ma			years:	No	
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev			undertake		
employment development?	eloper of another agent	by Kilowii to	undertake	No	
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne	rshin/occupation or own	ned by an or	nanisation		
unlikely to bring it forward for de		ica by air or	garnoanon	No	
1.6: Would employment develo		viable with	out public		
funding to resolve infrastructure			out public	No	
1:7: Is the site immediately avail				No	
Market Appraisal	The high sensitivity la	andscape se	tting of thi	_	
That it of 7 ip or all out	proposed scale of de				
	and poses viability is				
	commercially attracti				
Adjacent land use and	Down Barn Farm, wh				
conflicts	modern barn is loca				
	Industrial Estate is I	ocated to th	ne south-w	est of the site. The	
	remainder of the site	is surround	ed by agric	cultural land.	
Known constraints and	The principle of empl				
infrastructure requirements	accepted with regard				
	precise location of th				
	existing haul road an				
	in further detail throu				
	accessing the Spurling				
	should be explored. S		ighway im <sub>l</sub>	provement works	
	are likely to be requir	ed.			
Strategic Planning Factors	.00.1		1	NI.	
2.1: Is the site within an area ide				No	
2.2: Is the site identified or likely	to be required for a sp	ecific user or	specialist	No	
use?					
2.3: Is the site part of a co	imprenensive or long	term develo	pment or	No	
regeneration proposal?			.ff: -: + + -		
2.4: Is there public funding cor	` •	• ,		Na	
	on-site constraints to	make en	прюуттепт	No	
development viable? Strategic Planning and	Planning decisions o	f noto within	thic cite in	aduda	
Access	Land at Down Barn F				
Access	Proposal: Generatio				
	Fuelled Generators,				
	Within Fenced Comp				
	Earth Bund (Alternat				
	P/16/0510/Fp & P/16/1		• . a.it	2 2	
	Decision Date: 15/05/		s: Approve		
	Boarhunt Road - Dov				

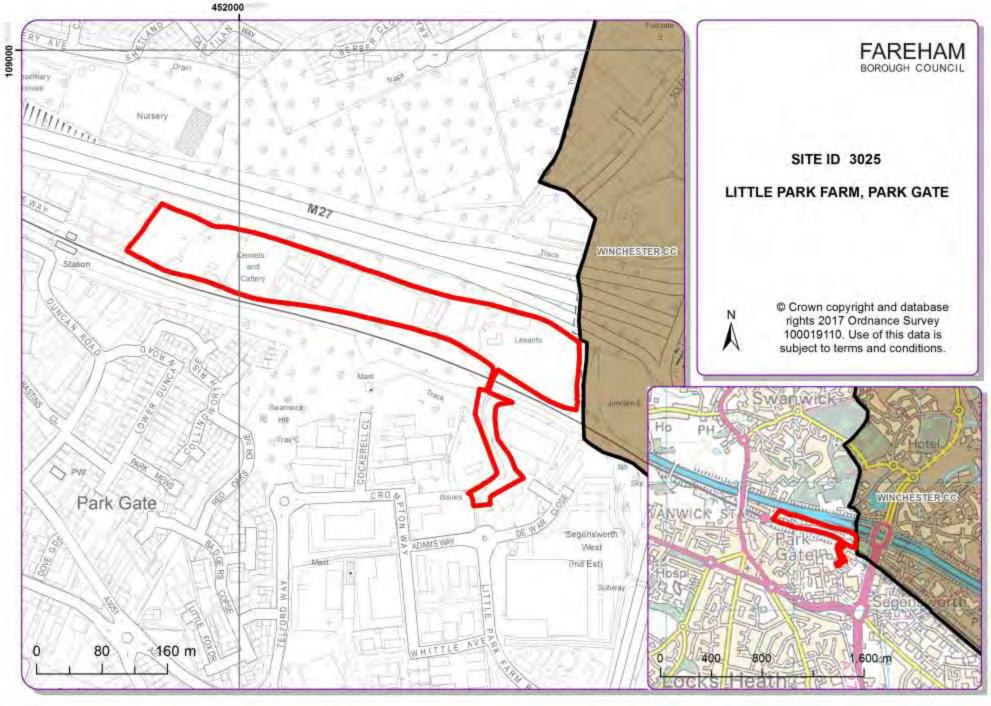
	Proposal: Use For Hardcore/Concrete Recycling Solely For Graham Moyse Contractors Decision Date: 02/07/2009 Status: HCC Permission
Recommendation	Site Score D – Below Average. The site is conveniently located within close proximity to the M27 which would be commercially attractive to B1, B2 and B8 occupiers, however there are sensitivities to development due to its location and is some distance from local amenities.



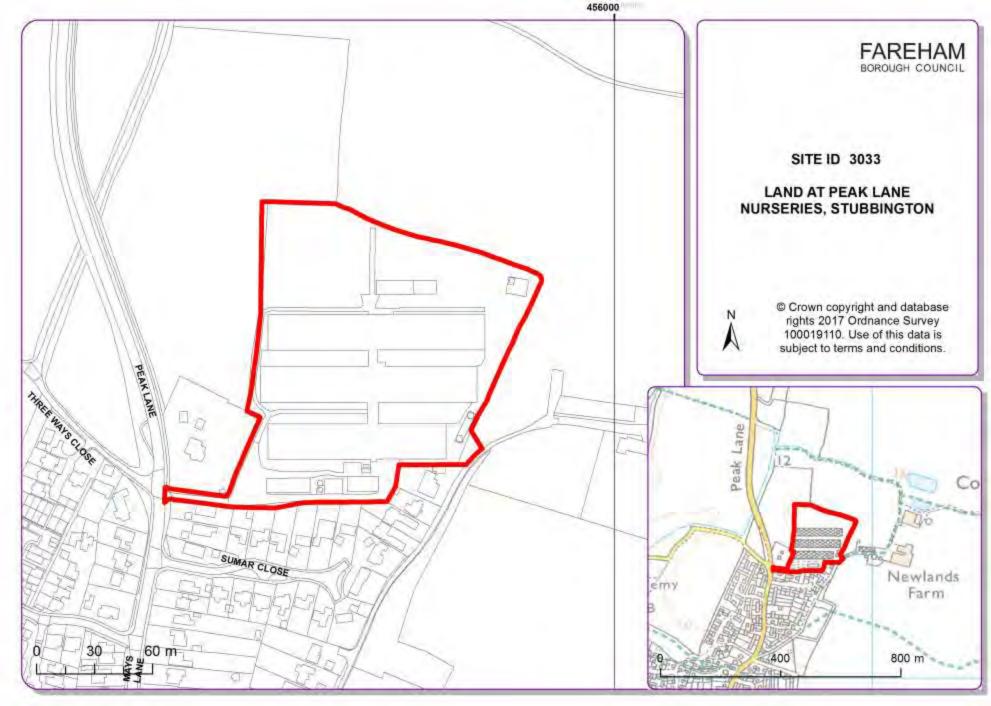
Site Address Land West of N	ewgate Lane, Peel Commor	1	
Site Ref	3022		
Ward	Stubbington Size	3.06 Ha	
Market Segment	Suited to B2 or B8 uses		
Description of Site and	10,000 sq m		
Location:	Site is comprised of two o	pen paddocks, ea	ch with wooded
	boundaries.		
Market Attractiveness Criteria			
1.1: Has the site been formally in			No
1.2: Has there been any recent			No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma			No
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev	eloper or another agency kn	own to undertake	No
employment development?	and the form of the same and the		-
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne		y an organisation	No
unlikely to bring it forward for de		الطبيع المرابع المائية	
1.6: Would employment develo		ie, without public	Yes
funding to resolve infrastructure			No
1:7: Is the site immediately avail		nain ann hut di	
Market Appraisal	The site is within strate		
	infrastructure and develo		
	integrated without impacti		
	The site would be suita		
	location however there w		
	(hedgerow dissecting the	site) which will n	eed to be taken into
	account which may reduc	e the site's capac	ity for development.
	Development should be d	lesigned within th	ne existing structure
	of vegetation, to help integ	grate it into the la	ndscape.
Adjacent land use and	There is a solar farm to im	mediate north; N	ewgate Lane to east,
conflicts	beyond which is open ara	ble/ grazing land	. There is a gypsy &
	traveller site to immedia		and Peel Common
	Wastewater Treatment Wo		
Known constraints and	Suitable access could be a		
infrastructure requirements	is to be by-passed by the I		
	A loop road on-site is reco		
	located near the northern	end of the frontag	je.
Strategic Planning Factors			
2.1: Is the site within an area ide	entified as of strategic imports	nce	No
2.1. Is the site within an area ide			INO
use?	to be required for a specific	usei oi specialist	No
2.3: Is the site part of a co	amprehensive or long term	development or	
regeneration proposal?	imprenensive or long term	acvelopilletit Of	No
2.4: Is there public funding cor	nmitted (or likely to be provi	ided) sufficient to	
	on-site constraints to ma		No
development viable?	on one constraints to me	and omployment	
Strategic Planning and	No relevant planning histo	orv.	
Access	Tis tere tam planning moto	· <b>/</b> ·	
Recommendation	Site Score D - Below Ave	erage. The site w	ould be suitable for
	employment uses given		
	access from Newgate La		
	amenities and the site		
	restrictions limiting the sc		
	restrictions minuing the SC	aie oi developine	111.



Site Address Little Park Farm				
Site Ref	3025			
Ward	Park Gate	Size	5.73 Ha	
Market Segment	B1, B2, B8			
Description of Site and	11,200 sq m			
Location:	The site is located wi	thin a mixtu	re of uses,	including
	employment open sto	orage, reside	ential, kenn	els and amenity
	grazing. Site is an en			
	Local Plan 2015. Part			
	use, which due to the	restrictive h	nighways a	ccess is likely to be
	site's main use.			
Market Attractiveness Criteria	1 20 10			
1.1: Has the site been formally in				Yes
1.2: Has there been any recent of			years?	No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma				Yes
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev	eloper or another agend	cy known to	undertake	Yes
employment development?	rahin/agaunatian ar aug	and by on or	annination	
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne unlikely to bring it forward for de		ied by an or	ganisation	No
1.6: Would employment development		viable with	out public	
funding to resolve infrastructure			out public	No
1:7: Is the site immediately avail		1110:		Yes
Market Appraisal	Site is an existing en	nnlovment a	llocation w	
markot Appraioai	and has no neighbor			
	constraints mean o			
	achieved unless a sign			
	The site is currently			
	storage, though high			
	of the access would given its location wou			
Adjacent land use and	The site is located be			
conflicts	line to the south. Th			
Connicts	Way employment are			
	employment allocation			
Known constraints and	Site access is via a 3.			
infrastructure requirements	require control measi			
	signals would appear			
	pedestrian phase. The			
	underbridge became			
	vehicle.	oboti dotod,		, a .a. go ,g
Strategic Planning Factors				
2.1: Is the site within an area ide	entified as of strategic im	portance.		No
2.2: Is the site identified or likely			specialist	No
use?	·			140
2.3: Is the site part of a co	omprehensive or long	term develo	pment or	No
regeneration proposal?				
2.4: Is there public funding cor				
	on-site constraints to	make en	nployment	No
development viable?	No volessout with a '	hieto:::		
Strategic Planning and Access	No relevant planning	history.		
Recommendation	Site Score D – Below	/ Average T	he location	n of the site and the
	surrounding uses ma			
	further scope for dev			
	are currently limiting			
	are currently illiniting	rartiner expa	insion or ti	no one.

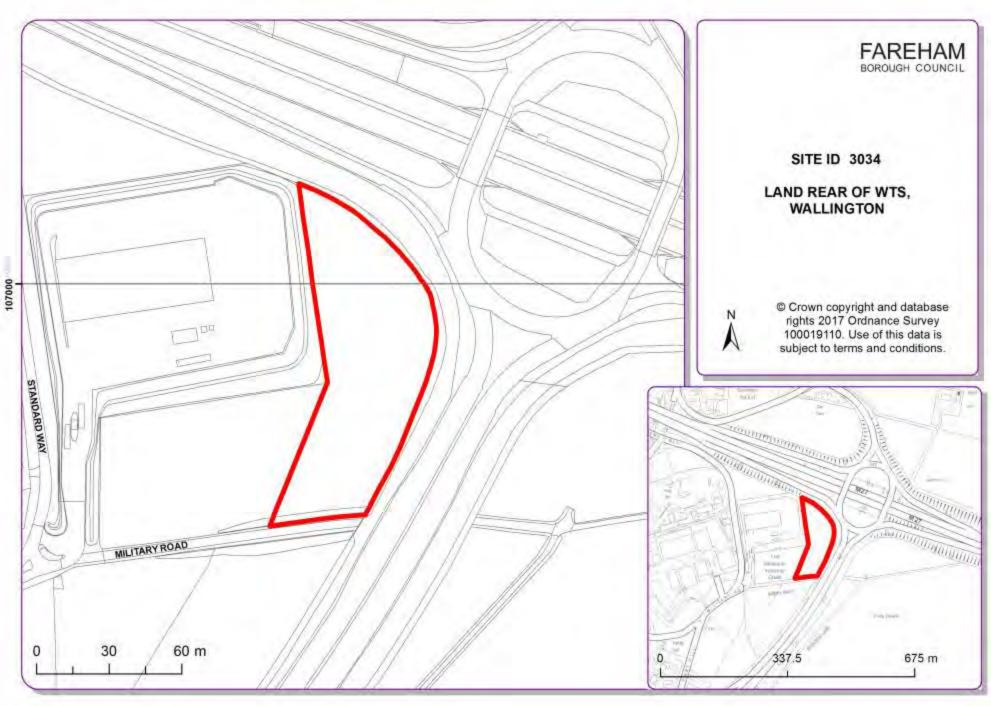


Site Address Land at Peak L	ane Nurseries			
Site Ref	3033			
Ward	Stubbington	Size	Ha 3.54	
Market Segment				
Description of Site and	Indicative floor space			
Location:	The site is currently to			
	accessed from Peak			
	Mays Lane/Oakcroft			
	and Mays Lane may I			
	locationand standard	of the Mays	Lane junc	tion.
Market Attractiveness Criteria				
1.1: Has the site been formally i				Yes
1.2: Has there been any recent			years?	No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma				No
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev	eloper or another agen	cy known to	undertake	No
employment development?				
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne		ned by an or	ganisation	No
unlikely to bring it forward for de				-
1.6: Would employment development			out public	Yes
funding to resolve infrastructure		ints?		
1:7: Is the site immediately avail				No
Market Appraisal	The site is currently i			
	nursery, with extensi	•		•
	on site. The glasshoเ	ises are pro	minent feat	ures of the
	landscape, but do no	t detract fro	m the agric	ultural character of
	the area or its quality	. It would be	difficult to	accommodate
	significant new devel			
	qualities of the lands			
	are very open and ex			
	travelling south along			
	open countryside and		properties	also pose
Adiacont land use and	development constra			t and west of site
Adjacent land use and	The site has open co			and west of site
conflicts	and residential prope			alaa it aanaa alitti aaalt
Known constraints and	Due to the sites lands			
infrastructure requirements	to accommodate the			
	site is also inhibited			
	in transport terms for			
	Bats, reptiles and bac			
	buildings (not glassh		ite may als	o provide potential
	roosting opportunitie	s for bats.		
Strategic Planning Factors				
2.1: Is the site within an area ide				No
2.2: Is the site identified or likely	y to be required for a sp	ecific user or	specialist	Yes
use?				100
2.3: Is the site part of a co	omprehensive or long	term develo	pment or	No.
-				
regeneration proposal?				No
regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding con	mmitted (or likely to be	provided) su	ufficient to	NO
2.4: Is there public funding cor	mmitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to			No
2.4: Is there public funding cor				
2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or		make en		
2.4: Is there public funding cor overcome infrastructure or development viable?	on-site constraints to	make en		
2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	on-site constraints to	history.	nployment	No
2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	on-site constraints to  No relevant planning  Site Score E - Low	history.  This site	is not co	No
2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	on-site constraints to	history.  This site	is not co	No nsidered a suitable

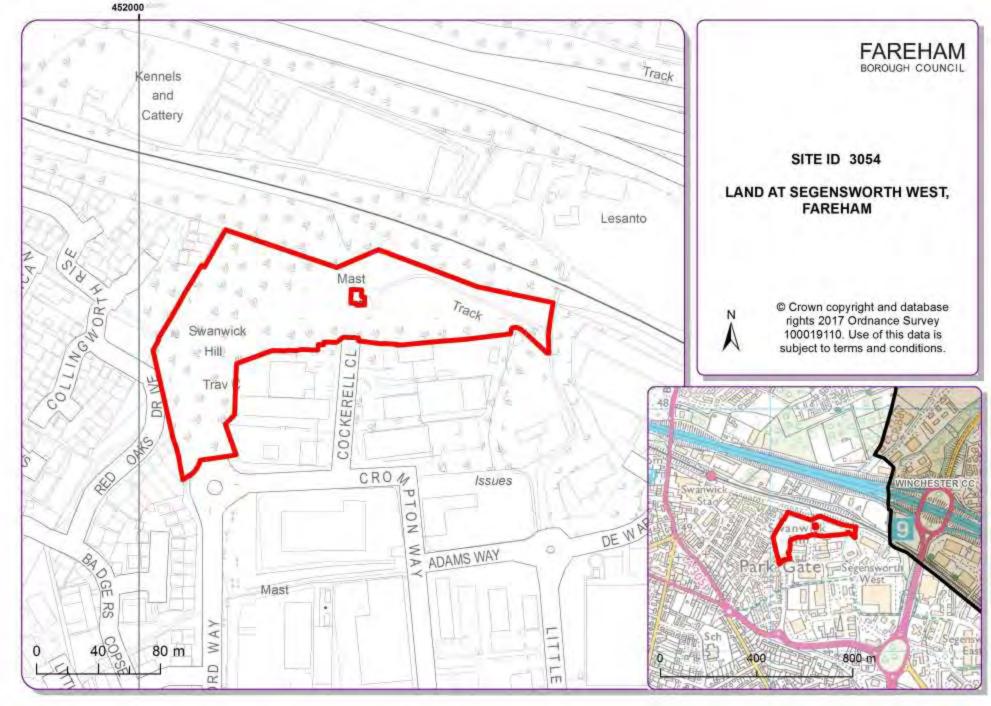


	Road, rear of Waste Transfer Station, Wallin	aton
Site Ref	3034	<b>J</b>
Ward	Fareham East Size 1.23 Ha	
Market Segment	Suited to B2, B8	
Description of Site and	The site comprises open pasture sitting at t	he top of the
Location:	exposed knoll near to the historic Fort Wall	
	The presence of large-scale industrial/ co	
	and infrastructure with associated parl	
	hidden behind the walls of Fort Wallingto	
	urban fringe feel and would represent an	
	extension to an established employment	
	the site would be attractive for B1,B2 or B8.	
	Parts of the site are heavily treed with esta	
	would need to be carefully considered.	
Market Attractiveness Criteria		
	dentified for employment for at least 10 years?	No
	development activity, within the last 5 years?	No
1.3: Is the site being actively ma		No
	reloper or another agency known to undertake	
employment development?	eloper or another agency known to undertake	No
	rship/occupation, or owned by an organisation	
unlikely to bring it forward for de		No
	opment on this site be viable, without public	
funding to resolve infrastructure	•	No
1:7: Is the site immediately avail		No
Market Appraisal	The site is within an area of low landscap	
Market Appraisar	overriding urban fringe character part	
	adjoining waste transfer station. The site i	s enclosed on three
		view from the MOT
	sides by vegetation, obscuring it from	
	corridor and Pinks Hill. The site has sco	pe to accommodate
	corridor and Pinks Hill. The site has sco some change without unacceptable adve	pe to accommodate erse effects on any
	corridor and Pinks Hill. The site has sco some change without unacceptable adve landscape resources, and opportunities to	pe to accommodate erse effects on any mitigate the effects
	corridor and Pinks Hill. The site has sco some change without unacceptable adve landscape resources, and opportunities to of change by strengthening of the	pe to accommodate erse effects on any mitigate the effects
	corridor and Pinks Hill. The site has sco some change without unacceptable adve landscape resources, and opportunities to of change by strengthening of the framework.	pe to accommodate erse effects on any mitigate the effects existing landscape
	corridor and Pinks Hill. The site has sco some change without unacceptable adversariation landscape resources, and opportunities to of change by strengthening of the framework.  Site is considered suitable for employment	pe to accommodate erse effects on any mitigate the effects existing landscape ent uses due to its
	corridor and Pinks Hill. The site has sco some change without unacceptable adversariation landscape resources, and opportunities to of change by strengthening of the framework.  Site is considered suitable for employment location in a low landscape sensitivity	pe to accommodate erse effects on any mitigate the effects existing landscape ent uses due to its area, proximity to
	corridor and Pinks Hill. The site has sco some change without unacceptable adversariation landscape resources, and opportunities to of change by strengthening of the framework.  Site is considered suitable for employmed location in a low landscape sensitivity motorway links and proximity to Fort V	pe to accommodate erse effects on any mitigate the effects existing landscape ent uses due to its area, proximity to
Adjacent land use and	corridor and Pinks Hill. The site has sco some change without unacceptable adversal landscape resources, and opportunities to of change by strengthening of the framework.  Site is considered suitable for employmed location in a low landscape sensitivity motorway links and proximity to Fort V estate.	pe to accommodate erse effects on any mitigate the effects existing landscape ent uses due to its area, proximity to Vallington Industrial
Adjacent land use and	corridor and Pinks Hill. The site has sco some change without unacceptable adversal landscape resources, and opportunities to of change by strengthening of the framework.  Site is considered suitable for employmed location in a low landscape sensitivity motorway links and proximity to Fort V estate.  M27 and Junction 11 link to the north and the	pe to accommodate erse effects on any mitigate the effects existing landscape ent uses due to its area, proximity to Vallington Industrial ne east of site;
Adjacent land use and conflicts	corridor and Pinks Hill. The site has sco some change without unacceptable adversal landscape resources, and opportunities to of change by strengthening of the framework.  Site is considered suitable for employmed location in a low landscape sensitivity motorway links and proximity to Fort Westate.  M27 and Junction 11 link to the north and the Military Road (and site frontage) to south; as	pe to accommodate erse effects on any mitigate the effects existing landscape ent uses due to its area, proximity to Vallington Industrial ne east of site; and the Waste
conflicts	corridor and Pinks Hill. The site has sco some change without unacceptable adversal landscape resources, and opportunities to of change by strengthening of the framework.  Site is considered suitable for employmed location in a low landscape sensitivity motorway links and proximity to Fort V estate.  M27 and Junction 11 link to the north and the Military Road (and site frontage) to south; a Transfer Station and paddock (site 1365) is	pe to accommodate erse effects on any mitigate the effects existing landscape ent uses due to its area, proximity to Vallington Industrial ne east of site; and the Waste to west.
conflicts  Known constraints and	corridor and Pinks Hill. The site has sco some change without unacceptable adversal landscape resources, and opportunities to of change by strengthening of the framework.  Site is considered suitable for employmed location in a low landscape sensitivity motorway links and proximity to Fort V estate.  M27 and Junction 11 link to the north and the Military Road (and site frontage) to south; a Transfer Station and paddock (site 1365) is Given the pressure for development in this	pe to accommodate erse effects on any mitigate the effects existing landscape ent uses due to its area, proximity to Vallington Industrial ne east of site; and the Waste to west.
conflicts	corridor and Pinks Hill. The site has sco some change without unacceptable adversal landscape resources, and opportunities to of change by strengthening of the framework.  Site is considered suitable for employmed location in a low landscape sensitivity motorway links and proximity to Fort Westate.  M27 and Junction 11 link to the north and the Military Road (and site frontage) to south; a Transfer Station and paddock (site 1365) is Given the pressure for development in this restricted access to the A27 and Fareham, a	pe to accommodate erse effects on any mitigate the effects existing landscape ent uses due to its area, proximity to Vallington Industrial ne east of site; and the Waste to west.  area and the highways master
conflicts  Known constraints and	corridor and Pinks Hill. The site has sco some change without unacceptable adversal landscape resources, and opportunities to of change by strengthening of the framework.  Site is considered suitable for employmed location in a low landscape sensitivity motorway links and proximity to Fort Westate.  M27 and Junction 11 link to the north and the Military Road (and site frontage) to south; a Transfer Station and paddock (site 1365) is Given the pressure for development in this restricted access to the A27 and Fareham, a planning exercise is required for the Fort W	pe to accommodate erse effects on any mitigate the effects existing landscape ent uses due to its area, proximity to Vallington Industrial ne east of site; and the Waste to west.  area and the highways master allington area.
conflicts  Known constraints and	corridor and Pinks Hill. The site has sco some change without unacceptable adversal landscape resources, and opportunities to of change by strengthening of the framework.  Site is considered suitable for employment location in a low landscape sensitivity motorway links and proximity to Fort V estate.  M27 and Junction 11 link to the north and the Military Road (and site frontage) to south; and Transfer Station and paddock (site 1365) is Given the pressure for development in this restricted access to the A27 and Fareham, a planning exercise is required for the Fort W Measures would need to be put in place to I	pe to accommodate erse effects on any mitigate the effects existing landscape ent uses due to its area, proximity to Vallington Industrial ne east of site; and the Waste to west.  area and the highways master fallington area. imit additional
conflicts  Known constraints and	corridor and Pinks Hill. The site has sco some change without unacceptable adversal landscape resources, and opportunities to of change by strengthening of the framework.  Site is considered suitable for employment location in a low landscape sensitivity motorway links and proximity to Fort V estate.  M27 and Junction 11 link to the north and the Military Road (and site frontage) to south; a Transfer Station and paddock (site 1365) is Given the pressure for development in this restricted access to the A27 and Fareham, a planning exercise is required for the Fort W Measures would need to be put in place to I commercial vehicle activity on Pinks Hill. Set	pe to accommodate erse effects on any mitigate the effects existing landscape ent uses due to its area, proximity to Vallington Industrial ne east of site; and the Waste to west. area and the a highways master fallington area. Imit additional uitable
conflicts  Known constraints and	corridor and Pinks Hill. The site has sco some change without unacceptable adversal landscape resources, and opportunities to of change by strengthening of the framework.  Site is considered suitable for employmed location in a low landscape sensitivity motorway links and proximity to Fort V estate.  M27 and Junction 11 link to the north and the Military Road (and site frontage) to south; a Transfer Station and paddock (site 1365) is Given the pressure for development in this restricted access to the A27 and Fareham, a planning exercise is required for the Fort W Measures would need to be put in place to I commercial vehicle activity on Pinks Hill. Strimprovements could be secured if the site was secured in the site of the site	pe to accommodate erse effects on any mitigate the effects existing landscape ent uses due to its area, proximity to Vallington Industrial ne east of site; and the Waste to west.  area and the a highways master fallington area. Imit additional uitable were to come
conflicts  Known constraints and	corridor and Pinks Hill. The site has sco some change without unacceptable adversal landscape resources, and opportunities to of change by strengthening of the framework.  Site is considered suitable for employmed location in a low landscape sensitivity motorway links and proximity to Fort V estate.  M27 and Junction 11 link to the north and the Military Road (and site frontage) to south; a Transfer Station and paddock (site 1365) is Given the pressure for development in this restricted access to the A27 and Fareham, a planning exercise is required for the Fort W Measures would need to be put in place to I commercial vehicle activity on Pinks Hill. So improvements could be secured if the site of forward alongside site ID 1365. The site is lied.	pe to accommodate erse effects on any mitigate the effects existing landscape ent uses due to its area, proximity to Vallington Industrial ne east of site; and the Waste to west. area and the highways master fallington area. imit additional uitable were to come kely to have a
conflicts  Known constraints and	corridor and Pinks Hill. The site has sco some change without unacceptable adversal landscape resources, and opportunities to of change by strengthening of the framework.  Site is considered suitable for employmed location in a low landscape sensitivity motorway links and proximity to Fort V estate.  M27 and Junction 11 link to the north and the Military Road (and site frontage) to south; a Transfer Station and paddock (site 1365) is Given the pressure for development in this restricted access to the A27 and Fareham, a planning exercise is required for the Fort W Measures would need to be put in place to I commercial vehicle activity on Pinks Hill. So improvements could be secured if the site of forward alongside site ID 1365. The site is light reptile population and may support inverted.	pe to accommodate erse effects on any mitigate the effects existing landscape ent uses due to its area, proximity to Vallington Industrial ne east of site; and the Waste to west. area and the highways master fallington area. Simit additional uitable were to come kely to have a prates. Grassland
conflicts  Known constraints and	corridor and Pinks Hill. The site has sco some change without unacceptable adversal landscape resources, and opportunities to of change by strengthening of the framework.  Site is considered suitable for employmed location in a low landscape sensitivity motorway links and proximity to Fort V estate.  M27 and Junction 11 link to the north and the Military Road (and site frontage) to south; a Transfer Station and paddock (site 1365) is Given the pressure for development in this restricted access to the A27 and Fareham, a planning exercise is required for the Fort W Measures would need to be put in place to I commercial vehicle activity on Pinks Hill. So improvements could be secured if the site of the forward alongside site ID 1365. The site is liften parcels offer habitat areas, whilst run off from	pe to accommodate erse effects on any mitigate the effects existing landscape ent uses due to its area, proximity to Vallington Industrial ne east of site; and the Waste to west.  area and the highways master fallington area. I mit additional uitable were to come kely to have a prates. Grassland om slope should
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Known constraints and infrastructure requirements	corridor and Pinks Hill. The site has sco some change without unacceptable adversal landscape resources, and opportunities to of change by strengthening of the framework.  Site is considered suitable for employmed location in a low landscape sensitivity motorway links and proximity to Fort V estate.  M27 and Junction 11 link to the north and the Military Road (and site frontage) to south; a Transfer Station and paddock (site 1365) is Given the pressure for development in this restricted access to the A27 and Fareham, a planning exercise is required for the Fort W Measures would need to be put in place to I commercial vehicle activity on Pinks Hill. So improvements could be secured if the site of the forward alongside site ID 1365. The site is liften parcels offer habitat areas, whilst run off from	pe to accommodate erse effects on any mitigate the effects existing landscape ent uses due to its area, proximity to Vallington Industrial ne east of site; and the Waste to west.  area and the highways master fallington area. I mit additional uitable were to come kely to have a prates. Grassland om slope should
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors	corridor and Pinks Hill. The site has sco some change without unacceptable adversal landscape resources, and opportunities to of change by strengthening of the framework.  Site is considered suitable for employmer location in a low landscape sensitivity motorway links and proximity to Fort Westate.  M27 and Junction 11 link to the north and the Military Road (and site frontage) to south; a Transfer Station and paddock (site 1365) is Given the pressure for development in this restricted access to the A27 and Fareham, a planning exercise is required for the Fort Westate Measures would need to be put in place to I commercial vehicle activity on Pinks Hill. So improvements could be secured if the site of forward alongside site ID 1365. The site is liften population and may support inverted parcels offer habitat areas, whilst run off from avoid impact to Wallington River. There is a bats, badgers and dormouse.	pe to accommodate erse effects on any mitigate the effects existing landscape ent uses due to its area, proximity to Vallington Industrial ne east of site; and the Waste to west.  area and the highways master fallington area. imit additional uitable evere to come skely to have a prates. Grassland om slope should elso the potential for
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide	corridor and Pinks Hill. The site has sco some change without unacceptable adversal landscape resources, and opportunities to of change by strengthening of the framework.  Site is considered suitable for employmer location in a low landscape sensitivity motorway links and proximity to Fort V estate.  M27 and Junction 11 link to the north and the Military Road (and site frontage) to south; a Transfer Station and paddock (site 1365) is Given the pressure for development in this restricted access to the A27 and Fareham, a planning exercise is required for the Fort W Measures would need to be put in place to I commercial vehicle activity on Pinks Hill. So improvements could be secured if the site of the forward alongside site ID 1365. The site is liften population and may support inverted parcels offer habitat areas, whilst run off from avoid impact to Wallington River. There is a bats, badgers and dormouse.	pe to accommodate erse effects on any mitigate the effects existing landscape ent uses due to its area, proximity to Vallington Industrial ne east of site; and the Waste to west.  area and the highways master fallington area. I limit additional uitable were to come kely to have a prates. Grassland om slope should
Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide	corridor and Pinks Hill. The site has sco some change without unacceptable adversal landscape resources, and opportunities to of change by strengthening of the framework.  Site is considered suitable for employmer location in a low landscape sensitivity motorway links and proximity to Fort Westate.  M27 and Junction 11 link to the north and the Military Road (and site frontage) to south; a Transfer Station and paddock (site 1365) is Given the pressure for development in this restricted access to the A27 and Fareham, a planning exercise is required for the Fort Westate Measures would need to be put in place to I commercial vehicle activity on Pinks Hill. So improvements could be secured if the site of forward alongside site ID 1365. The site is liften population and may support inverted parcels offer habitat areas, whilst run off from avoid impact to Wallington River. There is a bats, badgers and dormouse.	pe to accommodate erse effects on any mitigate the effects existing landscape ent uses due to its area, proximity to Vallington Industrial ne east of site; and the Waste to west.  area and the highways master fallington area. imit additional uitable evere to come skely to have a prates. Grassland om slope should elso the potential for

2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?	omprehensive or long term development or	No
	mmitted (or likely to be provided) sufficient to on-site constraints to make employment	No
Strategic Planning and Access	No relevant planning history.	
Recommendation	Site Score C - Average. This site would a for commercial development with access of Road, clear of the junction with Fort Walling provide the opportunity for a comprehensive site ID 1365 to the west.	created from Military gton. This site could



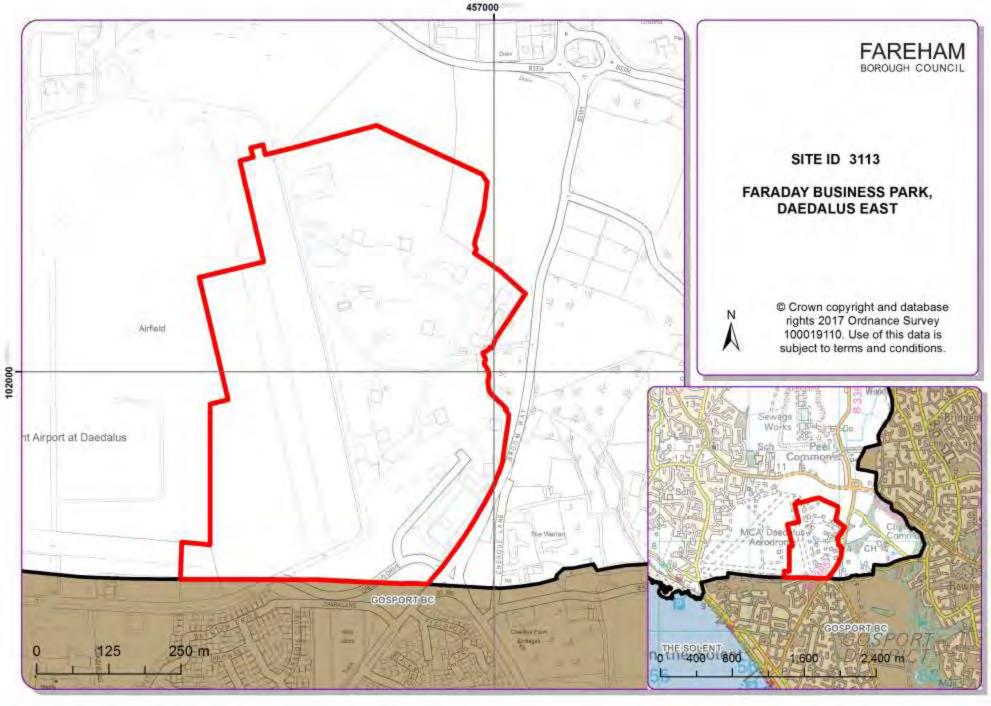
Site Address Land at Telford Way. Segensworth West					
Site Ref	3054				
Ward	Park Gate	Size	2.75 Ha		
Market Segment	B1, B2, B8				
Description of Site and	The subject site is sit	tuated withir	the Segen	sworth West	
Location:	Industrial Estate which	ch is located	approxima	ately 1/2 mile to the	
	south of the M27 and	5 miles wes	t of Fareha	m town centre. The	
	estate has good acce	ess to J9 of t	he M27.		
	The site comprises u	ndeveloped	land, in an	urban area, that is	
	not within a flood zor	not within a flood zone. The site is located predominantly within			
	an existing employment designation.				
	This large site has two possible connections to the highway.				
	The principle access would be from the Telford Way/ Crompton				
	Way roundabout in the	he south of t	he site.		
<b>Market Attractiveness Criteria</b>					
1.1: Has the site been formally is	dentified for employmen	t for at least	10 years?	No	
1.2: Has there been any recent				No	
1.3: Is the site being actively ma			•	No	
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev			undertake		
employment development?	,			No	
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne	rship/occupation. or ow	ned by an or	ganisation	Ma	
unlikely to bring it forward for de		J S 31	J	No	
1.6: Would employment development		viable, with	out public		
funding to resolve infrastructure			out pass	Yes	
1:7: Is the site immediately avail				No	
				=	
Market Appraisal	This site would rea	present an	extension	to an established	
Market Appraisal				to an established	
Market Appraisal	employment area and	d would be	commercia	Ily attractive for B1,	
Market Appraisal	employment area and B2 or B8 uses. Page 1	d would be arts of the	commercia site are	Ily attractive for B1, heavily treed with	
Market Appraisal	employment area and	d would be arts of the	commercia site are	Ily attractive for B1, heavily treed with	
Market Appraisal  Adjacent land use and	employment area and B2 or B8 uses. Pa established habitats  The site is situated to	d would be arts of the and would n	commercia site are eed to be c y to north;	Illy attractive for B1, heavily treed with arefully considered.	
	employment area and B2 or B8 uses. Pa established habitats  The site is situated vindustrial and office	d would be arts of the and would n	commercia site are eed to be c y to north;	Illy attractive for B1, heavily treed with arefully considered.	
Adjacent land use and	employment area and B2 or B8 uses. Pa established habitats  The site is situated vindustrial and officidwellings to west.	d would be arts of the and would n with a railwase area to	commercia site are eed to be c y to north; east and	Illy attractive for B1, heavily treed with carefully considered.  Segensworth West south; residential	
Adjacent land use and conflicts  Known constraints and	employment area and B2 or B8 uses. Parestablished habitats  The site is situated vindustrial and officidwellings to west.  The priority habitat was a situated vindustrial and officidwellings to west.	d would be arts of the and would n with a railwate area to	commercia site are eed to be c by to north; east and	Illy attractive for B1, heavily treed with arefully considered.  Segensworth West south; residential pitats on the site are	
Adjacent land use and conflicts	employment area and B2 or B8 uses. Parestablished habitats  The site is situated windustrial and office dwellings to west.  The priority habitat wilkely to be used by desired and situation of the priority habitat wilkely to be used by desired.	d would be arts of the and would n with a railwate area to	commercia site are eed to be c by to north; east and	Illy attractive for B1, heavily treed with arefully considered.  Segensworth West south; residential bitats on the site are	
Adjacent land use and conflicts  Known constraints and	employment area and B2 or B8 uses. Parestablished habitats  The site is situated vindustrial and officidwellings to west.  The priority habitat was a situated vindustrial and officidwellings to west.	d would be arts of the and would n with a railwate area to	commercia site are eed to be c by to north; east and	Illy attractive for B1, heavily treed with arefully considered.  Segensworth West south; residential bitats on the site are	
Adjacent land use and conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements	employment area and B2 or B8 uses. Parestablished habitats  The site is situated windustrial and office dwellings to west.  The priority habitat wilkely to be used by desired and situation of the priority habitat wilkely to be used by desired.	d would be arts of the and would n with a railwate area to	commercia site are eed to be c by to north; east and	Illy attractive for B1, heavily treed with arefully considered.  Segensworth West south; residential bitats on the site are	
Adjacent land use and conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors	employment area and B2 or B8 uses. Parestablished habitats.  The site is situated windustrial and office dwellings to west.  The priority habitat wilkely to be used by dand bats.	d would be arts of the and would n with a railwate area to woodland and dormice, rept	commercia site are eed to be c by to north; east and	Illy attractive for B1, heavily treed with carefully considered.  Segensworth West south; residential pitats on the site are flies, invertebrates	
Adjacent land use and conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide	employment area and B2 or B8 uses. Parestablished habitats  The site is situated windustrial and office dwellings to west.  The priority habitat wilkely to be used by diand bats.	d would be arts of the and would n with a railwate area to coodland and dormice, reptance.	commercia site are eed to be c y to north; east and d scrub hab iles, butter	Illy attractive for B1, heavily treed with carefully considered.  Segensworth West south; residential pitats on the site are flies, invertebrates	
Adjacent land use and conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely	employment area and B2 or B8 uses. Parestablished habitats  The site is situated windustrial and office dwellings to west.  The priority habitat wilkely to be used by diand bats.	d would be arts of the and would n with a railwate area to coodland and dormice, reptance.	commercia site are eed to be c y to north; east and d scrub hab iles, butter	Illy attractive for B1, heavily treed with carefully considered.  Segensworth West south; residential pitats on the site are flies, invertebrates	
Adjacent land use and conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?	employment area and B2 or B8 uses. Parestablished habitats  The site is situated windustrial and office dwellings to west.  The priority habitat welikely to be used by deand bats.	d would be arts of the and would n with a railwate area to coodland and dormice, reptangular to be cific user or	commercia site are eed to be control to north; east and discrub habiles, butter	Illy attractive for B1, heavily treed with carefully considered.  Segensworth West south; residential pitats on the site are flies, invertebrates  No	
Adjacent land use and conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a constraint of a co	employment area and B2 or B8 uses. Parestablished habitats  The site is situated windustrial and office dwellings to west.  The priority habitat welikely to be used by deand bats.	d would be arts of the and would n with a railwate area to coodland and dormice, reptangular to be cific user or	commercia site are eed to be control to north; east and discrub habiles, butter	Illy attractive for B1, heavily treed with carefully considered.  Segensworth West south; residential pitats on the site are flies, invertebrates	
Adjacent land use and conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?	employment area and B2 or B8 uses. Parestablished habitats  The site is situated windustrial and office dwellings to west.  The priority habitat welikely to be used by deand bats.  entified as of strategic important to be required for a spoomprehensive or long	d would be arts of the and would n with a railwate area to woodland and dormice, reptangued the pecific user or term developments.	commercia site are eed to be c  y to north; east and d scrub habiles, butter  specialist  pment or	Illy attractive for B1, heavily treed with carefully considered.  Segensworth West south; residential pitats on the site are flies, invertebrates  No	
Adjacent land use and conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal? 2.4: Is there public funding core	employment area and B2 or B8 uses. Parestablished habitats  The site is situated windustrial and office dwellings to west.  The priority habitat welikely to be used by deand bats.  entified as of strategic important to be required for a sport of the priority of long.	d would be arts of the and would n with a railwate area to woodland and dormice, reptanton decific user or term developrovided) su	commercia site are eed to be c by to north; east and discrub habites, butter specialist pment or ufficient to	Illy attractive for B1, heavily treed with carefully considered.  Segensworth West south; residential pitats on the site are flies, invertebrates  No No No	
Adjacent land use and conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors 2.1: Is the site within an area ide 2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal? 2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or	employment area and B2 or B8 uses. Parestablished habitats  The site is situated windustrial and office dwellings to west.  The priority habitat welikely to be used by deand bats.  entified as of strategic important to be required for a sport of the priority of long.	d would be arts of the and would n with a railwate area to woodland and dormice, reptanton decific user or term developrovided) su	commercia site are eed to be c by to north; east and discrub habites, butter specialist pment or ufficient to	Illy attractive for B1, heavily treed with carefully considered.  Segensworth West south; residential pitats on the site are flies, invertebrates  No	
Adjacent land use and conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?	employment area and B2 or B8 uses. Parestablished habitats  The site is situated windustrial and office dwellings to west.  The priority habitat welikely to be used by deand bats.  Entified as of strategic important to be required for a spromprehensive or long mainted (or likely to be on-site constraints to be stable).	d would be arts of the and would newith a railwate area to woodland and dormice, reptanted area for term developments of the provided so make en	commercia site are eed to be c by to north; east and discrub habites, butter specialist pment or ufficient to	Illy attractive for B1, heavily treed with carefully considered.  Segensworth West south; residential pitats on the site are flies, invertebrates  No No No	
Adjacent land use and conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a consequency regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding consequency overcome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	employment area and B2 or B8 uses. Parestablished habitats  The site is situated windustrial and office dwellings to west.  The priority habitat welikely to be used by deand bats.  entified as of strategic important to be required for a sport of the priority of long.	d would be arts of the and would newith a railwate area to woodland and dormice, reptantance.  Decific user or term develor provided) submake en	commercia site are eed to be c by to north; east and discrub habites, butter specialist pment or ufficient to	Illy attractive for B1, heavily treed with carefully considered.  Segensworth West south; residential pitats on the site are flies, invertebrates  No No No	
Adjacent land use and conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a consequence of a consequ	employment area and B2 or B8 uses. Parestablished habitats  The site is situated windustrial and office dwellings to west.  The priority habitat wilkely to be used by do and bats.  Entified as of strategic important to be required for a sponger mitted (or likely to be on-site constraints to the strategic important of	d would be arts of the and would n with a railwate area to woodland and dormice, reptance. Decific user or term development of the provided stomake enterms.	commercia site are eed to be c  y to north; east and  d scrub habites, butter  specialist  pment or  ufficient to inployment	Illy attractive for B1, heavily treed with carefully considered.  Segensworth West south; residential pitats on the site are flies, invertebrates  No No No No	
Adjacent land use and conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a consequency regeneration proposal?  2.4: Is there public funding consequency overcome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	employment area and B2 or B8 uses. Parestablished habitats  The site is situated windustrial and office dwellings to west.  The priority habitat will likely to be used by diand bats.  entified as of strategic important of the priority habitat will likely to be used by diand bats.  entified as of strategic important of the priority habitat will likely to be required for a sportant of the priority habitat will likely to be on-site constraints to the priority habitat will likely to be on-site constraints to the priority habitat will likely to be on-site constraints to the priority habitat will likely to be on-site constraints to the priority habitat will likely to be on-site constraints to the priority habitat will likely to be on-site constraints.	d would be arts of the and would newith a railwate area to woodland and dormice, reptangue are desired as a provided so make entitles of make entitles.	commercia   site are   eed to be c    y to north;   east and  d scrub habiles, butter    specialist   pment or  ufficient to hployment  e site is	Illy attractive for B1, heavily treed with tarefully considered.  Segensworth West south; residential pitats on the site are flies, invertebrates  No No No No No	
Adjacent land use and conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a consequence of a consequ	employment area and B2 or B8 uses. Parestablished habitats  The site is situated windustrial and office dwellings to west.  The priority habitat welikely to be used by deand bats.  In the priority habitat welikely to be used by deand bats.  In the priority habitat welikely to be used by deand bats.  In the priority habitat welikely to be required for a spoon prehensive or long momentated (or likely to be on-site constraints to the priority of the priority of the priority habitat well and bats.  In the priority habitat well and bats.	d would be arts of the and would new the area to woodland and area to recific user or term development area werage. The ment area woodland area werage. The ment area woodland area wood	commercia site are eed to be control y to north; east and discrub habites, butter specialist pment or ufficient to apployment e site is within the	Illy attractive for B1, heavily treed with carefully considered.  Segensworth West south; residential pitats on the site are flies, invertebrates  No	
Adjacent land use and conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a consequence of a consequ	employment area and B2 or B8 uses. Parestablished habitats  The site is situated windustrial and office dwellings to west.  The priority habitat welikely to be used by deand bats.  Entified as of strategic important of the priority habitat wellikely to be used by deand bats.  Entified as of strategic important of the priority habitat wellikely to be required for a spoot on-site constraints to the priority habitat wellikely to be on-site constraints to the priority habitat wellikely to be on-site constraints to the priority habitat wellikely to be on-site constraints to the priority habitat wellikely to be on-site constraints to the priority habitat wellikely to be on-site constraints to the priority habitat wellikely to be on-site constraints to the priority habitat wellikely to be on-site constraints.	d would be arts of the and would newith a railwate area to woodland and dormice, reptangue.  The provided of provided of provided of make endinent area withilst careful.	commercia site are eed to be compared to be compare	Illy attractive for B1, heavily treed with carefully considered.  Segensworth West south; residential pitats on the site are flies, invertebrates  No  No  No  No  No  located within an Segensworth West ration needs to be	
Adjacent land use and conflicts  Known constraints and infrastructure requirements  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site within an area ide  2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?  2.3: Is the site part of a consequence of a consequ	employment area and B2 or B8 uses. Parestablished habitats  The site is situated windustrial and office dwellings to west.  The priority habitat welikely to be used by deand bats.  In the priority habitat welikely to be used by deand bats.  In the priority habitat welikely to be used by deand bats.  In the priority habitat welikely to be required for a spoon prehensive or long momentated (or likely to be on-site constraints to the priority of the priority of the priority habitat well and bats.  In the priority habitat well and bats.	d would be arts of the and would new the area to woodland and formice, reptained by the provided so make enterm development area withilst carefulg habitat the	commercia site are eed to be compared to be compare	Illy attractive for B1, heavily treed with carefully considered.  Segensworth West south; residential pitats on the site are flies, invertebrates  No No No No Illocated within an Segensworth West ration needs to be all be commercially	



#### FBC EMPLOYMENT LAND STUDY - 2018

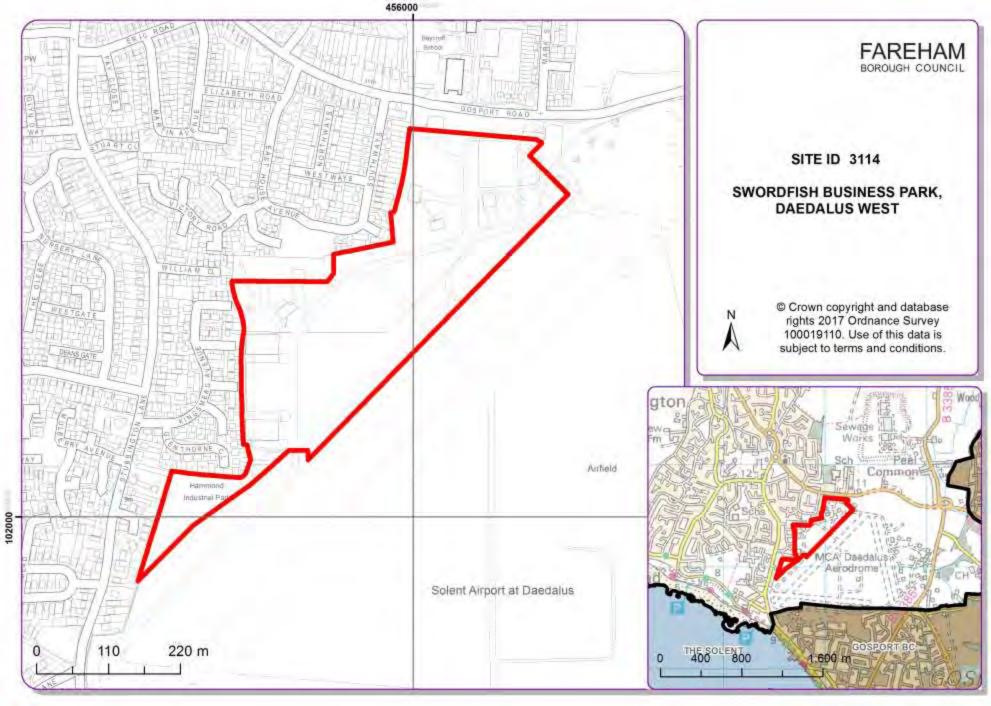
Site Address Daedalus East (Faraday Business Park), Stubbington				
Site Ref 3113				
Ward	Stubbington	Size	44.25 Ha	
Market Segment				
Description of Site and	Faraday Business Par	k is located	between S	Southampton
Location:	and Portsmouth, west	of Portsmo	outh Harbo	ur on the
	South Coast. The Ente	erprise Zone	connects	to the
	motorway network at	Junction 11	of M27 and	d the link
	road is being upgrade	ed by an £8n	n improven	nent scheme,
	providing excellent co	onnections t	o Southam	pton,
	Portsmouth and the M	13 to Londo	n.	•
	Outline planning pern			2011 for up to
	28,000 sq m of employ			
	range of serviced non			
	Business Park, which			
	open to a variety of o			
	Enterprise Zone. This			
	taxiways and airport i		it di od boil	
Market Attractiveness Criteria				
1.1: Has the site been formally in		for at least 1	U veare?	Yes
				Yes
1.2: Has there been any recent of			years?	
1.3: Is the site being actively ma				Yes
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev	eloper or another agend	y known to	undertake	Yes
employment development?				
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne		ied by an or	ganisation	No
unlikely to bring it forward for de				
1.6: Would employment development	opment on this site be	viable, with	out public	Yes
funding to resolve infrastructure	or other on-site constrain	nts?		163
1:7: Is the site immediately available?				
Market Appraisal The site represents an extension and intensification to an			ification to an	
established and permitted employment area. Site has upgraded				
	access from Broom W			
	Bypass and Newgate			
	quality employment s			
	and aviation occupier			<b>3</b> ,
Adjacent land use and	The site has public or		north: Bro	oom Way and
conflicts	undeveloped country			
Commicts	south; Airport infield			
	South, Airport illield	and main ru	iiway to we	731.
Known constraints and	The site has limited co	onetrointe o	nd banafita	from
infrastructure requirements	improvements to the	strategic roa	ad network	•
Stratagia Planning Factors				
Strategic Planning Factors	natified as of strategic in-	nartanaa	Г	Vac
2.1: Is the site within an area ide				Yes
2.2: Is the site identified or likely	to be required for a spe	ecitic user or	specialist	Yes
use?				
	2.3: Is the site part of a comprehensive or long term development or			
regeneration proposal?				
2.4: Is there public funding cor				
	on-site constraints to			Yes
development viable?				
Strategic Planning and	The site has outline n	ermission a	ranted in 2	011 for up to 28.000
Access	Access sq m of employment floorspace at Daedalus East.			
Access	sq m or employment i	loorspace a	t Daedalus	East.

Recommendation	Site Score A – High. The site is currently being marketed and provides design and build opportunities for B1, B2 and B8 occupiers within advanced manufacturing, marine and aviation industries. It benefits from its unique location on an operating airfield and its access has been significantly improved following works to the strategic road network.
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#### FBC EMPLOYMENT LAND STUDY - 2018

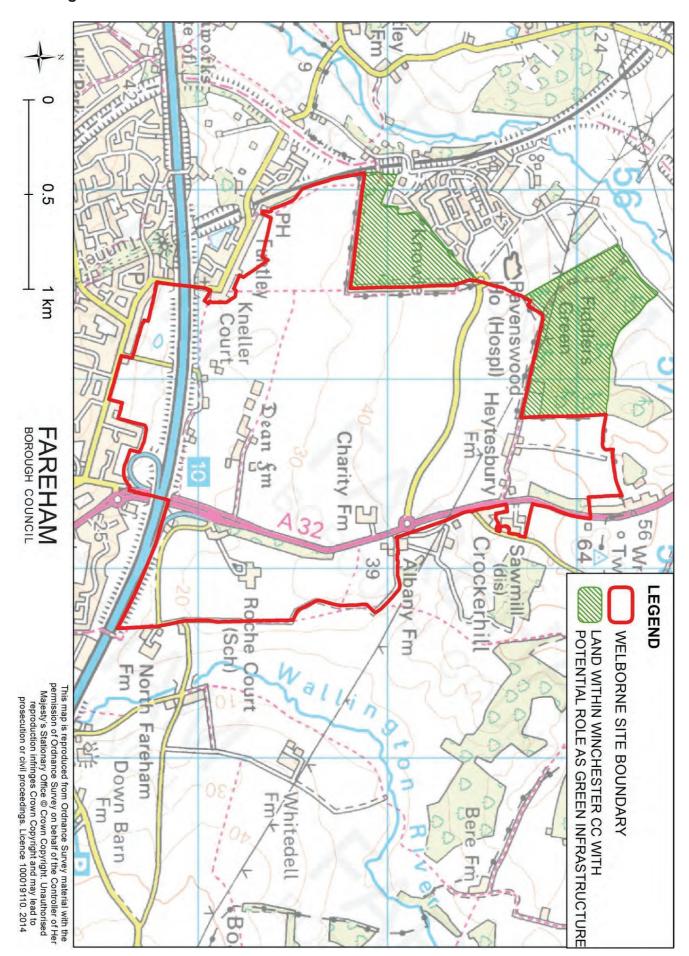
Site Address Daedalus West (Swordfish Business Park), Stubbington						
Site Ref 3114						
Ward	Stubbington Size 16.47 Ha					
Market Segment	B1 & B2					
Description of Site and	Swordfish Business Parl	k is locate	ed betweer	Southampton		
Location:	and Portsmouth, west of					
	South Coast. The Enterp					
	motorway network at Junction 11 of M27 and the link					
road is being upgraded by an £8m improvement scheme,						
providing excellent connections to Southampton,						
Portsmouth and the M3 to London.				• ,		
	Outline permission was			up to 22,000 sq m of		
	employment floorspace					
	design and build opportu					
	within the aviation indus					
Market Attractiveness Criteria		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		<u> </u>		
1.1: Has the site been formally in	dentified for employment for	at least 1	0 years?	Yes		
1.2: Has there been any recent				Yes		
1.3: Is the site being actively ma			,	Yes		
1.4: Is the site owned by a dev	1 7		ındertake			
employment development?	c.cps. o. another agoney it		aortano	Yes		
1.5: Is the site in multiple owne	rship/occupation or owned	by an ord	anisation			
unlikely to bring it forward for de		ay an one	, ar illoation	No		
1.6: Would employment development		ble with	out public			
funding to resolve infrastructure			out public	Yes		
1:7: Is the site immediately avail		•		Yes		
Market Appraisal	This site represents ar	n Aytansi	on and ir			
market Appraisar						
Adjacent land use and The site has Gosport Road and Crofton School to north; Public						
conflicts open space to east; Airport infield and main runway to east and						
south; Stubbington to west.						
	ecam, classingion to in					
Known constraints and	Site has limited constrain	nts and b	enefits fro	m improvements to		
infrastructure requirements	the strategic road netwo			•		
	J					
		Strategic Planning Factors				
2.1: Is the site within an area identified as of strategic importance.						
				No		
2.2: Is the site identified or likely			specialist			
2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?	to be required for a specifi	ic user or	·	No Yes		
<ul><li>2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?</li><li>2.3: Is the site part of a continuous co</li></ul>	to be required for a specifi	ic user or	·	Yes		
<ul><li>2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?</li><li>2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?</li></ul>	to be required for a specification of the required for a specific or long term	ic user or m develo	oment or			
<ul><li>2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?</li><li>2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?</li><li>2.4: Is there public funding core</li></ul>	to be required for a specification of the required for a specific or long term of the required for likely to be pro-	ic user or m develo ovided) su	oment or	Yes Yes		
<ul><li>2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?</li><li>2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?</li><li>2.4: Is there public funding corevercome infrastructure or</li></ul>	to be required for a specification of the required for a specific or long term of the required for likely to be pro-	ic user or m develo ovided) su	oment or	Yes		
<ul><li>2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?</li><li>2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?</li><li>2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?</li></ul>	note to be required for a specification of the required for a spec	n develo vided) su nake em	oment or fficient to	Yes Yes Yes		
2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal? 2.4: Is there public funding corevercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	or to be required for a specific comprehensive or long term mmitted (or likely to be pro- con-site constraints to managed	ic user or  m develo  ovided) su  make em	oment or  fficient to ployment  eserved	Yes Yes Yes Matter (Access) To		
<ul><li>2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?</li><li>2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?</li><li>2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?</li></ul>	mprehensive or long termonitted (or likely to be proon-site constraints to make the constraints of the const	m develo ovided) su make em val Of R 0436/Oa.	oment or  fficient to ployment  eserved I  To Provi	Yes Yes Yes Matter (Access) To de Internal Access		
2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal? 2.4: Is there public funding corevercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	mprehensive or long termitted (or likely to be proon-site constraints to make the constraints of the constra	m develo ovided) su make em val Of R 0436/Oa. West (S	oment or  fficient to ployment  eserved I  To Provi	Yes Yes Yes Matter (Access) To de Internal Access Business Park) To		
2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal? 2.4: Is there public funding corevercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and	mprehensive or long termonitted (or likely to be proon-site constraints to make the constraints of the const	m develo ovided) su make em val Of R 0436/Oa. West (S	oment or  fficient to ployment  eserved I  To Provi	Yes Yes Yes Matter (Access) To de Internal Access Business Park) To		
2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal? 2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	mprehensive or long term mmitted (or likely to be pro- on-site constraints to m  Application For Approx Outline Approval P/11/6 Road From Daedalus Gosport Road & Constru	m develon deve	oment or  fficient to ployment  eserved f  To Proving wordfish Aircraft Ta	Yes Yes Yes Matter (Access) To de Internal Access Business Park) To xiway – 2017.		
2.2: Is the site identified or likely use?     2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal?     2.4: Is there public funding corevercome infrastructure or development viable?      Strategic Planning and	mprehensive or long termitted (or likely to be proon-site constraints to make a constraint of the cons	m develonate of the control of the c	oment or  fficient to ployment  eserved f  To Proviewordfish Aircraft Ta  The site p	Yes Yes Yes Matter (Access) To de Internal Access Business Park) To xiway – 2017. rovides design and		
2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal? 2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	mprehensive or long termitted (or likely to be proon-site constraints to make a property on the proof on the constraints of the	m developyided) sumake em  val Of R 0436/Oa.  West (Sinction Of Average. B1, B2	oment or  fficient to ployment  eserved f  To Provi wordfish Aircraft Ta  The site p and B8 of	Yes  Yes  Yes  Matter (Access) To de Internal Access Business Park) To xiway – 2017.  rovides design and ccupiers within the		
2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal? 2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	mprehensive or long termitted (or likely to be proon-site constraints to make a provided and the proof on-site constraints to make a provided and the provided	m developed of Rounds of R	oment or  fficient to ployment  eserved I  To Proviewordfish Aircraft Ta  The site p and B8 or n operatin	Yes  Yes  Yes  Matter (Access) To de Internal Access Business Park) To xiway – 2017.  rovides design and ccupiers within the g airfield. Its access		
2.2: Is the site identified or likely use? 2.3: Is the site part of a coregeneration proposal? 2.4: Is there public funding corovercome infrastructure or development viable?  Strategic Planning and Access	mprehensive or long termitted (or likely to be proon-site constraints to make a property on the proof on the constraints of the	m developed of Rounds of R	oment or  fficient to ployment  eserved I  To Proviewordfish Aircraft Ta  The site p and B8 or n operatin	Yes  Yes  Yes  Matter (Access) To de Internal Access Business Park) To xiway – 2017.  rovides design and ccupiers within the g airfield. Its access		



#### FBC EMPLOYMENT LAND STUDY - 2018

Site Ref   XXXX   Ward   Fareham   Size   20 Ha (approximately)				
Market Segment Description of Site and Location:  Expected to deliver 97,250 sq m of employment space The Welborne site is currently predominantly used for arable farming with some light industrial and commercial buildings Dean Farm, Charity Farm and Crockerhill. There are also farmsteads, a few isolated residential properties and an independent preparatory school, called Boundary Oak School at Roche Court.  The planning application includes commercial, industrial, warehousing and employment space (B1); up to 30,00 sq m of commercial and employment space (B1); up to 30,00 sq m of general industrial use (B2); up to 40,000 sq m of warehousing space (B8) as part of the overall development.  Market Attractiveness Criteria  1.1: Has the site been any recent development activity, within the last 5 years? Yes 1.2: Has there been any recent development activity, within the last 5 years? No 1.3: Is the site being actively marketed as an employment site?  1.4: Is the site inmediately available ownership/occupation, or owned by an organisation unlikely to bring it forward for development?  1.5: Is the site in multiple ownership/occupation, or owned by an organisation unlikely to bring it forward for development?  1.6: Would employment development on this site be viable, without public funding to resolve infrastructure or other on-site constraints?  1.7: Is the site immediately available?  Market Appraisal  Adjacent and use and the River Meon to the west and by the heavily wooded 'Forest of Bere' landscape to the north. The east is defined by the value of the River Meon to the west and by the heavily wooded 'Forest of Bere' landscape to the north. The east is defined by the value of the Wallington River, whilst the M27 motorway and valley of the Wallington River, whilst the M27 motorway and valley of the Wallington River, whilst the M27 motorway and valley of the Wallington River, whilst the M27 motorway and valley of the Wallington River, whilst the M27 motorway and valley of the Wallington River, whilst the M27 motorway				
B1 & B2   Expected to deliver 97,250 sq m of employment space   The Welborne site is currently predominantly used for arable farming with some light industrial and commercial buildings   Dean Farm, Charity Farm and Crockerhill. There are also farmsteads, a few isolated residential properties and an independent preparatory school, called Boundary Oak School at Roche Court.  The planning application includes commercial, industrial, warehousing and employment space (B1); up to 30,00 sq m of commercial and employment space (B2); up to 40,000 sq m of warehousing space (B8) as part of the overall development.    Market Attractiveness Criteria   1.1: Has the site been any recent development activity, within the last 5 years?   No   1.3: Is the site being actively marketed as an employment for at least 10 years?   Yes   1.4: Is the site in multiple ownership/occupation, or owned by an organisation unlikely to bring it forward for development?   1.5: Is the site in multiple ownership/occupation, or owned by an organisation unlikely to bring it forward for development?   1.6: Would employment development on this site be viable, without public funding to resolve infrastructure or other on-site constraints?   Yes   Market Appraisal   Adjacent   India and				
The Welborne site is currently predominantly used for arable farming with some light industrial and commercial buildings Dean Farm, Charity Farm and Crockerhill. There are also farmsteads, a few isolated residential properties and an independent preparatory school, called Boundary Oak School at Roche Court.  The planning application includes commercial, industrial, warehousing and employment space comprising up to 30,00 sq m of commercial and employment space (B1); up to 35,00 sq m of general industrial use (B2); up to 40,000 sq m of warehousing space (B8) as part of the overall development.  Market Attractiveness Criteria  1.1: Has the site been formally identified for employment for at least 10 years? Yes  1.2: Has there been any recent development activity, within the last 5 years? No  1.3: Is the site been gactively marketed as an employment site? Yes  1.4: Is the site owned by a developer or another agency known to undertake employment development?  1.5: Is the site in multiple ownership/occupation, or owned by an organisation unlikely to bring it forward for development?  1.6: Would employment development on this site be viable, without public funding to resolve infrastructure or other on-site constraints?  1.7: Is the site immediately available?  Market Appraisal  Adjacent land use and The site is mainly open countryside located to the north of the existing urban area of Fareham. The site is defined by the va of the River Meon to the west and by the heavily wooded 'Forest of Bere' landscape to the north. The east is defined by the Validities infrastructure, flooding and groundwater, minerals safeguarding area, nature conservation, there are heritage and listed buildings on site, road network infrastructure works.  Strategic Planning Factors  2.1: Is the site identified or likely to be required for a specific user or specialist use?  2.2: Is the site identified or likely to be required for a specific user or specialist use?				
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regeneration proposal?				
2.4: Is there public funding committed (or likely to be provided) sufficient to				
overcome infrastructure or on-site constraints to make employment Yes				
development viable?				
Strategic Planning and A planning application has been submitted refere				
Access P/17/0266/OA, which is currently under consideration.				
Recommendation Site Score xx – Good. The site provides a significant area				
Recommendation  Site Score xx – Good. The site provides a significant area employment land for the borough and will provide brand n				
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Figure 3.1: The Welborne Site



Appendix 2
Existing Employment Site Grades and Assessment Criteria

# **EMPLOYMENT LAND STUDY**

Assessment criteria and guide to scoring system for site classification (Grade A-E)

1.	Strategic location/accessibility			
		Score	Possible Indicators	
	5	High	Adjoining main road or motorway junction; ease of access for all vehicles; access to rail, air or sea networks.	
	4	Above Average	Close to major road network; ease of access for all vehicles.	
	3	Average	Reasonable site access for all vehicles; indirect or restricted access to major road network.	
	2	Below Average	Restricted access for HGV's; restricted access to major road networks.	
	1	Low	Restricted access for all commercial vehicles; severely limited access to major road networks.	

2.	Estate layout/prominence		
		Score	Possible Indicators
	5	High	Designed to modern standard; attractive landscaping and environment; very easy manoeuvring; no obstructions; Gateway site; visible from major road network.
	4	Above Average	Acceptable design; adequate landscaping and environment; easy manoeuvring; no obstructions; visible site; on a main road or prominent frontage.
	3	Average	Acceptable design with some limitations; inadequate landscaping; manoeuvring compromised; obstructions; close to a main road or reasonably prominent estate but tucked away from view.
	2	Below Average	Poor design, old standard with limitations; inadequate landscaping and manoeuvring restricted; obstructions; visible to a minor road or within estate.
	1	Low	Historic design and unacceptable layout; no landscaping and manoeuvring severely restricted; obstructions; on a minor road or estate tucked away from view.

3. C	Character of area/neighbouring uses		
	Score	Possible Indicators	
5	High	Well established commercial area; compatibility and uniformity of uses.	
4	Above Average	Established commercial area; mainly compatible and uniformity of uses.	
3	Average	Mixed commercial area with residential nearby; mainly compatible uses.	
2	Below Average	Mainly residential with few commercial uses or rural area; incompatible uses.	
1	Low	Mainly residential with very few commercial uses or rural area; non-conforming uses.	



4.	Local amenities/public transport			
		Score	Possible Indicators	
	5	High	Close to a wide range of employment related services (e.g. shops, leisure/recreation, pubs/restaurants, banks); close to a station or peak time bus route or cycle route, on a pedestrian route. NB: 'Close' = within about 10 minutes' walk.	
	4	Above Average	Close to a reasonable range of employment related services; close to a station or peak time bus route or cycle route, on a pedestrian route.	
	3	Average	Close to a limited range of basic services; close to either a station, bus route or cycle route, on a pedestrian route.	
	2	Below Average	Car journey to access basic services; not near a station, bus route nor cycle route, not on a pedestrian route.	
	1	Low	No services in close proximity; not on a pedestrian route, not near a station, bus route nor cycle route.	

5.	Pla	nning status	
		Score	Possible Indicators
	5	Good	Detailed or outline permission; use flexibility; compliant or established lawful use.
	3	Satisfactory	Local Plan allocation or protected site or high probability of granted employment; mainly compliant but some un-neighbourly uses.
	1	Poor	No allocation; non conforming uses; suit change of use to non 'B' class employment e.g. residential.

6.	Occupier perception/property values			
		Score	Possible Indicators	
	5	High	Highly regarded; very good market appeal; attracts and achieves prime values.	
	4	Above Average	Well regarded; good market appeal; attracts close to prime values.	
	3	Average	Displays market appeal; day to day churn; attracts secondary values.	
	2	Below Average	Occupier resistance; limited market appeal; longer void rates; command below secondary values.	
	1	Low	Virtually no market appeal; occupiers highly reluctant; longest void periods; tertiary values.	



7.	Age a	and suitability of bu	ilt stock (fit for purpose)
		Score	Possible Indicators
	5	High	Built 2000 onwards; quality as 'Grade A' specification to attract national/corporate occupiers; FRI or close to condition:
			Industrial - 6.5m plus eaves; adequate loading and parking
			Offices – open plan accommodation on single floor plates, air-conditioning, excellent car parking ratio and fibre optic connectivity.
	4	Above Average	Mainly built 1990's onwards; modern specification may attract national occupiers; FRI or 75% condition.
			Industrial - 6m plus eaves; adequate parking and loading;
			Office – mainly open plan accommodation, air-conditioning, good car parking ratio and broadband connectivity.
	3	Median	Mainly built 1980's onwards; adequate specification, more suitable to local businesses.
			Industrial - 5m to eaves upwards; adequate loading and parking.
			Office - mainly open plan accommodation, air-conditioning, adequate car parking ratio and broadband connectivity.
	2	Below Average	Built before 1980; inadequate specification compared to modern units, suitable to local businesses and un-neighbourly uses.
			Industrial - 5m eaves or below; poor loading and parking;
			Office – cellular offices, minimal parking and basic fitout.
	1	Low	Built before 1980, old stock; inadequate specification suitable for refurbishment or redevelopment; only attract smaller, local businesses with un-neighbourly uses.

8. Re-	Re-development prospects and constraints		
	Score	Possible Indicators	
5	Very Low	Building too modern to redevelop; OMV (Open Market Value) far exceeds site value.	
4	Long Term	Unlikely within next 25 years; OMV exceeds site value.	
3	Medium Term	Potential to redevelop within 15-25 year timescale; OMV closer to site value.	
2	Short Term	Redevelopment likely within 5-15 year period; OMV marginally above site value.	
1	Very High	Redevelopment highly likely within next 5 years; limited constraints; site value equal or exceeds OMV of existing buildings.	



Replacement Assessment criteria (for Categories 7 & 8) to scoring system in respect of Potential Development Sites or Existing Sites meriting consideration for Redevelopment.

7.	Viability Test / Infrastructure Cost						
		Score	Possible Indicators				
	5	High	Strong, credible appraisal; profitable; commercially attractive; good risk profile; relatively modest infrastructure required.				
	4	Good	Positive, credible appraisal; profitable; commercially attractive; acceptable risk profile; relatively modest infrastructure costs.				
	3	Medium	Credible appraisal; profitable; reasonably attractive; higher risk profile; infrastructure cost above norm.				
	2	Poor	Marginal appraisal; likely to be unprofitable; unattractive; high risk; infrastructure costs above norm.				
	1	Remote	Negative appraisal; unprofitable; no market appetite; high risk; unsustainable infrastructure costs.				

8.	Deliv	erability	
		Score	Possible Indicators
	5	High	Single ownership; no title nor planning constraints; highway access and infrastructure readily achievable; timing 0-5 years.
	3	Reasonable	Single or multiple ownership; any title or planning constraints can be overcome; highway access and infrastructure cost and timing present challenges; timescale 5-10 years.
	1	Low	Ownership or title issues to overcome; severe planning constraints and infrastructure challenges; timescale 10 years and beyond.

Scoring – overall classification	on	
Quality	Score	Total Score
Grade A	High	35 and over
Grade B	Above Average	30-34.5
Grade C	Average	25-29.5
Grade D	Below Average	20-24.5
Grade E	Low	19.5 and under

Appendix 3
Individual Site Scoring Matrix – Existing and Potential

Reference	Site name/address	Size (Ha)	Size (sq m)	Туре	Strategic Location	Layout/ Prominence	Area Character	Local Amenities	Planning Status	Occupier Perception	Viability/Infrast ructure Need	Delieverability	Total score	Grade A-E
XXXX	Welborne	20	97,250	Development	5	5	5	5	3	5	3	3	34	A
205	Land North of St Margarets Roundabout	1.23	4,000	Development	5	5	4	3	3	5	5	5	35	A
2001	J9 South, Segensworth South (Talbot Road)	1.843	4,000	Development	5	5	4	3	5	5	5	5	37	A
124	Solent 2, Whiteley (Rookery Avenue)	9.84	23,500	Development	5	4	4	4	3	4	4	5	33	В
137	Swanwick Shore Road	0.36	2,279	Development	4	4	3	3	3	4	4	5	30	В
1999	Walled Garden, Cams Estate	1.66	1,952	Development	5	4	5	3	3	4	3	3	30	В
3113	Faraday Business Park, Daedalus East	44.25	28,000	Industrial/Development	4	5	5	3	3	5	4	5	34	В
3114	Swordfish Business Park, Daedalus West	16.47	22,000	Development	4	5	5	3	3	5	4	5	34	В
1352	Land at Pinks Hill	0.7	2,000	Development	3	4	4	2	3	3	4	3	26	С
1365	Land Adjoining Waste Transfer Station	1.05	4,000	Development	3	4	4	2	3	3	4	3	26	С
3034	Land at Military Road	1.23	4,750	Development	3	4	4	2	3	3	4	3	26	С
3054	Land at Telford Way	2.75	10,000	Development	5	4	5	3	3	5	3	1	29	С
20	Standard Way, Wallington	0.59	2,000	Development	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	23	D
3011	Down Barn Farm / Spurlings	32.85	30,000	Development	5	3	1	2	1	4	3	3	22	D
3022	Land West of Newgate Lane, Peel Common	3.06	10,000	Development	3	3	3	2	1	3	3	3	21	D
3025	Little Park Farm	5.73	11,200	Development	3	4	3	2	3	3	3	3	24	D

Reference	Site name/address	Size (Ha)	Size (sq m)	Туре	Strategic	Layout/	Area Character	Local	Planning	Occupier	Age/	Redevelopment	Total score	Grade A-E
Reference	Site Haille/address	Size (na)	Size (Sq III)		Location 1	Prominence 2	3	Amenities 4	Status 5	Perception 6	Suitability 7	Prospects 8	Total Score	Grade A-E
78	Segensworth South Industrial Estate, North & South (Kites Croft) of Southampton Road	40.4	283,223	Industrial	5	4	5	3	5	5	4	5	36	I A
79	Segensworth East Industrial Estate, Brunel Way & Barnes Wallis Road	35.2	195,492	Office/Industrial	5	4	5	3	5	5	4	5	36	A
80	Segensworth West Industrial Estate, off Little Park Farm Road	23,37	70.964	Office/Industrial	5	4	5	3	5	5	4	5	36	A
165	Cams Estate	6.77	18,952	Office	5	5	5	3	5	5	4	5	37	A
1628	South of Solent Way, Whiteley	0.614	1.678	Industrial	5	4	5	3	5	5	5	5	37	A
63	Murrills Estate	7.45	50.783	Industrial	4	4	3	4	5	4	3	4	31	B
74	Newgate Lane & Speedfields	27.04	125,234	Industrial	4	3	4	4	5	4	3	4	31	В
128	Furzehall Farm, Wickham Road	1.96	5.618	Office	4	3	3	3	5	4	4	4	30	В
2985 (39)	Fareham Industrial Estate and Broadcut	18.64	117.837	Industrial	4	4	5	3	5	4	3	4	32	В
63a	Castle Trading Estate	part of above	part of above	Industrial	4	2	3	4	5	3	2	2	25	С
76	Fort Fareham Industrial Estate, off Newgate Lane	4.26	14,228	Industrial	3	3	4	3	5	3	3	4	28	C
77	Palmerston Business Park, off Newgate Lane	2.84	16,816	Industrial	4	3	4	3	5	2	3	4	28	С
81	Park Gate Centre & North (Park Gate Employment Area, Botley Road and Duncan Road)	7.79	32,067	Office/Industrial	2	2	3	4	5	3	3	3	25	С
82	Park Gate Business Centre, Chandlers Way (off Botley Road)	1.7	11,658	Industrial	2	3	3	3	5	3	3	3	25	С
86	1&2 The Avenue	0.19	557	Industrial	4	3	3	3	5	3	2	2	25	С
87	West End (West), South of Station Roundabout	0.16	1,300	Office	4	3	3	3	5	3	2	2	25	С
95	Funtley Court, Funtley Hill	0.82	2,334	Office	3	3	2	3	5	3	3	3	25	С
100	Swanwick Business Park & Oslands Court, off Bridge Road	0.41	2,476	Industrial	4	3	3	3	5	4	3	3	28	С
127	Parkway, Wickham Road	1.34	5,790	Office	4	3	2	3	5	3	3	3	26	С
173	National Air Traffic Services (NATS), Sopwith Way	17.33	59,625	Office	3	3	4	2	5	4	4	4	29	С
186	Albany Business Centre	0.5	572	Industrial	4	3	2	2	5	3	3	3	25	С
1700	242-248 Gosport Road	0.744	2,781	Industrial	4	3	3	3	5	3	3	3	27	С
2960 (84)	Part of Fareham Point, Wickham Road & North End of High Street	2	Unknown	Office	3	3	3	4	5	3	3	2	26	С
40	Gosport Road Bus Depot	2.16	8,400	Industrial	4	2	3	3	3	2	1	2	20	D
65	Fort Wallington Industrial Estate (North Wallington, off Standard Way)	6.23	39,524	Industrial	3	2	4	2	5	3	2	3	24	D
85	Lysses Court	0.32	2,968	Industrial	1	1	2	5	5	2	2	2	20	D
88	West End (East), South of Station roundabout	part of above	part of above	Industrial	4	2	3	3	5	2	1	1	21	D
90	Boatyard Industrial Estate, Mill Road	0.42	2,297	Industrial	2	2	1	2	5	3	2	3	20	D
91	Lower Quay & Quayside	0.54	3,605	Office	2	2	2	2	5	2	2	3	20	D
92	Salterns & Delta Business Park, Salterns Lane	1.28	4,675	Office/Industrial	2	2	2	2	5	3	3	3	22	D
93	Hammond Industrial Park, Stubbington Lane	0.43	1,168	Industrial	2	3	2	3	5	3	2	2	22	D
94	Corner of Stow Estate and Highlands Road	0.32	1,415	Industrial	3	3	2	3	5	3	2	2	23	D
96	The Tanneries, Titchfield Hill	0.61	6,558	Industrial	3	2	2	3	5	3	2	3	23	D
98	Brook Avenue/ Brook Lane (junction of)	0.34	1,632	Office	2	3	2	3	5	3	3	3	24	D
99	Warsash Village Centre, off of Shore Road	0.35	3,270	Industrial	2	2	3	3	5	3	2	3	23	D
138	Blackbrook Road Industrial Estate	1.69	9,804	Industrial	2	3	2	2	5	3	2	3	22	D
139	Waterside House, North of Delme Roundabout	1.28	3,796	Office	3	3	2	3	5	3	3	2	24	D
161	High Walls, North of East Street	0.23	1,431	Office	1	1	2	5	5	2	2	2	20	D
163	Castle Court, northern end of Castle Street	0.11	888	Office	3	2	3	4	5	2	2	2	23	D
187	310A-312 & 316 Botley Road	1.59	1,747	Industrial	3	2	2	2	5	2	2	2	20	D
1267	Brook Lane	0.32	2,960	Industrial	3	3	3	4	5	2	2	1	23	D
126	Kiln Acre, Wickham Road	2.38	15,644	Office/Industrial	4	3	3	3	5	3	2	1	24	D
97	R.O. Bridge Road Parade	0.27	988	Industrial	2	1	1	4	5	2	1	1	17	E
101	Coal Park Lane	0.24	950	Industrial	2	1	2	2	5	2	2	2	18	E
133	Barnbrook Systems	0.12	956	Office	1 1	1	1	3	5	1	2	2	16	E
179	Spurlings Road Industrial Estate	2.11	4,120	Industrial	3	1	2	1	5	2	2	2	18	E
1261	Cranleigh Road	2.39	2,953	Industrial	2	1	2	2	3	1	1	1	13	E
1274	Carron Row Farm	0.55	572	Industrial	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	10	E
1275	St Margarets Lane	0.44	4,503	Industrial	2	2	2	2	5	2	2	2	19	E
1276	North Coal Park Lane	0.6	1,674	Industrial	1	1	2	1	5	2	3	3	18	E
1280	Great Brook	1.09	3,133	Industrial	2	2	2	3	5	2	1	1	18	E
1281	Fontley Farm House (Ironmill Lane)	0.86	1,443	Industrial	1	1	1	1	3	2	2	2	13	E
3033	Land at Peak Lane Nurseries	3.54	15,000	Industrial	2	1	2	2	5	1	1	1 1	15	E

Appendix 4 LSH Credentials



#### LSH CREDENTIALS

LSH is the United Kingdom and Ireland's largest commercial property consultancy (a subsidiary of Countrywide Plc). We have a national network of offices across 31 locations and over 1,400 employees. Along the South Coast we have two offices at Fareham and Southampton with agency and valuation departments. We have an intuitive appreciation of the market dynamics and recently for the thirteenth consecutive year, have been awarded by the national Estate Gazette publication, the Most Active Agent in Hampshire and Dorset and in 2017 were ranked first by EGi the Most Active National Agent in the Industrial category and the Office category. During 2017 LSH's South Coast team transacted over 1.7 million sq ft of business space in the region.

The principal author of this report, Robin Dickens has during the past 30 years, built up a comprehensive knowledge of the industrial and commercial property market in South Hampshire, particularly in an agency and development advisory capacity within the Fareham conurbation and travel to work area and has resided at the Firms Manor Court offices at Segensworth since 1989. He has also participated directly in the local business community being an active member of the Shaping The Future Group (Development Committee), a Past President of the Portsmouth and South East Hampshire Chamber of Commerce, a founder Director of the Segensworth Business Forum, a former contributor to the Land and Property Task Group of Hampshire Economic Partnership, former Governor at Highbury College (2003 – 2013) and is currently a Board member of the Land, Infrastructure and Property Panel of the Solent LEP.

Notably, the author has advised and been instructed to market by private clients / institutional landlords etc, many surplus industrial and office premises in Fareham and South East Hampshire and has also acted on behalf of both local and corporate companies seeking new accommodation in the Solent region. This has informed from firsthand experience an insight into the mindset of a prospective occupier and the specific criteria they are looking for when selecting a new building or site. We have gained an in-depth knowledge of the dynamics of the local market and current and past projects have included the marketing of the Daedalus employment sites within the Solent



Enterprise Zone, Fort Wallington Industrial Estate, Premier Business Centre, iO Centre, Kites Croft, Segensworth East & West Estate, Radial 27, J9 South on Cartwright Drive, The Gardens, Cams Estate, Trilogy etc; and also recently handled the marketing of the former BAe Shipbuilding facility in HM Naval Base in Portsmouth; and undertaken property acquisitions for companies such as EADS Airbus, Snecma Turbomeca, Angelica Windows, Scania, Babcock International, Scottish and Southern Plc, PETA, Inchcape, Hampshire Police, Hendy Ford etc.

LSH is a multi-disciplinary practice, having expertise in industrial, offices, retail, roadside and leisure property. Our surveyors deal with day-to-day agency and disposals, development appraisals, company acquisition, investment and funding advice, property. Over the past 5 years, we have been investing selectively in geographic areas and service lines where we are seeing considerable demand for our services. Bringing BTWShiells (the sixth largest manager of shopping centres in the UK), Tushingham Moore (the largest retail agency outside of London), ES Group (a well-respected practice with a strong regional presence), Douglas Newman Good Commercial (one of Ireland's most successful commercial agencies) and most recently Hodgson Elkington (Lincolnshire's number 1 commercial property agency) and Lawrence Tattersall (Lead surveyors in Sheffield) into the Lambert Smith Hampton fold is perfectly aligned with this strategy; with each acquisition complementing the others and giving us critical mass in markets where there is significant potential.

# Appendix 5 Supplementary Fareham Borough Demographics



# Location Analyst

UK







# PO16

# **Understanding Demographics**

20 November, 2018

#### Contents

Map showing your Area
Understanding the Demographics of your Area
Understanding the Residential Profile by Mosaic UK 6
Understanding the Top 3 Mosaic UK 6 Groups
Daytime Population Profile by Mosaic UK 6
Population Growth

**Explanation - Population Projections** 

Explanation - Mosaic UK 6

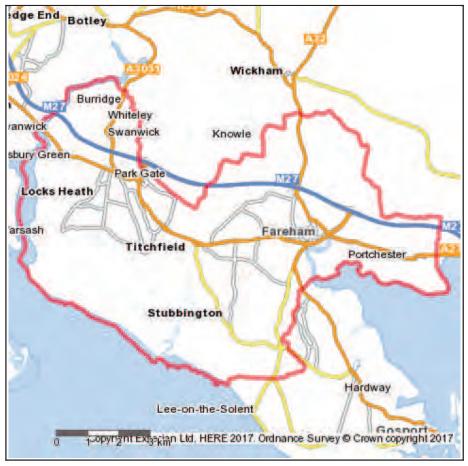
Explanation - Mosaic UK 6 Daytime

**Explanation - Census** 



Describing Fareham in relation to United Kingdom Creation Date: November 20, 2018

## Map showing your area





### Summary of your area

There are 116,737 people living within Fareham of which 57,359 are male and 59,378 are female. Within this Population 61,399 are economically active whilst 23,082 are classed as economically inactive. 79.10 % of houses are owner occupied whilst 11.81 % are privately rented.

The three highest Mosaic groups are B Prestige Positions, E Senior Security and G Domestic Success.

The Population of the area is expected to change by 3.63 % by 2022.



Describing Fareham in relation to United Kingdom Creation Date: November 20, 2018

#### Understanding the make-up of your area

	Area	Base
Total Households	49,044	28,142,119
Total Population	116,737	66,745,948
Total Males	57,359	32,933,023
Total Females	59,378	33,812,925

The current year estimates show a total resident population of 116,737 in the study area, compared to 66,745,948 in the base selection. When looking at households there are 49,044 in your area and 28,142,119 in your base selection. This was split by 50.86 % of the population being female and 49.14 % being male in the study

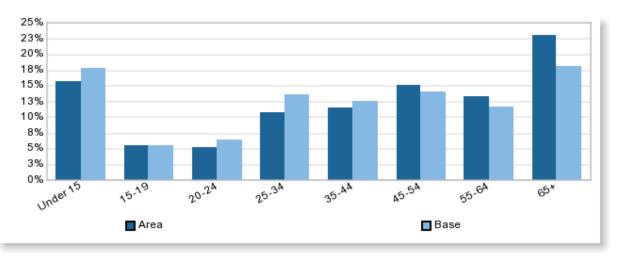
Source: Experian Current year estimates (Mid-year 2017).

#### Understanding who lives in your area

Age Bands	Area	Base	Index
			76 100 129
Under 15	18,394	11,904,830	88
15-19	6,554	3,726,517	101 l
20-24	5,954	4,277,727	80
25-34	12,538	9,104,574	79
35-44	13,287	8,401,002	90
45-54	17,606	9,319,901	108
55-64	15,498	7,859,716	113
65+	26,906	12,151,681	127

Source: Experian Age and Gender Estimates (2017).

Chart explanation: The chart above represents the Index\* value. This indicates the over or under representation of the area selection relative to the base.



The highest proportion fall into age band 65+ with a count of 26,906 representing 23.05 % of the study area. The smallest proportion is in age band 20-24 with a count of 5,954 which represents 5.10 %. In the study area the most over represented age band in comparison to the base selection is 65+ with an index value of 127. The band that is most under represented is 25-34 with an index of 79, where an index\* of 100 represents the national average.

\*An index of 100 indicates that the variable shown is represented to the same degree in the target area as it is in the base area. An index of 200 would show that it has twice the representation.

## Understanding the Ethnic mix

Ethnic Mix	Area	Base	Index	
			0	100116
White	112,808	57,844,833	112	
Gypsy / Traveller / Irish Traveller	88	67,521	75	
Mixed / Multiple Ethnic Groups	1,392	1,355,607	59	
Asian / Asian British: Indian	705	1,546,191	26	
Asian / Asian British: Pakistani	76	1,231,279	4	
Asian / Asian British: Bangladeshi	129	500,030	15	
Asian / Asian British: Chinese	496	490,816	58	
Asian / Asian British: Other Asian	370	960,820	22	
Black / African / Caribbean / Black British	413	2,101,045	11	
Other Ethnic Group	260	647,806	23	

Source: Experian Current Year Estimates based on ONS Census Data (2017).

Chart explanation: The chart above represents the Index\* value. This indicates the over or under representation of the area selection relative to the base.

The ONS data shows the ethnic make up of your area is Compare this to your base ethnic diversity as follows: as follows:

96.63 % White	86.66 % White
0.08 % Gypsy / Traveller / Irish Traveller	0.10 % Gypsy / Traveller / Irish Traveller
1.19 % Mixed / Multiple Ethnic Groups	2.03 % Mixed / Multiple Ethnic Groups
0.60 % Asian / Asian British: Indian	2.32 % Asian / Asian British: Indian
0.07 % Asian / Asian British: Pakistani	1.84 % Asian / Asian British: Pakistani
0.11 % Asian / Asian British: Bangladeshi	0.75 % Asian / Asian British: Bangladeshi
0.42 % Asian / Asian British: Chinese	0.74 % Asian / Asian British: Chinese
0.32 % Asian / Asian British: Other Asian	1.44 % Asian / Asian British: Other Asian
0.35 % Black / African / Caribbean / Black British	3.15 % Black / African / Caribbean / Black British
0.22 % Other Ethnic Group	0.97 % Other Ethnic Group

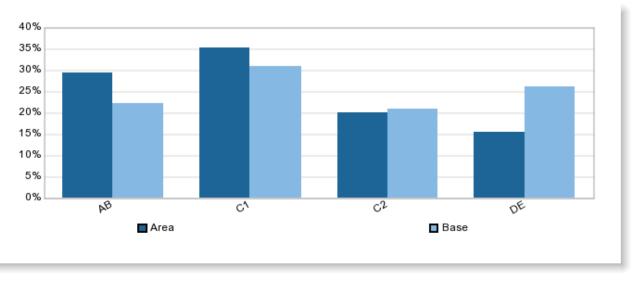
0.22 % Other Ethnic Group

In the study area the largest ethnic group is White taking up 96.63 % of the population with a count of 112,808. This is in comparison to the selected base with 86.66 % of the population being White. The smallest ethnic representation in the study area was Asian / Asian British: Pakistani with a count of 76, compare this to the base selection where the smallest group was Gypsy / Traveller / Irish Traveller with a count of 67,521.

## Understanding the Social Grade

Social Grade	Area	Base	Index 55	100	135
AB Higher & intermediate manage/admin/prof	10,001	4,656,792	132		
C1 Supervisory, cleric, junior manage/admin/prof	11,967	6,457,466	114		
C2 Skilled manual workers	6,760	4,346,904	96		
DE Semi-skilled/unskilled manual workers; on state	5,200	5,420,042	59		
benefit, unemployed, lowest grade workers					

Source: Experian Current Year Estimates based on ONS Census Data (2017).



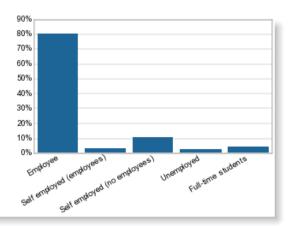
\*An index of 100 indicates that the variable shown is represented to the same degree in the target area as it is in the base area. An index of 200 would show that it has twice the representation.

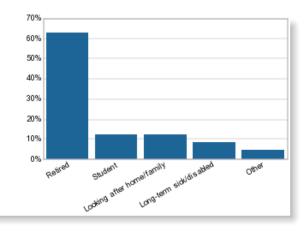
Within your area social grade C1 forms the largest proportion with 11,967 people falling into this group, which is 35.27 % of the overall distribution. The smallest proportion falls into grade DE with a count of 5,200 taking up 15.33 %. When comparing this to the selected base the most over represented grade is AB with an index\* count of 132, whereas the most under represented group is DE with an index count of 59.

### Understanding the Economic Activity

Economically Active	Area	Base	Index 54	106
Employee	49,315	26,076,358	104	
Self employed with employees	1,664	1,109,304	83	
Self employed without employees	6,362	3,640,917	96	
Unemployed	1,415	1,365,424	57	
Full-time students	2,643	1,684,209	87	
Economically Inactive			52 100	145
Retired	14,518	6,581,697	141	
Student	2,779	2,819,256	63	
Looking after home/ family	2,833	2,121,753	85	
Permanently sick/ disabled	1,915	2,156,190	57	
Other	1,037	1,082,958	61	

Source: Experian Current Year Estimates based on ONS Census Data (2017).





Economic activity within the study area shows that 58.37 % of the population are employed, this is 49,315 people, compare this to your base where 53.61 % are employed. The smallest economically active group is Unemployed representing 1.67 %, compare this to the selected base where this group represents 2.81 %. When analysing index\* values the most over represented group is None found with an index of 104, taking up 58.37 %.

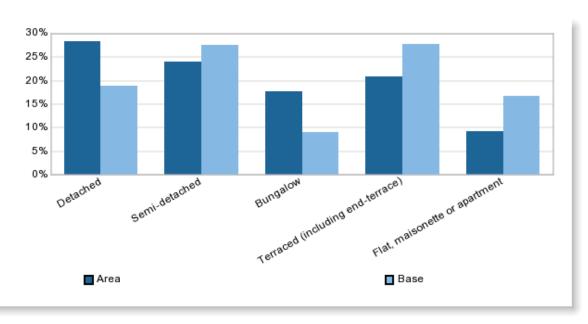
When considering economic inactivity the largest proportion in the study area belongs to the Retired group with a count of 14,518 representing 17.18 %. The smallest inactive group is Other with 1,037 which is 1.23 %. When looking at the index values the group that is most over represented is Retired with an index of 141, representing 17.18 %.

\*An index of 100 indicates that the variable shown is represented to the same degree in the target area as it is in the base area. An index of 200 would show that it has twice the representation.

#### Understanding what type of households are in your area

Dwelling Type	Area	Base	Index 49 100	198
Detached	12,701	4,776,358	150	
Semi-detached	10,729	7,000,011	87	
Bungalow	7,918	2,328,763	192	
Terraced (including end-terrace)	9,344	7,013,089	75	
Flat, maisonette or apartment	4,216	4,231,207	56	

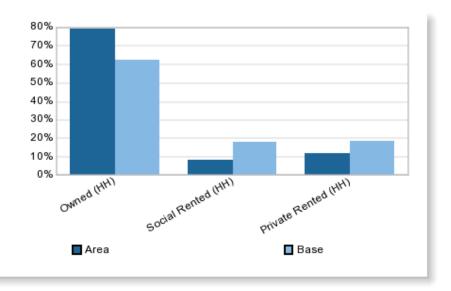
Source: Experian ConsumerView Household Directory 2018.



Tenure	Area	Base	Index 42 100 1	30
Owned (HH)	38,793	17,529,474	127	
Social Rented (HH)	4,045	4,960,995	47	
Private Rented (HH)	5,794	5,283,863	63	

Source: Experian Current Year Estimates based on ONS Census Data (2017).

Chart explanation: The chart above represents the Index\* value. This indicates the over or under representation of the area selection relative to the base.



10,729 households within your area live in a Semi-detached dwelling, this is 23.89 %. Compare this to a figure of 7,000,011 in your base making up 27.61 %. The smallest number of households live in a Flat, maisonette or apartment dwelling, this is 4,216 households and makes up 9.39 %. When analysing the index\* figures, we can deduce that the most over represented dwelling type is Bungalow with a figure of 192, this makes up 17.63 % in the study area.

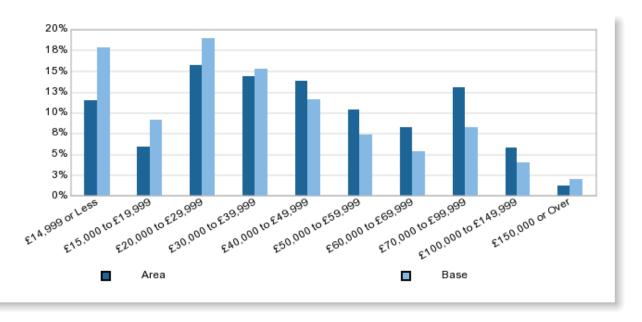
When considering the tenure of households we can see that the largest proportion are Owned with a figure of 38,793 making up 79.10 %. The smallest amount fall into the Social rented at 8.25 %. When looking at the index figures the most over represented tenure type is Owned with an index of 127, 79.10 % of households fall into this category in the study area.

\*An index of 100 indicates that the variable shown is represented to the same degree in the target area as it is in the base area. An index of 200 would show that it has twice the representation.

## Understanding the Household Income

Household Income	Area	Base	Index 49 100 162
£14,999 or Less	5,663	5,033,061	65
£15,000 to £19,999	2,893	2,581,864	64
£20,000 to £29,999	7,673	5,311,802	83
£30,000 to £39,999	7,071	4,306,457	94
£40,000 to £49,999	6,812	3,278,453	119
£50,000 to £59,999	5,061	2,058,623	141
£60,000 to £69,999	4,063	1,520,803	153
£70,000 to £99,999	6,393	2,343,681	157
£100,000 to £149,999	2,848	1,118,876	146
£150,000 or Over	567	588,499	55

Source: Experian Income Bands 2016



8,556 households within your area have an income of £19,999 or less, this forms 17.45 % of the overall distribution. The smallest count is 567 and these fall into household income band £150,000 or Over making up 1.16 %. When using your base as a comparison, most households fall into the income band £20,000 to £29,999 which makes up 18.87 % of the overall view. When using index\* figures as a guide we can see that the income band £70,000 to £99,999 is over represented making up 13.04 % with an index of 157, the most under represented banding is £150,000 or Over with a figure of 55 making up 1.16 % of the distribution.

Index\* - An index of 100 indicates that the variable shown is represented to the same degree in the target area as it is in the base area. An index of 200 would show that it has twice the representation.



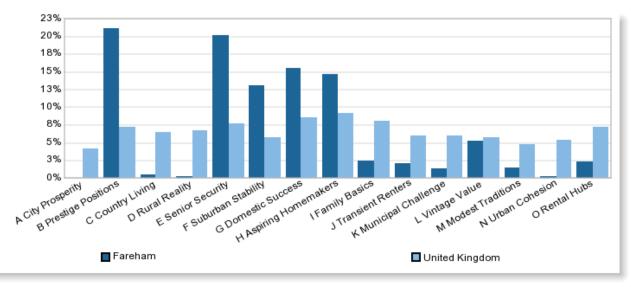
#### Understanding the residential profile by Mosaic UK 6

Mosaic UK 6 classifies all consumers in the United Kingdom by allocating them to one of 15 Groups and 66 Types. The 15 Groups are shown below as a profile using the Population data from your target area. The groups, types and the supporting descriptive information paint a detailed picture of UK consumers in terms of their socio-economic and socio-cultural behaviour.

Mosaic UK 6 Group	Area	Base	Index 0 100	307
A City Prosperity	2	2,770,370	0	
B Prestige Positions	24,574	4,803,854	292	
C Country Living	512	4,359,823	7	
D Rural Reality	233	4,519,380	3	
■ E Senior Security	23,488	5,117,591	262	
F Suburban Stability	15,233	3,884,529	224	
G Domestic Success	18,128	5,705,246	182	
H Aspiring Homemakers	17,033	6,118,369	159	
I Family Basics	2,853	5,316,990	31	
J Transient Renters	2,309	3,970,981	33	
K Municipal Challenge	1,509	4,027,620	21	
L Vintage Value	5,984	3,824,575	89 l	
M Modest Traditions	1,720	3,150,525	31	
N Urban Cohesion	317	3,595,280	5	
O Rental Hubs	2,613	4,833,973	31	
Totals	116,737	66,745,948		

Source: Experian Mosaic UK 6 Classification (2017).

Chart explanation: The chart above represents the index\* value. This indicates the over or under representation of the area selection relative to the base.



The largest group is B Prestige Positions with a count of 24,574 representing 21.05 % of the overall distribution, in comparison to the base where 7.20 % fall into this group. The smallest group is A City Prosperity with a count of 2 which represents 0.00 %. The index\* figures indicate that the most over represented group is B Prestige Positions taking up 21.05 % of the target area. In contrast the most under represented group is A City Prosperity with just 0.00 %.

\*An index of 100 indicates that the variable shown is represented to the same degree in the target area as it is in the base area. An index of 200 would show that it has twice the representation.



# Understanding the top three Mosaic UK 6 Groups

B Prestige Positions - 21.05 %



Established families in large detached homes living upmarket lifestyles.

#### **Key Features**

- High value detached homes
- Married couples
- Managerial and senior positions
- Supporting students and older children
- High assets and investments
- Online shopping and banking

E Senior Security - 20.12 %



Elderly people with assets who are enjoying a comfortable retirement.

#### **Key Features**

- Elderly singles and couples
- Homeowners
- Comfortable homes
- Additional pensions above state
- Don't like new technology
- Low mileage drivers

#### G Domestic Success - 15.53 %



Thriving families who are busy bringing up children and following careers.

#### **Key Features**

- Families with children
- Upmarket suburban homes
- Owned with a mortgage
- 3 or 4 bedrooms
- High Internet use
- Own new technology



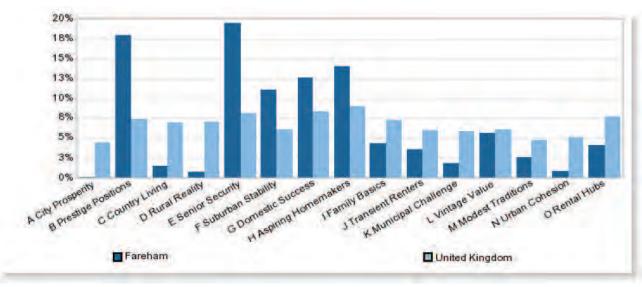
#### What is the daytime population profile by Mosaic UK 6?

Mosaic UK 6 classifies all consumers in the United Kingdom by allocating them to one of 15 Groups and 66 Types. The 15 Groups are shown below as a profile using data for Adults 16+ in your target area. The groups, types and the supporting descriptive information paint a detailed picture of UK consumers in terms of their socio-economic and socio-cultural behaviour.

Mosaic UK 6 Group	Area	Base	Index 0	100	254
A City Prosperity	119	2,332,028	3		
B Prestige Positions	16,318	3,931,608	243		
C Country Living	1,297	3,669,149	21		
D Rural Reality	622	3,730,806	10		
E Senior Security	17,796	4,372,553	238		
F Suburban Stability	10,112	3,214,767	184		
G Domestic Success	11,509	4,464,352	151		
H Aspiring Homemakers	12,795	4,820,440	155		
I Family Basics	3,916	3,866,269	59		
J Transient Renters	3,289	3,182,472	60		
K Municipal Challenge	1,614	3,113,515	30		
L Vintage Value	5,115	3,216,723	93	T	
M Modest Traditions	2,352	2,558,990	54		
N Urban Cohesion	722	2,735,092	15		
O Rental Hubs	3,707	4,131,300	52		
Totals	91,283	53,340,064			

Source: Experian Mosaic UK 6 Daytime Classification (2017).

Chart explanation: The chart above represents the index\* value. This indicates the over or under representation of the area selection relative to the base.



The largest group is E Senior Security with a count of 17,796 representing 19.50 % of the overall distribution, in comparison to the base where 8.20 % fall into this group. The smallest group is A City Prosperity with a count of 119 which represents 0.13 %. The index\* figures indicate that the most over represented group is B Prestige Positions taking up 17.88 % of the target area. In contrast the most under represented group is A City Prosperity with just 0.13 %.

\*An index of 100 indicates that the variable shown is represented to the same degree in the target area as it is in the base area. An index of 200 would show that it has twice the representation.

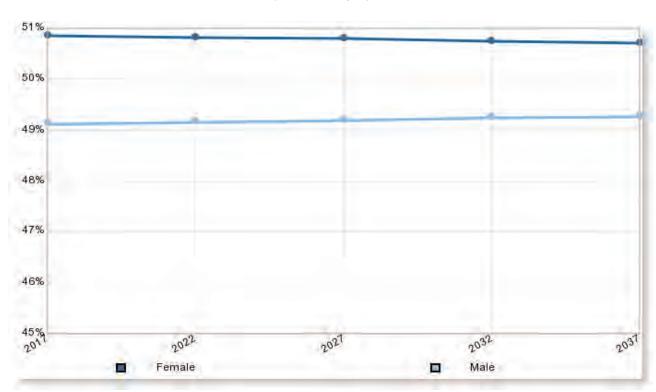


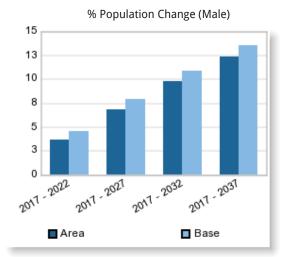
# Will the population of the area grow or decline?

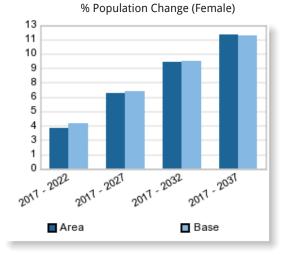
		% Change		% Change
Population Projection	Area	since 2017	Base	since 2017
Population projection 2022	120,974		69,582,712	
Female Population projection 2022	61,492		35,148,021	
Male Population projection 2022	59,482		34,434,691	
Projected change from 2017	4,237	3.63	2,836,764	4.25
Population projection 2027	124,579		71,637,467	
Female Population projection 2027	63,281		36,107,308	
Male Population projection 2027	61,298		35,530,159	
Projected change from 2017	7,842	6.72	4,891,519	7.33
Population projection 2032	127,870		73,477,112	
Female Population projection 2032	64,900		36,970,150	
Male Population projection 2032	62,970		36,506,962	
Projected change from 2017	11,133	9.54	6,731,164	10.08
Population projection 2037	130,805		75,117,457	
Female Population projection 2037	66,338		37,732,889	
Male Population projection 2037	64,467		37,384,568	
Projected change from 2017	14,068	12.05	8,371,509	12.54

Source: Experian Population Projections ( 2017 ).

% Population Change by Gender







For 2017 the total population estimate is 116,737, this is divided into 49.14 % male and 50.86 % female. By 2022 the population is expected to have changed to 120,974, this is a projected change of 3.63 % over five years, and the gender split is predicted to be 50.83 % female and 49.17 % male. In the five years to 2027 the population is estimated to change to 124,579, this is a further 2.98 % change, and is expected to be divided into 50.80 % female and 49.20 % male. By 2032 the population is expected to be 127,870, a further change of 2.64 %, and split into 50.75 % female and 49.25 % male. By 2037 the population is expected to be 130,805, a change of 2.30 %, and divided into 50.72 % female and 49.28 % male.





Population change is an important element in fluctuations in consumer demand. Our population projections give a valuable insight into future demand in local areas, enabling you to predict future business performance, and plan accordingly.

The data is particularly useful if you are targeting specific age/gender ranges - for example, child care nurseries can find sites where the number of children is set to increase, and football clubs can target areas expecting growth in the number of teenagers.

Projections of residential population are available for each year from 2018 to 2037. These are split by gender and 18 age bands.

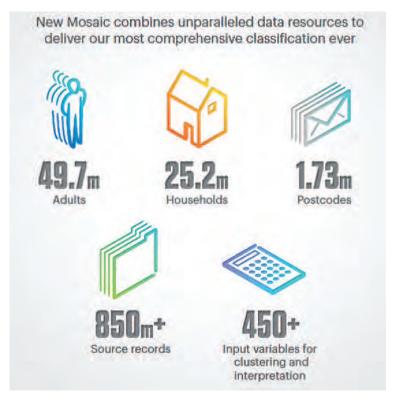


#### Mosaic UK 6

72 per cent of the information used to build Mosaic UK 6 is sourced from a combination of data that includes Experian's UK ConsumerView Database, which provides consumer demographic information for the UK's 50 million adults and 25 million households. This database is built from an unrivalled variety of privacy-compliant public and Experian proprietary data and statistical models. These include the edited Electoral Roll, Council Tax property valuations, house sale prices, self-reported lifestyle surveys, term time students from HESA, social housing information from NROSH, broadband speed information from OFCOM, and other compiled consumer data.

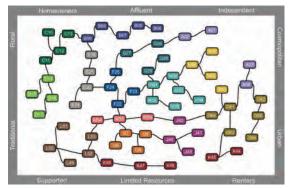
The remaining 28 per cent of the data are sourced from the 2011 Census which provides highly accurate neighbourhood level information.

All of the information used to build Mosaic is continuously updated. This enables Experian to verify and update the classification annually, and the segmentation has been built in such a way that new data can be can be added to provide further insight into the types.



# The Mosaic UK 6 Family Tree

The Mosaic UK 6 family tree illustrates the major demographic and lifestyle polarities between the groups and types, and shows how the Mosaic types relate to each other.





Mosaic UK 6 Daytime provides small area estimates of the daytime population. This provides valuable information for retailers who rely on the surrounding 'weekday daytime population' for a significant proportion of their trade.

2014 mid-year estimates are available for each United Kingdom Output Area (OA) and Postal Sector. In addition, estimates are provided split down by the (residential) Mosaic UK 6 groups and types. This allows existing Mosaic UK 6 profiles of products and services to be combined with the 'small area' Mosaic UK 6 Daytime population profiles to estimate market sizes.

Mosaic UK 6 Daytime is created using the following key inputs:

- Experian's 2014 mid-year estimates of residential population at OA level.
- 2011 Census Origin-Destination (O-D) data relating to travel to work (and place of study for Scotland) at OA-to-OA level.
- See Travel to work questions asked across UK.

The Experian 2014 mid-year population estimates are split into sub-groups compatible with the 2011 Census O-D data, for example:

- All people aged 16-74 in employment (not including full-time students).
- All people aged 16-74 in employment (including full-time students).

For each sub-group, it is determined whether they are most likely to be:

- Located somewhere outside their home (or residential OA) during the day, or
- At home (or residential OA) during the day.

This takes into account the OA-to-OA 'Travel to Work' 2011 Census data.

For sub-groups which are likely to be away from home during the day, and where sufficient 2011 Census data on travel patterns exists, a reallocation from 'Origin OAs' to 'Destination OAs' is undertaken. The OA level Mosaic UK 6 Profile of the 2014 population sub-group is allocated to each 'Destination OA' using probabilities derived from the 2011 Census O-D data. These estimated flows are then aggregated to 'Destination OA' level to create the OA level data. Finally, data is accumulated from OA level to Postal Sector level to create the Postal Sector level dataset.



#### Census Data 2011

The Census is a government survey which is conducted every 10 years and covers the whole country. The information is collected on a single day. The government use the information to plan what local infrastructure is required in the future such as schools and hospitals.

Each decade the release of Census data for the UK provides analysts with a wealth of information that allows a rich and detailed picture to be created for each local area within the country. The most recent Census for the UK in 2011 covered a broad range of topics including population, households, employment, qualification, ethnicity and health.

A deep understanding of the demographics and socio-demographics of areas as diverse as neighbourhoods, store catchment areas, and sales or distribution territories can be gained by profiling and analysing suitable Census variable and can provide insight to help underpin decision making across a wide variety of sectors.

#### Census 2011 Current Year Estimates

Recognising the Complexity of the Census and of modelling Census data, a range of methods and of other input data has been used to predict the amount of change since Census Day and to therefore create Census Current Year Estimates for these tables. For many of the Census tables modelled, more than one underlying method has been used, with final results being created via the weighted combination of the separate method results. This multi-model approach recognises the strengths and weaknesses of each underlying approach used. As such, it draws strength from the underlying separate methods in order to maximize accuracy.

Key non-Census input data used includes Government mid-year estimates of population by age by gender, other Government Open data sources including results of key surveys and reports such as the OND 'Families and Households' report, HM Land Registry information, Experian Economics estimates and projections, variables from Experian's ConsumerView database and variables that underpin Experian's Mosaic UK classification. The Experian '2011 Census-based Current Year Estimates' database has been designed to be one of a family of Experian '2011 Census and 2011 Census-based' databases. This family of databases provides views at different point in time of a range of UK-wide Local Area Data estimates of key demographics and sociodemographics.

# Appendix 6 NOMIS Office for National Statistics 2017 Job Categories by Industry

#### nomis official labour market statistics

#### Labour Market Profile - Fareham

The profile brings together data from several sources. Details about these and related terminology are given in the definitions section.



#### Resident Population

#### Total population (2018)

	Fareham (Numbers)	South East (Numbers)	Great Britain (Numbers)
All People	116,300	9,133,600	64,553,900
Males	56,900	4,500,300	31,864,000
Females	59,500	4,633,300	32,689,900

Source: ONS Population estimates - local authority based by five year age band

#### Population aged 16-64 (2018)

	Fareham (Numbers)	Fareham (%)	South East (%)	Great Britain (%)
All People Aged 16-64	69,500	59.8	61.5	62.7
Males Aged 16-64	34,500	60.6	62.2	63.4
Females Aged 16-64	35,000	58.8	60.8	62.0

Source: ONS Population estimates - local authority based by five year age band

Notes: % is a proportion of total population

#### Labour Supply

Employment and unemployment	(Apr 2018-Mar 2019)
-----------------------------	---------------------

	Fareham (Numbers)	Fareham (%)	South East (%)	Great Britain (%)
All People				
Economically Active†	57,300	79.8	81.1	78.7
In Employment†	56,400	79.2	78.4	75.4
Employees†	49,600	70.0	66.2	64.4
Self Employed†	6,100	8.2	11.9	10.7
Unemployed (Model-Based)§	1,600	2.8	3.3	4.1
Males				
Economically Active†	32,500	89.4	85.3	83.5
In Employment†	32,000	89.4	82.6	79.9
Employees†	28,900	80.3	67.0	65.5
Self Employed†	#	#	15.3	14.2
Unemployed§	Į.	!	3.1	4.2
Females				
Economically Active†	24,800	70.0	77.0	73.9
In Employment†	24,400	68.8	74.2	70.8
Employees†	20,800	59.5	65.4	63.4
Self Employed†	#	#	8.5	7.2
Unemployed§	!	!	3.4	4.1

Source: ONS annual population survey

# Sample size too small for reliable estimate

Estimate is not available since sample size is disclosive
- numbers are for those aged 16 and over, % are for those aged 16-64
- numbers and % are for those aged 16 and over. % is a proportion of economically active

	Fareham (Level)	Fareham (%)	South East (%)	Great Britain (%)
All People				
Total	13,900	20.2	18.9	21.3
Student	6,100	43.9	26.8	26.8
Looking After Family/Home	#	#	24.1	23.6
Temporary Sick	!	ļ.	1.5	1.9
Long-Term Sick	#	#	18.9	22.9
Discouraged	!	!	#	0.4
Retired	#	#	15.6	13.1
Other	#	#	12.9	11.3
Wants A Job	#	#	22.0	20.6
Does Not Want A Job	11,400	81.4	78.0	79.4

Source: ONS annual population survey

# Sample size too small for reliable estimate
! Estimate is not available since sample size is disclosive

Notes: numbers are for those aged 16-64.
% is a proportion of those economically inactive, except total, which is a proportion of those aged 16-64

#### Workless Housholds (Jan-Dec 2018)

	Fareham	South East	Great Britain
Number Of Workless Households	#	320,500	2,919,800
Percentage Of Households That Are Workless	#	11.4	14.3
Number Of Children In Workless Households	#	105,200	1,259,000
Percentage Of Children Who Are In Households That Are Workless	#	6.0	10.3

 $Source: \ ONS \ annual \ population \ survey \ - \ households \ by \ combined \ economic \ activity \ status$ 

#### Employment by occupation (Apr 2018-Mar 2019)

. 3	· ·			
	Fareham (Numbers)	Fareham (%)	South East (%)	Great Britain (%)
Soc 2010 Major Group 1-3	28,000	49.6	51.2	46.8
1 Managers, Directors And Senior Officials	7,700	13.6	12.3	10.9
2 Professional Occupations	11,400	20.2	22.6	20.9
3 Associate Professional & Technical	8,900	15.8	16.2	14.8
Soc 2010 Major Group 4-5	11,600	20.6	19.7	20.1
4 Administrative & Secretarial	7,900	14.0	10.3	9.9
5 Skilled Trades Occupations	#	#	9.4	10.1
Soc 2010 Major Group 6-7	6,400	11.4	15.7	16.5
6 Caring, Leisure And Other Service Occupations	#	#	8.8	9.0
7 Sales And Customer Service Occs	#	#	6.9	7.4
Soc 2010 Major Group 8-9	10,400	18.4	13.4	16.6
8 Process Plant & Machine Operatives	4,200	7.4	4.7	6.3
9 Elementary Occupations	6,200	11.0	8.7	10.3

Source: ONS annual population survey # Sample size too small for reliable estimate Notes: Numbers and % are for those of 16+ % is a proportion of all persons in employment

#### Qualifications (Jan 2018-Dec 2018)

	Fareham (Level)	Fareham (%)	(%)	Great Britain (%)
NVQ4 And Above	27,400	39.7	42.2	39.3
NVQ3 And Above	42,000	60.9	61.8	57.8
NVQ2 And Above	55,800	80.9	78.9	74.9
NVQ1 And Above	62,600	90.7	89.2	85.4
Other Qualifications	5,100	7.4	5.2	6.8
No Qualifications	#	#	5.6	7.8

Source: ONS annual population survey

Notes: For an explanation of the qualification levels see the definitions section. Numbers and % are for those of aged 16-64 % is a proportion of resident population of area aged 16-64

Sample size too small for reliable estimate

Notes: Only includes those households that have at least one person aged 16 to 64. Children refers to all children aged under 16.

<sup>#</sup> Sample size too small for reliable estimate

	Fareham (Pounds)	South East (Pounds)	Great Britain (Pounds)
Gross Weekly Pay			
Full-Time Workers	615.4	614.5	571.1
Male Full-Time Workers	713.6	670.8	612.2
Female Full-Time Workers	538.7	541.9	510.0
Hourly Pay - Excluding Overtime			
Full-Time Workers	16.29	15.65	14.36
Male Full-Time Workers	19.01	16.61	14.89
Female Full-Time Workers	14.51	14.43	13.56

#### Out-Of-Work Benefits

Under Universal Credit a broader span of claimants are required to look for work than under Jobseeker's Allowance. As Universal Credit Full Service is rolled out in particular areas, the number of people recorded as being on the Claimant Count is therefore likely to rise.

#### Claimant count by sex - not seasonally adjusted (August 2019)

	Fareham (Numbers)	Fareham (%)	South East (%)	Great Britain (%)
All People	715	1.0	1.9	2.8
Males	395	1.1	2.2	3.3
Females	320	0.9	1.6	2.4

Source: ONS Claimant count by sex and age

Note: % is the number of claimants as a proportion of resident population of area aged 16-64 and gender

#### Claimant count by age - not seasonally adjusted (August 2019)

	(Level)	Fareham (%)	(%)	Great Britain (%)
Aged 16+	715	1.0	1.9	2.8
Aged 16 To 17	5	0.2	0.1	0.3
Aged 18 To 24	145	1.8	2.6	3.9
Aged 18 To 21	100	2.2	2.8	4.2
Aged 25 To 49	360	1.1	2.0	3.0
Aged 50+	210	0.9	1.6	2.4

Source: ONS Claimant count by sex and age  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1$ 

Note:  $\,\%$  is number of claimants as a proportion of resident population of the same age

### Working-age client group - main benefit claimants - not seasonally adjusted (November 2016)[Discontinued]

F	areham	Fareham	South East	Great Britain
(N	umbers)	(%)	(%)	(%)

Total Claimants	4,240	6.1	8.3	11.0
By Statistical Group				
Job Seekers	260	0.4	0.7	1.1
ESA And Incapacity Benefits	2,350	3.4	4.4	6.1
Lone Parents	310	0.4	0.8	1.0
Carers	680	1.0	1.3	1.7
Others On Income Related Benefits	60	0.1	0.1	0.2
Disabled	440	0.6	0.8	0.8
Bereaved	140	0.2	0.2	0.2
Main Out-Of-Work Benefits†	2,980	4.3	6.1	8.4

Source: DWP benefit claimants - working age client group

#### Labour Demand

#### Jobs density (2017)

	Fareham	Fareham	South East	Great Britain
	(Jobs)	(Density)	(Density)	(Density)
Jobs Density	58,000	0.83	0.87	0.86

Source: ONS jobs density

Notes: The density figures represent the ratio of total jobs to population aged 16-64.

Total jobs includes employees, self-employed, government-supported trainees and HM Forces

Empl	oyee]	jobs	(2017)	
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Employee Jobs (2017)				
	Fareham (Employee Jobs)	Fareham (%)	South East (%)	Great Britain (%)
Total Employee Jobs	48,000	-	-	-
Full-Time	31,000	64.6	66.2	67.5
Part-Time	18,000	37.5	33.8	32.5
Employee Jobs By Industry				
B: Mining And Quarrying	10	0.0	0.0	0.2
C : Manufacturing	4,000	8.3	6.2	8.2
D: Electricity, Gas, Steam And Air Conditioning Supply	20	0.0	0.5	0.5
E : Water Supply; Sewerage, Waste Management And Remediation Activities	300	0.6	0.8	0.7
F : Construction	3,000	6.2	5.5	4.8
G: Wholesale And Retail Trade; Repair Of Motor Vehicles And Motorcycles	8,000	16.7	16.3	15.2
H: Transportation And Storage	3,000	6.2	4.6	4.7
I : Accommodation And Food Service Activities	3,000	6.2	7.3	7.5
J: Information And Communication	2,000	4.2	5.9	4.4
K : Financial And Insurance Activities	1,500	3.1	2.8	3.5
L : Real Estate Activities	700	1.5	1.6	1.7

<sup>†</sup> Main out-of-work benefits includes the groups: job seekers, ESA and incapacity benefits, lone parents and others on income related

benefits. See the Definitions and Explanations below for details

Notes: % is a proportion of resident population of area aged 16-64

Figures in this table do not yet include claimants of Universal Credit

M : Professional, Scientific And Technical Activities	3,000	6.2	8.0	8.4
N : Administrative And Support Service Activities	4,000	8.3	8.7	9.1
O: Public Administration And Defence; Compulsory Social Security	3,500	7.3	3.2	4.3
P: Education	5,000	10.4	10.4	8.9
Q : Human Health And Social Work Activities	6,000	12.5	12.7	13.3
R: Arts, Entertainment And Recreation	1,000	2.1	2.7	2.6
S: Other Service Activities	1,250	2.6	2.5	2.0

Source: ONS Business Register and Employment Survey: open access

Data excludes farm-based agriculture

	Fareham (Pounds)	South East (Pounds)	
Gross Weekly Pay			
Full-Time Workers	568.3	589.2	570.9
Male Full-Time Workers	644.5	635.0	611.8
Female Full-Time Workers	528.8	521.7	509.8
Hourly Pay - Excluding Overtime			
Full-Time Workers	14.65	14.91	14.35
Male Full-Time Workers	15.08	15.70	14.88
Female Full-Time Workers	14.42	13.85	13.55

Civil service jobs as a proportion of employee jobs (2018)						
Fareham Fareham South East (Headcount) (%) (%)						
Total civil service jobs	2,440	4.9	0.9	1.5		
Full-time	1,080	2.2	0.7	1.1		
Part-time	1,360	2.7	0.2	0.3		

Source: ONS Annual Civil Service Employment Survey
Note: Percentages based on % of total jobs in area that are civil service jobs

#### Composition of civil service jobs by sex and hours worked (2018)

	Fareham (Headcount)	Fareham (%)	(%)	Great Britain (%)
Total civil service jobs	2,440	-	-	-
Full-time	1,080	44.3	77.4	76.9
Part-time	1,360	55.7	22.6	23.1
Male	1,160	47.5	49.8	45.7
Full-time	560	23.0	44.6	41.5
Part-time	590	24.2	5.2	4.2
Female	1,290	52.9	50.2	54.3

<sup>-</sup> Data unavailable

Notes: % is a proportion of total employee jobs excluding farm-based agriculture

Employee jobs excludes self-employed, government-supported trainees and HM Forces

Full-time	520	21.3	32.8	35.4
Part-time	770	31.6	17.4	18.9

Source: ONS Annual Civil Service Employment Survey

Note: Percentages based on % of Total Civil Service Jobs made up of each category

#### Businesses

Large (250+)

Total

UK Business Counts (2018)						
	Fareham (Numbers)	Fareham (%)	South East (Numbers)	South East (%)		
Enterprises						
Micro (0 To 9)	3,940	88.4	363,890	89.9		
Small (10 To 49)	435	9.8	33,090	8.2		
Medium (50 To 249)	70	1.6	6,035	1.5		
Large (250+)	10	0.2	1,535	0.4		
Total	4,455	-	404,555	-		
Local Units						
Micro (0 To 9)	4,365	82.8	398,835	85.4		
Small (10 To 49)	750	14.2	55,365	11.9		
Medium (50 To 249)	140	2.7	11,340	2.4		

20

5.270

0.4

1,620

467,160

0.3

Source: Inter Departmental Business Register (ONS)

Note: % is as a proportion of total (enterprises or local units)

#### **Definitions And Explanations**

#### Resident Population

The estimated population of an area includes all those usually resident in the area, whatever their nationality. HM Forces stationed outside the United Kingdom are excluded but foreign forces stationed here are included. Students are taken to be resident at their term-time address.

#### Labour Supply

Labour supply consists of people who are employed, as well as those people defined as unemployed or economically inactive, who can be considered to be potential labour supply. Information in this section relates to the characteristics of people living in an area.

Most labour supply data comes from the Annual Population Survey (APS). The APS is the largest regular household survey in the United Kingdom. It includes data from the Labour Force Survey (LFS), plus further sample boosts in England, Wales and Scotland. The survey includes data from a sample of around 256,000 people aged 16 and over.

As APS estimates are based on samples, they are subject to sampling variability. This means that if another sample for the same period were drawn, a different estimate might be produced. In general, the larger the number of people in a sample, the smaller the variation between estimates. Estimates for smaller areas such as

local authorities are therefore less reliable than those for larger areas such as regions. When the sample size is too small to produce reliable estimates, the estimates are replaced with a #.

#### **Economically Active**

#### **Economically Active**

People who are either in employment or unemployed.

#### **Economic Activity Rate**

People, who are economically active, expressed as a percentage of all people.

#### In Employment

People who did some paid work in the reference week (whether as an employee or self employed); those who had a job that they were temporarily away from (eg, on holiday); those on government-supported training and employment programmes; and those doing unpaid family work.

#### **Employment Rate**

The number of people in employment expressed as a percentage of all people aged 16-64.

#### **Employees And Self Employed**

The division between employees and self employed is based on survey respondents' own assessment of their employment status. The percentage show the number in each category as a percentage of all people aged 16-64. The sum of employees and self employed will not equal the in employment figure due to the inclusion of those on government-supported training and employment programmes, and those doing unpaid family work in the latter.

#### Unemployed

Refers to people without a job who were available to start work in the two weeks following their interview and who had either looked for work in the four weeks prior to interview or were waiting to start a job they had already obtained.

#### Model-Based Unemployed

As unemployed form a small percentage of the population, the APS unemployed estimates within local authorities are based on very small samples so for many areas would be unreliable. To overcome this ONS has developed a statistical model that provides better estimates of total unemployed for unitary authorities and local authority districts (unemployment estimates for counties are direct survey estimates). Model-based estimates are not produced for male or female unemployed.

The model-based estimate improves on the APS estimate by *borrowing strength* from the Claimant Count to produce an estimate that is more precise (i.e. has a smaller confidence interval). The number of people measured by the Claimant Count is not itself a measure of unemployment but is strongly correlated with unemployment, and, as it is an administrative count, is known without sampling error. The gain in precision is greatest for areas with smaller sample sizes.

#### Unemployment Rate

Unemployed as a percentage of the economically active population.

#### Economically Inactive

#### **Economically Inactive**

People who are neither in employment nor unemployed. This group includes, for example, all those who were looking after a home or retired.

#### Wanting A Job

People not in employment who want a job but are not classed as unemployed because they have either not sought work in the last four weeks or are not available to start work.

#### Not Wanting A Job

People who are neither in employment nor unemployed and who do not want a job.

#### Workless Households

#### Households

A household is defined as a single person, or a group of people living at the same address who have the address as their only or main residence and either share one main meal a day or share living accommodation (or both). For the purposes of this table, estimates only include those households where at least 1 person is aged 16 to 64.

#### Workless Households

Households where no-one aged 16 or over is in employment. These members may be unemployed or economically inactive. Economically inactive members may be unavailable to work because of family

commitments, retirement or study, or unable to work through sickness or disability.

#### Children

Children refers to all children under 16.

#### Occupation

Occupations are classified according to the Standard Occupation Classification 2010. Descriptions of the job titles included in each code are available in the SOC manuals.

#### Qualifications

Qualifications data are only be available from the APS for calendar year periods, for example, Jan to Dec 2005. The variables show the total number of people who are qualified at a particular level and above, so data in this table are not additive. Separate figures for each NVQ level are available in the full Annual Population Survey data set (Query data).

The trade apprenticeships are split 50/50 between NVQ level 2 and 3. This follows ONS policy for presenting qualifications data in publications. Separate counts for trade apprenticeships can be obtained from the full APS data set (Query data).

#### No Qualifications

No formal qualifications held.

#### Other Qualifications

includes foreign qualifications and some professional qualifications.

#### **NVQ 1 Equivalent**

e.g. fewer than 5 GCSEs at grades A-C, foundation GNVQ, NVQ 1, intermediate 1 national qualification (Scotland) or equivalent.

#### NVQ 2 Equivalent

e.g. 5 or more GCSEs at grades A-C, intermediate GNVQ, NVQ 2, intermediate 2 national qualification (Scotland) or equivalent.

#### **NVQ 3 Equivalent**

e.g. 2 or more A levels, advanced GNVQ, NVQ 3, 2 or more higher or advanced higher national qualifications (Scotland) or equivalent.

#### NVQ 4 Equivalent And Above

e.g. HND, Degree and Higher Degree level qualifications or equivalent.

#### Earnings By Residence

The figures show the median earnings in pounds for employees living in the area who are on adults rates of pay and whose pay was not affected by absence. Figures for earnings come from the Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings (ASHE). The ASHE is based on a 1 per cent sample of employees, information on whose earnings and hours is obtained from employers. The survey does not cover self-employed. Information relates to a pay period in April.

The earnings information collected relates to gross pay before tax, national insurance or other deductions, and excludes payments in kind. It is restricted to earnings relating to the survey pay period and so excludes payments of arrears from another period made during the survey period; any payments due as a result of a pay settlement but not yet paid at the time of the survey will also be excluded.

#### Out-Of-Work Benefits

#### Claimant Count (Experimental Statistics)

The Claimant Count is the number of people claiming benefit principally for the reason of being unemployed. This is measured by combining the number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA) and National Insurance credits with the number of people receiving Universal Credit principally for the reason of being unemployed. Claimants declare that they are out of work, capable of, available for and actively seeking work during the week in which the claim is made.

The measure of the number of people receiving Universal Credit principally for the reason of being unemployed is still being developed by the Department for Work and Pensions. Consequently this component of the total Claimant Count does not yet correctly reflect the target population of unemployed claimants and is subject to revisions. For this reason the Claimant Count is currently designated as Experimental Statistics.

The Claimant Count is mostly derived from DWP administrative systems. For various reasons, e.g. a claimant's National Insurance number is not known, a small number of claims have to be dealt with manually. These clerical claims do not have as much detail as the computerised claims and therefore, whilst part of the claimant count by sex table, cannot be included the age breakdown.

#### Rates By Age

Unemployment benefits normally only apply to people aged 18 years and over. They can only be claimed by 16 and 17 year olds in exceptional circumstances. Consequently the counts for this age group are typically very low.

#### DWP Working-Age Client Group

From August 2017 DWP discontinued this dataset when they changed the way they publish their benefit statistics. The last period of data is the November 2016 figures published in May 2017.

The number of working-age people who are claiming one or more main DWP benefits. The main benefits are: bereavement benefit, carer's allowance, disability living allowance, ESA and incapacity benefit, severe disablement allowance, income support, jobseeker's allowance, and widow's benefit. The age at which women reach State Pension age is gradually increasing from 60 to 65 between April 2010 and April 2020. Throughout this period, only women below State Pension age are counted as working age benefit claimants."

The total count is broken down by statistical groups. These categorise each person according to the main reason why they are claiming benefit. Each client is classified to a single group.

Benefits are arranged hierarchically and claimants are assigned to a group according to the top most benefit they receive. Thus a person who is a lone parent and receives Incapacity Benefit would be classified as incapacity benefits. Consequently, the group lone parent will not contain all lone parents as some will be included in the incapacity benefits group and Job seekers groups.

Main out-of-work benefits consists of the groups: job seekers, ESA and incapacity benefits, lone parents and others on income related benefits.

These groups have been chosen to best represent a count of all those benefit recipients who cannot be in full -time employment as part of their condition of entitlement. Those claiming solely Bereavement Benefits or Disability Living Allowance (DLA) are not included as these are not out-of-work or income based benefits. DLA is paid to those needing help with personal care. These people can, and some will, be in full-time employment. If DLA claimants are also in receipt of JSA, IS, ESA or Incapacity Benefits in addition to DLA they will be counted under the relevant statistical group. In addition, we exclude those claiming solely carer's benefits or claiming carer's benefits alongside income support, as DWP does not pursue active labour market policies for this group. Carers benefits are paid to those with full time caring responsibilities. The group entitled to Carer's benefits alongside Income Support (IS) includes around 86,000 claimants and has been stable over time.

This Nomis series is different to that published in the Office for National Statistics (ONS) Labour Market Bulletin. The Nomis series uses DWP Jobseeker's Allowance numbers, whilst the Labour Market Bulletin uses the Claimant Count, using different methods, coverage and reference periods

#### Labour Demand

Labour demand includes jobs available within the area.

#### Jobs Density

The level of jobs per resident aged 16-64. For example, a job density of 1.0 would mean that there is one job for every resident aged 16-64.

The total number of jobs is a workplace-based measure and comprises employee jobs, self-employed, government-supported trainees and HM Forces. The number of residents aged 16-64 figures used to calculate jobs densities are based on the relevant mid-year population estimates.

#### **Employee Jobs**

The number of jobs held by employees. Employee jobs excludes self-employed, government-supported trainees and HM Forces, so this count will be smaller than the total jobs figure shown in the Jobs density table. The information comes from the Business Register and Employment Survey (BRES) - an employer survey conducted in September of each year. The BRES records a job at the location of an employee's workplace (rather than at the location of the business's main office).

#### Full-Time And Part-Time:

In the BRES, part-time employees are those working for 30 or fewer hours per week.

#### Note

All figures exclude farm-based agriculture

#### Earnings By Place Of Work

The figures show the median earnings in pounds for employees working in the area who are on adults rates of pay and whose pay was not affected by absence. Figures for earnings come from the Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings (ASHE). The ASHE is based on a 1 per cent sample of employees, information on whose earnings and hours is obtained from employers. The survey does not cover self-employed. In 2004 information related to the pay period which included 21 April.

The earnings information collected relates to gross pay before tax, national insurance or other deductions, and excludes payments in kind. It is restricted to earnings relating to the survey pay period and so excludes payments of arrears from another period made during the survey period; any payments due as a result of a pay settlement but not yet paid at the time of the survey will also be excluded.

#### Annual Civil Service Employment Survey

The Annual Civil Service Employment Survey (ACSES) is based on a census of civil service departments on 31 March. ACSES counts all home Civil Service employees. It excludes the Northern Ireland Civil Service, other Crown servants and employees of the wider public sector. There are home Civil Service employees based in Northern Ireland and Overseas. Headcount statistics are based on the number of employees with an employment contract who are being paid by the organisation. Employees can be permanent, on a fixed-term contract or employed on a temporary basis. The self-employed, contract workers and agency workers are excluded. Employees not on the payroll and not being paid during the reference period are also excluded, for example, those on unpaid maternity leave, unpaid sick absence and career breaks. Full-time employees are those who are contracted to work 37 hours per week (36 hours per week in London for employees employed prior to 2013. Employees in London substantively promoted since 2013, or who have joined the Civil Service subsequent to this date, are now contracted to work 37 hours per week if on a full-time basis). Part-time employees are those who work less than the normal contracted hours.

Note ACSES data is currenly only available for local authorities in England and Wales.

#### **UK Business Counts**

The data contained in the table are compiled from an extract taken from the Inter-Departmental Business Register (IDBR) recording the position of units as at March of the reference year. The IDBR contains information on VAT traders and PAYE employers in a statistical register which provides the basis for the Office for National Statistics to conduct surveys of businesses.

The table presents analysis of businesses at both Enterprise and Local Unit level. An Enterprise is the smallest combination of legal units (generally based on VAT and/or PAYE records) which has a certain degree of autonomy within an Enterprise Group. An individual site (for example a factory or shop) in an enterprise is called a local unit.

The employment information on the IDBR is drawn mainly from the Business Register Employment Survey (BRES). Because this is based on a sample of enterprises, estimates from previous returns and from other ONS surveys have also been used. For the smallest units, either PAYE jobs or employment imputed from VAT turnover is used.

Estimates in the table are rounded to prevent disclosure.

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# Appendix 7 LSH National Industrial Report



THE TRANSFORMATION OF UK INDUSTRIAL & LOGISTICS



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# WELCOME



JAMES POLSON National Head of Industrial & Logistics

A new dawn is rising for the industrial and logistics sector.

Albert Einstein once famously said, "The definition of insanity is to do the same thing over and over again and expect a different result". This could not be any more appropriate for the current industrial and logistics market.

The landscapes of the industrial and retail markets are shifting rapidly. Shopping habits have become more advanced in the digital age with consumers wanting, and expecting, to receive goods ever faster and more efficiently.

The industrial and logistics sector is now at a crossroads. In general terms, significant yield compression has left yields with little room for further movement, meaning attention must be resolutely focused on driving income. If yields can't fall any further, industrial land values in some areas can only be justified with further rental growth. Without changing the offering to the modern consumer, how is that rental growth going to be realised?

Surely good old-fashioned supply and demand dynamics will drive rental growth? Will a "build it and they will come" mentality prevail? But what do we build? A conventional logistics facility with 12 metre eaves, 45% site density, 1:10,000 sq ft loading door ratio and 350 kVA power supply? We have always done it this way, and it's what occupiers want...

Except for many, it is now not. The logistics market is splitting into a two-tier sector before our very eyes. Occupiers are having to cater for an ecommerce demand boom while also

continuing to operate efficiencies for the more traditional logistics model. How can one size now fit all? The answer is it can't.

What was once seen as a bottom line cost for businesses is now viewed as the single most important growth initiative – a business's entire supply chain operation and its warehouse efficiency.

New obstacles are emerging, which the sector will need to address. The rise of automation, driven by the need to satisfy ever-growing online demand, is bringing with it power capacity challenges. In relation to operations transport and fleet modelling, this is now having to cater for a wider range of solutions.

The mid box sector, which was benefiting from the boom times, now seems to be stagnating in some areas. Labour availability in core locations is another challenge for the sector, but the quality of labour is also a growing issue given the evolution of supply chains.

While immediate concerns such as Brexit are grabbing the headlines, there are clearly other issues that are likely to have a greater long-term impact on the sector. With land values at an all-time high and yields at an all-time low, unlocking future value is the challenge we face.

We hope you enjoy this report. LSH's market-leading experts will be happy to discuss with you any of the topics covered on the following pages.

# SUMMARY AND OUTLOOK

As the dust settles on another remarkable year for the UK industrial and logistics market, the positive underlying fundamentals associated with the sector are presenting growing challenges for both occupiers and investors alike. Despite this, the sector is nonetheless set to continue to outperform the rest of the property market over the coming years.

#### SUPER-SIZE ME

Amid another record-breaking year for investment volume, viewed overall, 2018 was a decent year for occupier market activity. UK-wide take-up for the year was marginally down on 2017 and 4% below the five-year annual average. Given the slowdown seen in the UK economy in the second half of the year, and growing anxiety around Brexit generally, the result paints a picture of real resilience across the market

The main take-away from 2018 was the reversal of fortunes between the mid box and logistics segments. Logistics activity was back to boom levels, fuelled by a proliferation of 'mega deals' to retailers, both pure play and omni-channel. Conversely, the mid box sector endured a real fall from grace, with take-up in 2018 falling to a nine-year low after a record year in 2017.

#### **BREXIT UNCERTAINTY**

Occupier market activity in 2019 to date has, understandably, been tempered by Brexit, with still no certainty as to whether a no deal will be avoided. Activity has not ground to a halt, with headline grabbing deals still to report, but inertia may continue until the end of March. Thereafter, assuming a no deal Brexit is avoided, we can be confident that pent-up demand will be released with a rebound in activity

Amid the uncertainty, UK employment remains a major bright spot for the economy and has delivered consistently positive news in recent quarters. The tightness of the labour market has accelerated wage growth to an 11-year high of 3.4%, and a continuation of rising wages and low inflation could spur further spending growth, which would be significant boost to an otherwise uncertain outlook for the UK economy.

#### NO DEAL DISASTER?

While the bookmakers continue to price a no deal Brexit outcome at the end of March as very much the outside bet, there are no guarantees. Reflecting the interdependency of supply chains across Europe, the initial disruption caused by a no deal would have massive short-term implications for logistics occupiers, while the expected hit to the economy more generally would put the brakes on occupier demand across the wider market.

Putting the short-term disruption aside, an end to frictionless trade with the EU would have both positive and negative ramifications for the logistics market and the manufacturing sector. While some occupiers could opt to retreat or consolidate their operations back to the European mainland, others will opt for a greater focus in the UK.

#### **AVERAGE UK RENTAL GROWTH 2018**

#### UK 2018 TAKE-UP VS FIVE-YEAR AVERAGE



# PRIME +5.0% SECONDARY +6.4%

Regardless of Brexit, it is important not to lose sight of the fact that the UK is home to over 60 million consumers. While the UK high street grapples with fundamental changes to shopping patterns, the growing challenges posed by ever more tech savvy and discerning UK consumers will continue to drive demand for logistics solutions from omni-channel retailers.

#### LABOUR PAINS

Ironically, perhaps the greatest challenge for occupiers and indeed developers is linked to the very fact that the UK employment market is in such strong shape. With the UK more or less at full employment, the days of easily tapping into large, largely unskilled pools of labour are long gone. Meanwhile, the prospect of stemming the flow of EU workers to the UK on the back of Brexit will only exacerbate the problem. Developers must consider prevailing supply levels in terms of both stock and labour in equal measure to minimise letting risk.

The move towards greater automation will mitigate some of the problem but, for the time-being, only a minority of market occupiers boast the sort of advanced facilities that are capturing public attention. We are aware of some prime locations which are now losing some of their competitive edge purely on the back of labour supply issues, with a number of occupiers exchanging higher transport costs for access to labour by moving into hitherto secondary locations.

## RECORD (LOGISTICS) DEVELOPMENT

As predicted, a wave of speculative development has come through over the past 12 months and, at the end of 2018, a record 9.4m sq ft

of space was under construction in units above 50,000 sq ft. Development appetite has not waned either; a number of notable spec schemes started in the first weeks of 2019 while LSH's industrial agency network collectively anticipates 11.7m sq ft to come forward speculatively over the coming year.

While considerable development is gradually restoring the balance of supply at the larger end of the market, lower return expectations on smaller unit developments continue to act as a barrier to a meaningful supply response, reflecting the impact of build costs on development viability. This is looking increasingly like a classic case of market failure, with decent demand and uptake of new small unit schemes being seen when they do occur. Given local authorities' increasing exposure to property investing in recent years, this is arguably a potential area of opportunity to generate income and support local economies.

### WHERE NEXT FOR PERFORMANCE?

The meteoric rise of investment interest in UK industrial & logistics was reflected in a second successive record year for volume, with £8.4bn of assets changing hands in 2018. Investors have also been able to reap substantial rewards over the past few years, with sector-leading returns for a third consecutive year seen in 2018, led by London & South East industrials, with returns at over 20%.

But where does the market go from here? With yield compression considered largely exhausted, one thing we can be sure of is that returns will begin to ease down to more 'normal' levels and, by 2020, we expect income to be the main driver of performance in sector

returns. UK industrial nonetheless remains forecast to continue to outperform the other key property sectors over the five year time horizon, albeit to a more modest degree than recent years.

2018 volume is also likely to represent the high watermark for investment activity. Whereas historically industrial developers tended to trade stock once complete, many are now retaining stock in their own funds and maximising income returns. Alongside greater caution towards shorter-leased secondary assets, we see this as a key contributing factor to a lowering of transactional volume in 2019.

### BANKING ON RENTAL GROWTH

In the absence of yield compression, industrial's forecast outperformance is largely predicated on further rental growth coming through. For logistics, in certain parts of the country, the supply response we have seen will weigh down on further growth prospects. But, beyond that, there is continuing scope for robust growth and arguably even headroom for this to be stronger than portrayed in the forecasts.

What the econometrically-driven forecast model cannot readily factor in is the substitution effect, arising from the downturn in retailers' requirements for retail space in view of structural changes to shopping patterns. Just as UK retail warehousing rents went through a sustained two decade period of growth, could urban logistics be embarking on a similar journey? Moreover, with high void rates and falling rents being seen across many retail parks, there could just be a ready supply of future sites waiting in the wings. Food for thought.

#### 2018 INVESTMENT



#### UK CHANGE IN SUPPLY, Y-0N-Y



# DEL

# IVERING OVATION

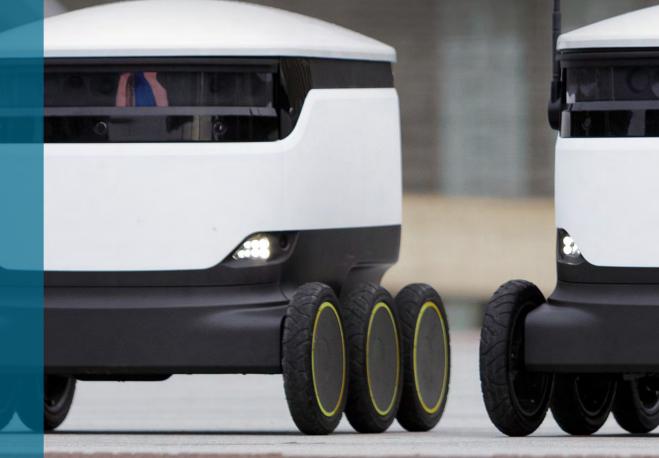


EDMOND LEAHY Estates Manager, Hermes

The parcel delivery business continues to grow exponentially. However, the increasing choice that consumers require poses real challenges, particularly in final mile delivery. To ensure these challenges become opportunities, Hermes is at the forefront of technological innovation.

According to Ofcom's latest update on the postal market, the volume of parcel deliveries in the UK increased by 11% between 2016-17 and 2017-18 to reach 2.4 billion. Hermes itself delivered more than 330m parcels in 2018 and has seen double-digit growth every year for the past six years. The seemingly exponential rise in e-tailing is also characterised by discerning consumer expectations over delivery efficiency.

However, the conventional warehouse seems to struggle at a local level to efficiently serve the parcel delivery market. Properties available are sometimes not ideal for Hermes' needs; institutional, 1980s-built, multi-let industrial estates can be compromised or unsuitable, disproportionately expensive and, in a buoyant market, often only available on onerous and unacceptable terms. Particularly in London, the move to house a growing population has resulted in land being lost by commercial to residential, resulting in soaring rents.



#### A REVISED STRATEGY

In contrast to what is available, today's final mile parcel delivery strategies are increasingly agile and risk averse, requiring property solutions with a local community approach that involve flexible lease commitments. Put simply, the mantra is spread the risk and keep flexible.

As ideal property solutions become harder to find, parcel delivery businesses need to find innovative ways to meet customers' increasing expectations to receive what they want, when they want it. Greater automation will increase efficiency and productivity and final mile delivery is fast evolving. While this provides a real set of challenges, it may also provide opportunities.

#### INNOVATION

Hermes is trialling and exploring various cutting-edge technologies. The emergence of 5G and artificial intelligence (AI) is bringing opportunities to offer more choice to customers. AI will introduce more automation, not just in delivery centres. In Southwark, Hermes trialled self-driving robots in partnership with Starship Technologies to collect parcels from customers in 30-minute time slots. The robots have several advantages over aerial drones, from being able to carry heavier payloads to being less likely to fall foul of aviation laws.

Hermes was the first UK parcel delivery company to integrate its end-to-end tracking system with Amazon's Echo smart speakers, powered by Alexa. Customers can use voice commands to get an update on where their parcel is and view a photo of the parcel when it is delivered to a designated safe place.

As for customer choice, Hermes is exploring the areas of connected homes and one-time keys. The homeowner gives the courier a one-time passcode for their car or their front door, for example, so the parcel is delivered in a place convenient for them. Not only will the customer have more flexibility, but the courier can deliver the parcel at any time convenient to the rest of their journey.

5G will be widespread across the UK by 2022, which means we will be able to connect millions of devices at the same time, providing real time information on a parcel's location with granular accuracy. Vehicles will also be able to talk to each other, reducing overlap in delivery journeys.

#### SUSTAINABILITY

Sustainability is high on Hermes' agenda. Customer decisions are of course motivated by price and quality, but increasingly they consider sustainability. Hermes' new 81,000 sq ft flagship depot in Hemel Hempstead incorporates a long list of building sustainability criteria, including the sponsorship of indigenous tribes in Peru to preserve Amazonian rainforest and offset embedded carbon in the development.

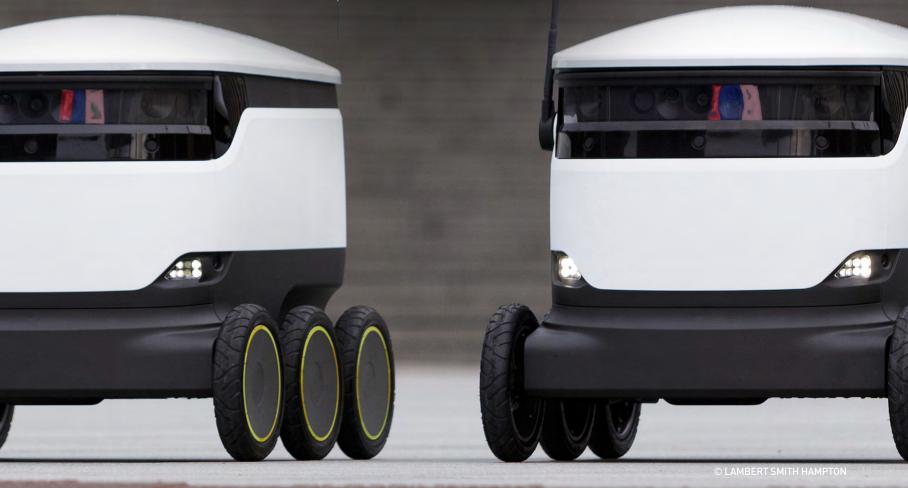
On 8 April 2019, an Ultra Low Emission Zone will be in place in central London, expanding to include inner London in 2021, and Hermes is prepared for this positive step. Most vehicles will need to meet tighter exhaust emission standards or pay a daily charge within the ULEZ, a phenomenon that will spread nationwide. Increased use of electric and compressed natural gas (CNG) vehicles is a key initiative if business as usual is to be maintained. In 2018, Hermes placed an order for 30 CNG vehicles in the UK, the largest initial order of any business to date, and plans to add a further 50 to its fleet this year.

# A HAND FOR THE HIGH STREET?

While Hermes strives to offer increased choice to consumers, the ailing high street may provide an opportunity to help rather than merely observe bricks-and-mortar retailers, who are competing with pure play e-tailers offering next-day, or even same-day, delivery. The concept of out-of-town consolidation centres may be a solution; parcel delivery firms could operate fulfilment centres, effectively storing stock for retailers.

The tough times that could lie ahead, not only for retailers, are particularly unclear as we face Brexit. No one yet knows what the full extent of any impact will be. There is real short-term potential for the already rapid evolution in parcel delivery to increase as supply chains adjust.

What is not in doubt, however, is that the marketplace for parcel delivery will remain highly competitive and parcel volumes will continue to increase. Hermes is determined that innovation will counteract any lack in efficiency between final mile property and final mile customer requirements.





**EDWARD PLUMLEY** Tritax Management LLP, on behalf of Tritax Big Box REIT plc

# BIGIBOXES BIGGFR

In the five years since the launch of Tritax Big Box REIT Plc (TBBR) the big box market has grown and so have the boxes themselves.

At launch in 2014, we had 14 assets with an average of 500,000 sq ft. Today it is 54 buildings and the average size has grown by 10%. That growth is reflected across the market.

#### **ECOMMERCE** AND AUTOMATION

The obvious reason for this is the rise of ecommerce, responsible for c. 18% of total retail sales last year and expected to grow to c. 27% by 2022. In the past six years, UK parcel delivery volumes have doubled, requiring three times as much big box space for online fulfilment.

Spikes in demand are particularly challenging. Online retail sales during Black Friday week have increased from 33% in 2014 to 61% of total retail sales in 2018. This is driving more retailers to automation, which can also help with another perennial retail challenge - dealing with customer returns.

Approximately 80% of our assets over 500,000 sqft have automation, as does over 50% of our total portfolio by value.

#### **EVOLVING OCCUPATIONAL NFFDS**

Automation requires significant investment by our customers who therefore tend to take longer leases for these mission-critical buildings. Five years ago, our weighted average unexpired lease term was just under 14 years. It now stands at over 14 years, reflecting the longer lease trend.

This commitment is encouraging our customers to move towards larger volume facilities, sometimes with multiple floors for economies of scale. This could eventually see rents assessed on a volume rather than per sq ft basis, which would be more attuned to the way customers perceive the space they are renting.



Larger, increasingly automated sites can still be people-heavy. Some of our big box facilities require over 3,000 warehouse staff to run efficiently in various shift patterns. This in turn shapes location requirements, which have broadened. Proximity to suitable and adequate population centres becomes more important, as does the need to be located near sufficient power. There is growing interest in onsite generation initiatives to power the automation.

# COMPELLING INVESTMENT FUNDAMENTALS

Perhaps not surprisingly there remains a shortage of suitable big box supply for occupiers. This has meant that since 2011 the market has seen an overall headline rental increase of over 20% for modern facilities over 100,000 sq ft.

This has not gone unnoticed by investors and nor has ecommerce growth. The insatiable appetite for UK logistics investment opportunities and the weight of money in the sector have seen prime yields compress, although prime distribution yields still have a c. 300 bps spread over 10-year UK gilts. This suggests that yields are sustainable in the short-to-medium term in a low inflationary environment, even amid Brexit uncertainty.

#### **BIG BOX AND BREXIT**

Yes, we need to discuss Brexit. Last year we predicted an increase in take-up due to the challenges that Brexit presents to customer supply chains. In fact, for units over 250,000 sq ft, annual take-up increased by around 42%, according to our research.

As I write, the final UK position is no clearer and it still risks crashing out of the EU on WTO terms.

Lack of clarity has led many occupiers to stockpile products in additional facilities or increase existing volumes within current facilities. This is perfectly rational. Research has shown that a four-minute delay at Dover, which accounts for 30% of food imports from the EU, could potentially lead to a five-hour queue in the retail supply chain. This could have a meaningful impact on UK food flows.

Brexit aside, it is clear that investment fundamentals remain attractive and compelling for the big box subsector, with continuous strong occupational demand and a supply-demand imbalance for bigger and bigger boxes.

# NEW DEVELOPMENT PARTNER

This makes TBBR's 87% purchase of DB Symmetry (DBS) all the more exciting. The deal offers shareholders an exciting pipeline of strategic sites that are well placed to capture new big box pre-let forward fundings over the next decade. These have a targeted yield on cost of between 7% and 8% (compared with the current 15-year prime distribution valuation yield of c. 4.5%).

The DBS portfolio offers opportunity to capitalise on over 2,500 acres, capable of delivering 38m sq ft of logistics space in strong and growing big box locations, complementing the existing 29m sq ft portfolio. It also gives us a 'best in class' development management team with the expertise required to capture these opportunities. The future remains bright.



# MXINGITUP



**SEGRO** 

ALAN HOLLAND Director Greater London Business Unit SEGRO

In a city of competing pressures, SEGRO's development at Nestlé's former site in Hayes, London is a pioneering example of co-locating residential and light industrial uses.

#### SEEING THE OPPORTUNITY

When Nestlé decided to close its factory in Hayes in 2014 and relocate the production of coffee and cocoa to Derbyshire there was uncertainty around the future development of the 30 acre site. While there was the potential to return the site to industrial use, we saw a unique opportunity to apply our thinking on mixed-use and deliver a mix of homes and industrial space aligned with the

With decades of experience in West London, we were well aware of the challenges facing local authorities in meeting demand for employment space, whilst delivering much-needed new homes. Indeed, our 2016 report, Keep London Working, highlighted the need to promote and protect the capital's industrial land to meet demand driven by ecommerce, despite the pressure to increase the delivery of housing.



# AN INTEGRATED APPROACH

We embarked on the regeneration of the site with the clear objective to address these competing needs, whilst retaining elements of the art deco building which had been part of the community for several decades. To do this, we partnered with Barratt London, a residential specialist with a similar long-term outlook.

Together we advanced a masterplan for the site, collaborating on all aspects of the design to ensure the industrial and residential elements were complementary and integrated, as opposed to discrete developments sideby-side. The result is a scheme that delivers 240,000 sq ft of light industrial space, which will support up to 500 jobs, as part of a new neighbourhood of 1,400 homes set on the canalside.

It is worth remembering that the adjacency of industrial and residential uses is not new. It has been happening organically across London for some time with developers recognising the need for homes in areas of high employment, and vice versa. The key difference at Hayes is that our ownership of the 30-acre site allows us to properly integrate the two uses within an enhanced public realm. There will be areas of extensively landscaped public green space, improvements to the canal frontage and surrounding roads as well as a 3 km public trim trail, ensuring the residential and industrial zones are permeable and there is a coherency to the scheme overall.

# FROM CHALLENGES TO SOLUTIONS

the canal.

One of the primary challenges when integrating these uses is access and egress points. We have masterplanned the site so there are designated entrances for the warehouse units, separate to the entrance used by residents and in addition to pedestrian walkways and

cycle paths which link the scheme to

Noise is also a consideration when marrying employment and residential uses. The term 'industrial' suggests heavy manufacturing, but in fact this type of modern light industrial space tends to be utilised by retailers, local SMEs or logistics companies who do not cause a lot of noise. Furthermore, we have invested in high quality design, including additional insulation for the residential units, which will mean noise from the workspace is barely audible from inside the apartments.

Looking ahead, one challenge in replicating this co-location elsewhere is the UK's rigid town planning rules which prescribe zones for land uses. The zoning of land makes it difficult to deliver this type of dynamic co-location, although we are encouraged by the latest draft of the new London Plan which is supportive of more innovative intensification of land. However, London still has some way to go to match the planning flexibility in some European cities.

In addition to planning flexibility, this type of mixed-use development requires scale, making the outer London boroughs most viable.

Moreover, the arrival of Crossrail at Hayes & Harlington in 2020 brings the site to within 20 minutes of Central London, considerably expanding the pool of workers occupiers can draw on.

With demolition now underway we are poised to begin construction of the 240,000 sq ft industrial space during 2019, with 1,400 homes to follow in phases over the coming three years. On completion we believe the scheme will offer a template for how London's diminishing land can be utilised to meet the growing need for homes as well as employment space.

#### CONNECTIONS ARE KEY

Transport infrastructure is also crucial, not just for residents but also to enable the quick transit of goods. The site at Hayes benefits from good connections to the M4, M25 and A40 and

is also within 5 miles of Heathrow Airport, which is a major pull for many logistics companies.

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# REGIONAL MARKETS OVERVIEW

#### SCOTLAND

- Take-up decreased in all size bands in 2018.
- A lack of speculative development has constrained grade A activity.
- The availability rate of 7.3% is one of the highest in the UK.

#### NORTHERN IRELAND

- The sale of the former Michelin factory in Ballymena supported a 30% rise in take-up.
- Despite a 38% increase in overall availability, grade A availability remains constrained.
- Prime and secondary rents were unchanged across the key Northern Irish markets.

#### **NORTH EAST**

- The North East saw the UK's two largest deals of 2018, both to Amazon.
- Big box take-up skyrocketed by over 700% to 5.3m sq ft.
- Grade A availability of 0.8m sq ft is the lowest of any UK region.

#### **NORTH WEST**

- A total of 10.6m sq ft was taken up in 2018, down by 13% on 2017.
- Bucking the overall trend, grade A take-up increased by 51%.
- Rental growth was recorded across the region, and was strongest in Crewe.

#### YORKSHIRE & THE HUMBER

- Take-up rebounded to 8.7m sq ft, 8% higher than 2017.
- Online retailers fuelled a 51% increase in big box logistics take-up.
- There is a growing cluster of speculative development near Doncaster's iPort.

#### EAST MIDLANDS

- Take-up hit a record 14.6m sq ft, the highest of any UK region in 2018.
- Big box logistics take-up increased by 93% to pass the 10m sq ft mark.
- Significant rental growth was recorded in the Golden Triangle markets.

#### **WEST MIDLANDS**

- Due to a lack of large logistics deals, take-up dropped to a six-year low in 2018.
- Mid box take-up was 1.3m sq ft, the highest total among the UK regions.
- Rental growth was widespread, led by Birmingham and Coventry.

#### EAST

- Boosted by several major build to suit deals, take-up increased by 10%.
- Speculative development has increased, with Bedford being a key focus of activity.
- The availability rate of 2.6% is the lowest in the UK.

#### **GREATER LONDON**

- Despite a relative absence of large transactions, take-up rose by 13%.
- Mid box take-up increased by 47%, the UK's strongest growth in this size-band.
- Prime rents rose by an average of 7.3%, with double-digit growth in several markets.

#### WALES

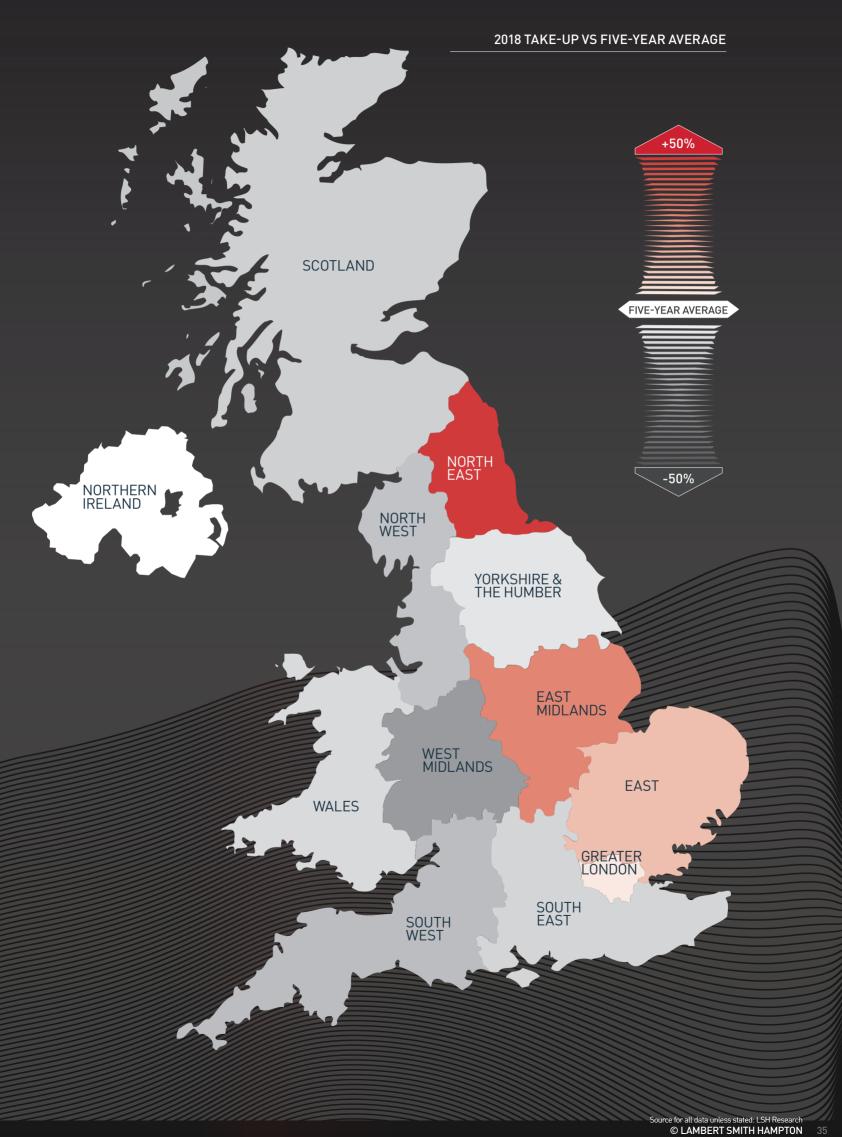
- Take-up fell to 4.3m sq ft in 2018, down 17% on the previous year.
- There is a severe shortage of grade A space, with just 0.4m sq ft available.
- The South Wales markets have been boosted by removal of the Severn bridges tolls.

#### **SOUTH EAST**

- Take-up decreased by 14%, partly due to a lack of grade A deals.
- Logistics availability soared by 81%, on the back of new speculative deliveries.
- The margin between prime and secondary rents has narrowed significantly.

#### SOUTH WEST

- Take-up normalised, after being boosted by large-scale transactions in recent years.
- Availability increased by 17%, rising from an all-time low 12 months earlier.
- Secondary rents grew at a faster rate than prime rents across much of the region.



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Appendix 8
LSH South Coast Market Pulses Q1 and Q2 2019

# SOUTH COAST INDUSTRIAL MARKET PULSE Q1 2019

Lambert Smith Hampton

The start to 2019 shows little sign of retraction or faltering in a market which is seemingly awaiting the repercussions of Brexit. With take up levels tracking normal activity for this time of year, and a number of notable transactions under offer, we foresee a resilient H1 this year, despite a slight dip in enquiry levels.

#### **AVAILABILITY**

Availability of stock on the South Coast has increased by 20% when compared with the same period last year. This is primarily attributed to the secondary market, where we are continuing to witness a rise in availability quarter-on-quarter.

Several units from the secondary market, which have become available in this quarter, are located within the Fareham conurbation. This includes Unit 3 Crompton Way (40,311 sq ft), Electric Sawmills at Wickham Road (30,909 sq ft) and Units 32-34 Fareham Industrial Park (16,495 sq ft), Unit 3 Harbour Gate (34,000 sq ft).

In contrast the availability of prime stock is on the decline due to strong take, and several schemes currently under construction, which have not yet completed. The most sizable prime unit to have come to the market this quarter is Unit 1 Marine Employment at Centenary Quay in Southampton (31,881 sq ft); a unique offering of B1 and B2 use with wharf access. Other smaller prime units include Units H2-H3 Hermes at Daedalus Park (2,066 sq ft) and Unit K5 Keppel (2,594 sq ft).

The vital statistics have been summarised below:

	Q1 2019 (sq ft)	Q4 2018 (sq ft)	% change	% change Year on Year
Total stock	2,928,007	2,848,111	3	20
Prime stock	870,989	899,112	-3	-4
Secondary stock	2,057,018	1,948,999	6	35

#### **TAKE UP**

We have witnessed a positive start to 2019 in terms of take up, with an increase of 2%, when compared to the same period last year. In addition, there has been a significant shift in the number of transactions of prime stock, as tenants are grasping opportunities for more modern units to fulfil their occupational needs. The churn in the market is having a positive effect, seeing occupier relocate to new prime space and freeing up secondary stock.

As reported in our previous pulse, an influx of deals in Q4 2018, resulted in a strong year end, with take up marginally better than the same period last year.

There is also a significant amount of stock, which is under offer, that should continue this positive trend into Q2.

The vital statistics have been summarised below:

	Q1 2019 (sq ft)	Q4 2018 (sq ft)	% change	% change Year on Year
Total take up	441,695	574,999	-23	2
Prime take up	162,035	262,524	-38	104
Secondary take up	279,660	312,475	-11	-25

#### SIGNIFICANT OCCUPATIONAL TRANSACTIONS

PROPERTY	Size	Landlord/Vendor	Tenant	Terms	Rent / Price (per sq ft)
Police Investigation Centre, Merlin Park, Portsmouth	60,000 sq ft		Police and Crime Commissioner	50 year lease	Confidential
J9 South, Fareham	40,000 sq ft	Marick	Percival Aviation	Long leasehold sale	£143.75
Unit 2 Kites Croft, Fareham	35,058 sq ft	Aviva Investors	Cavendish Ship Stores Limited	15 year lease	£9.00
Imperial House, Southampton	31,104 sq ft	Pensworth Dairies	David Cover & Son Limited	Freehold sale	£66.70
Unit 42a Oriana Way, Nursling	19,289 sq ft	CBRE GI	Regional Express Limited	10 year lease	£9.50

#### **ENQUIRIES**

Enquiry levels witnessed an overall decline of 26% when compared to the same period last year or 5% when compared to the five yearly average. The only size bracket which outperformed Q1 2018, in enquiry numbers, was for units of 30,000 – 50,000 sq ft.

This is consistent with the current political and economic climate causing hesitance and uncertainty for occupiers.

### DOUBLE DIGIT RENTS REACHED ON SOUTH COAST

As the availability of prime stock continues to be taken up, we anticipate rental levels for prime stock will continue to push rents into double digits on the South Coast, whilst good quality secondary rents will witness more marginalisation. This will include prime Portsmouth rents matching Southampton which is a significant milestone for the South Coast market. If lower grade secondary stock levels continue to increase, we expect these rents to stabilise.

#### About us

We are a commercial property consultancy working with investors, developers and occupiers in both the public and private sectors across the UK and Ireland. © 2019 Lambert Smith Hampton.

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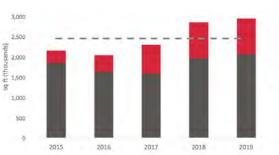
**Elise Evans** 

# SOUTH COAST INDUSTRIAL MARKET PULSE Q2 2019

H1 2019 for the South Coast Industrial occupational market has upheld its reputation as a desirable strategic commercial hub, with strong performance indicators including; positive take up levels, maintained stock levels and increased numbers of enquiries. In a market with political uncertainty we are encouraged by the unfaltering market forces that are being shown by developers and occupiers alike. The investment market as started to show some signs of caution amongst investors however assets with good fundamentals remain attractive.

#### **AVAILABILITY**

- Availability of stock on the South Coast has remained relatively static this quarter, with only a marginal increase of 13,342 sq ft, when compared with the same period last quarter, however the year on year figures are still on the rise with further new developments under construction.
- New schemes which have been brought to the market this quarter include **Phase 1 Proxima Park, Waterlooville** comprising **103,910 sq ft** and **Unit 2 Hermitage Park, Havant** totalling **32,500 sq ft**.
- There have been a number of enquiries in Q2 with various interested parties for pre-lets at **Dunsbury Park. Merlin Park**, owned by **BA Pension** Fund and developed by **Canmoor** has only 2 units left out of 7 units on the scheme.
- Q2 saw Fareham Borough council obtain planning consent for a new speculative scheme comprising 3 industrial units totalling 50,000sqft.
  Planning consent has also been granted for 3 units at Logistics City, Whitley to be constructed speculatively by Kier. This scheme comprises 3 industrial units totalling 58,664sqft.





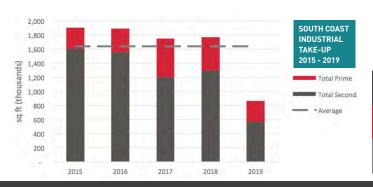
	Q2 2019 (sq ft)	Q1 2019 (sq ft)	% change	% change Year on Year
Total stock	2,941,349	2,928,007	0.46	12.41
Prime stock	883,284	870,989	1.41	-22.4
Secondary stock	2,058,065	2,057,018	0.05	39.2

The vital statistics have been summarised below:

#### **TAKE UP**

- As predicted 2019 has continued the positive trend, with take up levels remaining relatively consistent with Q1 and significantly improved when compared with the same period last year.\*
- Availability and take up levels continue to show the resilience and strength of the south coast market. Prime take-up saw an increase of 637.67% (119,742 sq ft) when compared to the same period last year, demonstrating the continued demand for prime stock, addressing the needs of the modern occupier seeking greater efficiency, reduced upkeep and lower operational costs.
- This also continues to have a positive effect on the industrial market as a whole, freeing up the secondary stock, which has also witnessed an increase in take up levels of 28.75% (64,067 sq ft) when compared to Q2 2018.

\*Q2 2018 was documented as a particularly quiet quarter with a significant number of deals under offer awaiting completion.



The vital statistics have been summarised below:

	Q2 2019 (sq ft)	Q1 2019 (sq ft)	% change	% change Year on Year	
Total take up	425,464	441,695	-3.67	76.06	· =
Prime take up	138,520	162,035	-14.51	637.67	
Secondary take up	286,944	279,660	2.60	28.75	

#### SIGNIFICANT OCCUPATIONAL TRANSACTIONS

PROPERTY	Size	Landlord/Vendor	Tenant	Terms	Rent / Price (per sq ft)
Optima 125, Hounsdown Business Park, Totton	125,260 sq ft	TH Real Estates	Amazon UK Services Limited	10 year lease	£8.50
Units 7, 8 & 9 Test Valley Business Park, Southampton	48,936 sq ft	Draper Tools Limited	DSV Air & Sea Limited	3 year lease	£9.00
Unit 3 Compton Way, Southampton	40,311 sq ft	Threadneedle UK Property Authorised Investment	Trinart Limited	Freehold Sale	£83.10
Unit 200, Fareham Reach, Gosport	27,684 sq ft	Britel Fund Trustees Limited	Rainbow Designs Limited	10 year lease	£6.75
Unit 200, Fareham Reach, Gosport	27,684 sq ft	Britel Fund Trustees Limited	CPG Logistics Limited	10 year lease	£6.75
Unit 2 Merlin Park, Portsmouth	9,299 sq ft	Canmoor Developments Ltd	MGS Laboratories Limited	<b>1</b> 1 year lease	10.00

#### PRIME RENT CONTINUE TO MARGINALLY INCREASE

- Rents remain relatively stable with a slight shift seen in prime rents in both Southampton and Portsmouth market, increasing in all size ranges. In the sub 5,000 sq ft market this is due to a lack of quality new build units and in the larger size sectors due to occupiers being prepared to pay more per sq ft for a new build with all its benefits as opposed to good quality secondary refurbishments.
- The marginal rental gap between prime and secondary stock echoes the overall south coast market sentiment; that there is strong demand in this location and occupiers are willing to pay good rents for units in the right location, with sound building fundamentals.

	Prime	Prime	Secondary	Secondary
	capital	headline	capital	headline
	value	rent	value	rent
	per sq ft	per sq ft	per sq ft	per sq ft
Under 5,000 sq ft Portsmouth & Havant Southampton & Eastleigh Bournemouth & Poole	£135-£145 £150-£160 £140-£150	£10.00 £12.00 £9.50	£90-£100 £90-£100 £95-£105	£8.50 £10.00 £8.50
5,000 – 20,000 sq ft Portsmouth & Havant Southampton & Eastleigh Bournemouth & Poole	£125-£135 £130-£140 £115-£120	£9.50 £9.50 £8.50	£70-£80 £80-£95 £85-£95	£8.00 £9.00 £7.50
Over 20,000 sq ft Portsmouth & Havant Southampton & Eastleigh Bournemouth & Poole	£110-130	£9.00	£70-£80	£7.75
	£115-£140	£10.00	£70-£85	£8.75
	£110-£120	£8.25	£65-£75	£7.25

#### **ENQUIRIES**

These positive market indicators have also been evident in the number of enquiries received. There has been a small increase in overall enquiry **levels of 8%** (an additional 11 enquiries) when compared to last quarter and 2%, when compared to the same period last year. This upward trend has continued for this quarter since 2016 (an additional 19 enquiries).

The majority of enquiries above 30,000 sq ft tend to be within the logistic/last mile delivery companies who are requiring supplementary accommodation to fulfil contract led requirements. Interestingly there are also enquiries from manufacturers, who are looking to take advantage of new builds in relocating to more modern and aesthetically pleasing industrial buildings.

#### **INVESTMENT SUMMARY**

- As a result of Brexit uncertainty transactional activity over the course of H1 has seen a notable decline. That said, demand for prime well let product has remained relatively strong with assets continuing to command robust pricing. In contrast to this we have witnessed a heightened degree of caution around secondary assets with a notable mismatch between vendor and buyer expectations.
- Since the start of the year our records show that approximately £112m of industrial assets were made available to purchase. Whilst a small number of these opportunities remain unsold, the largest transaction, which successfully closed in February 2019, was the sale of Stanstead Road Trade Park and Boyatt Wood Industrial Estate for £34.725m (4.35% NIY).
- In conclusion, the South Coast continues to be an attractive location buoyed by the strength of the occupational market. Prime multi and single let industrial has remained resilient but there is a noticeable thinning in the buyer pool as a result of the political environment. Prime yields stand at 4.25%.

#### About us

We are a commercial property consultancy working with investors, developers and occupiers in both the public and private sectors across the UK and Ireland. © 2019 Lambert Smith Hampton.

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#### Appendix 9 LSH Employment B2/B8 Density Analysis

#### LSH Employment B2/B8 Density Analysis

The measures of beneficial economic impact are typically job numbers and GVA growth and employment densities are benchmarking data on the average number of employees who can be accommodated per unit of floor space provided. These benchmarks can then be applied to estimate the gross employment and GVA outcome of physical developments. Our research and other independent studies clearly demonstrates that the differential between B1c/B2 and B8 in terms of job creation is considerably more marginal than previously presumed, given the dynamic growth in the UK logistics sector in recent years, and the changing nature of B8 occupation. In order to sustain a cohesive and vibrant economy, logistics and distribution activity is essential to maintain an effective supply chain to service manufacturing, retail, leisure and the general consumer market.

We have conducted a sample analysis of employment densities within a range of Hampshire based businesses, to demonstrate the fluctuation in job numbers related to occupier activity and how densities have significantly increased as floor space is utilised more efficiently and occupiers derive greater value from their property overhead. The table below identifies the nature of the organisations' use, the category/categories the use would fall into, the number of FT employees and the approximate gross internal floor area and the resultant average employment density.

Occupier Activity	Employment Use Category	Estimated No. of Employees	Total Gross Floorspace Approx. SQ M	Average SQ M (SQ FT) per Employee
Distribution and packaging of fresh food produce	B8	65	3530	54
General engineering and assembly of aviation components	B2	292	19695	67
Warehousing and distribution of packaging materials	B8	25	2043	68
Injection moulding for automotive industry	B2	85	5574	65
Electrical component manufacture and distribution	B1C/B8	86	4180	48
Parcel delivery warehouse	B8	26	1115	41
Manufacture of credit card chips	B1C	120	6503	54
Assembly and distribution of specialist batteries	B1C/B8	79	4682	59
Manufacture and storage of water tanks	B2/B8	63	2322	38
Warehousing and distribution of pharmaceutical goods	B8	320	12077	37
Manufacture of air conditioning plant	B2	120	10219	85
Warehousing, distribution and 3 <sup>rd</sup> party logistics	B8	208	9290	45
Assembly, head office and distribution of fire detection equipment	B1C/B8	226	9173	41
Advanced engineering and production	B1B&C	95	5343	56
Packaging and distribution of clothing	B8	310	8590	28
Distribution and packaging of beauty products	B8	110	4865	44
Warehouse and distribution of	B8	210	7890	37

Occupier Activity	Employment Use Category	Estimated No. of Employees	Total Gross Floorspace Approx. SQ M	Average SQ M (SQ FT) per Employee
domestic appliances				
Specialist marine component manufacture	B2	90	4757	53
Distribution of food and drink	B8	181	6712	37
Production of food products	B2	95	4758	50
Manufacturers and distribution of motor vehicle parts	B2/B8	485	15232	31
Manufacture and warehousing of packaging materials	B1/B8	275	16200	58